

## **EXPERIMENT 9**

### **A.1 Aim:**

To study IDS and the various performance measures of IDS (Accuracy, Precision, F1. Score)

### **A.2 Prerequisite:**

Fundamentals of IDS

Tools: Weka, NSL KDD IDS dataset

### **A.3 Outcome:**

**After successful completion of this experiment students will be able to**

1. Understand False Positives, True Positives, False Negatives, True Negatives.

### **Theory:**

True positive (TP): Its value represents the number of malwares that have been correctly classified as malwares.

False negative (FN): Its value represents the number of malwares that have been misclassified as normal programs.

False positive (FP): Its value represents the number of normal applications that have been misclassified as malwares.

True negative (TN): Its value represents the number of normal applications that have been correctly classified as normal.

### **Task 1:**

Download the NSL KDD dataset and use weka to study the features. Prepare a descriptive statistics using weka.

**Task 2.** Compare the performance measures using Random Forest and Naïve Bayes Algorithm

Note the values of TP, FP, FN, TN, Accuracy, Precision and F.1 score in both the cases.

## PART B

(PART B : TO BE COMPLETED BY STUDENTS)

*(Students must submit the soft copy as per following segments within two hours of the practical. The soft copy must be uploaded on the Blackboard or emailed to the concerned lab in charge faculties at the end of the practical in case there is no Black board access available)*

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Class: MBA Tech CS	Batch: G
Date of Experiment: 11/9/2020	Date of Submission: 11/9/2020
Grade:	

### B1. Output:

Take the screenshots for the Task1 and Task2

The screenshot displays the Weka Explorer application window. The 'Classify' tab is selected. The classifier chosen is 'RandomForest' with parameters: -P 100 -I 100 -num-slots 1 -K 0 -M 1.0 -V 0.001 -S 1. The 'Test options' section shows 'Use training set' selected. The 'Classifier output' pane displays the following results:

```
Time taken to build model: 17.52 seconds

=== Evaluation on training set ===

Time taken to test model on training data: 2.17 seconds

=== Summary ===
Correctly Classified Instances      25191      99.996 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances      1      0.004 %
Kappa statistic      0.9999
Mean absolute error      0.0022
Root mean squared error      0.0163
Relative absolute error      0.4501 %
Root relative squared error      3.2727 %
Total Number of Instances      25192

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===
               TP Rate  FP Rate  Precision  Recall  F-Measure  MCC      ROC Area  PRC Area  CI
Weighted Avg.   1.000    0.000    1.000     1.000    1.000     1.000    1.000     1.000    1.000

=== Confusion Matrix ===
  a    b  <-- classified as
13448  1  |  a = normal
  0 11743 |  b = anomaly
```

The 'Status' bar at the bottom shows 'OK'.

Weka Explorer

Preprocess Classify Cluster Associate Select attributes Visualize

**Classifier**

Choose **Logistic -R 1.0E-8 -M -1 -num-decimal-places 4**

**Test options**

☒ Use training set  
☐ Supplied test set Set...  
☐ Cross-validation Folds 10  
☐ Percentage split % 80  
More options...

(Nom) class

Start Stop

**Result list (right-click for options)**

08:55:32 - trees.RandomForest  
09:02:20 - functions.Logistic

**Classifier output**

Time taken to build model: 17.85 seconds

=== Evaluation on training set ===

Time taken to test model on training data: 0.72 seconds

=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances	24575	97.5508 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances	617	2.4492 %
Kappa statistic	0.9507	
Mean absolute error	0.0363	
Root mean squared error	0.134	
Relative absolute error	7.3002 %	
Root relative squared error	26.8638 %	
Total Number of Instances	25192	

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===

	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	MCC	ROC Area	PRC Area	CI
Weighted Avg.	0.976	0.026	0.976	0.976	0.975	0.951	0.997	0.996	ar

=== Confusion Matrix ===

	a	b	<-- classified as
13225	224		a = normal
393	11350		b = anomaly

**Status**

OK Log x 0

Weka Explorer

Preprocess Classify Cluster Associate Select attributes Visualize

**Classifier**

Choose **NaiveBayes**

**Test options**

☒ Use training set  
☐ Supplied test set Set...  
☐ Cross-validation Folds 10  
☐ Percentage split % 80  
More options...

(Nom) class

Start Stop

**Result list (right-click for options)**

08:55:32 - trees.RandomForest  
09:02:20 - functions.Logistic  
09:04:03 - bayes.NaiveBayes

**Classifier output**

Time taken to build model: 0.47 seconds

=== Evaluation on training set ===

Time taken to test model on training data: 1.2 seconds

=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances	22530	89.4332 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances	2662	10.5668 %
Kappa statistic	0.7873	
Mean absolute error	0.1038	
Root mean squared error	0.3155	
Relative absolute error	20.8595 %	
Root relative squared error	63.2525 %	
Total Number of Instances	25192	

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===

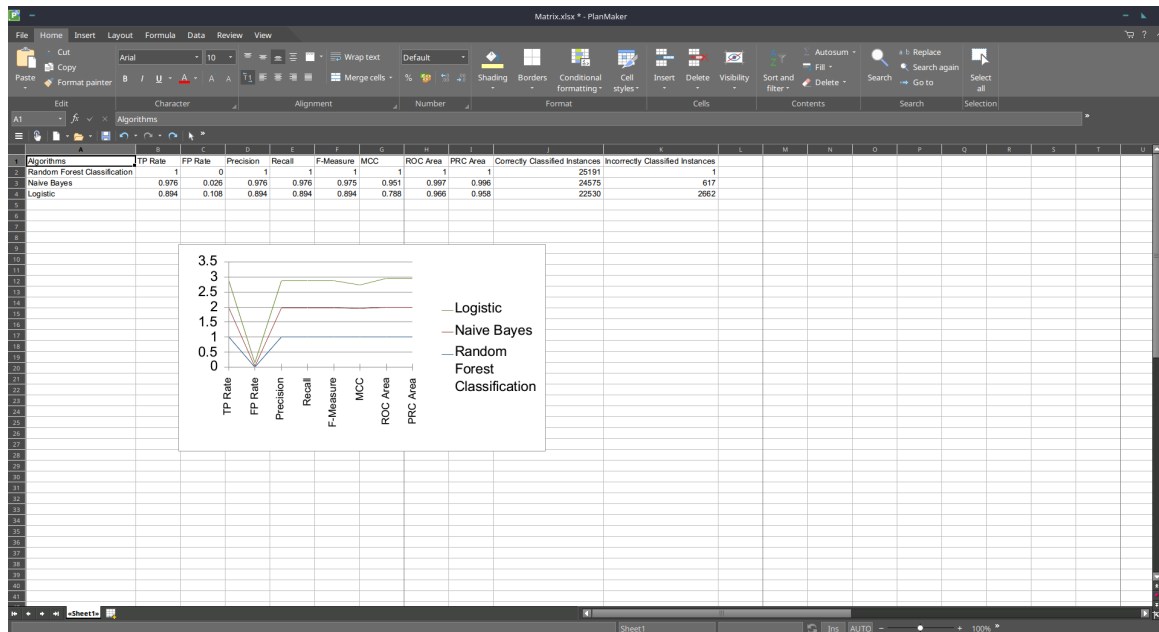
	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	MCC	ROC Area	PRC Area	CI
Weighted Avg.	0.894	0.108	0.894	0.894	0.894	0.788	0.966	0.958	ar

=== Confusion Matrix ===

	a	b	<-- classified as
12283	1166		a = normal
1496	10247		b = anomaly

**Status**

OK Log x 0



## B.2 Observations and learning:

*(Students are expected to comment on the output obtained with clear observations and learning for each task/sub part assigned)*

We learn about the various ML algorithms and their application in security and Intrusion Detection Systems.

## B3: Questions of Curiosity

Give few examples of commercially used IDS. How do they differ from each other.

Bro IDS, Snort, Ethereal, Prelude, Multi Router Traffic Grapher and Tamandua network based IDS, and then give a collection of existing available **commercial** IDSs products.

## B.4 Conclusion:

*(Students must write the conclusion as per the attainment of individual outcome listed above and learning/observation noted in section B.3)*

We learn about all the IDS and latest methods/technologies applied to the field of security.