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Assignment-2

EE:1205 (SignalsSystems) Indian Institute of Technology, Hyderabad

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Question 11.9.3.22

If the first and the nth term of a G.P. are a and b, respectively, and if P is the product of n terms, prove that $P^2 = (ab)^n$

Solution:

Parameter	Value	Description
x(0)	a	First Term
r	?	Common Ratio
x(n)	b	n th term
P	?	Product of n terms

TABLE 0 Parameter Table 11.9.3.22

$$x(n) = x(0) r^{n} (u(n))$$
 (1)

$$(x(0) x(n))^n = (x(0))^{2n} r^{n^2} = (ab)^n$$
 (2)

$$P = \prod_{k=0}^{n} x(0) r^{k} = (x(0))^{n} r^{\frac{n^{2}}{2}}$$
 (3)
$$P^{2} = (x(0))^{2n} r^{n^{2}}$$
 (4)

$$P^2 = (x(0))^{2n} r^{n^2}$$
 (4)

$$\implies P^2 = (ab)^n \tag{5}$$



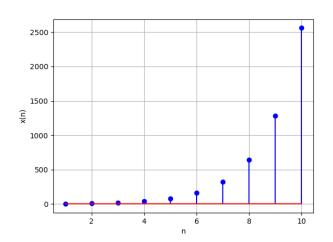


Fig. 0. (x(0)=5, r=2) Plot of $x(n)=(5)(2)^n$

Z-transform of x(n):

$$X(z) = \frac{x(0)}{1 - rz^{-1}}, \quad |z| > r \tag{7}$$