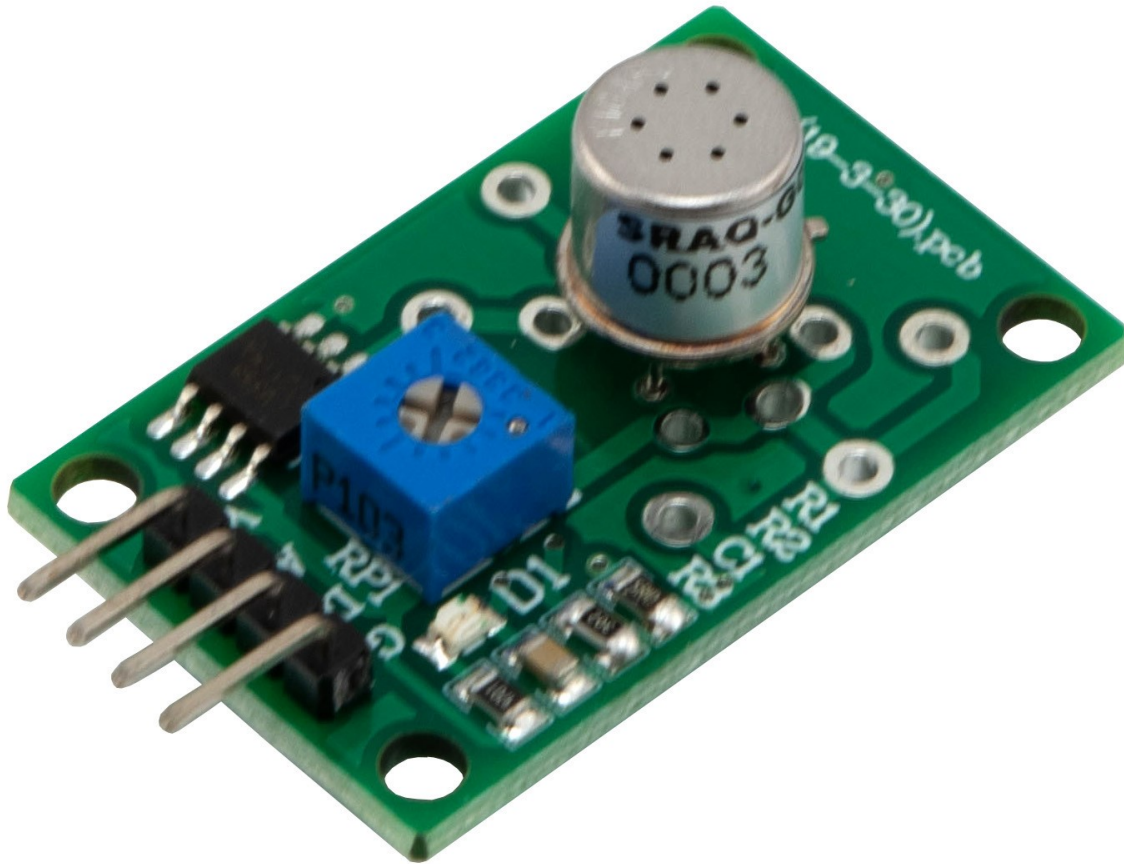


ODOROUS AND VOC GAS SENSOR MODULE

User Guide for SRAQ-G026



Product Description >>

The SRAQ-G026 gas sensor module detects the presence and concentration of hydrogen, ammonia, ethanol, hydrogen sulfide and other harmful odorous vapors. Integrated circuitry produces a non-linear voltage signal corresponding to the gas concentration. With a detection range of 1 to 10ppm, the SRAQ-G026 odorous gas sensor module can be integrated into air fresheners and deodorizer controllers or other air quality monitoring equipment.

Features >>

- Highly sensitivity to odorous VOC
- Indication light
- Analog and TTL level outputs
- Fast response
- 4 pin male header

Applications >>

- Air freshener control system
- Deodorizer controller
- Indoor air quality monitoring
- Air purifiers
- Public restrooms

Thank you for choosing L-com product. To ensure safe, accurate performance and product longevity, please take a moment to familiarize yourself with this manual before powering the device. Please keep it handy for future reference. In case of any questions regarding the installation or use of product, please call us at 800.341.5266.

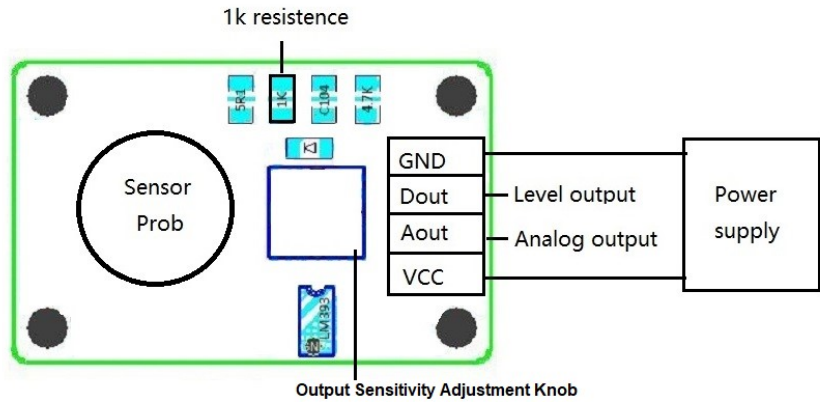
Reach out to us at customerservice@l-com.com and visit our website at www.l-com.com

Technical Parameters >>

Working Voltage	5 VDC \pm 0.2 V	
Working Current	<50 mA	
Gas Detection	Hydrogen, ammonia, ethanol, hydrogen sulfide, toluene	
Detection Concentration	1 – 10 PPM	
Preheating Time	> 30 mins	
Response Time	>1 sec	
Recovery Time	\leq 30 sec	
Output Mode	Aout (Analog signal)	0 – 5 V, Non-linear
	Dout (Level signal)	Low level: 0V; High level: 3.7V
Work environment	Temperature	-10~50 °C
	Humidity	<95% RH

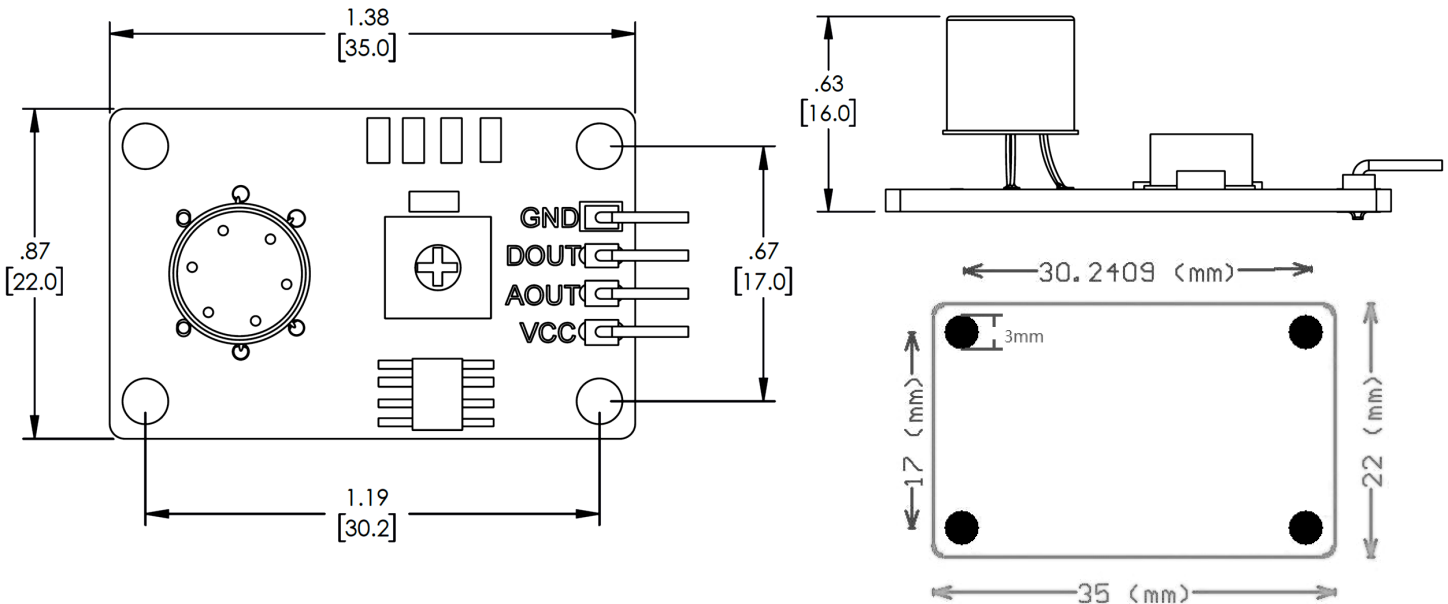
Electrical Diagram >>

- VCC is the 0 – 5 VDC power supply positive and negative; GND is the ground
- Aout is the analog output, Dout is the level output
- On the PCB, Indicator light on: Dout is low level. Indicator light off: Dout is high level
- The 1k resistor shown on the PCBA is the load resistance (RL), it can be changed by user.



Mounting Diagram >>

Mount the PCBA to the enclosure with screws. Hole diameter 3mm, pitch distances as per the diagrams given below.



Notes >>

1. Confirm the polarity and the voltage of the power supply before powering ON the sensor.
2. The analog output of this module is non-linear. When connect to microcontroller, it should be connected to ADC interface of the microcontroller.
3. The relationship between the resistance ratio and the concentration is a logarithmic relationship. For more info on typical sensitivity curve, check TGS2602 Probe on internet.

Typical Sensitivity Curve >>

The calculation of the resistance ratio according to the output voltage is as follows:

The sensor is energized in relatively clean air for more than half an hour and after measure the output voltage value of Aout.

$$R_0 = \frac{VCC \times RL}{VRL} - RL$$

VCC is the power supply voltage, 5 VDC

RL is the load resistance

VRL = Aout = Vair value

When the sensor detects gas, the RS value can be calculated after measuring the value of Aout.

$$RS = \frac{VCC \times RL}{VRL} - RL$$

The VRL value at this time is the Aout value after gas is detected. It is different from the value of the above formula. The VCC value and the RL value are the same as above.

The R0 and RS values are obtained, and the specific concentration value of the gas is converted by the RS / R0 value of the Sensitivity Characteristic Curve.

