

## stage-2

March 13, 2023

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import datetime
import plotly.express as px
from statistics import mode
```

```
[2]: # Reading the confirmed cases data

confirmed = pd.read_csv("../DATASETS/COVID DATASETS/covid_confirmed_usafacts.
↪CSV")
confirmed
```

```
[2]:
```

	countyFIPS	County Name	State	StateFIPS	2020-01-22	\
0	0	Statewide Unallocated	AL	1	0	
1	1001	Autauga County	AL	1	0	
2	1003	Baldwin County	AL	1	0	
3	1005	Barbour County	AL	1	0	
4	1007	Bibb County	AL	1	0	
...	...	...	...	...		
3188	56037	Sweetwater County	WY	56	0	
3189	56039	Teton County	WY	56	0	
3190	56041	Uinta County	WY	56	0	
3191	56043	Washakie County	WY	56	0	
3192	56045	Weston County	WY	56	0	

  

	2020-01-23	2020-01-24	2020-01-25	2020-01-26	2020-01-27	...	\
0	0	0	0	0	0	...	
1	0	0	0	0	0	...	
2	0	0	0	0	0	...	
3	0	0	0	0	0	...	
4	0	0	0	0	0	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...		
3188	0	0	0	0	0	...	
3189	0	0	0	0	0	...	
3190	0	0	0	0	0	...	
3191	0	0	0	0	0	...	
3192	0	0	0	0	0	...	

	2023-01-07	2023-01-08	2023-01-09	2023-01-10	2023-01-11	2023-01-12	\
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	19205	19205	19205	19205	19205	19318	
2	68182	68182	68182	68182	68182	68518	
3	7120	7120	7120	7120	7120	7188	
4	7808	7808	7808	7808	7808	7855	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3188	12394	12394	12430	12430	12430	12437	
3189	11997	11997	12035	12035	12035	12045	
3190	6303	6303	6318	6318	6318	6333	
3191	2717	2717	2727	2727	2727	2731	
3192	1876	1876	1880	1880	1880	1881	

	2023-01-13	2023-01-14	2023-01-15	2023-01-16
0	0	0	0	0
1	19318	19318	19318	19318
2	68518	68518	68518	68518
3	7188	7188	7188	7188
4	7855	7855	7855	7855
...	...	...	...	...
3188	12437	12437	12437	12437
3189	12045	12045	12045	12045
3190	6333	6333	6333	6333
3191	2731	2731	2731	2731
3192	1881	1881	1881	1881

[3193 rows x 1095 columns]

[3]: *# filtering the data by removing 'statewide unallocated' data.*

```
confirmed = confirmed[confirmed['County Name'] != 'Statewide Unallocated']
confirmed
```

[3]:	countyFIPS	County Name	State	StateFIPS	2020-01-22	2020-01-23	\
1	1001	Autauga County	AL	1	0	0	
2	1003	Baldwin County	AL	1	0	0	
3	1005	Barbour County	AL	1	0	0	
4	1007	Bibb County	AL	1	0	0	
5	1009	Blount County	AL	1	0	0	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3188	56037	Sweetwater County	WY	56	0	0	
3189	56039	Teton County	WY	56	0	0	
3190	56041	Uinta County	WY	56	0	0	
3191	56043	Washakie County	WY	56	0	0	
3192	56045	Weston County	WY	56	0	0	

2020-01-24	2020-01-25	2020-01-26	2020-01-27	...	2023-01-07	\
------------	------------	------------	------------	-----	------------	---

1	0	0	0	0	...	19205
2	0	0	0	0	...	68182
3	0	0	0	0	...	7120
4	0	0	0	0	...	7808
5	0	0	0	0	...	17952
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3188	0	0	0	0	...	12394
3189	0	0	0	0	...	11997
3190	0	0	0	0	...	6303
3191	0	0	0	0	...	2717
3192	0	0	0	0	...	1876

	2023-01-08	2023-01-09	2023-01-10	2023-01-11	2023-01-12	2023-01-13 \
1	19205	19205	19205	19205	19318	19318
2	68182	68182	68182	68182	68518	68518
3	7120	7120	7120	7120	7188	7188
4	7808	7808	7808	7808	7855	7855
5	17952	17952	17952	17952	18057	18057
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3188	12394	12430	12430	12430	12437	12437
3189	11997	12035	12035	12035	12045	12045
3190	6303	6318	6318	6318	6333	6333
3191	2717	2727	2727	2727	2731	2731
3192	1876	1880	1880	1880	1881	1881

	2023-01-14	2023-01-15	2023-01-16
1	19318	19318	19318
2	68518	68518	68518
3	7188	7188	7188
4	7855	7855	7855
5	18057	18057	18057
...	...	...	...
3188	12437	12437	12437
3189	12045	12045	12045
3190	6333	6333	6333
3191	2731	2731	2731
3192	1881	1881	1881

[3142 rows x 1095 columns]

[4]: *# Making a deep copy of the data and calculating the day wise confirmed cases.*

```
confirmed_2 = confirmed.copy(deep=True)
for i in range(len(confirmed.columns)):
    if confirmed.columns[i] == "countyFIPS" or confirmed.columns[i]=="County_
↳Name" or confirmed.columns[i]=="State" or confirmed.columns[i]=="StateFIPS":
```

```

        continue
    elif i>4:
        pres = confirmed.columns[i]
        prev = confirmed_2.columns[i-1]
        confirmed[pres] = confirmed[pres]-confirmed_2[prev]

```

C:\Users\venka\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_18648\886717563.py:11:

SettingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.

Try using `.loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value` instead

See the caveats in the documentation: [https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\\_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy](https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)

```
confirmed[pres] = confirmed[pres]-confirmed_2[prev]
```

[5]: *# Day wise confirmed cases.*

confirmed

[5]:	countyFIPS	County Name	State	StateFIPS	2020-01-22	2020-01-23	\
1	1001	Autauga County	AL	1	0	0	
2	1003	Baldwin County	AL	1	0	0	
3	1005	Barbour County	AL	1	0	0	
4	1007	Bibb County	AL	1	0	0	
5	1009	Blount County	AL	1	0	0	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3188	56037	Sweetwater County	WY	56	0	0	
3189	56039	Teton County	WY	56	0	0	
3190	56041	Uinta County	WY	56	0	0	
3191	56043	Washakie County	WY	56	0	0	
3192	56045	Weston County	WY	56	0	0	

	2020-01-24	2020-01-25	2020-01-26	2020-01-27	...	2023-01-07	\
1	0	0	0	0	...	0	
2	0	0	0	0	...	0	
3	0	0	0	0	...	0	
4	0	0	0	0	...	0	
5	0	0	0	0	...	0	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3188	0	0	0	0	...	0	
3189	0	0	0	0	...	0	
3190	0	0	0	0	...	0	
3191	0	0	0	0	...	0	
3192	0	0	0	0	...	0	

	2023-01-08	2023-01-09	2023-01-10	2023-01-11	2023-01-12	2023-01-13	\
1	0	0	0	0	113	0	
2	0	0	0	0	336	0	
3	0	0	0	0	68	0	
4	0	0	0	0	47	0	
5	0	0	0	0	105	0	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3188	0	36	0	0	7	0	
3189	0	38	0	0	10	0	
3190	0	15	0	0	15	0	
3191	0	10	0	0	4	0	
3192	0	4	0	0	1	0	

	2023-01-14	2023-01-15	2023-01-16
1	0	0	0
2	0	0	0
3	0	0	0
4	0	0	0
5	0	0	0
...	...	...	...
3188	0	0	0
3189	0	0	0
3190	0	0	0
3191	0	0	0
3192	0	0	0

[3142 rows x 1095 columns]

```
[6]: # calculating the day of the starting and ending dates of the data, so we can
      ↪ add missing dates to get complete data for the week.
```

```
x=pd.to_datetime('2022-06-01')
y=pd.to_datetime('2022-12-31')

print(x.dayofweek,y.dayofweek)
```

2 5

```
[7]: # Removing the excess data and keeping only the columns we want.
```

```
requiredRange=confirmed.drop(confirmed.loc[:, '2020-01-22': '2022-05-29'], axis=1)
```

```
[8]: # Removing the excess data and keeping only the columns we want.
```

```
requiredRange.drop(requiredRange.loc[:, '2023-01-02':], axis=1, inplace=True)
requiredRange
```

[8]:	countyFIPS	County Name	State	StateFIPS	2022-05-30	2022-05-31	\
1	1001	Autauga County	AL	1	9	24	
2	1003	Baldwin County	AL	1	55	183	
3	1005	Barbour County	AL	1	1	12	
4	1007	Bibb County	AL	1	9	9	
5	1009	Blount County	AL	1	6	12	
...	...	...	...	...	...		
3188	56037	Sweetwater County	WY	56	0	29	
3189	56039	Teton County	WY	56	0	62	
3190	56041	Uinta County	WY	56	0	23	
3191	56043	Washakie County	WY	56	0	3	
3192	56045	Weston County	WY	56	0	4	
	2022-06-01	2022-06-02	2022-06-03	2022-06-04	...	2022-12-23	\
1	6	9	0	0	...	0	
2	68	68	0	0	...	0	
3	3	4	0	0	...	0	
4	8	4	0	0	...	0	
5	4	7	0	0	...	0	
...	...	...	...	...	...		
3188	0	0	0	0	...	0	
3189	0	0	0	0	...	0	
3190	0	0	0	0	...	0	
3191	0	0	0	0	...	0	
3192	0	0	0	0	...	0	
	2022-12-24	2022-12-25	2022-12-26	2022-12-27	2022-12-28	2022-12-29	\
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	
...	...	...	...	...	...		
3188	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3189	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3190	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3191	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3192	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	2022-12-30	2022-12-31	2023-01-01				
1	0	0	0				
2	0	0	0				
3	0	0	0				
4	0	0	0				
5	0	0	0				
...	...	...	...				
3188	0	0	0				

```

3189      0      0      0
3190      0      0      0
3191      0      0      0
3192      0      0      0

```

[3142 rows x 221 columns]

[9]: *# Creating a new data frame for weekly data.*

```

weekCases = requiredRange.loc[:,('countyFIPS','County_
↳Name','State','StateFIPS')]
weekCases

```

```

[9]:      countyFIPS      County Name State  StateFIPS
1         1001      Autauga County    AL         1
2         1003      Baldwin County    AL         1
3         1005      Barbour County    AL         1
4         1007           Bibb County    AL         1
5         1009      Blount County    AL         1
...      ...      ...      ...      ...
3188      56037  Sweetwater County    WY        56
3189      56039      Teton County    WY        56
3190      56041      Uinta County    WY        56
3191      56043  Washakie County    WY        56
3192      56045      Weston County    WY        56

```

[3142 rows x 4 columns]

[10]: *# Calculating the weeeekly sum for each week and represeting the sum at each\_*  
*↳sunday of the week.*

```

for i in range(10,len(requiredRange.columns),7):
    col_list=requiredRange.columns[i-6:i+1]

    col=requiredRange.columns[i]

    weekCases[col]= requiredRange[col_list].sum(axis=1)

```

[11]: weekCases

```

[11]:      countyFIPS      County Name State  StateFIPS  2022-06-05  2022-06-12  \
1         1001      Autauga County    AL         1         48         117
2         1003      Baldwin County    AL         1        374         518
3         1005      Barbour County    AL         1         20         34
4         1007           Bibb County    AL         1         30         35

```

5	1009	Blount County	AL	1	29	53
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3188	56037	Sweetwater County	WY	56	29	56
3189	56039	Teton County	WY	56	62	174
3190	56041	Uinta County	WY	56	23	21
3191	56043	Washakie County	WY	56	3	2
3192	56045	Weston County	WY	56	4	10

	2022-06-19	2022-06-26	2022-07-03	2022-07-10	...	2022-10-30	\
1	116	189	162	239	...	31	
2	560	646	611	760	...	78	
3	34	50	67	94	...	4	
4	64	52	51	53	...	15	
5	70	76	100	123	...	34	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3188	211	50	69	70	...	18	
3189	151	145	108	104	...	14	
3190	51	31	31	41	...	10	
3191	100	19	-8	16	...	3	
3192	28	9	2	24	...	7	

	2022-11-06	2022-11-13	2022-11-20	2022-11-27	2022-12-04	2022-12-11	\
1	0	60	21	20	68	72	
2	0	240	55	212	250	221	
3	0	20	9	9	12	9	
4	0	29	8	15	10	16	
5	0	66	27	47	40	59	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3188	10	19	14	38	41	45	
3189	20	17	16	21	23	36	
3190	11	13	11	18	16	17	
3191	1	8	-17	11	6	20	
3192	7	5	4	5	11	2	

	2022-12-18	2022-12-25	2023-01-01
1	95	114	0
2	270	275	0
3	18	20	0
4	15	24	0
5	89	83	0
...	...	...	...
3188	25	20	0
3189	21	29	0
3190	15	16	0
3191	16	0	0
3192	9	5	0



[3142 rows x 35 columns]

```
[12]: # Using the melt function to covert wide dataframe into long dataframe so that
      ↪we can perform operations on the data easily.
```

```
weekNewCases=pd.melt(weekCases,id_vars=('countyFIPS','County_
      ↪Name','State','StateFIPS'),var_name='Date',value_name='Number of new cases')
```

```
[13]: weekNewCases
```

```
[13]:      countyFIPS      County Name State StateFIPS      Date \
0          1001      Autauga County      AL          1  2022-06-05
1          1003      Baldwin County      AL          1  2022-06-05
2          1005      Barbour County      AL          1  2022-06-05
3          1007          Bibb County      AL          1  2022-06-05
4          1009      Blount County      AL          1  2022-06-05
...
97397      56037  Sweetwater County      WY          56  2023-01-01
97398      56039      Teton County      WY          56  2023-01-01
97399      56041      Uinta County      WY          56  2023-01-01
97400      56043      Washakie County      WY          56  2023-01-01
97401      56045      Weston County      WY          56  2023-01-01
```

```
      Number of new cases
0                48
1               374
2                20
3                30
4                29
...
97397            0
97398            0
97399            0
97400            0
97401            0
```

[97402 rows x 6 columns]

```
[14]: # Converting the 'Date' column to datetime type.
```

```
weekNewCases['Date']=pd.to_datetime(weekNewCases['Date'])
```

```
[15]: # Data types of the 'weeklyNewCases' dataframe.
```

```
weekNewCases.dtypes
```

```
[15]: countyFIPS          int64
      County Name        object
      State              object
      StateFIPS          int64
      Date               datetime64[ns]
      Number of new cases int64
      dtype: object
```

```
[16]: # Reading deaths data.
```

```
deaths = pd.read_csv("../DATASETS/COVID DATASETS/covid_deaths_usafacts.csv")
deaths
```

```
[16]:
```

	countyFIPS	County Name	State	StateFIPS	2020-01-22	\
0	0	Statewide Unallocated	AL	1	0	
1	1001	Autauga County	AL	1	0	
2	1003	Baldwin County	AL	1	0	
3	1005	Barbour County	AL	1	0	
4	1007	Bibb County	AL	1	0	
...	...	...	...	...		
3188	56037	Sweetwater County	WY	56	0	
3189	56039	Teton County	WY	56	0	
3190	56041	Uinta County	WY	56	0	
3191	56043	Washakie County	WY	56	0	
3192	56045	Weston County	WY	56	0	

  

	2020-01-23	2020-01-24	2020-01-25	2020-01-26	2020-01-27	...	\
0	0	0	0	0	0	...	
1	0	0	0	0	0	...	
2	0	0	0	0	0	...	
3	0	0	0	0	0	...	
4	0	0	0	0	0	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3188	0	0	0	0	0	...	
3189	0	0	0	0	0	...	
3190	0	0	0	0	0	...	
3191	0	0	0	0	0	...	
3192	0	0	0	0	0	...	

  

	2023-01-07	2023-01-08	2023-01-09	2023-01-10	2023-01-11	2023-01-12	\
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	230	230	230	230	230	230	
2	719	719	719	719	719	721	
3	103	103	103	103	103	103	
4	108	108	108	108	108	108	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3188	136	136	136	136	136	136	

3189	16	16	16	16	16	16
3190	43	43	43	43	43	43
3191	47	47	47	47	47	47
3192	22	22	22	22	22	22

	2023-01-13	2023-01-14	2023-01-15	2023-01-16
0	0	0	0	0
1	230	230	230	230
2	721	721	721	721
3	103	103	103	103
4	108	108	108	108
...	...	...	...	...
3188	136	136	136	136
3189	16	16	16	16
3190	43	43	43	43
3191	47	47	47	47
3192	22	22	22	22

[3193 rows x 1095 columns]

```
[17]: # Removing the excess data and keeping only the columns we want by removing
      ↪ 'Statewide Unallocated'
```

```
deaths = deaths[deaths['County Name'] != 'Statewide Unallocated']
deaths
```

```
[17]:   countyFIPS   County Name State StateFIPS  2020-01-22  2020-01-23 \
1         1001   Autauga County   AL         1         0         0
2         1003   Baldwin County   AL         1         0         0
3         1005   Barbour County   AL         1         0         0
4         1007     Bibb County   AL         1         0         0
5         1009   Blount County   AL         1         0         0
...         ...         ...         ...         ...         ...
3188      56037 Sweetwater County   WY        56         0         0
3189      56039     Teton County   WY        56         0         0
3190      56041     Uinta County   WY        56         0         0
3191      56043 Washakie County   WY        56         0         0
3192      56045     Weston County   WY        56         0         0
```

	2020-01-24	2020-01-25	2020-01-26	2020-01-27	...	2023-01-07	\
1	0	0	0	0	...	230	
2	0	0	0	0	...	719	
3	0	0	0	0	...	103	
4	0	0	0	0	...	108	
5	0	0	0	0	...	260	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3188	0	0	0	0	...	136	

3189	0	0	0	0	...	16
3190	0	0	0	0	...	43
3191	0	0	0	0	...	47
3192	0	0	0	0	...	22

  

	2023-01-08	2023-01-09	2023-01-10	2023-01-11	2023-01-12	2023-01-13 \
1	230	230	230	230	230	230
2	719	719	719	719	721	721
3	103	103	103	103	103	103
4	108	108	108	108	108	108
5	260	260	260	260	261	261
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3188	136	136	136	136	136	136
3189	16	16	16	16	16	16
3190	43	43	43	43	43	43
3191	47	47	47	47	47	47
3192	22	22	22	22	22	22

  

	2023-01-14	2023-01-15	2023-01-16
1	230	230	230
2	721	721	721
3	103	103	103
4	108	108	108
5	261	261	261
...	...	...	...
3188	136	136	136
3189	16	16	16
3190	43	43	43
3191	47	47	47
3192	22	22	22

[3142 rows x 1095 columns]

```
[18]: # Making a deep copy of the data and calculating the day wise Deaths.

deaths_2 = deaths.copy(deep=True)
for i in range(len(deaths.columns)):
    if deaths.columns[i] == "countyFIPS" or deaths.columns[i]=="County Name" or \
    deaths.columns[i]=="State" or deaths.columns[i]=="StateFIPS":
        continue
    elif i>4:
        pres = deaths.columns[i]
        prev = deaths_2.columns[i-1]
        deaths[pres] = deaths[pres]-deaths_2[prev]
```

C:\Users\venka\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_18648\3437054305.py:10:  
SettingWithCopyWarning:  
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.

Try using `.loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value` instead

See the caveats in the documentation: [https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\\_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy](https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)

```
deaths[pres] = deaths[pres]-deaths_2[prev]
```

```
[19]: # Day wise Deaths.
```

```
deaths
```

```
[19]:
```

	countyFIPS	County Name	State	StateFIPS	2020-01-22	2020-01-23	\
1	1001	Autauga County	AL	1	0	0	
2	1003	Baldwin County	AL	1	0	0	
3	1005	Barbour County	AL	1	0	0	
4	1007	Bibb County	AL	1	0	0	
5	1009	Blount County	AL	1	0	0	
...	...	...	...	...	...		
3188	56037	Sweetwater County	WY	56	0	0	
3189	56039	Teton County	WY	56	0	0	
3190	56041	Uinta County	WY	56	0	0	
3191	56043	Washakie County	WY	56	0	0	
3192	56045	Weston County	WY	56	0	0	

  

	2020-01-24	2020-01-25	2020-01-26	2020-01-27	...	2023-01-07	\
1	0	0	0	0	...	0	
2	0	0	0	0	...	0	
3	0	0	0	0	...	0	
4	0	0	0	0	...	0	
5	0	0	0	0	...	0	
...	...	...	...	...	...		
3188	0	0	0	0	...	0	
3189	0	0	0	0	...	0	
3190	0	0	0	0	...	0	
3191	0	0	0	0	...	0	
3192	0	0	0	0	...	0	

  

	2023-01-08	2023-01-09	2023-01-10	2023-01-11	2023-01-12	2023-01-13	\
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	0	0	2	0	
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5	0	0	0	0	1	0	
...	...	...	...	...	...		
3188	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3189	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3190	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3191	0	0	0	0	0	0	

3192	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2023-01-14	2023-01-15	2023-01-16			
1	0	0	0			
2	0	0	0			
3	0	0	0			
4	0	0	0			
5	0	0	0			
...	...	...	...			
3188	0	0	0			
3189	0	0	0			
3190	0	0	0			
3191	0	0	0			
3192	0	0	0			

[3142 rows x 1095 columns]

[20]: *# Removing the excess data and keeping only the columns we want.*

```
requiredDeathsRange=deaths.drop(deaths.loc[:, '2020-01-22': '2022-05-29'], axis=1)
```

[21]: *# Removing the excess data and keeping only the columns we want.*

```
requiredDeathsRange.drop(requiredDeathsRange.loc[:, '2023-01-02':  
↪], axis=1, inplace=True)  
requiredDeathsRange
```

[21]:

	countyFIPS	County Name	State	StateFIPS	2022-05-30	2022-05-31	\
1	1001	Autauga County	AL	1	0	0	
2	1003	Baldwin County	AL	1	1	0	
3	1005	Barbour County	AL	1	0	0	
4	1007	Bibb County	AL	1	0	0	
5	1009	Blount County	AL	1	0	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...		
3188	56037	Sweetwater County	WY	56	0	0	
3189	56039	Teton County	WY	56	0	0	
3190	56041	Uinta County	WY	56	0	0	
3191	56043	Washakie County	WY	56	0	0	
3192	56045	Weston County	WY	56	0	0	

	2022-06-01	2022-06-02	2022-06-03	2022-06-04	...	2022-12-23	\
1	0	0	0	0	...	0	
2	0	0	0	0	...	0	
3	0	0	0	0	...	0	
4	0	0	0	0	...	0	
5	0	0	0	0	...	0	
...	...	...	...	...	...		

3188	0	0	0	0	...	0
3189	0	0	0	0	...	0
3190	0	0	0	0	...	0
3191	0	0	0	0	...	0
3192	0	0	0	0	...	0

  

	2022-12-24	2022-12-25	2022-12-26	2022-12-27	2022-12-28	2022-12-29 \
1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3188	0	0	0	0	0	0
3189	0	0	0	0	0	0
3190	0	0	0	0	0	0
3191	0	0	0	0	0	0
3192	0	0	0	0	0	0

  

	2022-12-30	2022-12-31	2023-01-01
1	0	0	0
2	0	0	0
3	0	0	0
4	0	0	0
5	0	0	0
...	...	...	...
3188	0	0	0
3189	0	0	0
3190	0	0	0
3191	0	0	0
3192	0	0	0

[3142 rows x 221 columns]

[22]: *# Creating a new dataframe for weeklyDeaths.*

```

weekDeaths = requiredDeathsRange.loc[:,('countyFIPS','County_
↪Name','State','StateFIPS')]
weekDeaths

```

[22]:

	countyFIPS	County Name	State	StateFIPS
1	1001	Autauga County	AL	1
2	1003	Baldwin County	AL	1
3	1005	Barbour County	AL	1
4	1007	Bibb County	AL	1
5	1009	Blount County	AL	1
...	...	...	...	...

```
[3142 rows x 4 columns]
```

```
for i in range(10,len(requiredDeathsRange.columns),7):
    col_list=requiredDeathsRange.columns[i-6:i+1]

    col=requiredDeathsRange.columns[i]

    weekDeaths[col]= requiredDeathsRange[col_list].sum(axis=1)
```

weekDeaths

	2022-06-19	2022-06-26	2022-07-03	2022-07-10	...	2022-10-30	\
1	0	0	0	0	...	0	
2	0	0	0	0	...	0	
3	0	0	0	0	...	0	
4	0	0	0	0	...	0	
5	0	0	1	0	...	0	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3188	0	0	0	0	...	0	
3189	0	0	0	0	...	0	
3190	0	0	0	0	...	0	
3191	0	0	0	0	...	0	
3192	0	0	0	0	...	0	



	2022-11-06	2022-11-13	2022-11-20	2022-11-27	2022-12-04	2022-12-11	\
1	0	1	0	1	0	0	
2	0	0	0	0	0	1	
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5	0	0	0	0	1	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...		
3188	0	0	0	0	3	0	
3189	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3190	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3191	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3192	0	0	1	0	0	0	

	2022-12-18	2022-12-25	2023-01-01
1	0	0	0
2	0	2	0
3	0	0	0
4	0	0	0
5	0	0	0
...	...	...	...
3188	1	1	0
3189	0	0	0
3190	0	0	0
3191	0	0	0
3192	0	0	0

[3142 rows x 35 columns]

[25]: *# Using the melt function to covert wide dataframe into long dataframe so that*  
*↪we can perform operations on the data easily.*

```
weekNewDeaths=pd.melt(weekDeaths,id_vars=('countyFIPS','County_
↪Name','State','StateFIPS'),var_name='Date',value_name='Number of new Deaths')
```

[26]: *# Weekly deaths dataframe.*

```
weekNewDeaths
```

	countyFIPS	County Name	State	StateFIPS	Date	\
0	1001	Autauga County	AL	1	2022-06-05	
1	1003	Baldwin County	AL	1	2022-06-05	
2	1005	Barbour County	AL	1	2022-06-05	
3	1007	Bibb County	AL	1	2022-06-05	
4	1009	Blount County	AL	1	2022-06-05	
...	...	...	...	...		
97397	56037	Sweetwater County	WY	56	2023-01-01	

97398	56039	Teton County	WY	56	2023-01-01
97399	56041	Uinta County	WY	56	2023-01-01
97400	56043	Washakie County	WY	56	2023-01-01
97401	56045	Weston County	WY	56	2023-01-01

Number of new Deaths	
0	0
1	1
2	0
3	0
4	1
...	...
97397	0
97398	0
97399	0
97400	0
97401	0

[97402 rows x 6 columns]

```
[27]: # Converting the 'date' column to datetime type.
```

```
weekNewDeaths['Date']=pd.to_datetime(weekNewDeaths['Date'])
```

```
[28]: # 'weekNewDeaths' data types.
```

```
weekNewDeaths.dtypes
```

```
[28]: countyFIPS          int64
County Name          object
State                object
StateFIPS            int64
Date                 datetime64[ns]
Number of new Deaths int64
dtype: object
```

```
[29]: # merging the cases and deaths dataframes.
```

```
weeklyCombined=pd.merge(weekNewCases,weekNewDeaths,on=('countyFIPS','County_
↪Name','State','StateFIPS','Date'),how='inner')
```

```
[30]: weeklyCombined
```

	countyFIPS	County Name	State	StateFIPS	Date \
0	1001	Autauga County	AL	1	2022-06-05
1	1003	Baldwin County	AL	1	2022-06-05
2	1005	Barbour County	AL	1	2022-06-05

3	1007	Bibb County	AL	1	2022-06-05
4	1009	Blount County	AL	1	2022-06-05
...	...	...	...	...	...
97397	56037	Sweetwater County	WY	56	2023-01-01
97398	56039	Teton County	WY	56	2023-01-01
97399	56041	Uinta County	WY	56	2023-01-01
97400	56043	Washakie County	WY	56	2023-01-01
97401	56045	Weston County	WY	56	2023-01-01

	Number of new cases	Number of new Deaths
0	48	0
1	374	1
2	20	0
3	30	0
4	29	1
...	...	...
97397	0	0
97398	0	0
97399	0	0
97400	0	0
97401	0	0

[97402 rows x 7 columns]

```
[31]: # converting the daywise data from wide dataframe to long dataframe and merging
      ↪ them.
```

```
dayWiseCases = pd.melt(requiredRange, id_vars=('countyFIPS','County_
      ↪Name','State','StateFIPS'), var_name='Date', value_name='Number of new_
      ↪cases')
dayWiseDeaths = pd.melt(requiredDeathsRange, id_vars=('countyFIPS','County_
      ↪Name','State','StateFIPS'), var_name='Date', value_name='Number of new_
      ↪Deaths')
dayWise = pd.merge(dayWiseCases,dayWiseDeaths, on=('countyFIPS','County_
      ↪Name','State','StateFIPS','Date'), how = 'inner')
dayWise
```

```
[31]:
```

	countyFIPS	County Name	State	StateFIPS	Date \
0	1001	Autauga County	AL	1	2022-05-30
1	1003	Baldwin County	AL	1	2022-05-30
2	1005	Barbour County	AL	1	2022-05-30
3	1007	Bibb County	AL	1	2022-05-30
4	1009	Blount County	AL	1	2022-05-30
...	...	...	...	...	...
681809	56037	Sweetwater County	WY	56	2023-01-01
681810	56039	Teton County	WY	56	2023-01-01
681811	56041	Uinta County	WY	56	2023-01-01

681812	56043	Washakie County	WY	56	2023-01-01
681813	56045	Weston County	WY	56	2023-01-01

	Number of new cases	Number of new Deaths
0	9	0
1	55	1
2	1	0
3	9	0
4	6	0
...	...	...
681809	0	0
681810	0	0
681811	0	0
681812	0	0
681813	0	0

[681814 rows x 7 columns]

```
[32]: # converting the date column to datetime type.
```

```
dayWise['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(dayWise['Date'])
dayWise.dtypes
```

```
[32]: countyFIPS          int64
County Name          object
State                object
StateFIPS            int64
Date                datetime64[ns]
Number of new cases    int64
Number of new Deaths  int64
dtype: object
```

```
[33]: # choosing a state from daywise data.
```

```
virginia = dayWise[dayWise["State"]=="VA"]
virginia
```

```
[33]:
```

	countyFIPS	County Name	State	StateFIPS	Date \
2820	51001	Accomack County	VA	51	2022-05-30
2821	51003	Albemarle County	VA	51	2022-05-30
2822	51005	Alleghany County	VA	51	2022-05-30
2823	51007	Amelia County	VA	51	2022-05-30
2824	51009	Amherst County	VA	51	2022-05-30
...	...	...	...	...	...
681620	51800	City of Suffolk	VA	51	2023-01-01
681621	51810	City of Virginia Beach	VA	51	2023-01-01
681622	51820	City of Waynesboro	VA	51	2023-01-01

681623	51830	City of Williamsburg	VA	51 2023-01-01
681624	51840	City of Winchester	VA	51 2023-01-01

	Number of new cases	Number of new Deaths
2820	0	0
2821	0	0
2822	0	0
2823	0	0
2824	0	0
...	...	...
681620	0	0
681621	0	0
681622	0	0
681623	0	0
681624	0	0

[28861 rows x 7 columns]

```
[34]: # calculating mean, median and mode for the new cases in selected state.

casesStats = virginia.groupby([pd.Grouper(key='Date', freq='w')])['Number of new cases'].agg(['mean', 'median', lambda x : x.mode()[0]]).reset_index()
casesStats
```

```
[34]:
```

	Date	mean	median	<lambda_0>
0	2022-06-05	21.360902	2.0	0
1	2022-06-12	21.604726	5.0	0
2	2022-06-19	19.094522	4.0	0
3	2022-06-26	18.667025	4.0	0
4	2022-07-03	21.110634	5.0	0
5	2022-07-10	19.708915	4.0	0
6	2022-07-17	22.818475	5.0	0
7	2022-07-24	22.716434	6.0	0
8	2022-07-31	22.932331	6.0	0
9	2022-08-07	21.794844	6.0	0
10	2022-08-14	20.265306	6.0	0
11	2022-08-21	18.456498	6.0	0
12	2022-08-28	18.713212	6.0	0
13	2022-09-04	18.161117	6.0	0
14	2022-09-11	14.172932	3.0	0
15	2022-09-18	12.459721	3.0	0
16	2022-09-25	10.827068	3.0	0
17	2022-10-02	7.624060	1.0	0
18	2022-10-09	9.153598	2.0	0
19	2022-10-16	7.569280	2.0	0
20	2022-10-23	7.671321	2.0	0
21	2022-10-30	8.095596	2.0	0

22	2022-11-06	7.866810	2.0	0
23	2022-11-13	7.477981	2.0	0
24	2022-11-20	6.299678	0.0	0
25	2022-11-27	6.493018	0.0	0
26	2022-12-04	10.117078	3.0	0
27	2022-12-11	10.899033	3.0	0
28	2022-12-18	13.296455	3.0	0
29	2022-12-25	16.058002	4.0	0
30	2023-01-01	9.240602	0.0	0

[35]: *# renaming the column in the dataframe.*

```
casesStats.rename(columns = {'<lambda_0>' : 'mode'},inplace = True)
```

[36]: casesStats

[36]:

	Date	mean	median	mode
0	2022-06-05	21.360902	2.0	0
1	2022-06-12	21.604726	5.0	0
2	2022-06-19	19.094522	4.0	0
3	2022-06-26	18.667025	4.0	0
4	2022-07-03	21.110634	5.0	0
5	2022-07-10	19.708915	4.0	0
6	2022-07-17	22.818475	5.0	0
7	2022-07-24	22.716434	6.0	0
8	2022-07-31	22.932331	6.0	0
9	2022-08-07	21.794844	6.0	0
10	2022-08-14	20.265306	6.0	0
11	2022-08-21	18.456498	6.0	0
12	2022-08-28	18.713212	6.0	0
13	2022-09-04	18.161117	6.0	0
14	2022-09-11	14.172932	3.0	0
15	2022-09-18	12.459721	3.0	0
16	2022-09-25	10.827068	3.0	0
17	2022-10-02	7.624060	1.0	0
18	2022-10-09	9.153598	2.0	0
19	2022-10-16	7.569280	2.0	0
20	2022-10-23	7.671321	2.0	0
21	2022-10-30	8.095596	2.0	0
22	2022-11-06	7.866810	2.0	0
23	2022-11-13	7.477981	2.0	0
24	2022-11-20	6.299678	0.0	0
25	2022-11-27	6.493018	0.0	0
26	2022-12-04	10.117078	3.0	0
27	2022-12-11	10.899033	3.0	0
28	2022-12-18	13.296455	3.0	0

```
29 2022-12-25 16.058002 4.0 0
30 2023-01-01 9.240602 0.0 0
```

```
[37]: # plotting weekly statistics for new cases for selected state.
```

```
fig_1 = px.line(casesStats, x='Date', y=['mean','median','mode'],title="Weekly_
↳statistics for new cases ")
fig_1.show()
```

```
[38]: # calculating weekly statistics for new deaths for selected.
```

```
deathsStats = virginia.groupby([pd.Grouper(key='Date', freq='w')])['Number of_
↳new Deaths'].agg(['mean','median',lambda x : x.mode()[0]]).reset_index()
deathsStats
```

```
[38]:
```

	Date	mean	median	<lambda_0>
0	2022-06-05	0.051557	0.0	0
1	2022-06-12	0.018260	0.0	0
2	2022-06-19	0.012889	0.0	0
3	2022-06-26	0.070892	0.0	0
4	2022-07-03	0.119227	0.0	0
5	2022-07-10	0.118153	0.0	0
6	2022-07-17	0.065521	0.0	0
7	2022-07-24	0.070892	0.0	0
8	2022-07-31	0.054780	0.0	0
9	2022-08-07	0.146079	0.0	0
10	2022-08-14	0.097744	0.0	0
11	2022-08-21	0.111708	0.0	0
12	2022-08-28	0.114930	0.0	0
13	2022-09-04	0.114930	0.0	0
14	2022-09-11	0.133190	0.0	0
15	2022-09-18	0.098818	0.0	0
16	2022-09-25	0.096670	0.0	0
17	2022-10-02	0.085929	0.0	0
18	2022-10-09	0.116004	0.0	0
19	2022-10-16	0.080559	0.0	0
20	2022-10-23	0.081633	0.0	0
21	2022-10-30	0.087003	0.0	0
22	2022-11-06	0.035446	0.0	0
23	2022-11-13	0.010741	0.0	0
24	2022-11-20	0.056928	0.0	0
25	2022-11-27	0.087003	0.0	0
26	2022-12-04	0.097744	0.0	0
27	2022-12-11	0.087003	0.0	0
28	2022-12-18	0.058002	0.0	0
29	2022-12-25	0.061224	0.0	0
30	2023-01-01	0.022556	0.0	0

```
[39]: # renaming the column in the dataframe.
```

```
deathsStats.rename(columns={'<lambda_0>': 'mode'}, inplace=True)
deathsStats
```

```
[39]:
```

	Date	mean	median	mode
0	2022-06-05	0.051557	0.0	0
1	2022-06-12	0.018260	0.0	0
2	2022-06-19	0.012889	0.0	0
3	2022-06-26	0.070892	0.0	0
4	2022-07-03	0.119227	0.0	0
5	2022-07-10	0.118153	0.0	0
6	2022-07-17	0.065521	0.0	0
7	2022-07-24	0.070892	0.0	0
8	2022-07-31	0.054780	0.0	0
9	2022-08-07	0.146079	0.0	0
10	2022-08-14	0.097744	0.0	0
11	2022-08-21	0.111708	0.0	0
12	2022-08-28	0.114930	0.0	0
13	2022-09-04	0.114930	0.0	0
14	2022-09-11	0.133190	0.0	0
15	2022-09-18	0.098818	0.0	0
16	2022-09-25	0.096670	0.0	0
17	2022-10-02	0.085929	0.0	0
18	2022-10-09	0.116004	0.0	0
19	2022-10-16	0.080559	0.0	0
20	2022-10-23	0.081633	0.0	0
21	2022-10-30	0.087003	0.0	0
22	2022-11-06	0.035446	0.0	0
23	2022-11-13	0.010741	0.0	0
24	2022-11-20	0.056928	0.0	0
25	2022-11-27	0.087003	0.0	0
26	2022-12-04	0.097744	0.0	0
27	2022-12-11	0.087003	0.0	0
28	2022-12-18	0.058002	0.0	0
29	2022-12-25	0.061224	0.0	0
30	2023-01-01	0.022556	0.0	0

```
[40]: # plotting the weekly statistics for new deaths for a selected state.
```

```
fig_2 = px.line(deathsStats, x='Date', y=['mean', 'median', 'mode'],  
               ↪title='Weekly statistics for new deaths')  
fig_2.show()
```

```
[41]: # choosing 3 other states along with the above state.
```

```
compStates = dayWise[dayWise['State'].isin(['NC', 'AR', 'AZ', 'VA'])]
```



```
compStates
```

```
[41]:
```

	countyFIPS	County Name	State	StateFIPS	Date \
96	4001	Apache County	AZ	4	2022-05-30
97	4003	Cochise County	AZ	4	2022-05-30
98	4005	Coconino County	AZ	4	2022-05-30
99	4007	Gila County	AZ	4	2022-05-30
100	4009	Graham County	AZ	4	2022-05-30
...	...	...	...	...	...
681620	51800	City of Suffolk	VA	51	2023-01-01
681621	51810	City of Virginia Beach	VA	51	2023-01-01
681622	51820	City of Waynesboro	VA	51	2023-01-01
681623	51830	City of Williamsburg	VA	51	2023-01-01
681624	51840	City of Winchester	VA	51	2023-01-01

	Number of new cases	Number of new Deaths
96	0	0
97	0	0
98	0	0
99	0	0
100	0	0
...	...	...
681620	0	0
681621	0	0
681622	0	0
681623	0	0
681624	0	0

```
[70091 rows x 7 columns]
```

```
[42]: # calculating the mean values for new cases and new deaths for 4 states.

meanValues = compStates.groupby(['State', pd.
    ↳Grouper(key='Date',freq='w')])['Number of new cases','Number of new Deaths'].
    ↳agg({'Number of new cases':'mean', 'Number of new Deaths':'mean'}).
    ↳reset_index()
meanValues
```

```
C:\Users\venka\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_18648\2671363035.py:3:
```

```
FutureWarning:
```

Indexing with multiple keys (implicitly converted to a tuple of keys) will be deprecated, use a list instead.

```
[42]:
```

	State	Date	Number of new cases	Number of new Deaths
0	AR	2022-06-05	5.038095	0.051429
1	AR	2022-06-12	7.308571	0.026667

2	AR	2022-06-19	8.944762	0.040000
3	AR	2022-06-26	10.365714	0.059048
4	AR	2022-07-03	13.253333	0.040000
..	...	...	...	...
119	VA	2022-12-04	10.117078	0.097744
120	VA	2022-12-11	10.899033	0.087003
121	VA	2022-12-18	13.296455	0.058002
122	VA	2022-12-25	16.058002	0.061224
123	VA	2023-01-01	9.240602	0.022556

[124 rows x 4 columns]

```
[43]: # plotting the mean values for new cases and new deaths for the 4 states.

fig_3 = px.line(meanValues, x='Date',y=['Number of new cases','Number of new_
    ↪Deaths'], color='State', title='Weekly mean values for 4 states')
fig_3.show()
```

```
[44]: # calculating the median values for new cases and new deaths for the 4 states.

medianValues=compStates.groupby(['State',pd.Grouper(key='Date',
    ↪freq='w')])["Number of new cases",'Number of new Deaths'].agg({'Number of_
    ↪new cases':'median','Number of new Deaths':'median'}).reset_index()
medianValues
```

C:\Users\venka\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_18648\1151941052.py:4:  
FutureWarning:

Indexing with multiple keys (implicitly converted to a tuple of keys) will be deprecated, use a list instead.

```
[44]: State      Date      Number of new cases  Number of new Deaths
0      AR 2022-06-05              1.0              0.0
1      AR 2022-06-12              2.0              0.0
2      AR 2022-06-19              3.0              0.0
3      AR 2022-06-26              3.0              0.0
4      AR 2022-07-03              4.0              0.0
..      ...      ...
119    VA 2022-12-04              3.0              0.0
120    VA 2022-12-11              3.0              0.0
121    VA 2022-12-18              3.0              0.0
122    VA 2022-12-25              4.0              0.0
123    VA 2023-01-01              0.0              0.0
```

[124 rows x 4 columns]

```
[45]: # plotting median values for the 4 states.

fig_4 = px.line(medianValues, x='Date', y=['Number of new cases', 'Number of new_
↳Deaths'], color='State', title='Weekly median values for 4 states')
fig_4.show()
```

```
[46]: # calculating mode values for new cases and new deaths for the 4 states.

modeValues = compStates.groupby(['State',pd.
↳Grouper(key='Date',freq='w')])['Number of new cases', 'Number of new Deaths'].
↳apply(lambda x : x.mode()).reset_index()
modeValues
```

C:\Users\venka\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_18648\3629254403.py:3:  
FutureWarning:

Indexing with multiple keys (implicitly converted to a tuple of keys) will be deprecated, use a list instead.

```
[46]:
```

	State	Date	level_2	Number of new cases	Number of new Deaths
0	AR	2022-06-05	0	0	0
1	AR	2022-06-12	0	0	0
2	AR	2022-06-19	0	0	0
3	AR	2022-06-26	0	0	0
4	AR	2022-07-03	0	0	0
..	...	...	...	...	...
119	VA	2022-12-04	0	0	0
120	VA	2022-12-11	0	0	0
121	VA	2022-12-18	0	0	0
122	VA	2022-12-25	0	0	0
123	VA	2023-01-01	0	0	0

[124 rows x 5 columns]

```
[47]: # plotting mode values for the 4 states.

fig_5 = px.line(modeValues, x="Date", y=['Number of new cases', 'Number of new_
↳Deaths'],color='State',title='Weekly mode values for 4 states')
fig_5.show()
```

```
[48]: # Reading population data and filtering it.

population = pd.read_csv("../..DATASETS/COVID DATASETS/
↳covid_county_population_usafacts.csv")
population = population[population['County Name']!='Statewide Unallocated']
```

```
population=population.drop(['County Name','State'],axis=1)
population
```

```
[48]:      countyFIPS  population
1         1001      55869
2         1003     223234
3         1005      24686
4         1007      22394
5         1009      57826
...
3190      56037      42343
3191      56039      23464
3192      56041      20226
3193      56043       7805
3194      56045       6927
```

[3145 rows x 2 columns]

```
[49]: # merging population with new cases and deaths data.

weeklyCombinedNew = pd.merge(weeklyCombined,population, on ='countyFIPS')
```

```
[50]: weeklyCombinedNew
```

```
[50]:      countyFIPS      County Name State  StateFIPS      Date \
0         1001  Autauga County      AL          1  2022-06-05
1         1001  Autauga County      AL          1  2022-06-12
2         1001  Autauga County      AL          1  2022-06-19
3         1001  Autauga County      AL          1  2022-06-26
4         1001  Autauga County      AL          1  2022-07-03
...
97397      56045  Weston County      WY          56  2022-12-04
97398      56045  Weston County      WY          56  2022-12-11
97399      56045  Weston County      WY          56  2022-12-18
97400      56045  Weston County      WY          56  2022-12-25
97401      56045  Weston County      WY          56  2023-01-01
```

```
      Number of new cases  Number of new Deaths  population
0              48              0      55869
1             117              1      55869
2             116              0      55869
3             189              0      55869
4             162              0      55869
...
97397              11              0       6927
97398               2              0       6927
97399               9              0       6927
```

97400	5	0	6927
97401	0	0	6927

[97402 rows x 8 columns]

```
[51]: # choosing states for comparing normalised weekly cases and deaths values.
```

```
normalisedCompare = weeklyCombinedNew[weeklyCombinedNew['State']
↳isin(['NC','AR','AZ'])]
normalisedCompare
```

```
[51]:
```

	countyFIPS	County Name	State	StateFIPS	Date \
2976	4001	Apache County	AZ	4	2022-06-05
2977	4001	Apache County	AZ	4	2022-06-12
2978	4001	Apache County	AZ	4	2022-06-19
2979	4001	Apache County	AZ	4	2022-06-26
2980	4001	Apache County	AZ	4	2022-07-03
...	...	...	...	...	...
61685	37199	Yancey County	NC	37	2022-12-04
61686	37199	Yancey County	NC	37	2022-12-11
61687	37199	Yancey County	NC	37	2022-12-18
61688	37199	Yancey County	NC	37	2022-12-25
61689	37199	Yancey County	NC	37	2023-01-01

	Number of new cases	Number of new Deaths	population
2976	80	0	71887
2977	174	0	71887
2978	225	0	71887
2979	258	0	71887
2980	294	0	71887
...	...	...	...
61685	5	1	18069
61686	13	1	18069
61687	14	0	18069
61688	12	0	18069
61689	0	0	18069

[5890 rows x 8 columns]

```
[52]: # grouping them according to the state and date.
```

```
normalisedCompare = normalisedCompare.groupby(['State','Date']).sum().
↳reset_index()
```

```
[53]: normalisedCompare
```

```
[53]: State      Date      countyFIPS  StateFIPS  Number of new cases \
0      AR 2022-06-05      380625      375      2645
1      AR 2022-06-12      380625      375      3837
2      AR 2022-06-19      380625      375      4696
3      AR 2022-06-26      380625      375      5442
4      AR 2022-07-03      380625      375      6958
..     ...      ...      ...      ...
88     NC 2022-12-04      3710000      3700      6842
89     NC 2022-12-11      3710000      3700      11605
90     NC 2022-12-18      3710000      3700      13190
91     NC 2022-12-25      3710000      3700      16676
92     NC 2023-01-01      3710000      3700      0
```

```
      Number of new Deaths  population
0                          27      3017804
1                          14      3017804
2                          21      3017804
3                          31      3017804
4                          21      3017804
..                         ...      ...
88                         24      10488084
89                        162      10488084
90                         47      10488084
91                         49      10488084
92                         0       10488084
```

[93 rows x 7 columns]

```
[54]: # calculating normalised cases and normalised deaths according to population.
```

```
normalisedCompare['Normalised Cases'] = (normalisedCompare['Number of new_
↪cases']/normalisedCompare['population'])*100000
normalisedCompare['Normalised Deaths'] = (normalisedCompare['Number of new_
↪Deaths']/normalisedCompare['population'])*100000
```

```
[55]: normalisedCompare
```

```
[55]: State      Date      countyFIPS  StateFIPS  Number of new cases \
0      AR 2022-06-05      380625      375      2645
1      AR 2022-06-12      380625      375      3837
2      AR 2022-06-19      380625      375      4696
3      AR 2022-06-26      380625      375      5442
4      AR 2022-07-03      380625      375      6958
..     ...      ...      ...      ...
88     NC 2022-12-04      3710000      3700      6842
89     NC 2022-12-11      3710000      3700      11605
90     NC 2022-12-18      3710000      3700      13190
```

91	NC 2022-12-25	3710000	3700	16676
92	NC 2023-01-01	3710000	3700	0

  

	Number of new Deaths	population	Normalised Cases	Normalised Deaths
0	27	3017804	87.646514	0.894690
1	14	3017804	127.145434	0.463913
2	21	3017804	155.609841	0.695870
3	31	3017804	180.329803	1.027237
4	21	3017804	230.565007	0.695870
..	...	...	...	...
88	24	10488084	65.235938	0.228831
89	162	10488084	110.649381	1.544610
90	47	10488084	125.761769	0.448128
91	49	10488084	158.999489	0.467197
92	0	10488084	0.000000	0.000000

[93 rows x 9 columns]

```
[56]: # plotting normalised cases and normalised deaths for the states.

fig_6 = px.line(normalisedCompare,x='Date',y=['Normalised Cases','Normalised_
↪Deaths'],color='State',title='Log Normalised Graph for States')
fig_6.show()
```

```
[57]: UsPattern = weeklyCombinedNew.groupby('Date')['Number of new cases','Number of_
↪new Deaths','population'].sum().reset_index()
UsPattern
```

C:\Users\venka\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_18648\1169135184.py:1:

FutureWarning:

Indexing with multiple keys (implicitly converted to a tuple of keys) will be deprecated, use a list instead.

```
[57]:
```

	Date	Number of new cases	Number of new Deaths	population
0	2022-06-05	596616	1226	328239523
1	2022-06-12	607086	2062	328239523
2	2022-06-19	720738	1771	328239523
3	2022-06-26	524811	1540	328239523
4	2022-07-03	715190	2478	328239523
5	2022-07-10	573480	5225	328239523
6	2022-07-17	752889	1220	328239523
7	2022-07-24	647246	1831	328239523
8	2022-07-31	789033	1901	328239523
9	2022-08-07	584134	2346	328239523
10	2022-08-14	638027	2125	328239523

11	2022-08-21	493742	1962	328239523
12	2022-08-28	386887	-948	328239523
13	2022-09-04	-26293	-7218	328239523
14	2022-09-11	510896	1958	328239523
15	2022-09-18	265845	1947	328239523
16	2022-09-25	360031	2107	328239523
17	2022-10-02	227630	1569	328239523
18	2022-10-09	245389	2171	328239523
19	2022-10-16	229679	1872	328239523
20	2022-10-23	177433	1551	328239523
21	2022-10-30	217652	1803	328239523
22	2022-11-06	220576	1484	328239523
23	2022-11-13	196964	424	328239523
24	2022-11-20	222255	1357	328239523
25	2022-11-27	210368	1549	328239523
26	2022-12-04	310649	2153	328239523
27	2022-12-11	320264	1962	328239523
28	2022-12-18	326894	1681	328239523
29	2022-12-25	299191	1027	328239523
30	2023-01-01	241219	2031	328239523

```
[58]: UsPattern['Normalised Cases'] = (UsPattern['Number of new cases']/
      ↪UsPattern['population'])*100000
UsPattern['Normalised Deaths'] = (UsPattern['Number of new Deaths']/
      ↪UsPattern['population'])*100000
```

```
[59]: fig_7 = px.line(UsPattern,x='Date',y=['Normalised Cases','Normalised_
      ↪Deaths'],title='Log Normalised Graph for US')
fig_7.show()
```

Peaks of the graph: —> AR state Normalised cases peaked at july 17, 2022 with a value of 307.2433 Normalised deaths peaked at oct 09, 2022 with a value of 3.678171 —> AZ state Normalised cases peaked at july 24, 2022 with a value of 290.3671 Normalised deaths value is always 0 —> NC state Normalised cases peaked at july 31, 2022 with a value of 323.5291 Normalised deaths peaked at sep 4, 2022 with a value of 4.691038

The rates differ with each state because because of the population in state. Since NC is a popupular growing state in terms of every field population got added in the recent years so the cases rate is higher compared to the other two states.Even though AR has less population it has high cases rate because of tourist spots are high populated in july. In the similar way deaths rates also differ with NC has highest death rate, followed by AR and then AZ.The cases are higher in summer as people roam on roads in summer. Deaths are high in winter due cold temperatures.

The pattern is almost similar with the US pattern like the cases are up to september 2022 and there is a decrease in september 2022 and after a slight increase, then they are almost constant with few fluctuations.



```
[60]: # choosing a state to find the top 3 counties with highest cases and death
      ↪ rates.
```

```
virginiaState = weeklyCombinedNew[weeklyCombinedNew['State']=='VA']
virginiaState
```

```
[60]:
```

	countyFIPS	County Name	State	StateFIPS	Date \
87420	51001	Accomack County	VA	51	2022-06-05
87421	51001	Accomack County	VA	51	2022-06-12
87422	51001	Accomack County	VA	51	2022-06-19
87423	51001	Accomack County	VA	51	2022-06-26
87424	51001	Accomack County	VA	51	2022-07-03
...	...	...	...	...	...
91538	51840	City of Winchester	VA	51	2022-12-04
91539	51840	City of Winchester	VA	51	2022-12-11
91540	51840	City of Winchester	VA	51	2022-12-18
91541	51840	City of Winchester	VA	51	2022-12-25
91542	51840	City of Winchester	VA	51	2023-01-01

	Number of new cases	Number of new Deaths	population
87420	39	0	32316
87421	63	0	32316
87422	55	0	32316
87423	83	1	32316
87424	58	0	32316
...	...	...	...
91538	74	1	28078
91539	53	0	28078
91540	46	1	28078
91541	41	1	28078
91542	36	1	28078

[4123 rows x 8 columns]

```
[61]: # sorting the values to find the top 3 counties.
```

```
virginiaState.groupby('countyFIPS').sum().sort_values(by=['Number of new
      ↪ cases', 'Number of new Deaths'])
```

```
[61]:
```

	StateFIPS	Number of new cases	Number of new Deaths	population
countyFIPS				
51678	1581	-305	-6	230826
51750	1581	-206	-4	565719
51091	1581	82	-1	67890
51017	1581	128	0	128557
51530	1581	175	3	200818
...	...	...	...	...

51810	1581	18078	90	13949194
51041	1581	18244	99	10936862
51107	1581	19152	44	12819678
51153	1581	22203	56	14580385
51059	1581	55369	198	35573492

[133 rows x 4 columns]

```
[62]: # since it is in the ascending order, so choosing the last three counties.
```

```
countyCompare = virginiaState[virginiaState['countyFIPS'].
↳isin([51107,51153,51059])]
countyCompare
```

```
[62]:
```

	countyFIPS	County Name	State	StateFIPS	Date \
88288	51059	Fairfax County	VA	51	2022-06-05
88289	51059	Fairfax County	VA	51	2022-06-12
88290	51059	Fairfax County	VA	51	2022-06-19
88291	51059	Fairfax County	VA	51	2022-06-26
88292	51059	Fairfax County	VA	51	2022-07-03
...	...	...	...	...	...
89678	51153	Prince William County	VA	51	2022-12-04
89679	51153	Prince William County	VA	51	2022-12-11
89680	51153	Prince William County	VA	51	2022-12-18
89681	51153	Prince William County	VA	51	2022-12-25
89682	51153	Prince William County	VA	51	2023-01-01

	Number of new cases	Number of new Deaths	population
88288	3265	4	1147532
88289	3207	1	1147532
88290	2718	2	1147532
88291	2899	5	1147532
88292	2881	6	1147532
...	...	...	...
89678	565	2	470335
89679	610	1	470335
89680	757	1	470335
89681	938	1	470335
89682	436	1	470335

[93 rows x 8 columns]

```
[63]: # plotting raw values of weekly cases and weekly deaths for the 3 counties.
```

```
fig_8 = px.line(countyCompare,x="Date",y=['Number of new cases','Number of new_
↳Deaths'],color='County Name',title='Raw Graph for counties')
fig_8.show()
```

Fairfax County has high population during the last 6 months of 2022 so the new cases rate is higher than other two counties. Similarly the population difference between Loudoun County and Prince William County is very small compared to Fairfax County so the new case rates is almost simialr with Prince William County has higher rates then Loudoun County as the population is a little bit higher. Similarly deaths rates follow the same pattern. The cases are higher in summer as people roam on roads in summer. Deaths are high in winter due cold temperatures.

Peaks: —> Fairfax County New cases peaked at june 5, 2022 with a value of 3265. New deaths peaked at Sep 11,2022 with a value of 18 —> Loudoun County New cases peaked at June 12, 2022 with a value of 1247 New deaths peaked at Nov 27, 2022 with a value of 2 —> Prince William County New cases peaked at June 5, 2022 with a value of 1219 New deaths peaked at Aug 7 and Nov 27,2022 with a value of 4

The counties follow the state pattern of virginia, we can see the similarity from mean value graph of virginia state from fig\_1. There is a dip cases from october to december 2022. The graph looks similar.

```
[64]: # Calculating the log normalised cases and deaths for the 3 counties.

countyCompare['Log Normalised Cases'] = np.log((countyCompare['Number of new_
↪cases']/countyCompare['population'])*100000)
countyCompare['Log Normalised Deaths'] = np.log((countyCompare['Number of new_
↪Deaths']/countyCompare['population'])*100000)
```

```
C:\Users\venka\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_18648\3630481622.py:3:
SettingWithCopyWarning:
```

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.  
Try using `.loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value` instead

See the caveats in the documentation: [https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\\_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy](https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)

```
C:\Users\venka\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\pandas\core\arraylike.py:397:
RuntimeWarning:
```

divide by zero encountered in log

```
C:\Users\venka\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\pandas\core\arraylike.py:397:
RuntimeWarning:
```

invalid value encountered in log

```
C:\Users\venka\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_18648\3630481622.py:4:
SettingWithCopyWarning:
```

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.

Try using `.loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value` instead

See the caveats in the documentation: [https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\\_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy](https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)

[65]: countyCompare

```
[65]:      countyFIPS      County Name State StateFIPS      Date \
88288      51059      Fairfax County      VA      51 2022-06-05
88289      51059      Fairfax County      VA      51 2022-06-12
88290      51059      Fairfax County      VA      51 2022-06-19
88291      51059      Fairfax County      VA      51 2022-06-26
88292      51059      Fairfax County      VA      51 2022-07-03
...
89678      51153 Prince William County      VA      51 2022-12-04
89679      51153 Prince William County      VA      51 2022-12-11
89680      51153 Prince William County      VA      51 2022-12-18
89681      51153 Prince William County      VA      51 2022-12-25
89682      51153 Prince William County      VA      51 2023-01-01
```

```
      Number of new cases  Number of new Deaths  population \
88288      3265      4      1147532
88289      3207      1      1147532
88290      2718      2      1147532
88291      2899      5      1147532
88292      2881      6      1147532
...
89678      565      2      470335
89679      610      1      470335
89680      757      1      470335
89681      938      1      470335
89682      436      1      470335
```

```
      Log Normalised Cases  Log Normalised Deaths
88288      5.650816      -1.053904
88289      5.632893      -2.440199
88290      5.467453      -1.747051
88291      5.531922      -0.830761
88292      5.525694      -0.648439
...
89678      4.788551      -0.855128
89679      4.865184      -1.548275
89680      5.081088      -1.548275
89681      5.295475      -1.548275
89682      4.529367      -1.548275
```

[93 rows x 10 columns]

```
[66]: # plotting the log normalised cases and deaths for the 3 counties.  
  
fig_9 = px.line(countyCompare,x="Date",y=['Log Normalised Cases','Log_  
    ↪Normalised Deaths'],color='County Name',title='Log Normalised Graph for_  
    ↪counties')  
fig_9.show()
```

References: 1) <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/line-chart-using-plotly-in-python/>  
2) <https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/reference/api/pandas.melt.html>  
3) <https://pandas.pydata.org/docs/reference/api/pandas.Grouper.html>