Experiment No. 07

7.1 Experiment Name

8255 PPI interfacing: 7 - segment display

7.2 Objectives

- To get acquainted with the "MDA 8086" Trainer Board and its operation
- To learn how to implement program in "MDA 8086" Trainer Board and interconnect it with "Emu 8086"

7.3 Theory

A serial monitor mode is one of the configurations of 8086 MDA kit. Here, the monitor starts working as soon as the power is turned on. The program code should be written in Notepad and saved as an ASM file, which is transformed to OBJ files. Using the 'Comm' software, the code is then loaded into the MDA 8086 trainer kit.

For this experiment, we applied 8255 interfacing in 7 – segment decoder. Here, the LED, has seven segments, is used as a highly frequent output device. Furthermore, we have eight segments in an LED display, which contains '.', which is character 8 with a decimal point, dp directly next to it. The segments are denoted as 'a, b, c, d, e, f, g, and dp.' Furthermore, these are LEDs, or a series of Light Emitting Diodes.

7.4 Apparatus

• MDA 8086 - Trainer Board

7.5 Experimental problem no. 01

```
CODE SEGMENT

ASSUME CS: CODE, DS: CODE, SS: CODE, ES: CODE

ORG 1000H

PORTA EQU 19H

CONTRL EQU 1FH

MOV AL, 100000000B

OUT CONTRL, AL

MOV AL, 100000000B

OUT PORTA, AL

CODE ENDS
```

7.6 Output procedures

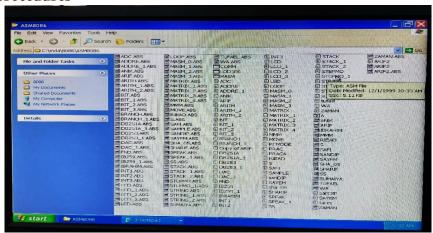


Fig. 7.1: Opening file directory

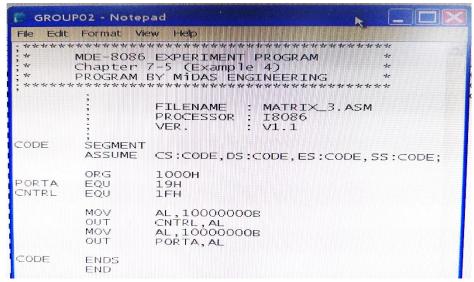


Fig. 7.2: Writing program on notepad

```
Microsoft (R) Macro Assembler Dersich 5 10
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corp 1981 . 938 . All inhts reserved.

Source filename [.ASM]: GROUP02
Object filename [GROUP02.0BJ]:
Source listing [NUL.LST]:
Cross-reference [NUL.CRF]: __
```

Fig. 7.3: Load the '.asm' file and convert it to '.obj' file format.

```
C:\mda\8086\ASM8086\LOD186.EXE

Paragon LOD186 Loader - Uersion 4.0h
Copyright (c) 1983 - 1986 Microtec Research Inc.
ALL RIGHTS RESERUED. Serial Number 3-007293

Object/Command File [.0BJ]:GROUP02
Output Object File [C:GROUP02.ABS]:
Map Filename [C:NUL.MAP]:
```

Fig. 7.4: Turn '.obj' file to '.abs' file

Fig. 7.5: Select serial port



Fig. 7.6: Reset the kit



Fig. 7.8: Load the file



Fig. 7.9: Output

7.7 Experimental problem no. 02

```
CODE SEGMENT
     ASSUME CS: CODE, DS: CODE, SS: CODE, ES: CODE
     ORG 1000H
     PORTA EOU 19H
     CONTRL EQU 1FH
     MOV AL, 1000000B
     OUT CONTRL, AL
     MOV AL, 11111001B
     OUT PORTA, AL
     CALL DELAY
     MOV AL, 1000000B
     OUT PORTA, AL
     CALL DELAY
     MOV AL, 11000000B
     OUT PORTA, AL
     CALL DELAY
     MOV AL, 11111001B
     OUT PORTA, AL
     CALL DELAY
     MOV AL, 11111000B
     OUT PORTA, AL
     CALL DELAY
     MOV AL, 11111001B
     OUT PORTA, AL
     CALL DEALY
     DELAY PROC
     MOV CX, OFFFFH
     LOOP1;
     NOP
     NOP
     NOP
```

LOOP LOOP1

RET
DELAY ENDP
CODE ENDS

END

7.8 Output procedures

Fig. 7.10: Writing program on notepad



Fig. 7.10: 1801171 as output

7.9 Discussion & Conclusion

The procedure of working in serial monitor mode or PC mode with the 8086 MDA kit was introduced in this experiment. In this case, we used the MDA 8086 kit's direct monitor mode. We used code to perform the multiplication of two numbers.

A program was developed in notepad and saved as '.asm' file, which was then translated to '.obj' using Microsoft Macro Assembler. The '.obj' file was then translated into a '.abs' file using the LOD186 software. The '.abs' file was then executed by following the instructions, and the output was observed using both single-step execution and direct execution.