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Problem - 2 Advection Ean analytical Soln (variable) coeff
       ut + 1 1 ux =0
          1 + 1 cos2
    comparing with a general PDE of the form u_t + au_x = 0 with u(0,x) = u_0(2)
     which can be recast into a system of
   2 ODE'S
2 NO- 00 7 T.K ... LOS 1754 1 1 = 30 2
     \frac{du}{dt} = 0 on (t, x(t)), \frac{dx}{dt} = a
      u(x,0) = u_0(x)
       comparing, we get a = 1
               dx 1 + 1/2 coex
           =>
           = > \frac{1+1\cos x}{2} dx = dt
           Integrating both sides,
           \Rightarrow \int \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} \cos n\right) dn = \int dt
               if u(x,0) = uo(3)
           \begin{bmatrix} \chi + \sin \chi \end{bmatrix}^2 = \begin{bmatrix} t \end{bmatrix}_0^t
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	=> 2+ SIN2 - 5 - SIN3 = t	
Ŝ	2	the state of the s
3	$= \frac{3 + \sin 3}{2} = \frac{x + \sin x}{2} = \frac{t}{2}$	
	=> if $u(x,0) = u(x,0) = u_0(x,0) = u_0(x,0$	soln
Ī	3+ Sin 3 = 9L+ Sin 9L - t 2 2	
	soln for the PDE u(2,t) can be written	n as
	$u(x,t) = u_0(x-at)e^{-bt^2} + \int f(x-a(t-s),s)e^{-t}$	ds_
į.	=> $u(x,t) = u_0(x-at)$ substitute $z = x-at$	
	7 = t	
J	$\Rightarrow u(t, x) = u_0(\xi)$	
	where 3 is the soln for	
	3 + Sin 3 = x + Sin x - t	
	2 2	
<u>n</u>		
1		