

Experiment - 1

July 25, 2020

Aim:

Introduction to VHDL and MODELSIM simulator and implementation of basic gates in vdh.

Software used:

MODELSIM

Theory :

VHDL: Very high speed intergrated circuit Hardware Description Language.

It is a hardware description language that can be used to model a digital system at many levels of abstraction ranging from algorithmic level to the gate level. The complexity of the digital system being modeled could vary from that of a simple gate to a complete digital electronic systems, or anything in between. The Digital Systems can be also be described hierarchically. Timing can also be explicitly modeled of the Following languages: - sequential language - concurrent language - net-list language - timing specifications - waveform generation language

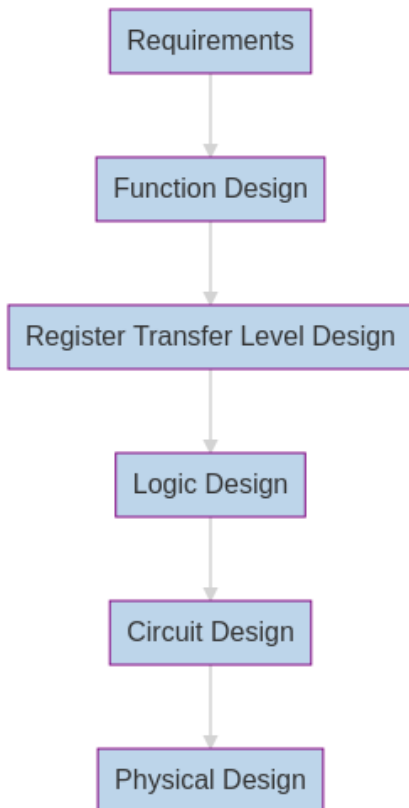
HDL have a specific purpose, rather than being used to design software, an HDL is used to define a computer chip. VHDL can be used to describe any type of circuitry and is frequently used in the design, simulation, and testing of processors, CPUs, motherboards, FPGAs, ASICs, and many other types of types of digital circuitry.

ModelSim: ModelSim is a multi-language HDL simulation environment by Mentor Graphics, for simulation of hardware description languages such as VHDL, Verilog and SystemC, and includes a built-in C debugger. ModelSim can be used independently, or in conjunction with Intel Quartus Prime, Xilinx ISE or Xilinx Vivado. Simulation is performed using the graphical user interface (GUI), or automatically using scripts

- Unified mixed language simulation engine for ease of use and performance
- Native support of Verilog, SystemVerilog for design, VHDL, and SystemC for effective verification of sophisticated design environments
- Fast time-to-debug, easy to use, multi-language debug environment
- Advanced code coverage and analysis tools for fast time to coverage closure
- Interactive and Post-Sim Debug available so same debug environment used for both
- Powerful Waveform compare for easy analysis of differences and bugs
- Unified Coverage Database with complete interactive and HTML reporting and processing for understanding and debugging coverage throughout our project

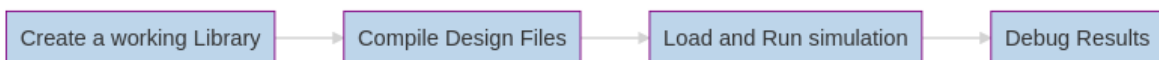
Physical Design Flow:

- Requirements
- Function Design: - Behavioral Simulation
- Register Transfer Level Design: - RTL Simulation validation
- Logic Design: - Logic simulation - Verification - Fault Simulation
- Circuit Design: - Timing simulation - Circuit Analysis
- Physical Design : - Design Rule Checking - MUXes, Flip-flops, Circuit level Desinging - Copper cloded path - CAD tools are used

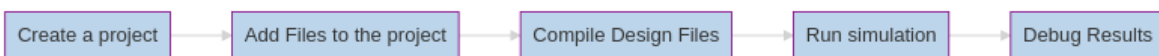


Block Diagram showing ModelSim Software:

Basic Simulation Flow



Project Flow



Steps for using Software:

Usage Flow:

1. Start ModelSim
2. Create a project
3. Add VHDL file to project
4. Edit/Compilation:
 1. Compile files into new library by selecting the compile button
 2. Complete the compilation by selecting file and pressing compile
5. Load the design unit. Select the Load design button from the tool bar:
 1. The load design dialog box lets us select the library and top-level design unit to simulate.
6. Select the entity and choose Load to accept these settings
7. Select view > All from the main window menu to open all ModelSium windows
8. From the signal window menu, select view > List > Signal in Region. This commands displays the top-level signals in the list window.
9. Add top-level signals to the wave window by selecting view>wave>signals in Region from the signals window menu

Running the simmulation:

1. Click in the main window and enter the fallowing command at the VSIM prompt:

```
force clk 1 50, 0 100 -repeat 100
```

2. Now we will exercise two different Run functions from the toolbar buttons on either main window or wave window. Select the Run button first. When the run is complete, select Run All.
3. Select the Break button on either Main or Wave toolbar to interrupt the run. The simulator will stop running as soon as it gets to an acceptable stopping point.
4. Select the Continue Run button to resume the run that we interrupted. ModelSim will hit the breakpoint, as shown by an arrow in the source window and by a Break message in the Main window.
5. Click the Step button to single-step through the simulation. Notice that the values change in the variables window.
6. When we're done, quit the simulator by entering the command: quit -force

Example of VHDL Code:

AND GATE:

```
entity and is
    port (i0, i1 : in bit;
          o0: out bit);
end and;
architecture andgate of and is
begin
    o0 <= i0 and i1;
end andgate;
```

OR GATE:

```
entity or is
    port (i0, i1 : in bit;
          o0: out bit);
architecture orgate of or is
begin
    o0 <= i0 or i1;
end orgate;
```

NOT GATE:

```
entity not is
    port (i0 : in bit;
          o0: out bit);
end not;
architecture notgate of not is
begin
    o0 <= not i0 ;
end notgate;
```

NAND GATE:

```
entity nand is
    port (i0, i1 : in bit;
          o0: out bit);
end nand;
architecture nandgate of nand is
begin
    o0 <= not (i0 and i1);
end nandgate;
```

NOR GATE:

```
entity nor is
    port (i0, i1 : in bit;
          o0: out bit);
end nor;
architecture norgate of nor is
begin
    o0 <= not (i0 or i1);
end norgate;
```

XOR GATE:

```
entity xor is
  port (i0, i1 : in bit;
        o0: out bit);
end xor;
architecture xorgate of xor is
begin
  o0 <= ((not i0) and i1) or ((not i1) and i0);
end xorgate;
```

XNOR GATE:

```
entity xnor is
  port (i0, i1 : in bit;
        o0: out bit);
end xnor;
architecture xnorgate of xnor is
begin
  o0 <= ((not i0) and (not i1) or ( i0 and i1);
end xnorgate;
```

Result:

Basics of VHDL were studied and Introduction to ModelSim Software. Basic gates were implemented in VHDL.