```
/* Q1: Who is the senior most employee based on job title? */
SELECT title, last_name, first_name
FROM employee
ORDER BY levels DESC
LIMIT 1
/* Q2: Which countries have the most Invoices? */
SELECT COUNT(*) AS c, billing_country
FROM invoice
GROUP BY billing country
ORDER BY c DESC
/* Q3: What are top 3 values of total invoice? */
SELECT total
FROM invoice
ORDER BY total DESC
/* Q4: Which city has the best customers? We would like to throw a promotional Music
Festival in the city we made the most money.
Write a query that returns one city that has the highest sum of invoice totals.
```

Return both the city name & sum of all invoice totals \*/

```
SELECT billing_city,SUM(total) AS InvoiceTotal
FROM invoice
GROUP BY billing city
ORDER BY InvoiceTotal DESC
LIMIT 1;
/* Q5: Who is the best customer? The customer who has spent the most money will be
declared the best customer.
Write a query that returns the person who has spent the most money.*/
SELECT customer.customer id, first name, last name, SUM(total) AS total spending
FROM customer
JOIN invoice ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id
GROUP BY customer.customer id
ORDER BY total spending DESC
LIMIT 1;
/* Question Set 2 - Moderate */
/* Q1: Write query to return the email, first name, last name, & Genre of all Rock Music
listeners.
Return your list ordered alphabetically by email starting with A. */
/*Method 1 */
```

```
SELECT DISTINCT email, first_name, last_name
FROM customer
JOIN invoice ON customer.customer id = invoice.customer id
JOIN invoiceline ON invoice.invoice id = invoiceline.invoice id
WHERE track_id IN(
       SELECT track id FROM track
       JOIN genre ON track.genre id = genre.genre id
       WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock'
)
ORDER BY email;
/* Method 2 */
SELECT DISTINCT email AS Email, first_name AS FirstName, last_name AS LastName,
genre.name AS Name
FROM customer
JOIN invoice ON invoice.customer_id = customer.customer_id
JOIN invoiceline ON invoiceline.invoice id = invoice.invoice id
JOIN track ON track.track_id = invoiceline.track_id
JOIN genre ON genre.genre_id = track.genre_id
WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock'
ORDER BY email;
/* Q2: Let's invite the artists who have written the most rock music in our dataset.
```

Write a query that returns the Artist name and total track count of the top 10 rock bands. \*/

```
SELECT artist.artist_id, artist.name,COUNT(artist.artist_id) AS number_of_songs
FROM track
JOIN album ON album.album id = track.album id
JOIN artist ON artist.artist_id = album.artist_id
JOIN genre ON genre.genre_id = track.genre_id
WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock'
GROUP BY artist.artist_id
ORDER BY number_of_songs DESC
LIMIT 10;
/* Q3: Return all the track names that have a song length longer than the average song
length.
Return the Name and Milliseconds for each track. Order by the song length with the longest
songs listed first. */
SELECT name, miliseconds
FROM track
WHERE miliseconds > (
       SELECT AVG(miliseconds) AS avg_track_length
       FROM track)
ORDER BY miliseconds DESC;
```

/\* Question Set 3 - Advance \*/

/\* Q1: Find how much amount spent by each customer on artists? Write a query to return customer name, artist name and total spent \*/

/\* Steps to Solve: First, find which artist has earned the most according to the InvoiceLines. Now use this artist to find

which customer spent the most on this artist. For this query, you will need to use the Invoice, InvoiceLine, Track, Customer,

Album, and Artist tables. Note, this one is tricky because the Total spent in the Invoice table might not be on a single product,

so you need to use the InvoiceLine table to find out how many of each product was purchased, and then multiply this by the price

```
for each artist. */
WITH best selling artist AS (
       SELECT artist.artist id AS artist id, artist.name AS artist name,
SUM(invoice line.unit price*invoice line.quantity) AS total sales
       FROM invoice line
       JOIN track ON track.track id = invoice line.track id
       JOIN album ON album.album_id = track.album id
       JOIN artist ON artist.artist id = album.artist id
       GROUP BY 1
       ORDER BY 3 DESC
       LIMIT 1
)
SELECT c.customer id, c.first name, c.last name, bsa.artist name,
SUM(il.unit_price*il.quantity) AS amount_spent
FROM invoice i
JOIN customer c ON c.customer id = i.customer id
JOIN invoice line il ON il.invoice id = i.invoice id
JOIN track t ON t.track_id = il.track_id
```

```
JOIN album alb ON alb.album_id = t.album_id
JOIN best selling artist bsa ON bsa.artist id = alb.artist id
GROUP BY 1,2,3,4
ORDER BY 5 DESC;
/* Q2: We want to find out the most popular music Genre for each country. We determine
the most popular genre as the genre
with the highest amount of purchases. Write a query that returns each country along with
the top Genre. For countries where
the maximum number of purchases is shared return all Genres. */
/* Steps to Solve: There are two parts in question- first most popular music genre and
second need data at country level. */
/* Method 1: Using CTE */
WITH popular_genre AS
(
  SELECT COUNT(invoice line.quantity) AS purchases, customer.country, genre.name,
genre.genre_id,
       ROW NUMBER() OVER(PARTITION BY customer.country ORDER BY
COUNT(invoice line.quantity) DESC) AS RowNo
  FROM invoice line
       JOIN invoice ON invoice.invoice_id = invoice_line.invoice_id
       JOIN customer ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id
       JOIN track ON track.track id = invoice line.track id
       JOIN genre ON genre.genre_id = track.genre_id
       GROUP BY 2,3,4
```

```
ORDER BY 2 ASC, 1 DESC
)
SELECT * FROM popular genre WHERE RowNo <= 1
/* Method 2: : Using Recursive */
WITH RECURSIVE
       sales per country AS(
             SELECT COUNT(*) AS purchases per genre, customer.country, genre.name,
genre.genre_id
             FROM invoice line
             JOIN invoice ON invoice.invoice_id = invoice_line.invoice_id
             JOIN customer ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id
             JOIN track ON track.track id = invoice line.track id
             JOIN genre ON genre.genre id = track.genre id
             GROUP BY 2,3,4
             ORDER BY 2
      ),
       max_genre_per_country AS (SELECT MAX(purchases_per_genre) AS
max genre number, country
             FROM sales_per_country
             GROUP BY 2
             ORDER BY 2)
SELECT sales_per_country.*
FROM sales_per_country
JOIN max genre per country ON sales per country.country =
max_genre_per_country.country
```

```
WHERE sales_per_country.purchases_per_genre = max genre per country.max genre number;
```

/\* Q3: Write a query that determines the customer that has spent the most on music for each country.

Write a query that returns the country along with the top customer and how much they spent.

For countries where the top amount spent is shared, provide all customers who spent this amount. \*/

/\* Steps to Solve: Similar to the above question. There are two parts in question-

first find the most spent on music for each country and second filter the data for respective customers. \*/

/\* Method 1: using CTE \*/

WITH Customter\_with\_country AS (

SELECT

customer.customer\_id,first\_name,last\_name,billing\_country,SUM(total) AS total\_spending,

ROW\_NUMBER() OVER(PARTITION BY billing\_country ORDER BY SUM(total) DESC)
AS RowNo

FROM invoice

JOIN customer ON customer.customer id = invoice.customer id

GROUP BY 1,2,3,4

ORDER BY 4 ASC,5 DESC)

SELECT \* FROM Customter\_with\_country WHERE RowNo <= 1

/\* Method 2: Using Recursive \*/

```
WITH RECURSIVE
```

```
customter_with_country AS (

SELECT
customer.customer_id,first_name,last_name,billing_country,SUM(total) AS total_spending

FROM invoice

JOIN customer ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id

GROUP BY 1,2,3,4

ORDER BY 2,3 DESC),
```

country\_max\_spending AS(

SELECT billing\_country,MAX(total\_spending) AS max\_spending

FROM customter\_with\_country

GROUP BY billing\_country)

SELECT cc.billing\_country, cc.total\_spending, cc.first\_name, cc.last\_name, cc.customer\_id

FROM customter\_with\_country cc

JOIN country\_max\_spending ms

ON cc.billing\_country = ms.billing\_country

WHERE cc.total\_spending = ms.max\_spending

ORDER BY 1;