Solving Quadratic Equation

Name

DU

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Solution of the following equation :-

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

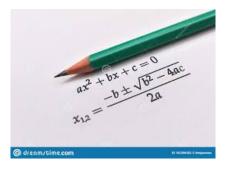


Figure: Quadratic Equation Solution

* Divide all terms by a so as to reduce the coefficient of x^2 to

$$x^2 + \frac{b}{a}x + \frac{c}{a} = 0$$

* Subtract the constant term from both sides of the equation

$$x^2 + \frac{b}{a}x = -\frac{c}{a}$$

- * To have a square on the left side the third term (constant) should be $(\frac{b}{2a})^2$
- * So add that amount to both sides

$$x^{2} + \frac{b}{a}x + (\frac{b}{2a})^{2} = (\frac{b}{2a})^{2} - \frac{c}{a}$$

* Take the square root of both sides (remembering that the result could be plus or minus)

$$x + \frac{b}{2a} = \pm \left(\sqrt{\left(\frac{b}{2a}\right)^2 - \frac{c}{a}}\right)$$

* with some simplification

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

THANKS