Problem Definition: Student Performance Analysis and Prediction

Objective:

You are given a dataset named **Marksheet.csv** containing student names and their marks in four class tests: TEST-1_MARKS, TEST-2_MARKS, TEST-3_MARKS, and TEST-4_MARKS. Your task is to clean the dataset, perform total mark calculation, assign grades based on the total, and then build a **simple linear regression model** to predict total marks using only the first test (TEST-1 MARKS).

Dataset Description:

Each row in the dataset corresponds to a student. The columns are as follows:

Column Name Description

Name of the student

TEST-1 MARKS Marks obtained in Test 1 (out of 25)

TEST-2 MARKS Marks obtained in Test 2 (out of 25)

TEST-3 MARKS Marks obtained in Test 3 (out of 25)

TEST-4 MARKS Marks obtained in Test 4 (out of 25)

Perform Required Data Cleaning

Total Marks Calculation:

• Calculate and create new column for the **Total Marks** as the sum of marks from all four tests:

Total Marks=T1+T2+T3+T4

Then, Find Division wise average total marks of each division.

Y Grade Assignment Rules:

Assign grades based on the following total marks thresholds:

Grade Criteria (Total Marks)

- A 85 and above
- B 75 to 84.99
- C 65 to 74.99
- D 50 to 64.99
- E 35 to 49.99
- F Below 35

Note: The total marks are out of 100 (each test is out of 25).

Regression Task:

Build a **Simple Linear Regression Model** using:

- Independent Variable (X): TEST-1 MARKS
- Dependent Variable (y): Total Marks

The goal is to:

- 1. Fit a model to predict Total_Marks based on TEST-1_MARKS.
- 2. Output the model's **intercept** and **slope**.
- 3. Generate predictions for total marks.
- 4. Compare the predicted and actual total marks and find MSE and R2 score
- 5. **Visualize** the data points and regression line using a scatter plot.

Openition Deliverables:

- 1. Cleaned and processed DataFrame with:
 - o Total Marks column.
 - o Grade column.
 - o Predicted Total column (from the regression model).
- 2. Regression model parameters (intercept and coefficient).
- 3. Scatter plot showing actual vs predicted values with a regression line

Extra:

Objectives

- 1. **Search** through random_state values in the range 0–50.
- 2. For each random_state:
 - \circ Split the data (80% train / 20% test).
 - o Train a linear regression model on the training set.
 - \circ Evaluate its R^2 on the test set.
- 3. **Identify** the random_state that yields the $maximum R^2$.
- 4. **Plot** a line graph of \mathbb{R}^2 score vs. random state for all values in [0,1,...,50].