

Ques

$A = [1, 3, 5]$   
 $0 \rightarrow 8$

$A = [2, 3]$   
 output  $\rightarrow 2$

Approach

let  $ans = 0$ ,  $arr = \text{input array}$ ,  $n = arr.size()$   
 for ( $i = 0$  to  $i < n$ )

for ( $j = i + 1$ ;  $j < n$ )

$diff\_bits = arr[i] \wedge arr[j]$

$count = \text{builtin\_popcount}(diff\_bits);$

~~$ans += count;$~~

$ans = (ans + count) \% MOD;$

return  $ans * 2;$

Algo  $\rightarrow$

start a loop for  $i = 0$  to  $n$

start another loop for  $j = i + 1$  to  $n$

using xor on  $arr[i]$  and  $arr[j]$

we will get 1 on positions

where bit is different among pairs.

using  $\text{builtin\_popcount}$  we can  
 get no. of set bits

return ans \* 2

(3, 5) = 15

5 + 10 = 15

[3, 5] = 15

Complexity =  $O(n^2)$