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Objective

The goal of this test plan is to ensure the quality, functionality, and reliability of the Restful returns the word corresponding to the positive number passed as parameter. Limited to quadrillions.

<https://www.dataaccess.com/webservicesserver/NumberConversion.wso?op=NumberToWords>

Scope

Scope of Test Plan for Restful Booker API:

1. Functional Testing:

- Verify the correctness and functionality of all API endpoints as per the API documentation.
- Test various scenarios for booking creation, modification, and cancellation.
- Validate user authentication and authorization mechanisms for protected endpoints.

2. Data Validation Testing:

- Ensure that the API correctly validates input data, rejecting invalid requests.
- Test boundary values for input fields to check for any unexpected behavior.
- Validate the accuracy of data returned in responses.

3. Error Handling Testing:

- Verify that appropriate error codes and messages are returned for invalid requests.
- Check error responses for sensitive information disclosure.
- Validate the API's ability to handle unexpected errors gracefully.

4. Performance Testing:

- Assess the API's response time under normal and peak loads to identify potential bottlenecks.
- Measure the API's throughput and scalability to handle concurrent requests.

5. Security Testing:

- Conduct security assessments to identify vulnerabilities such as SQL injection, XSS, etc.
- Validate the API's compliance with secure data transmission practices (e.g., HTTPS).
- Check for proper access controls to prevent unauthorized access to sensitive resources.

6. Integration Testing:

- Verify interactions between different API endpoints and services.
- Test data consistency across related endpoints.

7. Compatibility Testing:

- Test the API on different platforms, browsers, and devices to ensure cross-compatibility.

8. Documentation Review:

- Assess the clarity, completeness, and accuracy of the API documentation.
- Verify that the API documentation is in sync with the actual API behavior.

9. Load Testing:

- Evaluate the API's behavior under high concurrent user loads to ensure stability.

10. Regression Testing:

- Conduct regression testing after bug fixes or updates to ensure existing functionality remains intact.

11. Edge Case Testing:

- Test extreme and boundary scenarios to identify potential issues.

12. Concurrency Testing:

- Assess the API's behavior when multiple users attempt to access and modify bookings simultaneously.

13. Ad Hoc Testing:

- Perform exploratory testing to identify any hidden defects or usability issues.

14. Usability Testing:

- Evaluate the API's user-friendliness and ease of use from a developer's perspective.

15. Continuous Integration and Deployment (CI/CD) Testing:

- Validate the API's behavior within the CI/CD pipeline to ensure smooth deployments.

16. Performance Monitoring:

- Implement monitoring to track API performance in real-time.

17. Backup and Recovery Testing:

- Validate data backup and recovery procedures to ensure data integrity.

18. Internationalization Testing:

- Test the API's behavior with different language settings.

19. Rate Limiting Testing:

- Check the API's adherence to rate-limiting rules to prevent abuse.

20. Third-Party Integration Testing:

- Validate any third-party integrations for smooth functioning.

It's important to note that the scope of the test plan may evolve during the testing process based on feedback, changing requirements, or discoveries during testing. The scope should be reviewed and adjusted accordingly throughout the testing phase to ensure comprehensive coverage of the Restful Booker API.

Inclusions

Create (POST) Operations:

Test the API's ability to create new bookings using valid input data.
Verify that appropriate error responses are returned for invalid or missing data.
Validate that newly created bookings are stored correctly in the system.

Read (GET) Operations:

Test the API's ability to retrieve booking information by various criteria (e.g., booking ID, date range, guest name).
Verify that the API returns the correct data in response to read requests.
Test for correct handling of non-existent or invalid booking IDs.

Update (PUT) Operations:

Test the API's ability to update existing bookings with valid data.
Verify that the API rejects invalid update requests with appropriate error responses.
Validate that the booking data is correctly modified in the system after updates.

Delete (DELETE) Operations:

Test the API's ability to delete bookings by providing valid booking IDs.
Verify that the API returns appropriate responses after successful deletion.
Validate that the deleted bookings are removed from the system.

Boundary Testing:

Test the API with minimum and maximum allowed values for input fields.
Validate the behavior of the API with values close to the boundaries.

Concurrency Testing:

Test the API's behavior when multiple users try to perform CRUD operations simultaneously.
Verify data consistency and handling of concurrent modifications.

Data Validation:

Test the API's response to various data validation scenarios (e.g., invalid characters, data types, mandatory fields).
Verify that the API handles validation errors appropriately.

Authentication and Authorization:

Test CRUD operations for both authenticated and unauthenticated users.
Verify that only authorized users can perform certain CRUD operations.

Error Handling:

Test the API's response when invalid or malformed requests are made for CRUD operations.
Validate that appropriate error codes and messages are returned.

Security Testing:

Test for security vulnerabilities during CRUD operations (e.g., SQL injection, XSS).
Verify that sensitive data is not exposed in responses.

Performance Testing:

Evaluate the API's response time for CRUD operations under normal and peak loads.
Measure the throughput and scalability of the API.

Integration Testing:

Verify the interaction and data consistency between CRUD operations and other API components.

Regression Testing:

Perform regression tests after bug fixes or updates to ensure existing CRUD functionalities remain intact.

Documentation Review:

Assess the accuracy of API documentation related to CRUD operations.

Load Testing:

Evaluate the API's behavior and performance during CRUD operations under high concurrent user loads.

Compatibility Testing:

Test the API's CRUD operations on different platforms, browsers, and devices.

Usability Testing:

Evaluate the ease of using CRUD functionalities from a developer's perspective.

Continuous Integration and Deployment (CI/CD) Testing:

Validate the CRUD operations within the CI/CD pipeline to ensure smooth deployments.

Rate Limiting Testing:

Check the API's adherence to rate-limiting rules for CRUD operations to prevent abuse.

Backup and Recovery Testing:

Validate data backup and recovery procedures for CRUD-related data.

restful-booker 1.0.0

API documentation for the playground API restful-booker. [Click here to go back to Home](#)

Buy me a tea 0

Auth

Auth - CreateToken 1.0.0

Creates a new auth token to use for access to the PUT and DELETE /booking

POST

`https://restful-booker.herokuapp.com/auth`

Example 1:

```
curl -X POST \
  https://restful-booker.herokuapp.com/auth \
  -H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
  -d '{
    "username": "admin",
    "password": "password123"
  }'
```

Header

Test Environments

The **operating systems** and versions that will be used for testing, such as Windows 10, macOS, or Linux.

The **browsers and versions** that will be tested, such as Google Chrome, Mozilla Firefox, or Microsoft Edge.

The **device types and screen sizes** that will be used for testing, such as desktop computers, laptops, tablets, and smartphones.

The **network connectivity and bandwidth** that will be available for testing, such as Wi-Fi, cellular, or wired connections.

The hardware and software requirements for running the test cases, such as a specific processor, memory, or storage capacity.

The **security protocols and authentication methods** that will be used to access the test environment, such as passwords, tokens, or certificates.

The **access permissions and roles of the team members who will be using the test environment**, such as testers, developers, or stakeholders.

Name	Env url
QA	https://restful-booker.herokuapp.com/apidoc/index.html
Pre Prod	https://restful-booker.herokuapp.com/apidoc/index.html

Windows 10 – Chrome, Firefox and Edge

- Mac OS – Safari Browser
- Android Mobile OS – Chrome
- iPhone Mobile OS - Safari

Defect Reporting Procedure

The criteria for identifying a defect, such as deviation from the requirements, user experience issues, or technical errors.

The **steps for reporting a defect**, such as using a designated template, providing detailed reproduction steps, and attaching screenshots or logs.

The **process for triaging and prioritizing defects**, such as assigning severity and priority levels, and assigning them to the appropriate team members for investigation and resolution.

The **tools and systems** that will be used for tracking and managing defects, such as a defect tracking software or a project management tool.

The **roles and responsibilities of the team members** involved in the defect reporting process, such as testers, developers, and the test lead.

The **communication channels** and frequencies for updating stakeholders on the progress and status of defects.

The metrics and metrics that will be used to measure the effectiveness of the defect reporting process, such as the number of defects found, the time taken to resolve them, and the percentage of defects that were successfully fixed.

Defect Process	POC
New Frontend	Devesh
Backend	Sonal
Dev Ops	Prajeeth

Tools - JIRA

Test Strategy

The first step is to create test scenarios and test cases for the various features in Scope.

While developing test cases, we'll use a number of test design techniques.

- o Equivalence Class Partition
- o **Boundary Value Analysis**
- o Decision Table Testing
- o State Transition Testing
- o Use Case Testing

We also use our expertise in creating Test Cases by applying the below:

- o Error Guessing
- o Exploratory Testing
- We prioritize the Test Cases

Step 2: Our testing procedure when we receive a request for testing:

- **First, we'll conduct smoke testing to see if t**he various and important functionalities of the application are working.

- **We reject the build, if** the Smoke Testing fails and will wait for the stable build before performing in depth testing of the application functionalities.
- Once we receive a stable build, which passes Smoke Testing, **we perform in depth testing using the Test Cases created.**
- Multiple Test Resources will be testing the same Application on Multiple Supported Environments simultaneously.

We then **report the bugs in bug tracking tool** and send dev. management the defect found on that day in a status end of the day email.

As part of the Testing, we will perform the below types of Testing:

- o Smoke Testing and Sanity Testing
- o Regression Testing and Retesting
- o Usability Testing, Functionality & UI Testing
- We repeat Test Cycles until we get the quality product.

Step3 – We will follow the below best practices to make our Testing better:

- **Context Driven Testing** – We will be performing Testing as per the context of the given application.
- **Shift Left Testing** – **We will start testing from the beginning stages of the development itself,** instead of waiting for the stable build.
- **Exploratory Testing** – Using our expertise we will perform Exploratory Testing, apart from the normal execution of the Test cases.
- **End to End Flow Testing** – We will test the end-to-end scenario which involve multiple functionalities to simulate the end user flows.

Test Schedule

Following is the test schedule planned for the project –
Task Time Duration

Task	Dates
▪ Creating Test Plan	
▪ Test Case Creation	
▪ Test Case Execution	
▪ Summary Reports Submission Date	

2 Sprints to Test the Application

Test Deliverables.

The following are to be delivered to the client:

Deliverables	Description	Target Completion Date
Test Plan	Details on the scope of the Project, test strategy, test schedule, resource requirements, test deliverables and schedule	Date
Functional Test Cases	Test Cases created for the scope defined	Date
Defect Reports	Detailed description of the defects identified along with screenshots and steps to reproduce on a daily basis.	NA
Summary Reports	Summary Reports – Bugs by Bug#, Bugs by Functional Area and Bugs by Priority	Date

Entry and Exit Criteria

The below are the entry and exit criteria for every phase of Software Testing Life Cycle:

Requirement Analysis

Entry Criteria:

- Once the testing team receives the Requirements Documents or details about the Project

Exit Criteria:

- List of Requirements are explored and understood by the Testing team
- Doubts are cleared

Test Execution

Entry Criteria:

- Test Scenarios and Test Cases Documents are signed-off by the Client
- Application is ready for Testing

Exit Criteria:

- Test Case Reports, Defect Reports are ready

Test Closure

Entry Criteria:

- Test Case Reports, Defect Reports are ready

Exit Criteria:

- Test Summary Reports

Tools

The following are the list of Tools we will be using in this Project:

- JIRA Bug Tracking Tool
- Mind map Tool
- Snipping Screenshot Tool
- Word and Excel documents

Risks and Mitigations

The following are the list of risks possible and the ways to mitigate them:

Risk: Non-Availability of a Resource

Mitigation: Backup Resource Planning

Risk: Build URL is not working

Mitigation: Resources will work on other tasks

Risk: Less time for Testing

Mitigation: Ramp up the resources based on the Client needs dynamically

Approvals

Team will send different types of documents for Client Approval like below:

- Test Plan
- Test Scenarios
- Test Cases
- Reports

Testing will only continue to the next steps once these approvals are done