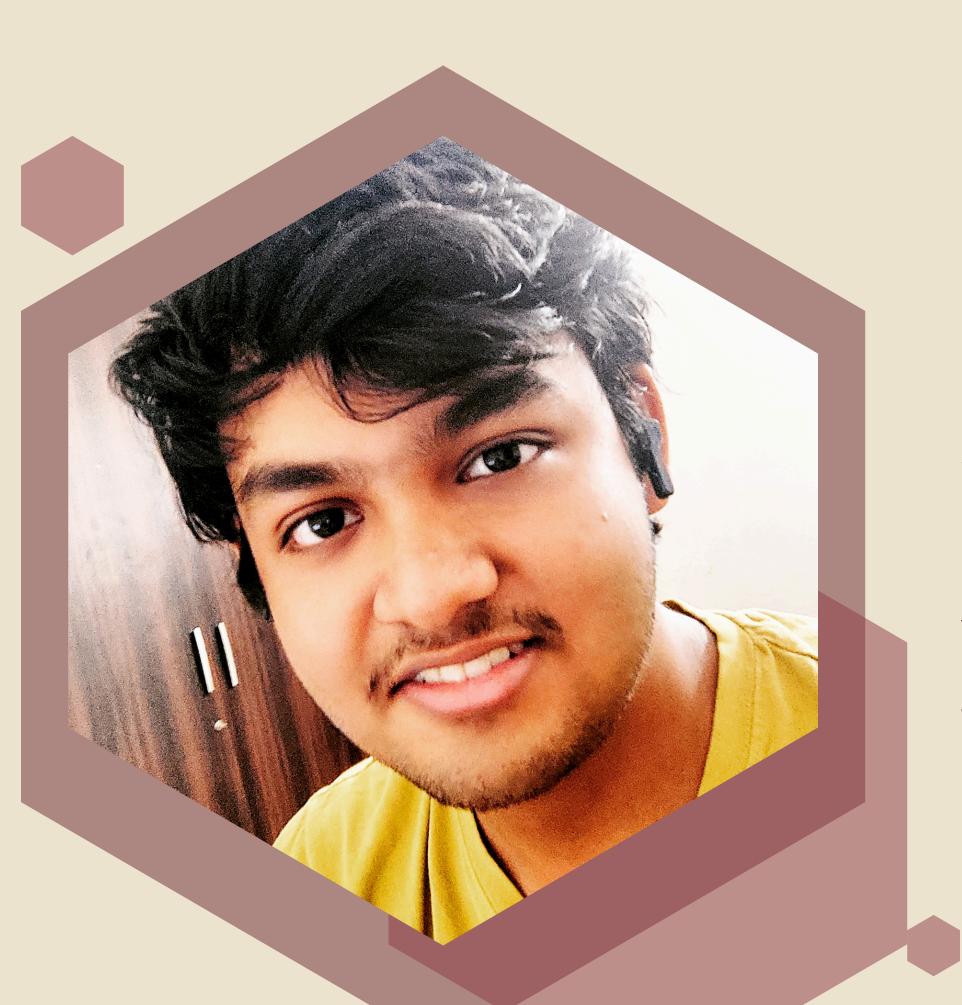
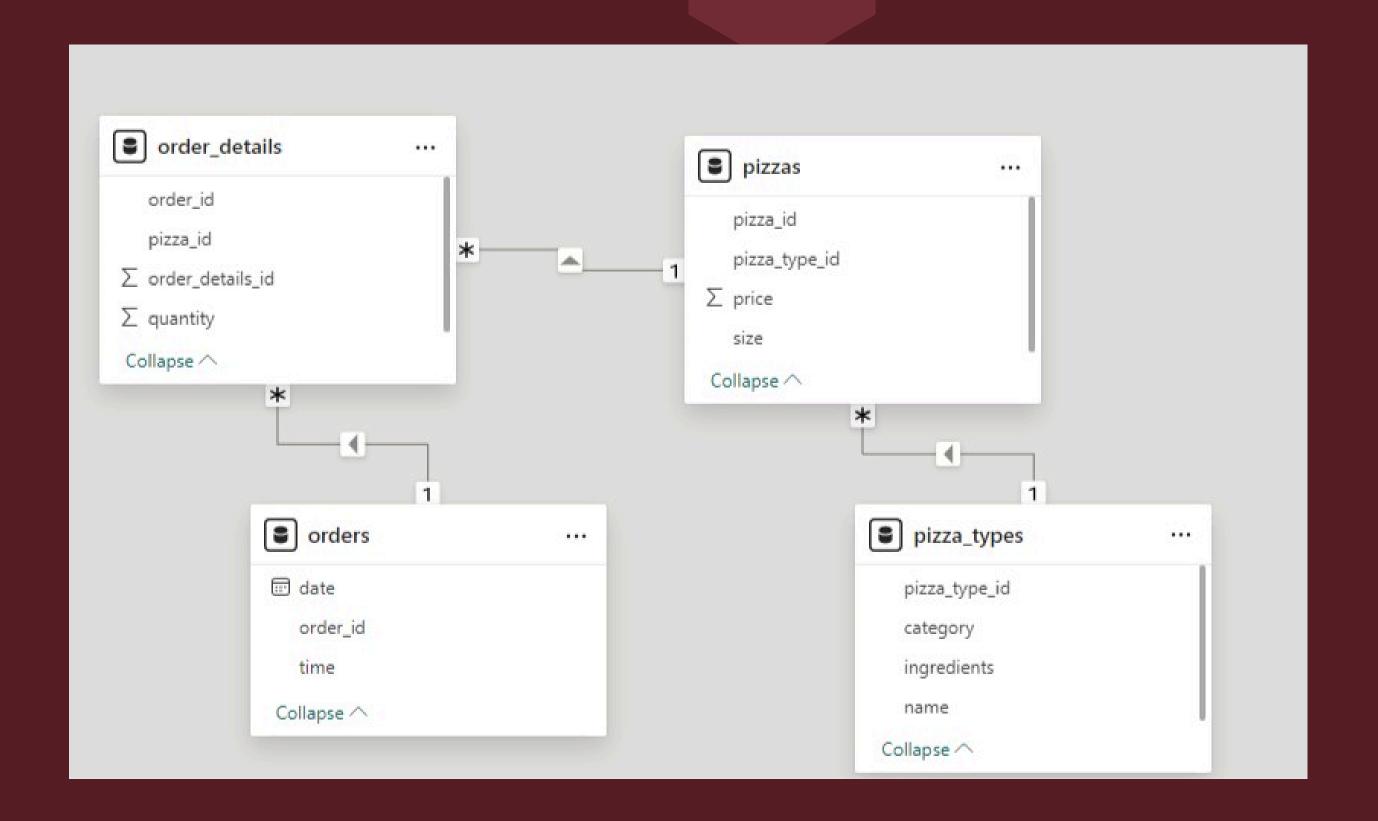
# PIZZA SALES PROJECT USING MYSQL



#### INTRODUCTION

Hello, my name is Ashish Pal. In this presentation, I have showcased a SQL project on Pizza Sales. I have solved various SQL queries, ranging from basic to advanced levels.

#### SCHEMA OVERVIEW



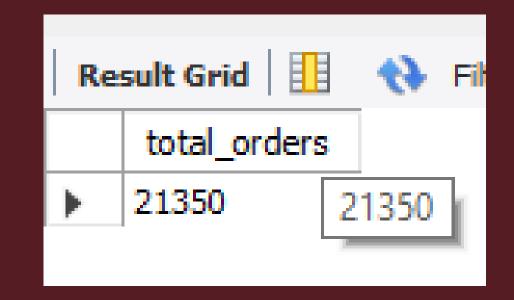
## RETRIEVE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ORDERS PLACED.

```
SELECT

COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders

FROM

orders;
```



## CALCULATE THE TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED FROM PIZZA SALES.

```
SELECT

ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),

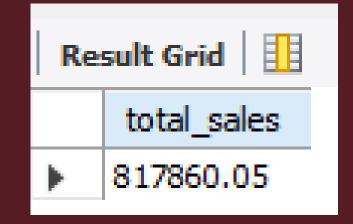
2) AS total_sales

FROM

order_details

JOIN

pizzas ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id;
```

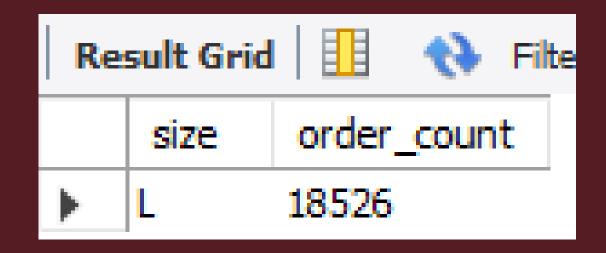


## IDENTIFY THE HIGHEST-PRICED PIZZA.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

Re	sult Grid	<b>Filter F</b>	Ro
	name	price	
•	The Greek Pizza	35.95	

## IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED.



# LIST THE TOP 5 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES ALONG WITH THEIR QUANTITIES.

```
SELECT
    pizza types.name, SUM(order details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOTN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

Result Grid			
	name	quantity	
•	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432	
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422	
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418	
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371	

# JOIN THE NECESSARY TABLES TO FIND THE TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY ORDERED.

```
SELECT
    pizza types.category,
    SUM(order details.quantity) AS total quantity
FROM
    pizza types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza types.pizza type id = pizzas.pizza type id
        JOTN
    order details ON order details.pizza id = pizzas.pizza id
GROUP BY pizza types.category
ORDER BY total quantity DESC;
```

Result Grid 🔠 💎 Filter Rows:				
	category	total_quantity		
•	Classic	14888		
	Supreme	11987		
	Veggie	11649		
	Chicken	11050		

#### DETERMINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY.

```
SELECT

HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS order_count

FROM

orders

GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

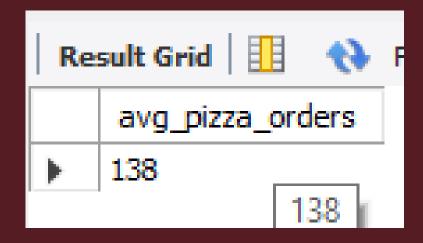
Re	sult Grid		44	Filte
	hour	order	_count	
•	11	1231		
	12	2520		
	13	2455		
	14	1472		
	15	1468		
	16	1920		
	17	2336		
	18	2399		
	19	2009		
	20	1642		
	21	1198		
	22	663		
	23	28		
	10	8		
	9	1		

# JOIN RELEVANT TABLES TO FIND THE CATEGORY-WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PIZZAS.

```
select category , count(name) from pizza_types
group by category;
```

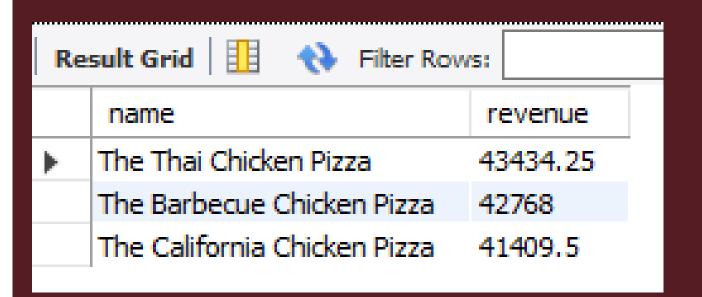
Result Grid 🔠 🙌 Filter Rov				
	category	count(name)		
•	Chicken	6		
	Classic	8		
	Supreme	9		
	Veggie	9		

## GROUP THE ORDERS BY DATE AND CALCULATE THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF PIZZAS ORDERED PER DAY.



## DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE.

```
SELECT
    pizza types.name,
    SUM(order details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza types.pizza type id = pizzas.pizza type id
        JOIN
    order details ON order details.pizza id = pizzas.pizza id
GROUP BY pizza types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```



#### CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF EACH PIZZA TYPE TO TOTAL REVENUE

```
SELECT
    pizza types.category,
   round ((SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (SELECT
            ROUND(SUM(order details.quantity * pizzas.price),
                        2) AS total sales
        FROM
            order_details
                JOIN
            pizzas ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id)) * 100,2) AS revenue_percentage
FROM
    pizza types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza types.pizza type id = pizzas.pizza type id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY revenue_percentage DESC;
```

Result Grid			
	category	revenue_percentage	
•	Classic	26.91	
	Supreme	25.46	
	Chicken	23.96	
	Veggie	23.68	

#### ANALYZE THE CUMULATIVE REVENUE GENERATED OVER TIME.

```
select order_date,sum(revenue) over (order by order_date) as cum_revenue
from

(select orders.order_date,
sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price)as revenue
from order_details join pizzas
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
join orders
on orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
group by orders.order_date) as sales;
```

Re	sult Grid   🏥	Filter Rows:
	order_date	cum_revenue
•	2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004
	2015-01-02	5445.75
	2015-01-03	8108.15
	2015-01-04	9863.6
	2015-01-05	11929.55
	2015-01-06	14358.5
	2015-01-07	16560.7
	2015-01-08	19399.05
	2015-01-09	21526.4
	2015-01-10	23990.350000000002
	2015-01-11	25862.65
	2015-01-12	27781.7
	2015-01-13	29831.300000000003
	2015-01-14	32358.700000000004
	2015-01-15	34343.50000000001
	2015-01-16	36937.65000000001
	2015-01-17	39001.75000000001
	2015-01-18	40978.600000000006
	2015-01-19	43365.75000000001
	2015-01-20	45763.65000000001

## DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE FOR EACH PIZZA CATEGORY.

```
select name, revenue from
(select category, name , revenue,
rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc )as rn
from
(select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
sum((order_details.quantity)*pizzas.price) as revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza types.pizza type id = pizzas.pizza type id
join order_details
on order details.pizza id = pizzas.pizza id
group by pizza types.category, pizza types.name) as a)as b
where rn<=3 ;
```

Re	sult Grid Row	/S:	Export:
	name	revenue	
-	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25	
ľ	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768	
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5	
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5	
	The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25	
	The Pepperoni Pizza	30161.75	
	The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25	
	The Italian Supreme Pizza	33476.75	
	The Sicilian Pizza	30940.5	
	The Four Cheese Pizza	32265.70000000065	
	The Mexicana Pizza	26780.75	
	The Five Cheese Pizza	26066.5	

#### THANK YOU