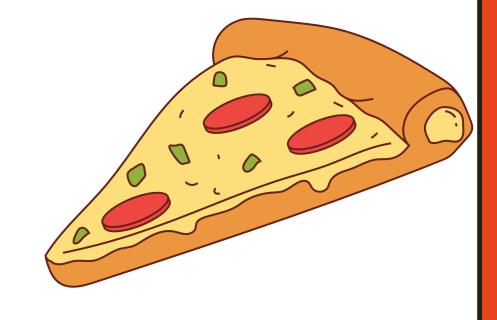
PIZZA PARTY

WITH SQL



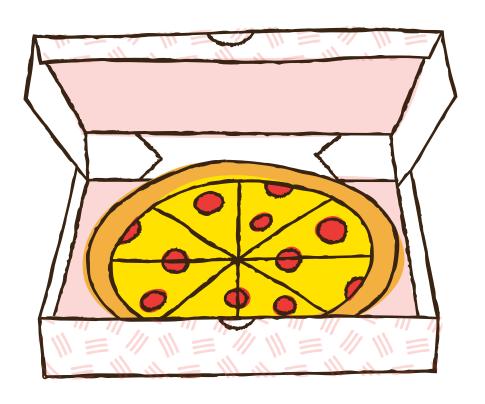
HELLO



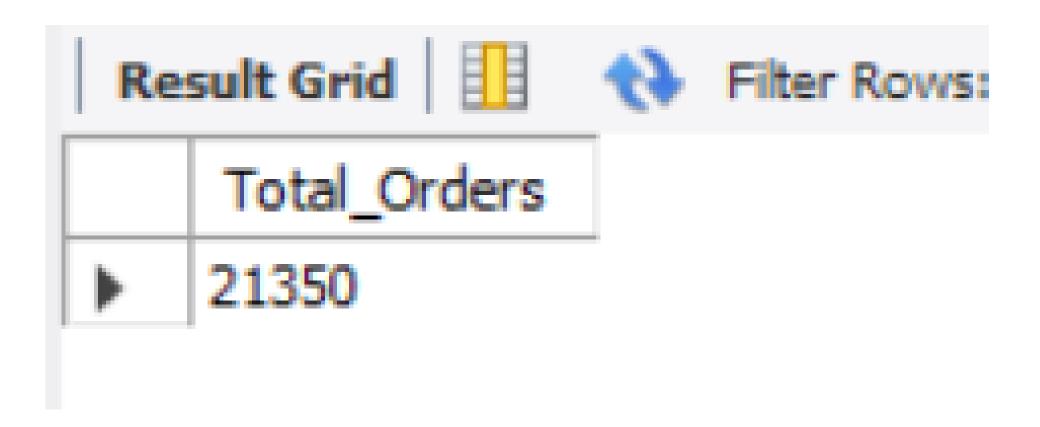
Greetings, I'm Md Ashraf, and I'm excited to share how SQL queries provided invaluable business insights into Pizza Hut's sales.

Through SQL analysis, we gained deep insights into Pizza Hut's sales data, enabling us to make informed business decisions and drive growth.

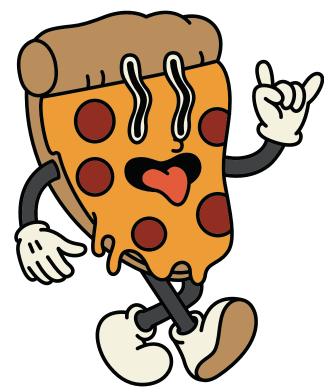
-- Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

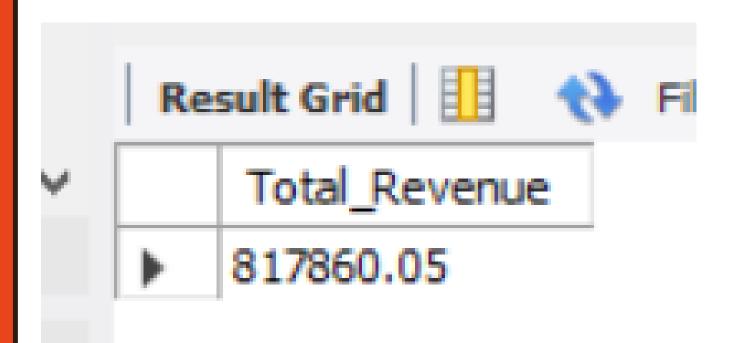


select count(order_id)
as Total_Orders from
orders;



-- Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.





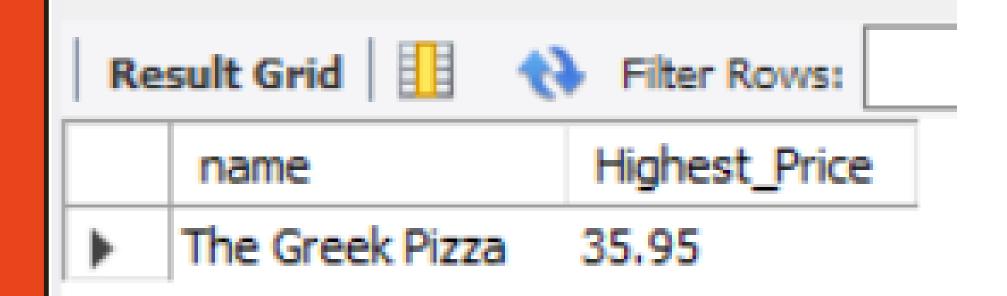
SELECT ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzasp.price), 2) AS Total_Revenue **FROM** order_details JOIN pizzasp ON pizzasp.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id;



-- Identify the highest-priced pizza.

SELECT

pizza_types.name, pizzasp.price **AS Highest_Price FROM** pizza_types **INNER JOIN** pizzasp ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzasp.pizza_type_id ORDER BY pizzasp.price DESC LIMIT 1



-- Identify the most common pizza size ordered.



Result Grid			
	Most_common_pizza_size	order_count	
•	L	18526	
	M	15385	
	S	14137	
	XL	544	
	XXL	28	

SELECT

pizzasp.size AS Most_common_pizza_size,
COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS
order_count
FROM

pizzasp INNER JOIN

order_details ON pizzasp.pizza_id =
 order_details.pizza_id
 GROUP BY pizzasp.size
 ORDER BY order_count DESC;

-- List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.



Pizza_name total_quantity The Classic Deluxe Pizza 2453 The Barbecue Chicken Pizza 2432 The Hawaiian Pizza 2422 The Pepperoni Pizza 2418 The Thai Chicken Pizza 2371

SELECT

pizza_types.name AS Pizza_name,
SUM(order_details.quantity) AS total_quantity
FROM

pizza_types
INNER JOIN

pizzasp ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzasp.pizza_type_id INNER JOIN

order_details ON pizzasp.pizza_id =
 order_details.pizza_id
 GROUP BY Pizza_name
ORDER BY total_quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;

-- Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of

each pizza category ordered.



esult Grid 🔢 💎 Filter Rows:		
	Pizza_category	total_quantity
	Classic	14888
	Supreme	11987
	Veggie	11649
	Chicken	11050

SELECT

pizza_types.category AS Pizza_category,
SUM(order_details.quantity) AS total_quantity
FROM

pizza_types
INNER JOIN

pizzasp ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzasp.pizza_type_id INNER JOIN

order_details ON pizzasp.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id

GROUP BY Pizza_category

ORDER BY total_quantity DESC;

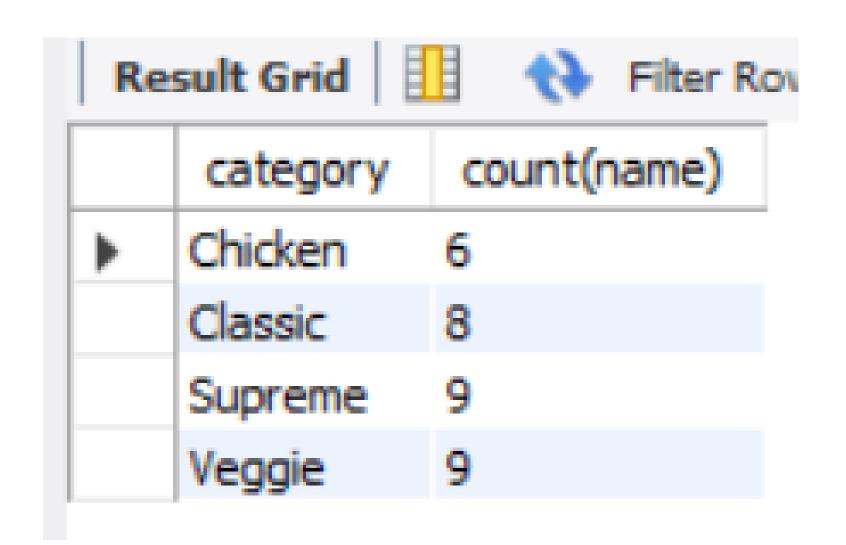
-- Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

Re	sult Grid	🚻 💎 Filter Ro
	hour	order_count
•	11	1231
	12	2520
	13	2455
	14	1472
	15	1468
	16	1920
	17	2336
	18	2399
	19	2009
	20	1642
	21	1198
	22	663
	23	28
	10	8
	9	1



SELECT
HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS
order_count
FROM
orders
GROUP BY hour;

-- Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.



select category ,count(name)
from pizza_types
group by category;

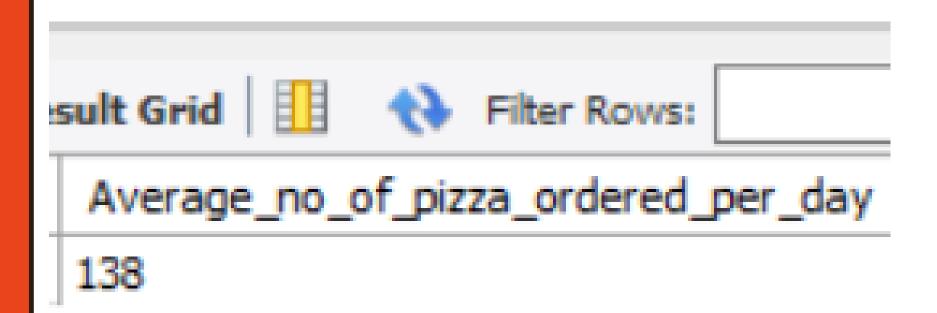


-- Group the orders by date and

-- calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per

day.





```
SELECT
         ROUND(AVG(Quantity), 0) AS
   Average_no_of_pizza_ordered_per_day
                   FROM
                   (SELECT
orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS
                 Quantity
                    FROM
                  order details
      INNER JOIN orders USING (order_id)
GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```

-- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.



select pizza_types.name as pizza_name,
sum(order_details.quantity * pizzasp.price) as Revenue
from pizza_types inner join pizzasp
using(pizza_type_id) inner join
order_details using(pizza_id) group by pizza_name
order by Revenue desc limit 3;

pizza_name	Revenue
The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5

-- Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza

type to total revenue.



category

Classic

Supreme

Chicken

Veggie

Revenue

26.91

25.46

23.96

23.68

P.224-1/Poorear-90-1/
ROUND((SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzasp.price) / (SELECT
ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzasp.price),
2) AS Total_Revenue
FROM
order_details
JOIN
pizzasp ON pizzasp.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id)) * 100,
2) AS Revenue
FROM
pizza_types
INNER JOIN
pizzasp USING (pizza_type_id)
INNER JOIN
order_details USING (pizza_id)
-

GROUP BY pizza_types.category

ORDER BY Revenue DESC;

SELECT

pizza_types.category,

-- Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

Re	sult Grid 🏥	Filter Row.
	order_date	cum_revenue
•	2015-01-01	2713.85000000
	2015-01-02	5445.75
	2015-01-03	8108.15
	2015-01-04	9863.6
	2015-01-05	11929.55
	2015-01-06	14358.5
	2015-01-07	16560.7
	2015-01-08	19399.05
	2015-01-09	21526.4
	2015-01-10	23990.3500000
	2015-01-11	25862.65
	2015-01-12	27781.7
	2015-01-13	29831.3000000
	2015-01-14	32358.7000000
	2015-01-15	34343.5000000
	2015-01-16	36937.6500000



select order_date,sum(Revenue) over(order by order_date) as cum_revenue from

(select orders.order_date, sum(order_details.quantity * pizzasp.price) as Revenue from orders inner join order_details using(order_id) inner join pizzasp using(pizza_id) group by orders.order_date) as Sales;



esult Grid				
	name	revenue		
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25		
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768		
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5		
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5		
	The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25		
	The Pepperoni Pizza	30161.75		
	The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25		
	The Italian Supreme Pizza	33476.75		
	The Sicilian Pizza	30940.5		
	The Four Cheese Pizza	32265.70000		
	The Mexicana Pizza	26780.75		
	The Five Cheese Pizza	26066.5		

select name, revenue from
(select category,name,revenue,
rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as
rn from

group by pizza_types.category,pizza_types.name) as a) as b

where rn <=3;

PIZZA PARTY END!

THANK YOU

