

CS 251 (Software Systems Lab): Doxygen

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Chapter 1

Class Index

1.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

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Chapter 2

File Index

2.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

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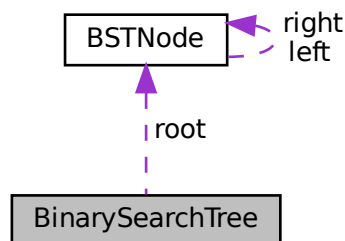
Chapter 3

Class Documentation

3.1 BinarySearchTree Class Reference

The class for a Binary Search Tree.

Collaboration diagram for BinarySearchTree:



Public Types

- enum `order` { `PRE`, `IN`, `POST` }

An enumeration of the possible orders in which the tree may be traversed.

Public Member Functions

- `BinarySearchTree ()`
Construct a new Binary Search Tree object with no root.
- void `insert` (long long int val)
Inserts data in the Binary Search Tree.
- void `traverse` (`BSTNode *T`, `order tt`)
traverses a Binary Search Tree in a given manner from a given node
- long long int `height` (`BSTNode *T`)
Returns the height of a Node in a Binary Search Tree.

Public Attributes

- `BSTNode * root`

A pointer to the root of the Binary Search Tree.

3.1.1 Detailed Description

The class for a Binary Search Tree.

3.1.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

3.1.2.1 order

enum `BinarySearchTree::order`

An enumeration of the possible orders in which the tree may be traversed.

Enumerator

PRE	Preorder traversal
IN	Inorder traversal
POST	Postorder traversal

3.1.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.1.3.1 BinarySearchTree()

```
BinarySearchTree::BinarySearchTree ( ) [inline]
```

Construct a new Binary Search Tree object with no root.

3.1.4 Member Function Documentation

3.1.4.1 height()

```
long long int BinarySearchTree::height (
    BSTNode * T ) [inline]
```

Returns the height of a Node in a Binary Search Tree.

Parameters

<i>T</i>	the Node whose height is to be found
----------	--------------------------------------

Returns

the height

3.1.4.2 insert()

```
void BinarySearchTree::insert (
    long long int val ) [inline]
```

Inserts data in the Binary Search Tree.

Parameters

<i>val</i>	Data to be inserted in the Binary Search Tree
------------	---

3.1.4.3 traverse()

```
void BinarySearchTree::traverse (
    BSTNode * T,
    order tt ) [inline]
```

traverses a Binary Search Tree in a given manner from a given node

Parameters

<i>T</i>	Node from which we start our traversal
<i>tt</i>	Manner in which we traverse the Binary Search Tree (Preorder/Inorder/Postorder)

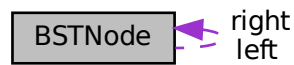
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [DSA.cpp](#)

3.2 BSTNode Class Reference

The class for each node in a Binary Search Tree.

Collaboration diagram for BSTNode:



Public Member Functions

- [BSTNode](#) (long long int val)
Construct a new [BSTNode](#) object with no left or right children.

Public Attributes

- long long int [info](#)
Data stored in the node.
- long long int [level](#)
Level of the node (Distance from the root)
- [BSTNode](#) * [left](#)
Pointer to the left child of the node.
- [BSTNode](#) * [right](#)
Pointer to the right child of the node.

3.2.1 Detailed Description

The class for each node in a Binary Search Tree.

3.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.2.2.1 BSTNode()

```
BSTNode::BSTNode (
    long long int val ) [inline]
```

Construct a new [BSTNode](#) object with no left or right children.

Parameters

<i>val</i>	Data to be stored in the node
------------	-------------------------------

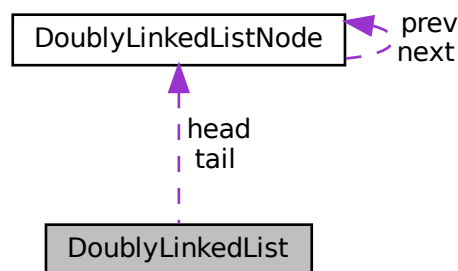
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [DSA.cpp](#)

3.3 DoublyLinkedList Class Reference

The class for a doubly linked list.

Collaboration diagram for DoublyLinkedList:



Public Member Functions

- [DoublyLinkedList](#) ()
Construct a new Doubly Linked List object with the head and tail pointers initialized to null.
- void [insert](#) (long long int data)
Inserts the given data at the tail of the Doubly Linked List.
- void [printer](#) (string sep=", ")
Prints out the entire Doubly Linked List.
- void [reverse](#) ()
Reverses the list.

Public Attributes

- [DoublyLinkedListNode](#) * [head](#)
A pointer to the head of the doubly linked list.
- [DoublyLinkedListNode](#) * [tail](#)
A pointer to the tail of the doubly linked list.

3.3.1 Detailed Description

The class for a doubly linked list.

3.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.3.2.1 DoublyLinkedList()

```
DoublyLinkedList::DoublyLinkedList ( ) [inline]
```

Construct a new Doubly Linked List object with the head and tail pointers initialized to null.

3.3.3 Member Function Documentation

3.3.3.1 insert()

```
void DoublyLinkedList::insert (
    long long int data ) [inline]
```

Inserts the given data at the tail of the Doubly Linked List.

Parameters

<i>data</i>	The data to be inserted
-------------	-------------------------

3.3.3.2 printer()

```
void DoublyLinkedList::printer (
    string sep = ", " ) [inline]
```

Prints out the entire Doubly Linked List.

Parameters

<i>sep</i>	An optional parameter that denotes the separator of the values. By default it is ", "
------------	---

3.3.3.3 reverse()

```
void DoublyLinkedList::reverse ( ) [inline]
```

Reverses the list.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [DSA.cpp](#)

3.4 DoublyLinkedListNode Class Reference

The class for each node in a doubly linked list.

Collaboration diagram for DoublyLinkedListNode:



Public Member Functions

- [DoublyLinkedListNode](#) ()
Construct a new Doubly Linked List Node object, with data set to -1 and the pointers to the previous and next nodes set to null.
- [DoublyLinkedListNode](#) (long long int val)
Construct a new Doubly Linked List Node object with pointers to the previous and next nodes set to null.

Public Attributes

- long long int [data](#)
An integer describing the data stored in the node.
- [DoublyLinkedListNode](#) * [next](#)
A pointer to the next node in the Doubly Linked List.
- [DoublyLinkedListNode](#) * [prev](#)
A pointer to the previous node in the Doubly Linked List.

3.4.1 Detailed Description

The class for each node in a doubly linked list.

3.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.4.2.1 DoublyLinkedListNode() [1/2]

```
DoublyLinkedListNode::DoublyLinkedListNode ( ) [inline]
```

Construct a new Doubly Linked List Node object, with data set to -1 and the pointers to the previous and next nodes set to null.

3.4.2.2 DoublyLinkedListNode() [2/2]

```
DoublyLinkedListNode::DoublyLinkedListNode (
    long long int val ) [inline]
```

Construct a new Doubly Linked List Node object with pointers to the previous and next nodes set to null.

Parameters

<i>val</i>	Data to be stored in the node
------------	-------------------------------

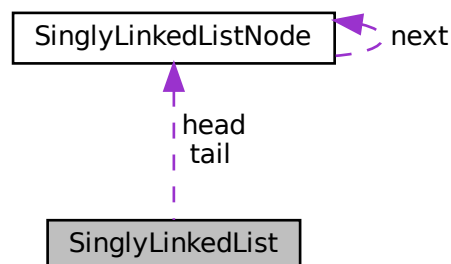
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [DSA.cpp](#)

3.5 SinglyLinkedList Class Reference

The class for a singly linked list.

Collaboration diagram for SinglyLinkedList:



Public Member Functions

- [SinglyLinkedList](#) ()
Constructs a new Singly Linked List object with head and tail pointers both set to null.
- void [insert](#) (long long int data)
Inserts data into a linked list at the end.
- [SinglyLinkedListNode](#) * [find](#) (long long int data)
Returns a pointer to first node containing the data.
- bool [deleteVal](#) (long long int data)
Deletes a given value from a linked list.
- void [printer](#) (string sep=", ")
Prints out the entire singly linked list.
- void [reverse](#) ()
Reverses our list.

Public Attributes

- [SinglyLinkedListNode](#) * [head](#)
Pointer to the head node of the list (a public variable)
- [SinglyLinkedListNode](#) * [tail](#)
Pointer to the tail node of the list (a public variable)

3.5.1 Detailed Description

The class for a singly linked list.

3.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.5.2.1 SinglyLinkedList()

```
SinglyLinkedList::SinglyLinkedList ( ) [inline]
```

Constructs a new Singly Linked List object with head and tail pointers both set to null.

Parameters

<i>None</i>	
-------------	--

3.5.3 Member Function Documentation

3.5.3.1 deleteVal()

```
bool SinglyLinkedList::deleteVal (
    long long int data ) [inline]
```

Deletes a given value from a linked list.

Parameters

<i>data</i>	(value to be deleted)
-------------	-----------------------

Returns

true (if the data was successfully deleted)
false (if the data was not present in the list)

3.5.3.2 find()

```
SinglyLinkedListNode* SinglyLinkedList::find (
    long long int data ) [inline]
```

Returns a pointer to first node containing the data.

Parameters

<i>data</i>	
-------------	--

Returns

SinglyLinkedListNode*
tail (if the data occurs first at the tail or if it is not present at all)

3.5.3.3 insert()

```
void SinglyLinkedList::insert (
    long long int data ) [inline]
```

Inserts data into a linked list at the end.

Parameters

<i>data</i>	(The inserted data)
-------------	---------------------

Returns

void

3.5.3.4 printer()

```
void SinglyLinkedList::printer (
    string sep = ", " ) [inline]
```

Prints out the entire singly linked list.

Parameters

<i>sep</i>	An optional parameter that denotes the separator of the values. By default it is ", "
------------	---

3.5.3.5 reverse()

```
void SinglyLinkedList::reverse ( ) [inline]
```

Reverses our list.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [DSA.cpp](#)

3.6 SinglyLinkedListNode Class Reference

The class for each node in a singly linked list.

Collaboration diagram for SinglyLinkedListNode:



Public Member Functions

- [SinglyLinkedListNode](#) ()
Construct a new Singly Linked List Node object with next as null and data as -1.
- [SinglyLinkedListNode](#) (long long int val)
Construct a new Singly Linked List Node object with next as null and data as -1.

Public Attributes

- long long int [data](#)
A large integer to store data. This variable is public.
- [SinglyLinkedListNode](#) * [next](#)
A pointer to the next node. This variable is public.

3.6.1 Detailed Description

The class for each node in a singly linked list.

3.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.6.2.1 [SinglyLinkedListNode\(\)](#) [1/2]

```
SinglyLinkedListNode::SinglyLinkedListNode ( ) [inline]
```

Construct a new Singly Linked List Node object with next as null and data as -1.

Parameters

<i>None</i>	
-------------	--

3.6.2.2 [SinglyLinkedListNode\(\)](#) [2/2]

```
SinglyLinkedListNode::SinglyLinkedListNode (
    long long int val ) [inline]
```

Construct a new Singly Linked List Node object with next as null and data as -1.

Parameters

<i>val</i>	(A large integer)
------------	-------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [DSA.cpp](#)

3.7 Trie Class Reference

The class for a Suffix-Trie.

Public Member Functions

- [Trie](#) ()
Construct a new [Trie](#) object with no nodes and an empty Dictionary.
- bool [find](#) ([Trie](#) *T, char c)
Checks if a character is present in the dictionary.
- void [insert](#) (string s)
Inserts a string into the Suffix [Trie](#).
- bool [checkPrefix](#) (string s)
Checks if a prefix of a given string is present in our [Trie](#).
- long long int [countPrefix](#) (string s)
Counts the number of prefixes of a given string present in our [Trie](#).

Public Attributes

- long long int [count](#)
Count of nodes in the trie.
- map< char, [Trie](#) * > [nodes](#)
Dictionary of pointers to nodes with characters as keys and pointers to Tries as values.

3.7.1 Detailed Description

The class for a Suffix-Trie.

3.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.7.2.1 [Trie\(\)](#)

```
Trie::Trie ( ) [inline]
```

Construct a new [Trie](#) object with no nodes and an empty Dictionary.

3.7.3 Member Function Documentation

3.7.3.1 [checkPrefix\(\)](#)

```
bool Trie::checkPrefix (  
    string s ) [inline]
```

Checks if a prefix of a given string is present in our [Trie](#).

Parameters

s	The given string
----------	------------------

Returns

true if any prefix of the given string is present in our [Trie](#)

false if no prefix of the given string is present in our [Trie](#)

3.7.3.2 countPrefix()

```
long long int Trie::countPrefix (
    string s ) [inline]
```

Counts the number of prefixes of a given string present in our [Trie](#).

Parameters

s	The given string
----------	------------------

Returns

The number of prefixes of this string

3.7.3.3 find()

```
bool Trie::find (
    Trie * T,
    char c ) [inline]
```

Checks if a character is present in the dictionary.

Parameters

T	A pointer to the trie
c	The character whose existence in the dictionary is to be checked

Returns

true If the character is present

false If the character is not present

3.7.3.4 insert()

```
void Trie::insert (  
    string s ) [inline]
```

Inserts a string into the Suffix [Trie](#).

Parameters

s	The string to be inserted
---	---------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [DSA.cpp](#)

Chapter 4

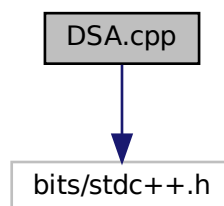
File Documentation

4.1 DSA.cpp File Reference

Some implementations of common Data Structures and Algorithms.

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
```

Include dependency graph for DSA.cpp:



Classes

- class [SinglyLinkedListNode](#)
The class for each node in a singly linked list.
- class [SinglyLinkedList](#)
The class for a singly linked list.
- class [DoublyLinkedListNode](#)
The class for each node in a doubly linked list.
- class [DoublyLinkedList](#)
The class for a doubly linked list.
- class [BSTNode](#)
The class for each node in a Binary Search Tree.
- class [BinarySearchTree](#)
The class for a Binary Search Tree.
- class [Trie](#)
The class for a Suffix-Trie.

Macros

- `#define ll long long int`
- `#define vi vector<int>`
- `#define vll vector<ll>`

Functions

- `ostream & operator<< (ostream &out, const SinglyLinkedListNode &node)`
A function that prints out the data in a node object.
- `SinglyLinkedList merge (SinglyLinkedList list1, SinglyLinkedList list2)`
Merges two sorted singly linked lists and returns the new list.
- `ostream & operator<< (ostream &out, const DoublyLinkedListNode &node)`
Prints out the data in a node.
- `ostream & operator<< (ostream &out, const BSTNode &node)`
Prints out the data stored in a node.

4.1.1 Detailed Description

Some implementations of common Data Structures and Algorithms.

Author

CS 251 TAs

Date

21st September 2022

4.1.2 Function Documentation

4.1.2.1 merge()

```
SinglyLinkedList merge (
    SinglyLinkedList list1,
    SinglyLinkedList list2 )
```

Merges two sorted singly linked lists and returns the new list.

Parameters

<i>list1</i>	A sorted singly linked list
<i>list2</i>	Another sorted singly linked list

Returns

[SinglyLinkedList](#)

4.1.2.2 operator<<() [1/3]

```
ostream& operator<< (
    ostream & out,
    const BSTNode & node )
```

Prints out the data stored in a node.

Parameters

<i>out</i>	The stream to which data is to be printed
<i>node</i>	The node whose data is to be printed

Returns

ostream&

4.1.2.3 operator<<() [2/3]

```
ostream& operator<< (
    ostream & out,
    const DoublyLinkedListNode & node )
```

Prints out the data in a node.

Parameters

<i>out</i>	Stream in which data is to be printed
<i>node</i>	Node whose data is to be printed

Returns

ostream&

4.1.2.4 operator<<() [3/3]

```
ostream& operator<< (
    ostream & out,
    const SinglyLinkedListNode & node )
```

A function that prints out the data in a node object.

Parameters

<i>out</i>	(The stream)
<i>node</i>	(The node object)

Returns

ostream&

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