

fit-globe-t2

August 3, 2024

```
[1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score

df = pd.read_csv(r'/content/fitness_tracker_dataset.csv')

df.head()
```

```
[1]:  user_id      date  steps  calories_burned  distance_km  active_minutes  \
0      468  2023-01-01   4530           2543.02           16.10           613
1      879  2023-01-01  11613           1720.76            8.10           352
2     152  2023-01-01  27335           1706.35            3.57           236
3     311  2023-01-01  13459           2912.38            6.41          1329
4     759  2023-01-01  15378           3344.51           17.88            52

    sleep_hours  heart_rate_avg  workout_type  weather_conditions  location  \
0           1.5           176.0        Walking                Clear        Park
1           6.3           128.0        Cycling                 Fog        Park
2           6.7           134.0          Yoga                 Snow        Park
3          11.6           116.0        Swimming                Rain        Office
4           7.4            84.0        Swimming                Rain        Office

    mood
0  Tired
1  Happy
2  Neutral
3  Tired
4  Neutral
```

```
[2]: df.describe()
```

```
[2]:  user_id      steps  calories_burned  distance_km  \
count  376576.000000  376576.000000  376576.000000  376576.000000
mean    500.062811  15023.867434    2749.063799    9.984541
std     287.835191   8652.909781     721.393353    5.776236
```

min	1.000000	0.000000	1500.000000	0.000000
25%	251.000000	7518.000000	2125.700000	4.970000
50%	501.000000	15053.000000	2745.460000	10.000000
75%	749.000000	22518.000000	3373.292500	14.970000
max	999.000000	29999.000000	4000.000000	20.000000

	active_minutes	sleep_hours	heart_rate_avg
count	376576.000000	376576.000000	376575.000000
mean	719.740913	6.000922	119.430578
std	416.032043	3.462251	34.653814
min	0.000000	0.000000	60.000000
25%	359.000000	3.000000	89.000000
50%	720.000000	6.000000	119.000000
75%	1080.000000	9.000000	149.000000
max	1439.000000	12.000000	179.000000

```
[4]: df.info()
print(df.isnull().sum())
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 376576 entries, 0 to 376575
Data columns (total 12 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   user_id                376576 non-null  int64
1   date                  376576 non-null  object
2   steps                 376576 non-null  int64
3   calories_burned       376576 non-null  float64
4   distance_km           376576 non-null  float64
5   active_minutes        376576 non-null  int64
6   sleep_hours           376576 non-null  float64
7   heart_rate_avg        376575 non-null  float64
8   workout_type          322717 non-null  object
9   weather_conditions    376575 non-null  object
10  location              376575 non-null  object
11  mood                  376575 non-null  object
dtypes: float64(4), int64(3), object(5)
memory usage: 34.5+ MB
user_id                0
date                  0
steps                 0
calories_burned       0
distance_km           0
active_minutes        0
sleep_hours           0
heart_rate_avg        1
workout_type          53859
```

```

weather_conditions      1
location                1
mood                   1
dtype: int64

```

Data Preprocessing

```

[20]: df.dropna(inplace=True)
print(df.isnull().sum())
new_df = df.drop(columns=['date', 'location'],axis = 1)
print(new_df)

# Use .replace() to map values in the columns
mapping_workout = {'Walking': 1, 'Cycling': 2, 'Swimming': 3, 'Yoga': 4, 'Gym_
↳Workout':5, 'Running':6}
mapping_weather = {'Clear': 0, "Fog": 1, 'Snow': 2, 'Rain': 3}
mapping_mood = {'Stressed': 0, "Happy": 1, 'Neutral': 2, 'Tired': 3}

new_df['workout_type'] = new_df['workout_type'].replace(mapping_workout)
new_df['weather_conditions'] = new_df['weather_conditions'].
↳replace(mapping_weather)
new_df['mood'] = new_df['mood'].replace(mapping_mood)

print(new_df)
new_df.info()
new_df.isnull().sum()
print(new_df['workout_type'].unique())

```

```

user_id      0
date         0
steps        0
calories_burned  0
distance_km   0
active_minutes  0
sleep_hours   0
heart_rate_avg  0
workout_type  0
weather_conditions  0
location      0
mood         0
dtype: int64

```

	user_id	steps	calories_burned	distance_km	active_minutes	\
0	468	4530	2543.02	16.10	613	
1	879	11613	1720.76	8.10	352	
2	152	27335	1706.35	3.57	236	
3	311	13459	2912.38	6.41	1329	
4	759	15378	3344.51	17.88	52	
...	

376570	148	7736	2332.95	4.74	554
376571	384	8229	3286.88	8.10	830
376572	456	5425	1832.47	0.60	631
376573	980	26212	3994.09	16.72	428
376574	495	24728	3367.84	0.88	716

	sleep_hours	heart_rate_avg	workout_type	weather_conditions	mood
0	1.5	176.0	Walking	Clear	Tired
1	6.3	128.0	Cycling	Fog	Happy
2	6.7	134.0	Yoga	Snow	Neutral
3	11.6	116.0	Swimming	Rain	Tired
4	7.4	84.0	Swimming	Rain	Neutral
...
376570	1.8	129.0	Running	Snow	Happy
376571	5.0	106.0	Cycling	Clear	Neutral
376572	5.0	79.0	Cycling	Snow	Stressed
376573	6.0	71.0	Swimming	Snow	Stressed
376574	5.0	117.0	Cycling	Snow	Stressed

[322717 rows x 10 columns]

	user_id	steps	calories_burned	distance_km	active_minutes	\
0	468	4530	2543.02	16.10	613	
1	879	11613	1720.76	8.10	352	
2	152	27335	1706.35	3.57	236	
3	311	13459	2912.38	6.41	1329	
4	759	15378	3344.51	17.88	52	
...
376570	148	7736	2332.95	4.74	554	
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376574	495	24728	3367.84	0.88	716	

	sleep_hours	heart_rate_avg	workout_type	weather_conditions	mood
0	1.5	176.0	1	0	3
1	6.3	128.0	2	1	1
2	6.7	134.0	4	2	2
3	11.6	116.0	3	3	3
4	7.4	84.0	3	3	2
...
376570	1.8	129.0	6	2	1
376571	5.0	106.0	2	0	2
376572	5.0	79.0	2	2	0
376573	6.0	71.0	3	2	0
376574	5.0	117.0	2	2	0

[322717 rows x 10 columns]

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>

Index: 322717 entries, 0 to 376574

Data columns (total 10 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	user_id	322717 non-null	int64
1	steps	322717 non-null	int64
2	calories_burned	322717 non-null	float64
3	distance_km	322717 non-null	float64
4	active_minutes	322717 non-null	int64
5	sleep_hours	322717 non-null	float64
6	heart_rate_avg	322717 non-null	float64
7	workout_type	322717 non-null	int64
8	weather_conditions	322717 non-null	int64
9	mood	322717 non-null	int64

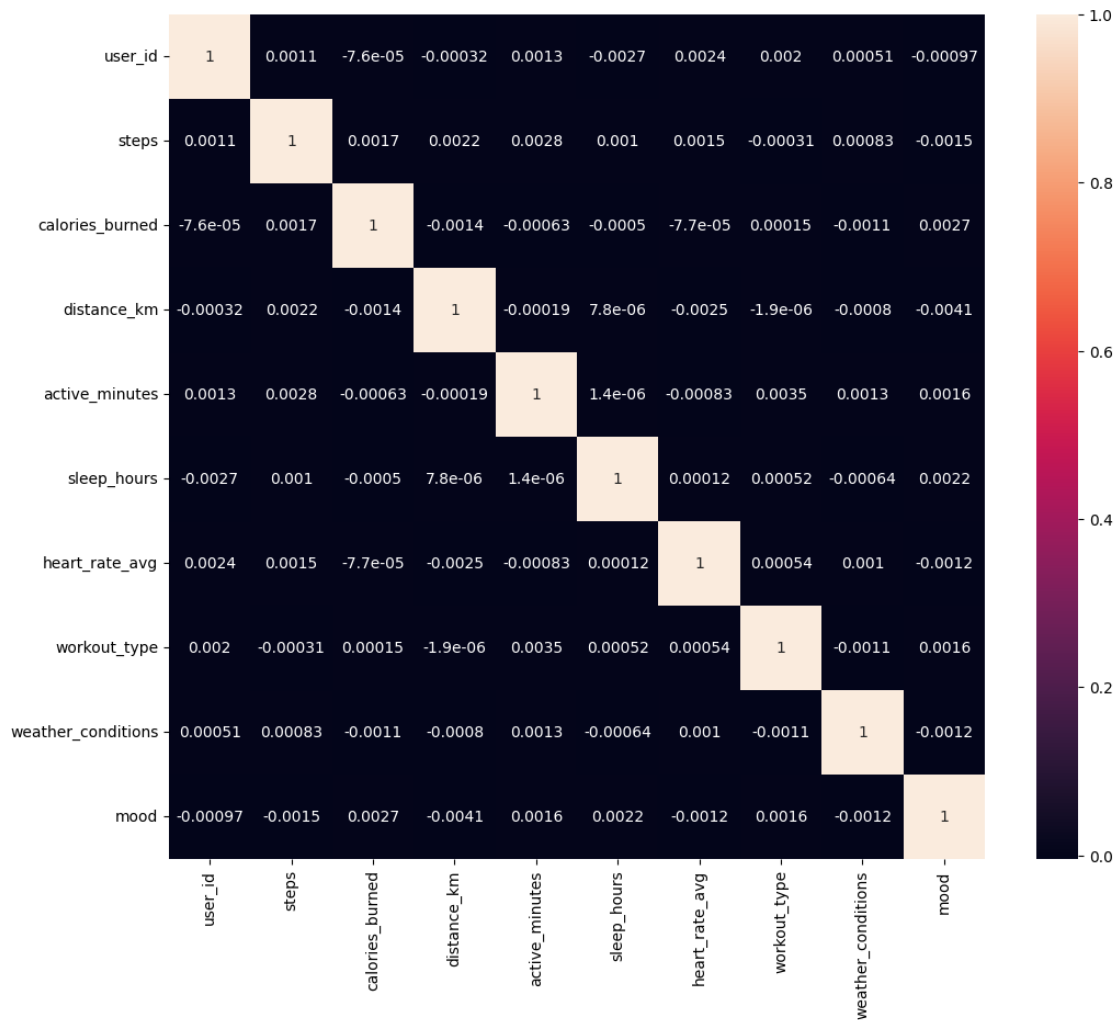
dtypes: float64(4), int64(6)

memory usage: 27.1 MB

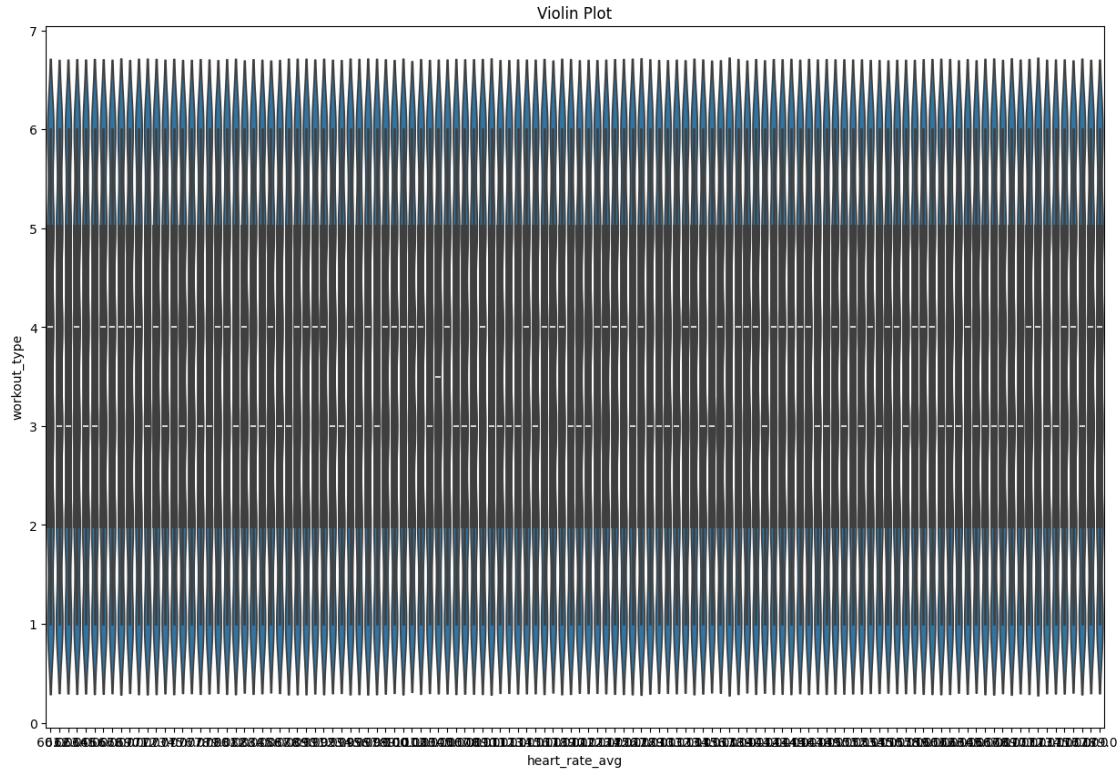
[1 2 4 3 5 6]

Data Visualization

```
[22]: import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(12,10))
correlation_matrix = new_df.corr()
sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True)
plt.show()
```



```
[32]: import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plotsize = (15,10)
plt.figure(figsize=plotsize)
sns.violinplot(x="heart_rate_avg", y="workout_type", data=new_df)
plt.title('Violin Plot')
plt.show()
```



Application to Fitness Tracker Business:

Linear Growth Scenario

Let's assume: - Pricing of the fitness tracker ($m = \$100$) - Initial sales ($b = 100$) units - Rate of growth in sales ($a = 20$) units per year - Fixed costs ($c = \$5000$)

The linear financial model will be:

$$[y = 100 (20 t + 100) + 5000] [y = 2000 t + 10000 + 5000] [y = 2000 t + 15000]$$

Exponential Growth Scenario

Let's assume: - Pricing of the fitness tracker ($m = \$100$) - Initial sales ($x_0 = 100$) units - Growth rate ($k = 0.1$) (10% per year) - Fixed costs ($c = \$5000$)

The exponential financial model will be:

$$[y = 100 (100 e^{0.1t}) + 5000] [y = 10000 e^{0.1t} + 5000]$$

Summary

- **Linear Growth Model:** $[y = 2000 t + 15000]$
- **Exponential Growth Model:** $[y = 10000 e^{0.1t} + 5000]$

These models provide a framework for predicting total profit based on the assumed growth patterns of the fitness tracker market. Adjust the parameters as needed to reflect realistic scenarios for your business.