

SQL Test Paper



APRIL 30

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Qu1)

Create the "XXBCM_ORDER_MGT" table using the script - DB_Prequisite.sql

```
CREATE TABLE XXBCM_ORDER_MGT
(
      ORDER_REF VARCHAR2(2000),
      ORDER_DATE VARCHAR2(2000),
      SUPPLIER_NAME VARCHAR2(2000),
      SUPP_CONTACT_NAME VARCHAR2(2000),
      SUPP_ADDRESS VARCHAR2(2000),
      SUPP_CONTACT_NUMBER VARCHAR2(2000),
      SUPP_EMAIL VARCHAR2(2000),
      ORDER_TOTAL_AMOUNT VARCHAR2(2000),
      ORDER_DESCRIPTION VARCHAR2(2000),
      ORDER_STATUS VARCHAR2(2000),
      ORDER_LINE_AMOUNT VARCHAR2(2000),
      INVOICE_REFERENCE VARCHAR2(2000),
      INVOICE_DATE VARCHAR2(2000),
      INVOICE_STATUS VARCHAR2(2000),
      INVOICE_HOLD_REASON VARCHAR2(2000),
      INVOICE_AMOUNT VARCHAR2(2000),
      INVOICE_DESCRIPTION VARCHAR2(2000)
);
```

Output: Table XXBCM_ORDER_MGT created.

Qu2)

Based on the data provided implement a database schema with necessary tables, columns, data types and constraints. Create your tables in the database with appropriate naming convention. The tables should be appropriately normalized.

```
CREATE TABLE supplier (
 SupplierID INT PRIMARY KEY,
 SupplierName VARCHAR(100),
 SupplierContactName VARCHAR(100),
 SupplierAddress VARCHAR(200),
 SupplierContactNumber VARCHAR(50),
 SupplierEmail VARCHAR(100)
);
CREATE TABLE orders (
 OrderID INT IDENTITY(1,1) PRIMARY KEY,
 OrderRef VARCHAR(50),
 OrderDate DATETIME,
 SupplierID INT,
 OrderTotalAmount DECIMAL(10, 2),
 OrderDescription VARCHAR(200),
 OrderStatus VARCHAR(20)
);
CREATE TABLE orderline (
 OrderLineID INT IDENTITY(1,1) PRIMARY KEY,
 OrderID INT,
 OrderLineDescription VARCHAR(200),
 OrderLineAmount DECIMAL(10, 2),
 FOREIGN KEY (OrderID) REFERENCES orders(OrderID)
);
CREATE TABLE invoices (
```

```
InvoiceID INT IDENTITY(1,1) PRIMARY KEY,
InvoiceRef VARCHAR(20),
InvoiceDate DATE,
InvoiceStatus VARCHAR(20),
InvoiceHoldReason VARCHAR(100),
InvoiceAmount DECIMAL(10, 2),
InvoiceDescription VARCHAR(200),
OrderID INT,
FOREIGN KEY (OrderID) REFERENCES orders(OrderID)
);
```

3. Develop a SQL procedure to trigger a migration process that will extract information from table "XXBCM_ORDER_MGT" and load them in tables that you created with proper data format.

SQL Procedure:

```
CREATE OR ALTER PROCEDURE MigrateFromOrderMgt
AS
BEGIN
INSERT INTO supplier (SupplierID, SupplierName, SupplierContactName, SupplierAddress,
SupplierContactNumber, SupplierEmail)
SELECT
  ROW NUMBER() OVER (ORDER BY Supplier Name) AS SupplierID,
  Supplier_Name,
 Supp_Contact_Name,
  Supp_Address,
 Supp_Contact_Number,
 Supp_Email
 FROM XXBCM_ORDER_MGT
      WHERE Supplier_Name IS NOT NULL;
INSERT INTO orders (OrderRef, OrderDate, SupplierID, OrderTotalAmount, OrderDescription, OrderStatus)
SELECT
ORDER_REF,
TRY_CAST(ORDER_DATE AS DATETIME) AS OrderDate,
(SELECT TOP 1 SupplierID FROM supplier WHERE supplier.SupplierName =
XXBCM_ORDER_MGT.SUPPLIER_NAME) AS SupplierID,
TRY_CAST(ORDER_TOTAL_AMOUNT AS DECIMAL(10, 2)) AS OrderTotalAmount,
ORDER_DESCRIPTION,
 ORDER_STATUS
FROM
XXBCM_ORDER_MGT
WHERE
 CHARINDEX('-', ORDER_REF) = 0;
```

```
SELECT
o.OrderID,
o.OrderDescription,
ISNULL(TRY_CAST(om.ORDER_LINE_AMOUNT AS DECIMAL(10, 2)), 0) AS OrderLineAmount
FROM
XXBCM_ORDER_MGT om
JOIN
orders o
ON
o.OrderID = (SELECT TOP 1 OrderID FROM orders WHERE orders.OrderRef = LEFT(om.ORDER_REF,
CHARINDEX('-', om.ORDER_REF) - 1))
WHERE
CHARINDEX('-', om.ORDER_REF) > 0;
INSERT INTO invoices (InvoiceRef, InvoiceDate, InvoiceStatus, InvoiceHoldReason, InvoiceAmount,
InvoiceDescription, OrderID)
SELECT
INVOICE_REFERENCE,
TRY_CAST(INVOICE_DATE AS DATETIME) AS InvoiceDate,
INVOICE_STATUS,
INVOICE_HOLD_REASON,
TRY_CAST(INVOICE_AMOUNT AS DECIMAL(10, 2)) AS InvoiceAmount,
INVOICE_DESCRIPTION,
 SELECT TOP 1 OrderID
 FROM orders
 WHERE CHARINDEX('-', ORDER_REF) > 0 AND
    OrderRef = SUBSTRING(ORDER_REF, 1, CHARINDEX('-', ORDER_REF) - 1) -- Ensure valid OrderRef
) AS OrderID
FROM
XXBCM_ORDER_MGT
WHERE
INVOICE_REFERENCE IS NOT NULL;
END;
```

INSERT INTO orderline (OrderID, OrderLineDescription, OrderLineAmount)

Qu4)

The owner wishes to have a report displaying a summary of Orders with their corresponding list of distinct invoices and their total amount to be able to reconcile his orders and payments. The report shall contain the details as per table below ordered by latest Order Date on top. Implement a Stored Procedure or Function to return the required information.

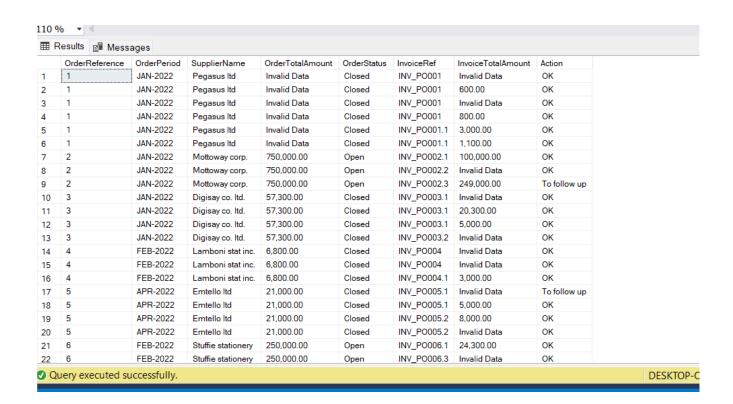
2 functions: one select from table XXBCM_ORDER_MGT and another function select from 3 tables orders, invoices and supplier joining them.

```
SELECT
  CASE
  WHEN ISNUMERIC(SUBSTRING(Order_REF, 3, LEN(Order_REF) - 2)) = 1
  THEN CAST(SUBSTRING(Order_REF, 3, LEN(Order_REF) - 2) AS INT)
  ELSE NULL
  END AS OrderReference,
       CASE
  WHEN TRY_CAST(ORDER_DATE AS DATETIME) IS NOT NULL
  THEN
   UPPER(LEFT(DATENAME(MONTH, TRY_CAST(ORDER_DATE AS DATETIME)), 3)) + '-' +
   CAST(DATEPART(YEAR, TRY_CAST(ORDER_DATE AS DATETIME)) AS VARCHAR(4))
  ELSE 'INVALID'
  END AS OrderPeriod,
       UPPER(LEFT(SUPPLIER_NAME, 1)) + LOWER(SUBSTRING(SUPPLIER_NAME, 2,
LEN(SUPPLIER_NAME))) AS SupplierName,
        CASE
  WHEN TRY_CAST(ORDER_TOTAL_AMOUNT AS DECIMAL(10, 2)) IS NOT NULL
  THEN FORMAT(TRY_CAST(ORDER_TOTAL_AMOUNT AS DECIMAL(10, 2)), 'N2')
  ELSE 'Invalid Data'
  END AS OrderTotalAmount,
```

```
ORDER_STATUS,
  INVOICE_REFERENCE,
        CASE
  WHEN TRY_CAST(INVOICE_AMOUNT AS DECIMAL(10, 2)) IS NOT NULL
  THEN FORMAT(TRY_CAST(INVOICE_AMOUNT AS DECIMAL(10, 2)), 'N2')
  ELSE 'Invalid Data'
  END AS InvoiceTotalAmount,
      CASE
  WHEN INVOICE_STATUS = 'Paid' THEN 'OK'
  WHEN INVOICE_STATUS = 'Pending' THEN 'To follow up'
  WHEN INVOICE_STATUS IS NULL OR INVOICE_STATUS = "THEN 'To verify'
  ELSE 'To verify'
  END AS Action
FROM XXBCM_ORDER_MGT;
SELECT
  -- Extract numeric value from Order Reference (excluding 'PO')
 CASE
  WHEN ISNUMERIC(SUBSTRING(o.OrderRef, 3, LEN(o.OrderRef) - 2)) = 1
  THEN CAST(SUBSTRING(o.OrderRef, 3, LEN(o.OrderRef) - 2) AS INT)
  ELSE NULL
  END AS OrderReference,
  CASE
  WHEN TRY_CAST(o.OrderDate AS DATETIME) IS NOT NULL
   UPPER(LEFT(DATENAME(MONTH, TRY_CAST(o.OrderDate AS DATETIME)), 3)) + '-' +
    CAST(DATEPART(YEAR, TRY_CAST(o.OrderDate AS DATETIME)) AS VARCHAR(4))
  ELSE 'INVALID'
  END AS OrderPeriod,
  UPPER(LEFT(s.SupplierName, 1)) + LOWER(SUBSTRING(s.SupplierName, 2, LEN(s.SupplierName))) AS
```

SupplierName,

```
CASE
   WHEN TRY_CAST(o.OrderTotalAmount AS DECIMAL(10, 2)) IS NOT NULL
   THEN FORMAT(TRY_CAST(o.OrderTotalAmount AS DECIMAL(10, 2)), 'N2')
   ELSE 'Invalid Data'
  END AS OrderTotalAmount,
  o.OrderStatus,
  i.InvoiceRef,
  CASE
   WHEN TRY_CAST(i.InvoiceAmount AS DECIMAL(10, 2)) IS NOT NULL
  THEN FORMAT(TRY_CAST(i.InvoiceAmount AS DECIMAL(10, 2)), 'N2')
   ELSE 'Invalid Data'
  END AS InvoiceTotalAmount,
  CASE
   WHEN i.InvoiceStatus = 'Paid' THEN 'OK'
  WHEN i.InvoiceStatus = 'Pending' THEN 'To follow up'
   WHEN i.InvoiceStatus IS NULL OR i.InvoiceStatus = "THEN 'To verify'
   ELSE 'To verify'
  END AS Action
FROM
  orders o -- Base table
INNER JOIN
  supplier s
ON
  o.SupplierID = s.SupplierID
LEFT JOIN
  invoices i
ON
  o.OrderID = i.OrderID
```



Qu5)

Return details for the SECOND (2nd) highest Order Total Amount from the list. Only one record is expected with the following information. Implement a Stored Procedure or Function to return the required information.

2 functions: one select from table XXBCM_ORDER_MGT and another function select from 3 tables orders, invoices and supplier joining them.

- -- Find the second-highest order total amount
- -- Retrieve the second-highest order totalSELECT TOP 1
 OrderTotalAmount

FROM (

SELECT DISTINCT TOP 2

```
TRY_CAST(ORDER_TOTAL_AMOUNT AS DECIMAL(10, 2)) AS OrderTotalAmount
 FROM
 XXBCM_ORDER_MGT
 ORDER BY
 OrderTotalAmount DESC
) AS SecondHighest
ORDER BY
 OrderTotalAmount ASC; -- Get the second-highest by ordering in ascending order
-- Now retrieve the details of the record with this order total
SELECT
-- Extract numeric value from Order Reference (without 'PO')
CASE
 WHEN ISNUMERIC(SUBSTRING(ORDER_REF, 3, LEN(Order_REF) - 2)) = 1
 THEN CAST(SUBSTRING(Order_REF, 3, LEN(Order_REF) - 2) AS INT)
 ELSE NULL
END AS OrderReference,
-- Convert Order Date to "January 2022"
CASE
WHEN TRY_CAST(ORDER_DATE AS DATETIME) IS NOT NULL
THEN
 DATENAME(MONTH, TRY_CAST(ORDER_DATE AS DATETIME)) + ' ' +
 CAST(DATEPART(YEAR, TRY_CAST(ORDER_DATE AS DATETIME)) AS VARCHAR(4)) -- Concatenate month
and year
ELSE 'INVALID' -- Handle invalid or NULL date cases
END AS OrderDate,
-- Convert Supplier Name to uppercase
UPPER(SUPPLIER_NAME) AS SupplierName,
-- Format Order Total Amount with commas and decimal places
CASE
 WHEN TRY_CAST(ORDER_TOTAL_AMOUNT AS DECIMAL(10, 2)) IS NOT NULL
 THEN FORMAT(TRY_CAST(ORDER_TOTAL_AMOUNT AS DECIMAL(10, 2)), 'N2')
 ELSE 'Invalid Data'
END AS OrderTotalAmount,
 ORDER_STATUS,
 -- Combine invoice references for the same order (pipe-delimited)
(SELECT STRING_AGG(INVOICE_REFERENCE, '|')
```

```
FROM XXBCM_ORDER_MGT
 WHERE ORDER_REF = XXBCM_ORDER_MGT.ORDER_REF) AS InvoiceReferences
FROM
XXBCM_ORDER_MGT
WHERE
TRY_CAST(ORDER_TOTAL_AMOUNT AS DECIMAL(10, 2)) = (
 SELECT TOP 1 OrderTotalAmount
  FROM (
  SELECT DISTINCT TOP 2
   TRY_CAST(ORDER_TOTAL_AMOUNT AS DECIMAL(10, 2)) AS OrderTotalAmount
  FROM
   XXBCM_ORDER_MGT
  ORDER BY
   OrderTotalAmount DESC
 ) AS SecondHighest
 ORDER BY
  OrderTotalAmount ASC
);
 ______
-- Common Table Expression (CTE) to determine the second-highest order total
WITH SecondHighest AS (
SELECT
 DISTINCT TOP 2
 TRY_CAST(ORDER_TOTAL_AMOUNT AS DECIMAL(10, 2)) AS OrderTotalAmount
FROM
 XXBCM_ORDER_MGT
ORDER BY
 OrderTotalAmount DESC
)
-- Retrieve the second-highest unique order total
SELECT TOP 1
 OrderTotalAmount
FROM
SecondHighest
ORDER BY
OrderTotalAmount ASC; -- Get the second-highest by ordering in ascending order
-- Now retrieve the unique record corresponding to this order total
SELECT
-- Extract numeric value from Order Reference (without 'PO')
```

```
CASE
  WHEN ISNUMERIC(SUBSTRING(o.OrderRef, 3, LEN(o.OrderRef) - 2)) = 1
  THEN CAST(SUBSTRING(o.OrderRef, 3, LEN(o.OrderRef) - 2) AS INT)
  ELSE NULL
 END AS OrderReference,
-- Convert Order Date to "January 2022"
CASE
  WHEN TRY_CAST(o.OrderDate AS DATETIME) IS NOT NULL
  THEN
  DATENAME(MONTH, TRY_CAST(o.OrderDate AS DATETIME)) + ' ' +
  CAST(DATEPART(YEAR, TRY_CAST(o.OrderDate AS DATETIME)) AS VARCHAR(4)) -- Concatenate month
and year
  ELSE 'INVALID'
END AS OrderDate,
-- Supplier name in title case
UPPER(LEFT(s.SupplierName, 1)) + LOWER(SUBSTRING(s.SupplierName, 2, LEN(s.SupplierName))) AS
SupplierName,
-- Format Order Total Amount with commas and decimal places
CASE
  WHEN TRY_CAST(o.OrderTotalAmount AS DECIMAL(10, 2)) IS NOT NULL
 THEN FORMAT(TRY_CAST(o.OrderTotalAmount AS DECIMAL(10, 2)), 'N2')
  ELSE 'Invalid Data'
 END AS OrderTotalAmount,
o.OrderStatus, -- Return order status as-is
-- Retrieve invoice references for the specific order (pipe-delimited)
(SELECT STRING_AGG(i.InvoiceRef, '|')
 FROM invoices i
 WHERE i.OrderID = o.OrderID) AS InvoiceReferences
FROM
orders o -- Base table
INNER JOIN
supplier s
ON
 o.SupplierID = s.SupplierID -- Join orders to suppliers
LEFT JOIN
invoices i
ON
```

o.OrderID = i.OrderID -- Join orders to invoices (with potential duplicates)

```
WHERE

TRY_CAST(o.OrderTotalAmount AS DECIMAL(10, 2)) = (

SELECT TOP 1 OrderTotalAmount

FROM

SecondHighest -- Subquery returning the second-highest order total
)

GROUP BY

o.OrderRef, -- Ensures grouping by unique order reference
o.OrderDate,
s.SupplierName,
o.OrderTotalAmount,
o.OrderID,
o.OrderStatus;
```



Qu6)

List all suppliers with their respective number of orders and total amount ordered from them between the period of 01 January 2022 and 31 August 2022. Output details as per below. Implement a Stored Procedure or Function to return the required information.

2 functions: one select from table XXBCM_ORDER_MGT and another function select from 3 tables orders, invoices and supplier joining them.

```
SELECT
  SUPPLIER_NAME AS SupplierName,
  SUPP_CONTACT_NAME AS SupplierContactName,
  CASE
  WHEN CHARINDEX(',', SUPP_CONTACT_NUMBER) > 0
  THEN
   CASE
    WHEN LEN(SUBSTRING(SUPP_CONTACT_NUMBER, 1, CHARINDEX(',', SUPP_CONTACT_NUMBER) - 1)) =
7
    THEN
     SUBSTRING(SUPP_CONTACT_NUMBER, 1, CHARINDEX(',', SUPP_CONTACT_NUMBER) - 1)
     SUBSTRING(SUPP_CONTACT_NUMBER, 2, CHARINDEX(',', SUPP_CONTACT_NUMBER) - 2)
   END
  ELSE
   SUPP_CONTACT_NUMBER -- If there's no comma, return the full contact number
  END AS SupplierContactNo1,
  CASE
  WHEN CHARINDEX(',', SUPP_CONTACT_NUMBER) > 0
  THEN
   CASE
    WHEN LEN(SUBSTRING(SUPP_CONTACT_NUMBER, CHARINDEX(',', SUPP_CONTACT_NUMBER) + 1,
LEN(SUPP_CONTACT_NUMBER))) = 7
```

```
THEN
     SUBSTRING(SUPP_CONTACT_NUMBER, CHARINDEX(',', SUPP_CONTACT_NUMBER) + 1,
LEN(SUPP_CONTACT_NUMBER))
    ELSE
     SUBSTRING(SUPP_CONTACT_NUMBER, CHARINDEX(',', SUPP_CONTACT_NUMBER) + 2,
LEN(SUPP_CONTACT_NUMBER))
   END
  ELSE
   NULL -- If there's no second contact number, return NULL
 END AS SupplierContactNo2,
 -- Total number of orders for the supplier
 COUNT(DISTINCT ORDER_REF) AS TotalOrders,
 -- Total amount ordered from the supplier
 FORMAT(SUM(TRY_CAST(ORDER_TOTAL_AMOUNT AS DECIMAL(10, 2))), '##,###,###.00') AS
OrderTotalAmount
FROM
 XXBCM ORDER MGT
WHERE
 -- Convert ORDER_DATE to DATETIME and check the date range
 TRY_CAST(ORDER_DATE AS DATETIME) BETWEEN TRY_CAST('2022-01-01' AS DATETIME) AND
TRY_CAST('2022-08-31' AS DATETIME)
GROUP BY
 SUPPLIER_NAME, SUPP_CONTACT_NAME, SUPP_CONTACT_NUMBER
ORDER BY
 SupplierName; -- Order by Supplier Name
______
SELECT
 -- Supplier Name
 s.SupplierName AS SupplierName,
 -- Supplier Contact Name
 s.SupplierContactName AS SupplierContactName,
 -- Format the first contact number ("999-9999" or "5999-9999")
 CASE
  WHEN CHARINDEX(',', s.SupplierContactNumber) > 0
  THEN
   CASE
    WHEN LEN(SUBSTRING(s.SupplierContactNumber, 1, CHARINDEX(',', s.SupplierContactNumber) - 1)) = 7
```

```
THEN
      SUBSTRING(s.SupplierContactNumber, 1, CHARINDEX(',', s.SupplierContactNumber) - 1)
     ELSE
      SUBSTRING(s.SupplierContactNumber, 2, CHARINDEX(',', s.SupplierContactNumber) - 2)
    END
  ELSE
    s.SupplierContactNumber -- If there's no comma, return the full contact number
  END AS SupplierContactNo1,
  -- Format the second contact number ("999-9999" or "5999-9999")
  CASE
  WHEN CHARINDEX(',', s.SupplierContactNumber) > 0
  THEN
    CASE
     WHEN LEN(SUBSTRING(s.SupplierContactNumber, CHARINDEX(',', s.SupplierContactNumber) + 1,
LEN(s.SupplierContactNumber))) = 7
     THEN
      SUBSTRING(s.SupplierContactNumber, CHARINDEX(',', s.SupplierContactNumber) + 1,
LEN(s.SupplierContactNumber))
     ELSE
      SUBSTRING(s.SupplierContactNumber, CHARINDEX(',', s.SupplierContactNumber) + 2,
LEN(s.SupplierContactNumber))
    END
   ELSE
    NULL -- If there's no second contact number, return NULL
  END AS SupplierContactNo2,
  -- Total number of orders for the supplier
  COUNT(DISTINCT o.OrderRef) AS TotalOrders,
  -- Total amount ordered from the supplier
  FORMAT(SUM(TRY_CAST(o.OrderTotalAmount AS DECIMAL(10, 2))), '##,###,###.00') AS
OrderTotalAmount,
  -- Pipe-delimited invoice references
  (SELECT STRING_AGG(i.InvoiceRef, '|')
  FROM invoices i
  WHERE i.OrderID = o.OrderID) AS InvoiceReferences,
  -- Add the OrderID to GROUP BY
  o.OrderID
```

```
orders o -- Base table
INNER JOIN
supplier s
ON
o.SupplierID = s.SupplierID -- Join orders to suppliers
LEFT JOIN
invoices i
ON
o.OrderID = i.OrderID -- Join orders to invoices
```

WHERE

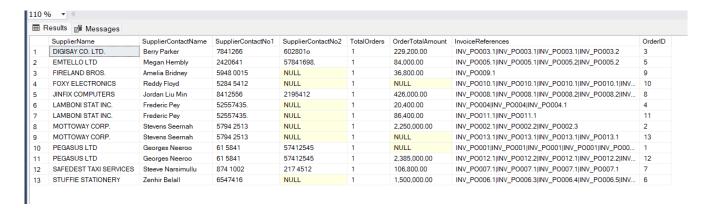
-- Convert ORDER_DATE to DATETIME and check the date range
TRY_CAST(o.OrderDate AS DATETIME) BETWEEN TRY_CAST('2022-01-01' AS DATETIME) AND
TRY_CAST('2022-08-31' AS DATETIME)

GROUP BY

- s.SupplierName,
- s.SupplierContactName,
- s.SupplierContactNumber,
- o.OrderRef,
- o.OrderTotalAmount,
- o.OrderDate,
- o.OrderStatus,
- o.OrderID -- Include OrderID in GROUP BY to avoid the error

ORDER BY

s.SupplierName; -- Order by Supplier Name



Material Used: Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio