

A TIC TAC TOE GAME WITH PYTHON3

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ICOT - CSE

REQUIREMENTS :

Here are the requirements:

- 2 players should be able to play the game (both sitting at the same computer)
- The board should be printed out every time a player makes a move
- You should be able to accept input of the player position and then place a symbol on the board

WALKTHROUGH STEPS WORKBOOK:

- Step 1: Write a function that can print out a board. Set up your board as a list, where each index 1-9 corresponds with a number on a number pad, so you get a 3 by 3 board representation.
- Step 2: Write a function that can take in a player input and assign their marker as 'X' or 'O'. Think about using *while* loops to continually ask until you get a correct answer.
- Step 3: Write a function that takes in the board list object, a marker ('X' or 'O'), and a desired position (number 1-9) and assigns it to the board.
- Step 4: Write a function that takes in a board and a mark (X or O) and then checks to see if that mark has won.
- Step 5: Write a function that uses the random module to randomly decide which player goes first. You may want to lookup `random.randint()` Return a string of which player went first.

WALKTHROUGH STEPS WORKBOOK:

- Step 6: Write a function that returns a boolean indicating whether a space on the board is freely available.
- Step 7: Write a function that checks if the board is full and returns a boolean value. True if full, False otherwise.
- Step 8: Write a function that asks for a player's next position (as a number 1-9) and then uses the function from step 6 to check if it's a free position. If it is, then return the position for later use.
- Step 9: Write a function that asks the player if they want to play again and returns a boolean True if they do want to play again.
- Step 10: Here comes the hard part! Use while loops and the functions you've made to run the game!

Milestone Project 1: Full Walk-through Code

Step 1: Write a function that can print out a board. Set up your board as a list, where each index 1-9 corresponds with a number on a number pad, so you get a 3 by 3 board representation.

```
In [1]: from IPython.display import clear_output

def display_board(board):
    clear_output() # Remember, this only works in jupyter!

    print(' | | ')
    print(' ' + board[7] + ' | ' + board[8] + ' | ' + board[9])
    print(' | | ')
    print('-----')
    print(' | | ')
    print(' ' + board[4] + ' | ' + board[5] + ' | ' + board[6])
    print(' | | ')
    print('-----')
    print(' | | ')
    print(' ' + board[1] + ' | ' + board[2] + ' | ' + board[3])
    print(' | | ')
```

TEST Step 1: run your function on a test version of the board list, and make adjustments as necessary

```
In [2]: test_board = ['#','X','O','X','O','X','O','X','O','X']
display_board(test_board)
```

```

X | O | X
|  |  |
-----
O | X | O
|  |  |
-----
X | O | X
|  |  |
```

Step 2: Write a function that can take in a player input and assign their marker as 'X' or 'O'. Think about using *while* loops to continually ask until you get a correct answer.

```
In [3]: def player_input():
        marker = ''

        while not (marker == 'X' or marker == 'O'):
            marker = input('Player 1: Do you want to be X or O? ').upper()

        if marker == 'X':
            return ('X', 'O')
        else:
            return ('O', 'X')
```

TEST Step 2: run the function to make sure it returns the desired output

```
In [4]: player_input()

Player 1: Do you want to be X or O? X

Out[4]: ('X', 'O')
```

Step 3: Write a function that takes in the board list object, a marker ('X' or 'O'), and a desired position (number 1-9) and assigns it to the board.

```
In [5]: def place_marker(board, marker, position):
        board[position] = marker
```

TEST Step 3: run the place marker function using test parameters and display the modified board

```
In [6]: place_marker(test_board, '$', 8)
        display_board(test_board)
```

```

X | $ | X
-----
O | X | O
```

Step 4: Write a function that takes in a board and checks to see if someone has won.

```
In [7]: def win_check(board,mark):

        return ((board[7] == mark and board[8] == mark and board[9] == mark) or # across the top
        (board[4] == mark and board[5] == mark and board[6] == mark) or # across the middle
        (board[1] == mark and board[2] == mark and board[3] == mark) or # across the bottom
        (board[7] == mark and board[4] == mark and board[1] == mark) or # down the middle
        (board[8] == mark and board[5] == mark and board[2] == mark) or # down the middle
        (board[9] == mark and board[6] == mark and board[3] == mark) or # down the right side
        (board[7] == mark and board[5] == mark and board[3] == mark) or # diagonal
        (board[9] == mark and board[5] == mark and board[1] == mark)) # diagonal
```

TEST Step 4: run the win_check function against our test_board - it should return True

```
In [8]: win_check(test_board, 'X')
```

Out[8]: True

Step 5: Write a function that uses the random module to randomly decide which player goes first. You may want to lookup random.randint() Return a string of which player went first.

```
In [9]: import random

        def choose_first():
            if random.randint(0, 1) == 0:
                return 'Player 2'
            else:
                return 'Player 1'
```

Step 6: Write a function that returns a boolean indicating whether a space on the board is freely available.

```
In [10]: def space_check(board, position):

          return board[position] == ' '
```

Step 7: Write a function that checks if the board is full and returns a boolean value. True if full, False otherwise.

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```
In [11]: ▶ def full_board_check(board):  
          for i in range(1,10):  
              if space_check(board, i):  
                  return False  
          return True
```

**Step 8: Write a function that asks for a player's next position (as a number 1-9) and then uses the function from step 6 to check if its a free position. If it is, then return the position for later use. **

```
In [12]: ▶ def player_choice(board):  
          position = 0  
  
          while position not in [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9] or not space_check(board, position):  
              position = int(input('Choose your next position: (1-9) '))  
  
          return position
```

Step 9: Write a function that asks the player if they want to play again and returns a boolean True if they do want to play again.

```
In [13]: ▶ def replay():  
  
          return input('Do you want to play again? Enter Yes or No: ').lower().startswith('y')
```

Step 10: Here comes the hard part! Use while loops and the functions you've made to run the game!

```
In [14]: ▶ print('Welcome to Tic Tac Toe!')  
  
          while True:  
              # Reset the board  
              theBoard = [' '] * 10  
              player1_marker, player2_marker = player_input()  
              turn = choose_first()  
              print(turn + ' will go first.')  
  
              play_game = input('Are you ready to play? Enter Yes or No.')  
  
              if play_game.lower()[0] == 'y':
```


Step 10: Here comes the hard part! Use while loops and the functions you've made to run the game!

```
In [14]: print('Welcome to Tic Tac Toe!')

while True:
    # Reset the board
    theBoard = [' '] * 10
    player1_marker, player2_marker = player_input()
    turn = choose_first()
    print(turn + ' will go first.')

    play_game = input('Are you ready to play? Enter Yes or No.')

    if play_game.lower()[0] == 'y':
        game_on = True
    else:
        game_on = False

    while game_on:
        if turn == 'Player 1':
            # Player1's turn.

            display_board(theBoard)
            position = player_choice(theBoard)
            place_marker(theBoard, player1_marker, position)

            if win_check(theBoard, player1_marker):
                display_board(theBoard)
                print('Congratulations! You have won the game!')
                game_on = False
            else:
                if full_board_check(theBoard):
                    display_board(theBoard)
                    print('The game is a draw!')
                    break
                else:
                    turn = 'Player 2'
```

```

        turn = 'Player 2'

    else:
        # Player2's turn.

        display_board(theBoard)
        position = player_choice(theBoard)
        place_marker(theBoard, player2_marker, position)

        if win_check(theBoard, player2_marker):
            display_board(theBoard)
            print('Player 2 has won!')
            game_on = False
        else:
            if full_board_check(theBoard):
                display_board(theBoard)
                print('The game is a draw!')
                break
            else:
                turn = 'Player 1'

    if not replay():
        break

```

```

| | |
| O | O
|_|_|_
| | |
|_|_|_
X | X | X
|_|_|_

```

Congratulations! You have won the game!
 Do you want to play again? Enter Yes or No: No

THANKYOU