

Package ‘meffil’

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Title Efficient algorithms for DNA methylation

Description Tools for normalizing and analyzing the Infinium HumanMethylation450 BeadChip.

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License Artistic-2.0

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<code>guess.batch.vars</code>	<i>Guess which columns in sample sheet are batch variables</i>
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Description

Guess which columns in sample sheet are batch variables

Usage

```
guess.batch.vars(norm.objects)
```

Arguments

`norm.objects` Output from [meffil.normalize.quantiles](#)

Value

Array of variable names

<code>meffil.add.cell.type.reference</code>	<i>Create a cell type reference object</i>
---	--

Description

Create a cell type reference object for estimating cell counts with the Infinium HumanMethylation450 BeadChip.

Usage

```
meffil.add.cell.type.reference(
  name,
  M,
  U,
  cell.types,
  chip = NA,
  featureset = chip,
  number.sites = 50,
  specific.sites = NULL,
  number.quantiles = 500,
  subsets = NULL,
  object = NULL,
  description = NULL,
  verbose = F
)
```

Arguments

<code>name</code>	Character string providing the name of the reference.
<code>M</code>	Matrix of methylated probe intensities (rows=CpG sites, columns=samples).
<code>U</code>	Matrix of unmethylated probe intensities (rows=CpG sites, columns=samples).
<code>cell.types</code>	Vector of cell type names corresponding to sample basenames.
<code>chip</code>	Name returned by <code>meffil.list.chips()</code> (Default: NA).
<code>featureset</code>	Name returned by <code>meffil.list.featuresets()</code> (Default: chip).
<code>number.sites</code>	Number of probes to characterise cell type methylation (Default: 50). For each cell type, this number of probes with greater methylation than other cell types and the same number with lesser methylation than the other cell types will be included.
<code>specific.sites</code>	If not null (default), then <code>number.sites</code> is ignored and the supplied site identifiers are used to differentiate between cell types instead of those maximally different between the cell types within the reference.
<code>number.quantiles</code>	Length of numeric sequence to specify probe intensity distributions (Default: 500).
<code>object</code>	Cell type reference previously created by this function. If not NULL, then this reference is added and all other function arguments are ignored (Default: NULL).
<code>description</code>	Text description of the reference (Default: NULL).
<code>verbose</code>	If TRUE, then status messages are printed during execution (Default: FALSE).

Value

A list specifying a cell type reference object that can be used by `meffil.estimate.cell.counts()` to estimate cell counts in another dataset. The object is a list containing:

- `beta` The normalized methylation values of sites differentially methylated between cell types.
- `quantiles` The average quantiles of methylated and unmethylated signals of probe sets defined by `subsets` (see below). e.g. `quantiles[[name]]$M` provides the quantiles (`number.quantiles` quantiles) of the probes specified by `subsets[[name]]`.
- `subsets` Probes on the microarray partitioned by relationship to CpG islands, either in an island, in a shore or far from an island.

<code>meffil.add.chip</code>	<i>Add a new chip for analysis.</i>
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Description

Add a new chip for analysis.

Usage

```
meffil.add.chip(name, manifest)
```

Arguments

<code>name</code>	Name of the new chip.
<code>manifest</code>	A data frame obtained by loading the Illumina manifest into R.

Value

Assuming that `manifest` contains a satisfactory set of columns, a new feature set and a new chip is made available. Thus, `name` will be added to the vectors returned by `meffil.list.featuresets()` and `meffil.list.chips()`.

The manifest must contain the following columns:

- "ImnID"character
- "Name"character
- "AddressA_ID"character
- "AddressB_ID"character
- "Infinium_Design_Type"values "I","II" or ""
- "CHR"values "1"-"22", "X" or "Y"
- "MAPINFO"integer
- "AlleleA_ProbeSeq"character
- UCSC_RefGene_Namecharacter
- UCSC_RefGene_Accessioncharacter
- UCSC_RefGene_Groupcharacter
- "UCSC_CpG_Islands_Name"character
- "Relation_to_UCSC_CpG_Island"character
- "snp.exclude"logical

```
meffil.add.cnv.reference
```

Create a copy number reference object

Description

Create a copy number reference object for estimating copy number variation with the Infinium HumanMethylation450 BeadChip.

Usage

```
meffil.add.cnv.reference (
  name,
  M,
  U,
  chip = NA,
  featureset = chip,
  object = NULL,
  verbose = T
)
```

Arguments

name	Character string providing the name of the reference.
M	Matrix of methylated probe intensities (rows=CpG sites, columns=samples).
U	Matrix of unmethylated probe intensities (rows=CpG sites, columns=samples).
chip	Name returned by <code>meffil.list.chips()</code> (Default: NA).
featureset	Name returned by <code>meffil.list.featuresets()</code> (Default: chip).
object	A previously created copy number reference object created by this function. If not <code>NULL</code> , then this reference is added with the given <code>name</code> and all other function arguments are ignored (Default: <code>NULL</code>).
verbose	If <code>TRUE</code> , then status messages are printed during execution (Default: <code>FALSE</code>).

Value

A list specifying a copy number reference object that can be used by `meffil.calculate.cnv()` to estimate copy number variation in another dataset.

```
meffil.add.copynumber450k.references
```

Create copy number references from CopyNumber450kData

Description

Two copy number references are created using data from the Bioconductor CopyNumber450kData R package. Reference "copynumber450k" is created using the "450k" feature set, and reference "copynumber450k-common" is created using the "common" feature set so it can be used with datasets with mixed 450K and EPIC chips.

Usage

```
meffil.add.copynumber450k.references(verbose = T)
```

```
meffil.add.featureset
```

Add a feature set.

Description

Add a feature set.

Usage

```
meffil.add.featureset(name, features)
```

Arguments

name	Name of the new feature set.
features	A data frame listing and describing all features.

Value

Assuming that `features` contains a satisfactory set of columns, a new feature set is made available. Thus, `name` will be added to the vector returned by `meffil.list.featuresets()`.

The `features` data frame must contain the following columns:

- "name" character
- "target" character
- "type" values "i", "ii" or "control"
- "chromosome" values "chr1"-"chr22", "chrX" or "chrY"
- "position" integer
- "gene.symbol" character,
- "gene.accession" character,
- "gene.region" character,
- "cpg.island.name" character
- "relation.to.island" character
- "snp.exclude" logical

<code>meffil.basenames</code>	<i>IDAT file basenames</i>
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Description

List IDAT file basenames in a given directory.

Usage

```
meffil.basenames(path, recursive = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>path</code>	Directory containing the IDAT files.
<code>recursive</code>	If TRUE, search for IDAT files in subdirectories as well (Default: FALSE).

Value

Character vector of IDAT file basenames (i.e. filenames with "_Grn.idat" and "_Red.idat" removed). In other words, each identifies the Cy5 and Cy3 output files corresponding to a single microarray.

`meffil.calculate.cnv`*Calculate CNVs from IDAT files*

Description

Based on the algorithm developed in R/CopyNumber450k bioconductor package

Usage

```
meffil.calculate.cnv(  
  samplesheet,  
  cnv.reference,  
  chip = NA,  
  verbose = FALSE,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

<code>samplesheet</code>	Output from <code>meffil.create.samplesheet</code>
<code>cnv.reference</code>	Name returned by <code>meffil.list.cnv.references()</code> .
<code>chip</code>	Name returned by <code>meffil.list.chips()</code> (Default: NA).
<code>verbose</code>	Default = FALSE
<code>...</code>	Extra parameters to be passed to <code>DNAcopy</code> for segmentation. See details.

Details

The following default values are being used:

- `trim` = 0.1
- `min.width` = 5
- `nperm` = 10000
- `alpha` = 0.001
- `undo.splits` = "sdundo"
- `undo.SD` = 2

Value

Dataframe of segmented results

```
meffil.cell.count.estimates
```

Cell count estimates

Description

Cell count estimates

Usage

```
meffil.cell.count.estimates(qc.objects)
```

Arguments

`qc.objects` List of objects obtained from `meffil.qc()` or `meffil.create.qc.object()`.

```
meffil.cell.count.qc.plots
```

Cell count estimate quality plot

Description

Cell count estimate quality plot

Usage

```
meffil.cell.count.qc.plots(count.objects)
```

Arguments

`count.objects` A list of objects each obtained from `meffil.estimate.cell.counts()`.

Value

Two `ggplot2` boxplot objects:

- `betas` Contains one box per sample or reference cell type representing the distribution of methylation levels for the CpG sites used to estimate cell counts.
- `counts` Contains one box per reference cell type representing the distribution of cell count estimates across the samples.

```
meffil.cell.type.specific.methylation
```

Reduce methylation profiles to most cell-type specific sites

Description

Reduce methylation profiles to most cell-type specific sites

Usage

```
meffil.cell.type.specific.methylation(
  beta,
  cell.types,
  number.sites = 50,
  verbose = F
)
```

Arguments

`beta` Numeric matrix (values = 0..1; rows = CpG sites; columns = samples).

`cell.types` Name of cell type for each column of `beta`.

`number.sites` For each cell type, the number of sites less methylated and the number more methylated than other cell types to include in the reduced methylation profiles.

Value

Numeric matrix (values = 0..1; rows = CpG sites; columns = cell types) with `number.sites` CpG sites per cell type more methylated than other cell types and the same number less methylated. Values are the mean CpG site methylation levels of all original samples of the same cell type.

```
meffil.cnv.matrix
```

Create matrix of CNV values

Description

Create matrix of CNV values

Usage

```
meffil.cnv.matrix(cnv, featureset = "450k")
```

Arguments

`cnv` Output from `meffil.calculate.cnv()`.

`featureset` Name from `meffil.list.featuresets()` (Default: "450k").

Value

Matrix of `ncpg` x `nsample`

```
meffil.control.matrix
```

Infinium HumanMethylation450 BeadChip control matrix

Description

Matrix containing control probe intensities from the Infinium HumanMethylation450 BeadChip.

Usage

```
meffil.control.matrix(
  qc.objects,
  normalize = F,
  fixed.effects = NULL,
  random.effects = NULL
)
```

Arguments

<code>qc.objects</code>	A list of outputs from <code>meffil.create.qc.object()</code> .
<code>normalize</code>	If TRUE, then control matrix is scaled and specified fixed and random effects removed from the matrix. Otherwise, the raw control matrix is returned. (Default: FALSE).
<code>fixed.effects</code>	Names of columns in samplesheet that should be included as fixed effects along with control matrix principal components (Default: NULL).
<code>random.effects</code>	Names of columns in samplesheet that should be included as random effects (Default: NULL).

Value

Matrix with one row per object consisting of control probe intensities and summaries.

```
meffil.create.qc.object
```

Quality control object

Description

Create a quality control object for a given Infinium HumanMethylation450 BeadChip.

Usage

```
meffil.create.qc.object (
  samplesheet.row,
  number.quantiles = 500,
  dye.intensity = 5000,
  verbose = F,
  detection.threshold = 0.01,
  bead.threshold = 3,
  sex.cutoff = -2,
  chip = NA,
  featureset = chip,
  cell.type.reference = NA
)
```

Arguments

<code>samplesheet.row</code>	Row from the data frame containing IDAT file and sample info (see meffil.read.samplesheet or meffil.create.samplesheet).
<code>number.quantiles</code>	Number of quantiles to compute for probe subset (Default: 500).
<code>dye.intensity</code>	Reference intensity for scaling each color channel (Default: 5000).
<code>verbose</code>	If TRUE, then status messages are printed during execution (Default: FALSE).
<code>detection.threshold</code>	Default value = 0.01. All probes above this detection threshold detected.
<code>bead.threshold</code>	Default value = 3. All probes with less than this number of beads detected.
<code>sex.cutoff</code>	Sex prediction cutoff. Default value = -2.
<code>chip</code>	Name returned by meffil.list.chips() (Default: NA).
<code>featureset</code>	Name returned by meffil.list.featuresets() (Default: chip).
<code>cell.type.reference</code>	Character string name of the cell type reference to use for estimating cell counts. Estimates are not generated if set to NA (default). See meffil.list.cell.type.references for a list of available references. New references can be created using meffil.add.cell.type.

Value

List containing control probe information, probe summaries and quantiles. We call this a "QC object".

```
meffil.create.samplesheet
```

Create sample sheet if an Illumina one isn't available

Description

If necessary generates two columns necessary for some functions: `Sample_Name` and `Sex`

Usage

```
meffil.create.samplesheet (
  path,
  basenames = meffil.basenames(path, recursive),
  recursive = FALSE,
  delim = "_"
)
```

Arguments

basenames	Output from <code>meffil.basenames</code>
delim	Optional delim character to separate Sample_Name into multiple columns. Default: "_"

Value

Sample sheet data frame

```
meffil.design.matrix
```

Infinium HumanMethylation450 BeadChip normalization design matrix

Description

Design matrix derived by applying principal components analysis to control probes.

Usage

```
meffil.design.matrix (
  qc.objects,
  number.pcs,
  fixed.effects = NULL,
  random.effects = NULL
)
```

Arguments

qc.objects	A list of outputs from <code>meffil.create.qc.object()</code> .
number.pcs	Number of principal components to include in the design matrix (Default: all).
fixed.effects	Names of columns in samplesheet that should be included as fixed effects along with control matrix principal components (Default: NULL).
random.effects	Names of columns in samplesheet that should be included as random effects (Default: NULL).

Value

Design matrix with one column for each of the first `number.pcs` principal components.

```
meffil.estimate.cell.counts
```

Estimate cell counts from a reference

Description

Estimate cell type ratios from methylation profiles of purified cell populations (Infinium Human-Methylation450 BeadChip) using the the Houseman algorithm (PMID 22568884).

Usage

```
meffil.estimate.cell.counts(qc.object, cell.type.reference, verbose = T)
```

Arguments

<code>cell.type.reference</code>	Character string name of the cell type reference to use for estimating cell counts. See meffil.list.cell.type.references() for a list of available references. New references can be created using meffil.add.cell.type.reference() .
<code>verbose</code>	If TRUE, then status messages are printed during execution (Default: FALSE).
<code>object</code>	An object created by meffil.create.qc.object() .

Value

A list:

- `counts` Cell count estimates.
- `beta` Normalized methylation levels of sites used to differentiate
- `reference` Name of the cell type reference used. between reference cell types.

Results should be nearly identical to [estimateCellCounts\(\)](#).

```
meffil.estimate.cell.counts.from.betas
```

Estimate cell counts for a methylation matrix from a reference

Description

Estimate cell counts for a methylation matrix from a reference

Usage

```
meffil.estimate.cell.counts.from.betas(beta, cell.type.reference, verbose = F)
```

Arguments

<code>beta</code>	Matrix of methylation levels (rows = CpG sites, columns = subjects).
<code>cell.type.reference</code>	Character string name of the cell type reference to use for estimating cell counts. See meffil.list.cell.type.references() for a list of available references. New references can be created using meffil.add.cell.type.reference() .
<code>verbose</code>	If TRUE, then status messages are printed during execution (Default: FALSE).

Value

A matrix of cell count estimates.

Results should be nearly identical to [estimateCellCounts\(\)](#).

<code>meffil.ewas</code>	<i>Epigenome-wide association study</i>
--------------------------	---

Description

Test association with each CpG site.

Usage

```
meffil.ewas(
  beta,
  variable,
  covariates = NULL,
  batch = NULL,
  weights = NULL,
  sites = NULL,
  samples = NULL,
  cell.counts = NULL,
  isva = F,
  sva = T,
  smartsva = F,
  smartsva.alpha = 0.5,
  n.sv = NULL,
  winsorize.pct = 0.05,
  robust = FALSE,
  rlm = FALSE,
  outlier.iqr.factor = NA,
  most.variable = 50000,
  featureset = NA,
  random.seed = 20161123,
  lmfit.safer = F,
  verbose = F
)
```


Arguments

<code>beta</code>	Methylation levels matrix, one row per CpG site, one column per sample or the filename of GDS (Genomic Data Structure) output from <code>meffil.normalize.samples</code> .
<code>variable</code>	Independent variable vector.
<code>covariates</code>	Covariates data frame to include in regression model, one row per sample, one column per covariate (Default: NULL).
<code>batch</code>	Batch vector to be included as a random effect (Default: NULL). Ignored if <code>beta</code> is a GDS filename.
<code>weights</code>	Non-negative observation weights. Can be a numeric matrix of individual weights of same dimension as <code>beta</code> , or a numeric vector of weights with length <code>ncol(beta)</code> , or a numeric vector of weights with length <code>nrow(beta)</code> .
<code>sites</code>	Restrict the EWAS to the given CpG sites – must match row names of <code>beta</code> (Default: NULL).
<code>samples</code>	Restrict the EWAS to the given samples – must match column names of <code>beta</code> (Default: NULL).
<code>cell.counts</code>	Proportion of cell counts for one cell type in cases where the samples are mainly composed of two cell types (e.g. saliva) (Default: NULL). Ignored if <code>beta</code> is a GDS filename.
<code>isva</code>	Apply Independent Surrogate Variable Analysis (ISVA) to the methylation levels and include the resulting variables as covariates in a regression model (Default: FALSE).
<code>sva</code>	Apply Surrogate Variable Analysis (SVA) to the methylation levels and covariates and include the resulting variables as covariates in a regression model (Default: TRUE).
<code>smartsva</code>	Apply the SmartSVA algorithm to the methylation levels and include the resulting variables as covariates in a regression model (Default: FALSE).
<code>smartsva.alpha</code>	alpha argument to SmartSVA providing the initial point for optimization. Smaller values reduce the number of iterations needed to reach convergence. Setting this 1 will produce exactly the outputs as SVA. (Default: 0.5).
<code>n.sv</code>	Number of surrogate variables to calculate (Default: NULL).
<code>winsorize.pct</code>	Apply all regression models to methylation levels winsorized to the given level. Set to NA to avoid winsorizing (Default: 0.05).
<code>robust</code>	Test associations with the 'robust' option when <code>limma::eBayes</code> is called (Default: TRUE). Ignored if <code>beta</code> is a GDS filename.
<code>rlm</code>	If <code>beta</code> is a matrix, then test associations with the 'robust' option when <code>limma::lmFit</code> is called. If <code>beta</code> is a GDS filename, then test associations using robust regression using <code>MASS::rlm</code> and calculate statistical significance using <code>lmtest::coefTest</code> with <code>vcov=sandwich::vcovHC(fit, type="HC0")</code> (Default: FALSE).
<code>outlier.iqr.factor</code>	For each CpG site, prior to fitting regression models, set methylation levels less than $Q1 - \text{outlier.iqr.factor} * IQR$ or more than $Q3 + \text{outlier.iqr.factor} * IQR$ to NA. Here IQR is the inter-quartile range of the methylation levels at the CpG site, i.e. $Q3 - Q1$. Set to NA to skip this step (Default: NA).
<code>most.variable</code>	Apply (Independent) Surrogate Variable Analysis to the given most variable CpG sites (Default: 50000).

featureset	Name from <code>meffil.list.featuresets()</code> (Default: NA).
verbose	Set to TRUE if status updates to be printed (Default: FALSE).

```
meffil.ewas.bedgraph
```

Save EWAS effect estimates to bedgraph file

Description

Saves EWAS effect estimates to a bedgraph file for viewing on a genome browser. More file format details can be found here: <https://genome.ucsc.edu/goldenPath/help/bedgraph.html>

Usage

```
meffil.ewas.bedgraph(
  ewas.object,
  filename,
  analysis,
  name,
  description,
  header
)
```

Arguments

ewas.object	Object returned by <code>meffil.ewas()</code> .
filename	Filename for output, typically with a 'bed' extension.
analysis	The particular EWAS analysis from which to obtain summary statistics. This should be one of <code>names(ewas.object\$analyses)</code> .
name	Text name to be included in the bedgraph header.
description	Text description to be included in the bedgraph header.
header	Bedgraph header. The default header uses the name and description provided.

```
meffil.ewas.covariate.associations
```

Describe associations between EWAS covariates and the variable of interest.

Description

Describe associations between EWAS covariates and the variable of interest.

Usage

```
meffil.ewas.covariate.associations(ewas.object)
```

Arguments

ewas.object	Output of <code>meffil.ewas()</code> .
-------------	--

Value

A data frame with one or more rows for each covariate.

If both the variable of interest and covariate are continuous or ordinal, then the covariate uses one row showing the name, mean and standard deviation of the covariate following the significance of the association between the covariate and the variable of interest.

If the covariate is categorical, then there is additionally one row for each level showing the mean and standard deviation of the variable of interest for samples at that covariate level.

If the variable of interest is categorical but the covariate is not, then there is one row for each variable level showing the mean and standard deviation of the covariate at the given level.

If both the variable of interest and covariate are categorical, then mean is replaced with the number of samples at each pair of variable/categorical levels and standard deviation with the percentage. P-values indicate the significance of association using Fisher's exact test.

```
meffil.ewas.cpg.plot
```

Scatter plots for a CpG site in an EWAS

Description

Scatter plots for a CpG site in an EWAS

Usage

```
meffil.ewas.cpg.plot(ewas.object, cpg, beta, title = cpg)
```

Arguments

<code>ewas.object</code>	Return object from <code>meffil.ewas()</code> .
<code>cpg</code>	CpG site to plot.
<code>beta</code>	Matrix of methylation levels used to create the <code>ewas.object</code> .
<code>title</code>	Title of the plot (Default: <code>cpg</code>).
<code>ggplot</code>	object showing the scatterplots of DNA methylation vs the variable of interest in the EWAS. Each plot corresponds to a covariate set. Methylation levels are in fact residuals from fitting a model with DNA methylation and the covariates.

```
meffil.ewas.manhattan.plot
```

Manhattan plot for EWAS

Description

Manhattan plot for EWAS

Usage

```
meffil.ewas.manhattan.plot(
  ewas.object,
  sig.threshold = 1e-07,
  title = "Manhattan plot"
)
```

Arguments

`ewas.object` Return object from `meffil.ewas()`.

`sig.threshold` P-value threshold for significance (Default: 1e-7).

`title` Title for the plot (Default: "Manhattan plot").

Value

`ggplot` showing the Manhattan plot.

meffil.ewas.old	<i>Epigenome-wide association study (OLD VERSION RETAINED FOR COMPARISON)</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Test association with each CpG site.

Usage

```
meffil.ewas.old(
  beta,
  variable,
  covariates = NULL,
  batch = NULL,
  weights = NULL,
  cell.counts = NULL,
  isva = T,
  sva = T,
  smartsva = F,
  n.sv = NULL,
  isva0 = F,
  isva1 = F,
  winsorize.pct = 0.05,
  robust = TRUE,
  rlm = FALSE,
  outlier.iqr.factor = NA,
  most.variable = min(nrow(beta), 50000),
  featureset = NA,
  random.seed = 20161123,
  lmfit.safer = F,
  verbose = F
)
```

Arguments

<code>beta</code>	Methylation levels matrix, one row per CpG site, one column per sample.
<code>variable</code>	Independent variable vector.
<code>covariates</code>	Covariates data frame to include in regression model, one row per sample, one column per covariate (Default: NULL).
<code>batch</code>	Batch vector to be included as a random effect (Default: NULL).
<code>weights</code>	Non-negative observation weights. Can be a numeric matrix of individual weights of same dimension as <code>beta</code> , or a numeric vector of weights with length <code>ncol(beta)</code> , or a numeric vector of weights with length <code>nrow(beta)</code> .
<code>cell.counts</code>	Proportion of cell counts for one cell type in cases where the samples are mainly composed of two cell types (e.g. saliva) (Default: NULL).
<code>isva</code>	Apply Independent Surrogate Variable Analysis (ISVA) to the methylation levels and include the resulting variables as covariates in a regression model (Default: TRUE).
<code>sva</code>	Apply Surrogate Variable Analysis (SVA) to the methylation levels and covariates and include the resulting variables as covariates in a regression model (Default: TRUE).
<code>smartsva</code>	Apply the SmartSVA algorithm to the methylation levels and include the resulting variables as covariates in a regression model (Default: FALSE).
<code>n.sv</code>	Number of surrogate variables to calculate (Default: NULL).
<code>winsorize.pct</code>	Apply all regression models to methylation levels winsorized to the given level. Set to NA to avoid winsorizing (Default: 0.05).
<code>robust</code>	Test associations with the 'robust' option when <code>limma::eBayes</code> is called (Default: TRUE).
<code>rlm</code>	Test associations with the 'robust' option when <code>limma::lmFit</code> is called (Default: FALSE).
<code>outlier.iqr.factor</code>	For each CpG site, prior to fitting regression models, set methylation levels less than $Q1 - \text{outlier.iqr.factor} * IQR$ or more than $Q3 + \text{outlier.iqr.factor} * IQR$ to NA. Here IQR is the inter-quartile range of the methylation levels at the CpG site, i.e. $Q3 - Q1$. Set to NA to skip this step (Default: NA).
<code>most.variable</code>	Apply (Independent) Surrogate Variable Analysis to the given most variable CpG sites (Default: 50000).
<code>featureset</code>	Name from <code>meffil.list.featuresets()</code> (Default: NA).
<code>verbose</code>	Set to TRUE if status updates to be printed (Default: FALSE).

meffil.ewas.parameters

Specify parameters for QC

Description

Specify parameters for QC

Usage

```
meffil.ewas.parameters (
  sig.threshold = NA,
  max.plots = 10,
  model = "none",
  qq.inflation.method = "median"
)
```

Arguments

sig.threshold	P-value threshold for significance (Default: NA). If NA, then threshold used will be 0.05 divided by the number of tests/probes.
max.plots	Maximum number of plots to generate (Default: 10).
model	Model to use for selecting associations: "none" (no covariates), "all" (all covariates), "isva" (independent surrogate variables), and "sva" (surrogate variables) (Default: "none").
qq.inflation.method	Method for calculating genomic inflation lambda. Valid values are "median", "regression" or "robust" (Default: "median").

Value

List of parameter values

```
meffil.ewas.qq.plot
```

QQ plot for EWAS

Description

QQ plot for EWAS

Usage

```
meffil.ewas.qq.plot (
  ewas.object,
  sig.threshold = 1e-07,
  sig.color = "red",
  title = "QQ plot",
  xlab = bquote(-log[10] ("expected p-values")),
  ylab = bquote(-log[10] ("observed p-values")),
  lambda.method = "median"
)
```

Arguments

<code>ewas.object</code>	Return object from <code>meffil.ewas()</code> .
<code>sig.threshold</code>	P-value threshold for significance (Default: 1e-7).
<code>sig.color</code>	Color for points corresponding to significant tests (Default: "red").
<code>title</code>	Title for the plot (Default: "QQ plot").
<code>xlab</code>	Label for the x-axis (Default: $-\log_{10}(\text{expected p-values})$).
<code>ylab</code>	Label for the y-axis (Default: $-\log_{10}(\text{observed p-values})$).
<code>lambda.method</code>	Method for calculating genomic inflation lambda. Valid values are "median", "regression", or "robust" (Default: "median").

Value

List of `ggplot` for each analysis in `ewas.object`.

`meffil.ewas.report` *Generate EWAS report.*

Description

Generate HTML file that summarises the EWAS.

Usage

```
meffil.ewas.report(
  ewas.summary,
  output.file = "ewas-report.html",
  author = "Analyst",
  study = "Illumina methylation data",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>ewas.summary</code>	Output from <code>meffil.ewas.summary</code> .
<code>output.file</code>	Default = "ewas-report.html". If the file extension is not .htm, .html, .HTM or .HTML then output will be in markdown format.
<code>author</code>	Default = "Analyst". Author name to be specified on report.
<code>study</code>	Default = "Illumina methylation data". Study name to be specified on report.
<code>...</code>	Arguments to be passed to <code>knitr::knit</code>

```
meffil.ewas.sample.characteristics
```

Describe EWAS samples using the variable of interest and covariates.

Description

Describe EWAS samples using the variable of interest and covariates.

Usage

```
meffil.ewas.sample.characteristics(ewas.object)
```

Arguments

`ewas.object` Output of `meffil.ewas()`.

Value

A data frame with one row for each continuous or ordinal variable and one row for each level of each categorical variable. In the first case, each row provides the name, mean value and standard deviation of each variable. In the second case (categorical), each row provides the name of the variable level and the number of cases and percentage of cases at that level.

```
meffil.ewas.summary
```

Summarize EWAS results.

Description

Generates variable and covariate summary tables, QQ plots, Manhattan plots, a list of associations, plots of the strongest associations and plots of selected CpG sites.

Usage

```
meffil.ewas.summary(
  ewas.object,
  beta,
  selected.cpg.sites = character(0),
  parameters = meffil.ewas.parameters(),
  verbose = T
)
```

Arguments

`ewas.object` From `meffil.ewas()`.

`beta` Methylation levels used in the analysis, either a matrix with one row per CpG site and one column per sample or the filename of a GDS file (Genomic Data Structure).

`selected.cpg.sites` Vector of CpG site names to plot (Default: `character(0)`).

`parameters` Default = `meffil.ewas.parameters()`. List of parameter values. See `meffil.ewas.parameters()`.

Value

List

`meffil.extract.genotypes`*Extract genotype data from PLINK .raw files for Illumina 450K SNPs*

Description

Extract genotype data from PLINK .raw files for Illumina 450K SNPs

Usage`meffil.extract.genotypes(filenamees, verbose = F)`**Arguments**`filenamees` A vector of filenames of PLINK .raw files from which to extract genotype data.**Value**

Matrix with rows corresponding to SNPs, columns to samples and values equal to 0, 1 or 2 corresponding to genotypes.

Examples

```
R> writeLines(meffil.snp.names("450k"), con="snp-names.txt")
shell> plink --bfile dataset --extract snp-names.txt --recodeA --out genotypes.raw --nowc
R> filenamees <- "genotypes.raw"
R> genotypes <- meffil.extract.genotypes(filenamees)
```

`meffil.featureset` *Obtain a list of features in a feature set.*

Description

Obtain a list of features in a feature set.

Usage`meffil.featureset(featureset = "450k")`**Arguments**`featureset` Name returned by `meffil.list.featuresets()` (Default: "450k").**Value**

A data frame with one row for each feature.

Examples

```
x <- meffil.featureset("450k")
```

<code>meffil.gds.apply</code>	<i>Return a vector or list of values obtained by applying a function to the margins of a methylation or detection p-value matrix stored in a GDS file.</i>
-------------------------------	--

Description

Return a vector or list of values obtained by applying a function to the margins of a methylation or detection p-value matrix stored in a GDS file.

Usage

```
meffil.gds.apply(
  gds.filename,
  bysite = T,
  type = c("list", "none", "integer", "double", "character", "logical", "raw"),
  FUN,
  sites = NULL,
  samples = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>gds.filename</code>	Name of GDS file generated by <code>meffil.normalize.samples()</code>
<code>bysite</code>	If TRUE, then apply function to each CpG site (row), otherwise to each sample (column) (Default: TRUE).
<code>type</code>	returned value.
<code>FUN</code>	the function to be applied.
<code>sites</code>	Names of CpG sites to apply to, NULL means all sites (Default: NULL).
<code>samples</code>	Names of samples to apply to, NULL means all samples (Default: NULL).
<code>...</code>	

<code>meffil.gds.detection.pvalues</code>	<i>Retrieve detection p-values from GDS file</i>
---	--

Description

Retrieve detection p-values from GDS file

Usage

```
meffil.gds.detection.pvalues(gds.filename, sites = NULL, samples = NULL)
```

Arguments

`gds.filename` Name of GDS file generated by `meffil.save.detection.pvalues()`.
`sites` Names of CpG sites to load, if `NULL` then load all (Default: `NULL`).
`samples` Names of samples to load, if `NULL` then load all (Default: `NULL`).

Value

Matrix of methylation levels with rows corresponding to CpG sites and columns to samples. Rows restricted `sites` if not `NULL`, and columns restricted to `samples` if not `NULL`.

<code>meffil.gds.dims</code>	<i>Retrieve methylation or detection p-value matrix row and column names</i>
------------------------------	--

Description

Retrieve methylation or detection p-value matrix row and column names

Usage

```
meffil.gds.dims(gds.filename)
```

Arguments

`gds.filename` Name of GDS file generated by `meffil.normalize.samples()` or `meffil.save.detection.pvalues()`.

Value

A list of two vectors, the first providing the row names (CpG sites) and the second providing the column names (sample identifiers).

<code>meffil.gds.methylation</code>	<i>Retrieve methylation levels from GDS file</i>
-------------------------------------	--

Description

Retrieve methylation levels from GDS file

Usage

```
meffil.gds.methylation(gds.filename, sites = NULL, samples = NULL)
```

Arguments

`gds.filename` Name of GDS file generated by `meffil.normalize.samples()`.
`sites` Names of CpG sites to load, if `NULL` then load all (Default: `NULL`).
`samples` Names of samples to load, if `NULL` then load all (Default: `NULL`).

Value

Matrix of methylation levels with rows corresponding to CpG sites and columns to samples. Rows restricted to `sites` if not `NULL`, and columns restricted to `samples` if not `NULL`.

```
meffil.get.autosomal.sites
```

Get names of autosomal CpG sites in the feature set.

Description

Get names of autosomal CpG sites in the feature set.

Usage

```
meffil.get.autosomal.sites(featureset = "450k")
```

```
meffil.get.beta
```

Infinium HumanMethylation450 BeadChip methylation levels

Description

Compute beta values (methylation levels) from methylated/unmethylated signals

Usage

```
meffil.get.beta(M, U, pseudo = 100)
```

Arguments

<code>M</code>	Methylated signal matrix.
<code>U</code>	Unmethylated signal matrix.
<code>pseudo</code>	Value to add to the denominator to make the methylation estimate more stable.

Value

Matrix of 0..1 methylation level estimates. Equal to $\text{methylated} / (\text{methylated} + \text{unmethylated} + \text{pseudo})$.

```
meffil.get.features
```

Get a list of microarray features from a predefined feature set.

Description

Get a list of microarray features from a predefined feature set.

Usage

```
meffil.get.features(featureset = "450k")
```

Arguments

`featureset` A name returned by `meffil.list.featuresets()` (Default: "450k").

Value

A data frame listing all features in the feature set.

```
meffil.get.sites
```

Get names of all CpG sites in the feature set.

Description

Get names of all CpG sites in the feature set.

Usage

```
meffil.get.sites(featureset = "450k")
```

```
meffil.get.typeiii.sites
```

Get names of CpG sites corresponding to Infinium Type II probes in the feature set.

Description

Get names of CpG sites corresponding to Infinium Type II probes in the feature set.

Usage

```
meffil.get.typeiii.sites(featureset = "450k")
```

```
meffil.get.x.sites
```

Get names of chromosome X CpG sites in the feature set.

Description

Get names of chromosome X CpG sites in the feature set.

Usage

```
meffil.get.x.sites(featureset = "450k")
```

```
meffil.get.y.sites
```

Get names of chromosome Y CpG sites in the feature set.

Description

Get names of chromosome Y CpG sites in the feature set.

Usage

```
meffil.get.y.sites(featureset = "450k")
```

```
meffil.handle.outliers
```

Handle outliers in a methylation matrix

Description

Handle outliers in a methylation matrix

Usage

```
meffil.handle.outliers(beta, winsorize.pct = 0.05, outlier.iqr.factor = NA)
```

Arguments

<code>beta</code>	Methylation matrix (rows=CpG sites, columns=samples, values=methylation levels).
<code>winsorize.pct</code>	Apply all regression models to methylation levels winsorized to the given level. Set to NA to avoid winsorizing (Default: 0.05).
<code>outlier.iqr.factor</code>	For each CpG site, prior to fitting regression models, set methylation levels less than $Q1 - \text{outlier.iqr.factor} * IQR$ or more than $Q3 + \text{outlier.iqr.factor} * IQR$ to NA. Here IQR is the inter-quartile range of the methylation levels at the CpG site, i.e. $Q3 - Q1$. Set to NA to skip this step (Default: NA).

Value

`beta` after winsorizing and outliers set to NA.

```
meffil.list.cell.type.references
```

List of available cell type references

Description

```
references <- comment(meffil.list.cell.type.references())
kable(data.frame(
  name=names(references),
  description=references),
  row.names=F)
```

name	description
andrews and bakulski cord blood	Derived from FlowSorted.CordBlood.450k
combined cord blood	Derived from FlowSorted.CordBloodCombined.450k
blood gse35069 complete	Adult blood reference of Reinius et al. PLoS One 2012 with neutrophils and eosinophils
blood gse35069	Adult blood reference of Reinius et al. PLoS One 2012
cord blood gse68456	Cord blood reference of Goede et al. Clin Epigenetics 2015
saliva gse48472	Saliva reference composed of buccal cell data from Slieker et al. Epigenetics Chromatin 2015
blood gse35069 chen	Adult blood reference of Reinius et al. PLoS One 2012 restricted to CpG sites of Table S1
guintivano dlpc	Derived from FlowSorted.DLPFC.450k
blood idolooptimized	Derived from FlowSorted.Blood.450k
gervin and lyle cord blood	Cord blood reference of Gervin et al. Epigenetics 2016
blood idolooptimized epic	Derived from FlowSorted.Blood.EPIC

Usage

```
meffil.list.cell.type.references()
```

Details

#' @examples

obtain a list of references:

```
references <- meffil.list.cell.type.references()
```

show descriptions for each:

```
comment(references)
```

```
meffil.list.chips
```

List of microarrays formats available.

Description

By default, there is '450k' and 'epic'. Additions can be made using `meffil.add.chip()`.

Usage

```
meffil.list.chips()
```

```
meffil.list.cnv.references
```

List of available copy number references

Description

List of available copy number references

Usage

```
meffil.list.cnv.references()
```

```
meffil.list.featuresets
```

List of feature sets available.

Description

By default, there is '450k', 'epic' and 'common'. The 'common' feature set contains features in common to both the '450k' and 'epic' feature sets. This feature set can be used to handle datasets with mixed EPIC and HumanMethylation450 microarrays.

Usage

```
meffil.list.featuresets()
```

Details

In most cases, a feature corresponds to the two probes from which it's value is derived. Each CpG represented on the chip for example corresponds to a single feature derived from a probe measuring methylated signal and a second probe measuring unmethylated signal.

Each control feature corresponds to a unique control probe.

```
meffil.load.controls
```

Load control probes

Description

Load control probes

Usage

```
meffil.load.controls(
  samplesheet,
  chip = NA,
  featureset = chip,
  verbose = F,
  ...
)
```


Arguments

<code>samplesheet</code>	Sample info (see <code>meffil.read.samplesheet</code> or <code>meffil.create.samplesheet</code>).
<code>chip</code>	Name returned by <code>meffil.list.chips()</code> (Default: NA).
<code>featureset</code>	Name returned by <code>meffil.list.featuresets()</code> (Default: chip).
<code>verbose</code>	(Default: FALSE).
<code>...</code>	Arguments to <code>mclapply</code> .

Value

List containing two elements: probes and values. The probes item is a data frame describing the control probes. The values item is a matrix providing the intensities of the control probes for each samples (rows=probes, columns=samples).

```
meffil.load.detection.pvalues
```

Load detection p-value matrix

Description

Load detection p-value matrix

Usage

```
meffil.load.detection.pvalues(
  qc.objects,
  max.bytes = 2^30 - 1,
  verbose = F,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>qc.objects</code>	A list of outputs from <code>meffil.create.qc.object()</code> .
<code>verbose</code>	If TRUE, then detailed status messages are printed during execution (Default: FALSE).
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to <code>mclapply()</code> .

Value

Matrix of probe detection p-values.

```
meffil.load.raw.data
```

Load raw beta matrix

Description

Load raw beta matrix

Usage

```
meffil.load.raw.data(
  qc.objects,
  pseudo = 100,
  just.beta = T,
  max.bytes = 2^30 - 1,
  verbose = F,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>qc.objects</code>	A list of outputs from <code>meffil.create.qc.object()</code> .
<code>pseudo</code>	Value to add to the denominator to make the methylation estimate more stable when calculating methylation levels (Default: 100).
<code>just.beta</code>	If TRUE, then return just the methylation levels; otherwise, return the methylated and unmethylated matrices (Default: TRUE).
<code>verbose</code>	If TRUE, then detailed status messages are printed during execution (Default: FALSE).
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to <code>mclapply()</code> .

Value

If `just.beta == TRUE`, the matrix of methylation levels between 0 and 1 equal to methylated signal/(methylated + unmethylated signal + pseudo). Otherwise, a list containing two matrices, the methylated and unmethylated signals.

```
meffil.methylation.pcs
```

Compute principal components of a methylation matrix.

Description

Compute principal components of a methylation matrix.

Usage

```
meffil.methylation.pcs(
  beta,
  probe.range = 50000,
  sites = NULL,
  samples = NULL,
  autosomal = T,
  winsorize.pct = NA,
  outlier.iqr.factor = NA,
  full.obj = F,
  verbose = F
)
```

Arguments

beta	Output from <code>meffil.normalize.samples()</code> , either a matrix or a GDS filename.
probe.range	Default = 50000. How many probes to be used in calculating PCs.
sites	Subset of CpG sites to consider (row names of beta) (Default: NULL).
samples	Subset of samples to consider (column names of beta) (Default: NULL).
autosomal	If true, remove probes on sex chromosomes (Default: TRUE).
winsorize.pct	Apply to methylation levels winsorized to the given level. Set to NA to avoid winsorizing (Default: NA).
outlier.iqr.factor	Apply to methylation after setting, for each CpG site, values less than $Q1 - \text{outlier.iqr.factor} * IQR$ or more than $Q3 + \text{outlier.iqr.factor} * IQR$ to NA. Here IQR is the inter-quartile range of the methylation levels at the CpG site, i.e. $Q3 - Q1$. Set to NA to skip this step (Default: NA).
full.obj	Default = FALSE. If true, then return the full <code>prcomp</code> object rather than just the PCs.
verbose=T	Print progress messages?

Value

the principal components of `normalized.beta`.

```
meffil.most.variable.cpgs
```

Most variable CpG sites

Description

Returns the most variable CpG sites (rows) in the methylation matrix.

Usage

```
meffil.most.variable.cpgs(
  beta,
  n = 1000,
  sites = NULL,
  samples = NULL,
  autosomal = T,
  winsorize.pct = NA,
  outlier.iqr.factor = NA
)
```

Arguments

beta	Output from <code>meffil.normalize.samples()</code> , either a matrix or a GDS filename.
n	Number of CpG sites to return.
sites	Subset of CpG sites to consider (row names of beta) (Default: NULL).
samples	Subset of samples to consider (column names of beta) (Default: NULL).
autosomal	If true, remove probes on sex chromosomes (Default: TRUE).
winsorize.pct	Apply to methylation levels winsorized to the given level. Set to NA to avoid winsorizing (Default: NA).
outlier.iqr.factor	Apply to methylation after setting, for each CpG site, values less than $Q1 - \text{outlier.iqr.factor} * IQR$ or more than $Q3 + \text{outlier.iqr.factor} * IQR$ to NA. Here IQR is the inter-quartile range of the methylation levels at the CpG site, i.e. $Q3 - Q1$. Set to NA to skip this step (Default: NA).

Value

The `n` CpG site identifiers (rownames of `x`) with the greatest variance in `x`.

```
meffil.normalization.parameters
```

Specify parameters for testing normalization

Description

Specify parameters for testing normalization

Usage

```
meffil.normalization.parameters(
  norm.objects,
  variables = guess.batch.vars(norm.objects),
  control.pcs = 1:10,
  batch.pcs = 1:10,
  batch.threshold = 1e-50,
  colours = NULL
)
```

Arguments

`norm.objects` Output from [meffil.normalize.quantiles](#)

`variables` Default = `guess.batch.vars(norm)`. Which variables in sample sheet to test

`control.pcs` Default = 1:10. Number of control PCs to test against batch variables

`colours` Colours to use for scatterplots.

Value

List of parameters

```
meffil.normalization.parameters.from.betas
```

Specify parameters for testing normalization

Description

Specify parameters for testing normalization

Usage

```
meffil.normalization.parameters.from.betas (
  batch.pcs = 1:10,
  batch.threshold = 1e-50,
  colours = NULL
)
```

Arguments

`batch.pcs` Default = 1:10. Number of PCs to test against batch variables

`batch.threshold` Default = 1e-50. Which pvalue threshold to show in table

`colours` Colours to use for scatterplots.

Value

List of parameters

```
meffil.normalization.report
```

Generate report on normalization performance

Description

Generate HTML file that summarises the normalization.

Usage

```
meffil.normalization.report(
  normalization.summary,
  output.file = "normalization-report.md",
  author = "Analyst",
  study = "Illumina methylation data",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

normalization.summary	Output from <code>meffil.normalization.summary</code> .
output.file	Default = "meffil-normalization-report.html". If the file extension is not .htm, .html, .HTM or .HTML then output will be in markdown format.
author	Default = "Analyst". Author name to be specified on report.
study	Default = "Illumina methylation data". Study name to be specified on report.
...	Arguments to be passed to <code>knitr::knit</code>

```
meffil.normalization.report.from.betas
```

Generate report on normalization performance

Description

Generate HTML file that summarises the normalization.

Usage

```
meffil.normalization.report.from.betas(
  normalization.summary,
  output.file = "normalization-report.md",
  author = "Analyst",
  study = "Illumina methylation data",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>normalization.summary</code>	Output from <code>meffil.normalization.summary.from.betas</code> .
<code>output.file</code>	Default = "meffil-normalization-report.html". If the file extension is not .htm, .html, .HTM or .HTML then output will be in markdown format.
<code>author</code>	Default = "Analyst". Author name to be specified on report.
<code>study</code>	Default = "Illumina methylation data". Study name to be specified on report.
<code>...</code>	Arguments to be passed to <code>knitr::knit</code>

```
meffil.normalization.summary
```

Perform tests to check normalization performance

Description

Creates scree plot of PCs of control probes, tests for association of control probe PCs with batch variables, tests for association of normalized probes with batch variables, creates PCA plots

Usage

```
meffil.normalization.summary(
  norm.objects,
  pcs,
  parameters = meffil.normalization.parameters(norm.objects),
  variables = NULL,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

<code>norm.objects</code>	Output from meffil.normalize.quantiles
<code>pcs</code>	Output from meffil.methylation.pcs() applied to the normalized methylation matrix corresponding to <code>norm.objects</code> .
<code>parameters</code>	Default = <code>meffil.post.parameters(norm.objects)</code> . Report parameters.
<code>variables</code>	Default = NULL. Data frame of variables to compare to principal components (<code>pcs</code>). Must contain <code>length(norm.objects)</code> rows. Columns that are not factors are ignored.
<code>verbose</code>	Default = TRUE

Value

List of tables and graphs.

```
meffil.normalization.summary.from.betas
```

Perform tests to check normalization performance

Description

Perform tests to check normalization performance

Usage

```
meffil.normalization.summary.from.betas(
  pcs,
  parameters = meffil.normalization.parameters.from.betas(),
  samplesheet = samplesheet,
  variables = variables,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

<code>pcs</code>	Output from <code>meffil.methylation.pcs()</code> applied to the normalized methylation matrix
<code>parameters</code>	Default = <code>meffil.normalization.parameters.from.betas()</code> . Report parameters.
<code>samplesheet</code>	Default = NULL. Data frame of variables to compare to principal components (<code>pcs</code>). Must contain <code>nrow(pcs) == nrow(samplesheet)</code> rows. Columns that are not factors are ignored.
<code>variables</code>	Which variables in sample sheet to test
<code>verbose</code>	Default = TRUE

Value

List of tables and graphs.

```
meffil.normalize.dataset
```

Functional normalization

Description

Apply functional normalization to a set of Infinium HumanMethylation450 BeadChip IDAT files.

Usage

```
meffil.normalize.dataset (
  samplesheet,
  number.quantiles = 500,
  detection.threshold = 0.01,
  bead.threshold = 3,
  sex.cutoff = -2,
  chip = NA,
  featureset = chip,
  cell.type.reference = NA,
  qc.parameters = meffil.qc.parameters(),
  qc.file = "meffil-qc-report.md",
  author = "Analyst",
  study = "IlluminaHuman450 data",
  number.pcs = 2,
  fixed.effects = NULL,
  random.effects = NULL,
  pseudo = 100,
  just.beta = T,
  gds.filename = NULL,
  probe.range = 5000,
  autosomal = T,
  norm.parameters = NULL,
  norm.file = "meffil-normalization-report.md",
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

<code>samplesheet</code>	Output from <code>meffil.read.samplesheet()</code> or <code>meffil.create.samplesheet()</code> . Arguments to <code>meffil.qc()</code> :
<code>cell.type.reference</code>	Argument to <code>meffil.qc.summary()</code> :
<code>qc.parameters</code>	(parameters) Arguments to <code>meffil.qc.report()</code> :
<code>qc.file</code>	(output.file)
<code>study</code>	Arguments to <code>meffil.normalize.quantiles()</code> :
<code>fixed.effects</code>	Names of columns in <code>samplesheet</code> that should be included as fixed effects along with control matrix principal components (Default: NULL).
<code>random.effects</code>	Names of columns in <code>samplesheet</code> that should be included as random effects (Default: NULL). Arguments to <code>meffil.normalize.samples()</code> :
<code>pseudo</code>	Arguments to <code>meffil.methylation.pcs()</code> .
<code>gds.filename</code>	If not NULL (default), then saves the output to a GDS (Genomic Data Structure). This is for cases where the output is too large to fit into main memory. The GDS option assumes that argument <code>just.beta == TRUE</code> .
<code>probe.range</code>	(Default: 5000).

autosomal (Default: TRUE).
 Arguments to `meffil.normalization.summary()`:
 norm.parameters (parameters)
 norm.file (output.file)
 Other:
 verbose If TRUE, then status messages are printed during execution (Default: FALSE).
 npcs (Default: 1:10).

Details

Fortin JP, Labbe A, Lemire M, Zanke BW, Hudson TJ, Fertig EJ, Greenwood CM, Hansen KD. Functional normalization of 450k methylation array data improves replication in large cancer studies. *Genome Biol.* 2014 Dec 3;15(12):503. doi: 10.1186/s13059-014-0503-2. PMID: 25599564

Value

A list:

- qc.summary `meffil.qc.summary()` output.
- norm `meffil.normalize.quantiles()` output.
- beta Normalized beta matrix (methylation levels).
- norm.summary `meffil.normalization.summary()` output.

```
meffil.normalize.quantiles
```

Normalize microarray quantiles

Description

Normalize microarray quantiles using controls extracted (Infinium HumanMethylation450 Bead-Chip).

Usage

```
meffil.normalize.quantiles(
  qc.objects,
  number.pcs = 2,
  fixed.effects = NULL,
  random.effects = NULL,
  verbose = F
)
```

Arguments

<code>qc.objects</code>	A list of outputs from <code>meffil.create.qc.object()</code> .
<code>number.pcs</code>	Number of control matrix principal components to adjust for (Default: 2).
<code>fixed.effects</code>	Names of columns in samplesheet that should be included as fixed effects along with control matrix principal components (Default: NULL).
<code>random.effects</code>	Names of columns in samplesheet that should be included as random effects (Default: NULL).
<code>verbose</code>	If TRUE, then status messages are printed during execution (Default: FALSE).

Value

Same list as input with additional elements added for each sample including normalized quantiles needed for normalizing each sample.

```
meffil.normalize.sample
```

Normalize Infinium HumanMethylation450 BeadChip

Description

Normalize sample methylation data using normalized quantiles.

Usage

```
meffil.normalize.sample(norm.object, remove.poor.signal = F, verbose = F)
```

Arguments

<code>norm.object</code>	An element of <code>meffil.normalize.quantiles()</code> .
<code>remove.poor.signal</code>	Set methylation values for poorly detected probes to missing (Default: FALSE). Poor signal was identified during QC by <code>meffil.qc()</code> as signal that failed to pass the detection p-value threshold (<code>detection.threshold</code>) or bead threshold (<code>bead.threshold</code>).
<code>verbose</code>	If TRUE, then status messages are printed during execution (Default: FALSE).

Value

List containing normalized methylated and unmethylated signals.

```
meffil.normalize.samples
```

Normalize Infinium HumanMethylation450 BeadChips

Description

Normalize a set of samples using their normalized quality control objects.

Usage

```
meffil.normalize.samples(
  norm.objects,
  pseudo = 100,
  just.beta = T,
  cpglist.remove = NULL,
  remove.poor.signal = F,
  max.bytes = 2^30 - 1,
  gds.filename = NULL,
  verbose = F,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>norm.objects</code>	The list or sublist of <code>meffil.normalize.quantiles()</code> .
<code>pseudo</code>	Value to add to the denominator to make the methylation estimate more stable when calculating methylation levels (Default: 100).
<code>just.beta</code>	If TRUE, then return just the normalized methylation levels; otherwise, return the normalized methylated and unmethylated matrices (Default: TRUE).
<code>cpglist.remove</code>	Optional list of CpGs to exclude from final output
<code>remove.poor.signal</code>	Set methylation values for poorly detected probes to missing (Default: FALSE). Poor signal was identified during QC by <code>meffil.qc()</code> as signal that failed to pass the detection p-value threshold (<code>detection.threshold</code>) or bead threshold (<code>bead.threshold</code>).
<code>gds.filename</code>	If not NULL (default), then saves the output to a GDS (Genomic Data Structure). This is for cases where the output is too large to fit into main memory. The GDS option assumes that argument <code>just.beta == TRUE</code> .
<code>verbose</code>	If TRUE, then detailed status messages are printed during execution (Default: FALSE).
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to <code>mclapply()</code> .

Value

If `just.beta == TRUE`, the normalized matrix of methylation levels between 0 and 1 equal to methylated signal/(methylated + unmethylated signal + pseudo). Otherwise, a list containing two matrices, the normalized methylated and unmethylated signals. If `gds.filename` is not NULL, then the output is saved to the GDS file rather than retained in memory and returned to the caller. The library 'gdsfmt' must be installed in this case.

meffil.pcs	<i>Calculate control probe PCs</i>
------------	------------------------------------

Description

Calculate control probe PCs

Usage

```
meffil.pcs(qc.objects, fixed.effects = NULL, random.effects = NULL)
```

Arguments

qc.objects	A list of outputs from <code>meffil.create.qc.object()</code> .
fixed.effects	Names of columns in samplesheet that should be included as fixed effects along with control matrix principal components (Default: NULL).
random.effects	Names of columns in samplesheet that should be included as random effects (Default: NULL).

Value

PCA of control probes

meffil.plot.beadnum.cpgs	<i>Manhattan plot of number of beads by probe - percentage of probes with beads < 3 for each sample</i>
--------------------------	--

Description

Manhattan plot of number of beads by probe - percentage of probes with beads < 3 for each sample

Usage

```
meffil.plot.beadnum.cpgs(qc.objects, threshold = 0.05)
```

Arguments

qc.objects	From <code>meffil.qc</code>
threshold	Cut off value for proportion of samples with poor detection p values. Default 0.05.

Value

Data frame of results plus plot

```
meffil.plot.beadnum.samples
```

Plot number of beads per sample

Description

Plot number of beads per sample

Usage

```
meffil.plot.beadnum.samples(qc.objects, threshold = 0.05, colour.code = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>qc.objects</code>	From <code>meffil.qc</code>
<code>threshold</code>	Cut off value for proportion of CpGs with low bead numbers. Default 0.05
<code>colour.code</code>	Array of length <code>n</code> samples to colour code points. Defaults to NULL

Value

Data frame of results plus plot

```
meffil.plot.cell.counts
```

Cell count estimate quality plot

Description

Cell count estimate quality plot

Usage

```
meffil.plot.cell.counts(qc.objects)
```

Arguments

<code>qc.objects</code>	Output from <code>meffil.qc()</code> .
<code>reference</code>	Object describing methylation profiles of purified cell populations obtained from <code>meffil.add.cell.type.reference()</code> .

Value

Two `ggplot2` boxplot objects:

- `betas` Contains one box per sample or reference cell type representing the distribution of methylation levels for the CpG sites used to estimate cell counts.
- `counts` Contains one box per reference cell type representing the distribution of cell count estimates across the samples.

```
meffil.plot.control.batch
```

Test for association of control matrix probes with known batch variables

Description

Performs association of each of *n* PCs calculated from the control matrix against each of *m* measured batch variables

Usage

```
meffil.plot.control.batch(
  norm.objects,
  npcs = 1:10,
  variables = guess.batch.vars(norm.objects),
  additional = NULL,
  batch.threshold = 1e-50,
  cols = NULL,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

<code>norm.objects</code>	From <code>meffil.normalize.quantiles</code>
<code>npcs</code>	Which PCs to plot. Default first 10
<code>variables.</code>	Default = <code>guess.batch.vars(norm.objects)</code> . Array specifying column names in samplesheet to test for association with control matrix PCs.
<code>additional.</code>	Default = <code>NULL</code> . Data frame containing variables to test for association with control matrix PCs. Must have <code>nrow(additional) == length(norm.objects)</code> .
<code>verbose=T</code>	Print progress messages?

Value

Data frame of results plus plot

```
meffil.plot.control.scree
```

Plot scree plot of control matrix

Description

Plot scree plot of control matrix

Usage

```
meffil.plot.control.scree(norm.objects)
```

Arguments

norm.objects From meffil.normalize.quantiles

Value

Data frame of results plus plot

```
meffil.plot.controlmeans
```

Plot the means of control probes for each sample and for each control probe type

Description

Plot the means of control probes for each sample and for each control probe type

Usage

```
meffil.plot.controlmeans (
  qc.objects,
  control.categories = NULL,
  colour.code = NULL,
  outlier.sd = 5
)
```

Arguments

qc.objects From meffil.qc
control.categories

Which control probe categories to plot. Defaults to all available.

colour.code Array of length n samples to colour code points. Defaults to NULL

outlier.sd Cut off for declaring outliers. Default = 5

Value

Data frame of results plus plot

```
meffil.plot.detectionp.cpgs
```

Manhattan plot of detection pval per probe - percentage with pvalue < 0.01

Description

Manhattan plot of detection pval per probe - percentage with pvalue < 0.01

Usage

```
meffil.plot.detectionp.cpgs(qc.objects, threshold = 0.05)
```


Arguments

<code>qc.objects</code>	From <code>meffil.qc</code>
<code>threshold</code>	Cut off value for proportion of samples with poor detection p values. Default 0.05.

Value

Data frame of results plus plot

```
meffil.plot.detectionp.samples
```

Plot detection p values from idat files

Description

Plot detection p values from idat files

Usage

```
meffil.plot.detectionp.samples (
  qc.objects,
  threshold = 0.05,
  colour.code = NULL
)
```

Arguments

<code>qc.objects</code>	From <code>meffil.qc</code>
<code>threshold</code>	Cut off value for proportion of CpGs with poor detection p values. Default 0.05
<code>colour.code</code>	Array of length n samples to colour code points. Defaults to NULL

Value

Data frame of results plus plot

```
meffil.plot.genotypes
```

Plot SNP beta and sample genotype concordances

Description

Plot SNP beta and sample genotype concordances

Usage

```
meffil.plot.genotypes (
  qc.objects,
  genotypes = NULL,
  sample.threshold = 0.9,
  snp.threshold = 0.99
)
```

Arguments

<code>qc.objects</code>	Output from <code>meffil.qc()</code> .
<code>genotypes</code>	Optional output from <code>meffil.extract.genotypes()</code> . Sample genotypes are matched to sample <code>qc.objects</code> using <code>colnames(genotypes)</code> and <code>names(qc.objects)</code> .
<code>sample.threshold</code>	Concordance threshold below which the Illumina 450K and genetic profiles for a sample are deemed a mismatch (Default: 0.9).
<code>snp.threshold</code>	Concordance threshold below which the Illumina 450K and genetic profiles for a SNP are deemed a mismatch (Default: 0.99).

Value

A list consisting of:

- `graphs` A list of `ggplot2` objects. The first `snp.betas` plots the beta distributions of each SNP probe in the microarray. The second and third plots are added only if the `genotypes` parameter is not `NULL`. The second plot shows the distribution of SNP concordances, and the third plot shows the distribution of sample concordances.
- `tabs` Contains two data frames if the `genotypes` parameter is not `NULL`. The first `samples` lists the concordances of each sample, the second `snps` lists the concordances of each SNP.

```
meffil.plot.meth.unmeth
```

Plot average methylated vs unmethylated levels for each individuals

Description

plot raw control probes and fit linear regression, remove samples that have $sd(y - \hat{y}) > mean*3$

Usage

```
meffil.plot.meth.unmeth(qc.objects, outlier.sd = 3, colour.code = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>qc.objects</code>	From <code>meffil.qc</code>
<code>outlier.sd</code>	Cut off for declaring outliers. Default = 3
<code>colour.code</code>	Array of length n samples to colour code points. Defaults to <code>NULL</code>

Value

Data frame of results plus plot

`meffil.plot.pc.fit` *Number of control matrix principal components*

Description

Fits probe intensities to principal components of the microarray control matrix and calculates the resulting mean squared residuals for different numbers of principal components.

Usage

```
meffil.plot.pc.fit(
  qc.objects,
  fixed.effects = NULL,
  random.effects = NULL,
  n.cross = 10,
  name = "autosomal.ii"
)
```

Arguments

`qc.objects` A list of outputs from `meffil.create.qc.object()`.

`fixed.effects` Names of columns in samplesheet that should be included as fixed effects along with control matrix principal components (Default: NULL).

`random.effects` Names of columns in samplesheet that should be included as random effects (Default: NULL).

`number.pcs` Number of principal components to include in the design matrix (Default: all).

Value

A list containing a data frame with the mean squared residuals for different numbers of principal components and a plot of these residuals.

`meffil.plot.probe.batch`
Test normalized betas for association with known batch variables

Description

Performs association of each of `n` PCs calculated from most variable CpG sites (after normalization) against each of `m` measured batch variables

Usage

```
meffil.plot.probe.batch(
  norm.objects,
  pcs,
  variables = guess.batch.vars(norm.objects),
  additional = NULL,
  batch.threshold = 1e-50,
  cols = NULL,
  verbose = T
)
```

Arguments

`norm.objects` Output from `meffil.normalize.quantiles()`.

`pcs` Output from `meffil.methylation.pcs()` applied to the normalized methylation matrix corresponding to `norm.objects`.

`variables` Default = `guess.batch.vars(norm)`. Which variables in sample sheet to test

`additional.` Default = `NULL`. Data frame containing variables to test for association with control matrix PCs. Must have `nrow(additional) == length(norm.objects)`.

`verbose=T` Print progress messages?

Value

List of table of results and graph

```
meffil.plot.probe.batch.from.betas
```

Test normalized betas for association with known batch variables

Description

Performs association of each of `n` PCs calculated from most variable CpG sites (after normalization) against each of `m` measured batch variables

Usage

```
meffil.plot.probe.batch.from.betas(
  samplesheet,
  variables,
  pcs,
  batch.threshold = batch.threshold,
  cols = NULL,
  verbose = T
)
```

Arguments

<code>variables</code>	Which variables in sample sheet to test
<code>pcs</code>	Output from <code>meffil.methylation.pcs()</code> applied to the normalized methylation matrix
<code>samplesheet</code>	Data frame containing variables to test for association with PCs. Must have <code>nrow(pcs) == nrow(samplesheet)</code> .
<code>verbose=T</code>	Print progress messages?

Value

List of table of results and graph

<code>meffil.plot.sex</code>	<i>Plot predicted sex</i>
------------------------------	---------------------------

Description

Plot predicted sex

Usage

```
meffil.plot.sex(qc.objects, outlier.sd = 3)
```

Arguments

<code>qc.objects</code>	From <code>meffil.qc</code>
-------------------------	-----------------------------

Value

Data frame of results plus plot

<code>meffil.probe.info</code>	<i>Obtain a list of probes for a given feature set (chip).</i>
--------------------------------	--

Description

Obtain a list of probes for a given feature set (chip).

Usage

```
meffil.probe.info(chip = "450k", featureset = chip)
```

Arguments

<code>chip</code>	Name returned by <code>meffil.list.chips()</code> (Default: "450k").
<code>featureset</code>	Name returned by <code>meffil.list.featuresets()</code> (Default: chip).

Value

A data frame with one row per probe. The full set of probes for a chip is returned if `chip == featureset`; otherwise, the probes are restricted to those corresponding to features in the feature set.

meffil.qc

*Perform QC on HumanMethylation450 idat files***Description**

Read in control matrices for each sample. Perform background correction and R/G dye bias correction. Predict sex

Usage

```
meffil.qc(
  samplesheet,
  number.quantiles = 500,
  dye.intensity = 5000,
  detection.threshold = 0.01,
  bead.threshold = 3,
  sex.cutoff = -2,
  chip = NA,
  featureset = chip,
  cell.type.reference = NA,
  max.bytes = 2^30 - 1,
  verbose = F,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>samplesheet</code>	Data frame containing IDAT file and sample info (see meffil.read.samplesheet or meffil.create.samplesheet).
<code>number.quantiles</code>	Number of quantiles to compute for probe subset (Default: 500).
<code>dye.intensity</code>	Reference intensity for scaling each color channel (Default: 5000).
<code>detection.threshold</code>	Default value = 0.01. All probes above this detection threshold detected.
<code>bead.threshold</code>	Default value = 3. All probes with less than this number of beads detected.
<code>sex.cutoff</code>	Sex prediction cutoff. Default value = -2.
<code>chip</code>	Name returned by meffil.list.chips() (Default: NA).
<code>featureset</code>	Name returned by meffil.list.featuresets() (Default: chip).
<code>cell.type.reference</code>	Character string name of the cell type reference to use for estimating cell counts. Estimates are not generated if set to NA (default). See meffil.list.cell.type.references for a list of available references. New references can be created using meffil.add.cell.type.references .
<code>verbose</code>	If TRUE, then status messages are printed during execution (Default: FALSE).

Value

List containing control probe information, probe summaries and quantiles.

```
meffil.qc.parameters
```

Specify parameters for QC

Description

Specify parameters for QC

Usage

```
meffil.qc.parameters(
  colour.code = NULL,
  control.categories = NULL,
  sex.outlier.sd = 3,
  meth.unmeth.outlier.sd = 3,
  control.means.outlier.sd = 5,
  detectionp.samples.threshold = 0.2,
  beadnum.samples.threshold = 0.2,
  detectionp.cpgs.threshold = 0.2,
  beadnum.cpgs.threshold = 0.2,
  snp.concordance.threshold = 0.9,
  sample.genotype.concordance.threshold = 0.9
)
```

Arguments

<code>colour.code</code>	Default value = NULL
<code>control.categories</code>	Default value = <code>control.probe.categories()</code>
<code>sex.outlier.sd</code>	Sets the standard deviation multiple at which sex outliers are identified. Default value = 3.
<code>meth.unmeth.outlier.sd</code>	Sets the standard deviation multiple at which methylated/unmethylated signal outliers are identified. Default value = 3.
<code>control.means.outlier.sd</code>	Sets the standard deviation multiple at which control probe signals are identified as outliers. Default value = 5
<code>detectionp.samples.threshold</code>	Detection p-value threshold. Probes with values above this are considered undetected. Default value = 0.05
<code>beadnum.samples.threshold</code>	A sample is excluded if the given proportion of probes has low bead number. Default value = 0.05
<code>detectionp.cpgs.threshold</code>	A sample is excluded if the given proportion of probes are undetected. Default value = 0.05
<code>beadnum.cpgs.threshold</code>	A probe is excluded if the given proportion of samples have low bead number. Default value = 0.05

```
snp.concordance.threshold
```

Minimum required concordance between supplied genotypes and genotypes estimated from a SNP probe. Default value = 0.99

```
sample.genotype.concordance.threshold
```

Minimum required concordance between supplied genotypes and genotypes estimated from SNP probes for a given individual. Default value = 0.9 <what param does>

Value

List of parameter values

```
meffil.qc.report
```

Generate QC report

Description

Generate HTML file that summarises the QC.

Usage

```
meffil.qc.report (
  qc.summary,
  output.file = "qc-report.html",
  author = "Analyst",
  study = "Illumina methylation data",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>qc.summary</code>	Output from <code>meffil.qc.summary</code> .
<code>output.file</code>	Default = "meffil-qc-report.html". If the file extension is not .htm, .html, .HTM or .HTML then output will be in markdown format.
<code>author</code>	Default = "Analyst". Author name to be specified on report.
<code>study</code>	Default = "Illumina methylation data". Study name to be specified on report.
<code>...</code>	Arguments to be passed to <code>knitr::knit</code>

```
meffil.qc.summary
```

Perform QC analysis on idat files

Description

Performs a number of QC analyses including checking for sex differences, methylated vs unmethylated levels, deviation from control probe means, detection p-values and bead numbers per sample and probe.

Usage

```
meffil.qc.summary(
  qc.objects,
  genotypes = NULL,
  parameters = meffil.qc.parameters(),
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

qc.objects	From meffil.qc
genotypes	Optional output from <code>meffil.extract.genotypes()</code> . Sample genotypes are matched to sample qc.objects using <code>colnames(genotypes)</code> and <code>names(qc.objects)</code> .
parameters	Default = <code>meffil.qc.parameters()</code> . List of parameter values. See <code>meffil.qc.parameters</code>

Details

Also returns list of sample IDs and CPGs that are low quality.

Value

List

```
meffil.read.samplesheet
```

Function to read Illumina "Sample Sheet" adapted from read.450k.sheet in R/minfi

Description

Reading an Illumina methylation sample sheet, containing pheno-data information for the samples in an experiment.

Usage

```
meffil.read.samplesheet(
  base,
  pattern = "csv$",
  ignore.case = TRUE,
  recursive = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

base	The base directory from which the search is started.
pattern	= "csv\$" What pattern is used to identify a sample sheet file, see <code>list.files</code>
ignore.case	= TRUE Should the file search be case sensitive?
recursive	= TRUE Should the file search be recursive, see <code>list.files</code> ?
verbose	= TRUE Should the function be verbose?
basenames	Output from <code>meffil.basenames</code>

Details

This function search the directory `base` (possibly including subdirectories depending on the argument `recursive` for “sample sheet” files (see below). These files are identified solely on the base of their filename given by the arguments `pattern` and `ignore.case` (note the use of a dollarsign to mean end of file name).#’

In case multiple sheet files are found, they are all read and the return object will contain the concatenation of the files.

A sample sheet file is essentially a CSV (comma-separated) file containing one line per sample, with a number of columns describing pheno-data or other important information about the sample. The file may contain a header, in which case it is assumed that all lines up to and including a line starting with `\[Data\]` should be dropped. This is modelled after a sample sheet file Illumina provides. It is also very similar to the `targets` file made used by the popular `limma` package (see the extensive package vignette).#’

An attempt at guessing the file path to the IDAT files represented in the sheet is made. This should be doublechecked and might need to manually changed.

Value

A `data.frame` containing the columns of all the sample sheets. As described in details, a column named `Sentrix_Position` is renamed to `Array` and `Sentrix_ID` is renamed to `Slide`. In addition the `data.frame` will contain a column named `Basename`.

```
meffil.remove.samples
```

Remove samples from QC objects

Description

Remove samples from QC objects

Usage

```
meffil.remove.samples(qc.objects, sample.ids)
```

Arguments

<code>qc.objects</code>	Output from <code>meffil.qc</code>
<code>sample.ids</code>	Array of sample.name IDs to be removed

Value

`qc.objects` with samples removed

```
meffil.save.detection.pvalues
```

Save detection p-value matrix to GDS file

Description

Save detection p-value matrix to GDS file

Usage

```
meffil.save.detection.pvalues (
  qc.objects,
  gds.filename = NULL,
  max.bytes = 2^30 - 1,
  verbose = F,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>qc.objects</code>	A list of outputs from <code>meffil.create.qc.object()</code> .
<code>gds.filename</code>	If not <code>NULL</code> (default), then saves the output to a GDS (Genomic Data Structure). This is for cases where the output is too large to fit into main memory.
<code>verbose</code>	If <code>TRUE</code> , then detailed status messages are printed during execution (Default: <code>FALSE</code>).
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to <code>mclapply()</code> .

Value

Matrix of probe detection p-values. If `gds.filename` is not `NULL`, then the output is saved to the GDS file rather than retained in memory and returned. The library 'gdsfmt' must be installed in this case.

```
meffil.snp.betas
```

Matrix of SNP 'beta' values

Description

Matrix of SNP 'beta' values

Usage

```
meffil.snp.betas(qc.objects)
```

Arguments

<code>qc.objects</code>	List of objects obtained from <code>meffil.qc()</code> or <code>meffil.create.qc.object()</code> .
-------------------------	--

```
meffil.snp.concordance
```

Concordance between genotypes and SNP betas

Description

```
genotypes <- meffil.extract.genotypes(raw filenames) snp.betas <- meffil.snp.betas(qc.objects) meffil.snp.concordance(snp.betas, genotypesrownames(snp.betas),colnames(snp.betas))
```

Usage

```
meffil.snp.concordance (
  snp.betas,
  genotypes,
  snp.threshold = 0.99,
  sample.threshold = 0.9
)
```

Value

Returns a list of two vectors: - one providing concordances between genotypes and SNP betas for matched samples, - a second providing concordances between genotypes and SNP betas for matched SNPs. as well as the genotype matrix derived from 'snp.betas'.

```
meffil.snp.names
```

Obtain the list of identifiers for the SNPs on the microarray.

Description

Obtain the list of identifiers for the SNPs on the microarray.

Usage

```
meffil.snp.names(featureset = "450k")
```

Arguments

`featureset` Name from `meffil.list.featuresets()` (Default: "450k").

```
meffil.summarize.relationship
```

Describe the relationship between two variables.

Description

Describe the relationship between two variables.

Usage

```
meffil.summarize.relationship(vars)
```

Arguments

vars A data frame with at least two columns. The first two columns will be compared.

Value

A list whose elements depends on the types of the two variables. In each case, the list contains the following elements:

var1 Name of the first variable, i.e. `colnames(vars)`[1](#).

var2 Name of the second variable.

r Spearman's correlation between the variables. This may be meaningless if one variable is an unordered factor.

r.p P-value corresponding to the correlation between the variables.

output The contents of the list formatted to be printed as markdown text.

plot A plot (ggplot2) visualizing the relationship.

If both variables are factors, then the list will include a frequency table (`freq`) and a corresponding matrix of p-values (`p.values`) obtained using Fisher's test to test for enrichment in each cell of the frequency table.

If one variable is a factor and the other numeric, then list will include the F-statistic (`F.stat`) and p-value (`p.value`) from one-way analysis of variance. There will also be a data frame (`cases`) with each row providing statistics from a t-test comparing the numeric variable within and without each level of the factor variable.

If both variables are numeric, then the list will include the F-statistic (`F.stat`) and p-value (`p.value`) from the linear model fitting the variables.

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