# **ASHWIN KAMBHAMPATI**

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# **Contact Information**

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# **Personal Information:**

Citizenship: United States Language: English (native)

# <u>Undergraduate Studies</u>:

B.A., Economics (High Honors) and Mathematics, Oberlin College, 2014

# **Masters Level Work:**

A.M., Economics, University of Pennsylvania, 2018

## **Graduate Studies:**

University of Pennsylvania, 2014-2015 and 2016-present <u>Thesis Title</u>: *Incentives and Information for Teams* 

Expected Completion Date: May 2021

## Thesis Committee and References:

Professor George J. Mailath (Advisor)
Department of Economics
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Fields: Microeconomic Theory, Industrial Organization, Matching and Market Design

# **Teaching:**

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Sole Instructor		
Fall 2017	ECON 101: Intermediate Microeco	onomics, University of Pennsylvania
	Avg. Evaluation: 3.25 (versus cou	rse average of 2.31) on a 0-4 scale.
TA (Graduate)		-
Spring 2020	ECON 682: Game Theory, University of Pennsylvania	
	Instructor: J. Aislinn Bohren	Avg. Evaluation: 3.54 on a 0-4 scale.
TA (Undergradu	nate)	-
Fall 2019	ECON 013: Strategic Reasoning, University of Pennsylvania	
	Instructor: David Dillenberger	Avg. Evaluation: 3.29 on a 0-4 scale.
Spring 2018	ECON 235: Industrial Organization	n, University of Pennsylvania
	Instructor: J. Aislinn Bohren	Avg. Evaluation: 3.40 on a 0-4 scale.
Spring 2017	ECON 211: Social Choice, University of Pennsylvania	
	Instructor: SangMok Lee	Avg. Evaluation: 3.79 on a 0-4 scale.
Fall 2016	ECON 001: Intro Microeconomics	, University of Pennsylvania
	Instructor: Rebecca Stein	Avg. Evaluation: 2.16 on a 0-4 scale.
Fall 2012/2013	ECON 255: Intro Econometrics, O	berlin College
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Instructor: Barbara Craig

# **Teaching Awards and Training:**

Spring 2018	Joel Popkin Graduate Student Teaching Prize in Economics
Fall 2017	Center for Teaching and Learning (CTL) Teaching Certificate

#### **Research Assistance:**

2020-present	University of Pennsylvania, George J. Mailath and Rakesh V. Vohra
Spring 2019	University of Pennsylvania, Rohit Lamba
2018-2019	University of Pennsylvania, George J. Mailath and Andrew Postlewaite
Summer 2017	University of Pennsylvania, Camilo Garcia-Jimeno
Summer 2013	Boston University, Laurence J. Kotlikoff
Spring 2012	Oberlin College, Ron Cheung

# **Other Employment:**

Summer 2018	Copy Editor for "Modeling Strategic Behavior" by George J. Mailath
2013-2014	Oberlin College, Academic Ambassador (Peer Advisor)
Spring 2013	White House Council of Economic Advisers, Intern
Summer 2012	United States Department of Justice, Antitrust Division, Intern

# **External Presentations**

2021 6 <sup>th</sup> World Congress of the	Game Theory Society (scheduled)
2020 12 <sup>th</sup> World Congress of the	e Econometric Society
2018 29 <sup>th</sup> Stony Brook Internati	onal Conference on Game Theory
2018 Pennsylvania Economic T	heory Conference (poster)
2017 28 <sup>th</sup> Jerusalem School in E	Economic Theory (poster)

# **Scholarships and Honorary Societies:**

2014-2019	University Fellowship, University of Pennsylvania
2014	Phi Beta Kappa, Oberlin College
2014	Omicron Delta Epsilon, Oberlin College

# **Research Papers:**

# **Robust Performance Evaluation** (Job Market Paper)

Team-based incentive pay is justified in the absence of task interdependency or correlation in individual performances when robustness is a concern. In a moral hazard in teams model in which a principal knows that the agents she compensates are identical and technologically independent, but does not know all of the actions they can take, I show that any worst-case optimal contract exhibits *joint performance evaluation* and is *nonlinear* in the value the team produces. This result establishes a new channel leading to the optimality of joint performance evaluation and formalizes a longstanding idea that interdependent incentive schemes are advantageous due to their flexibility. It contrasts with the classical theory of incentives, which finds *independent performance evaluation* to be Bayesian optimal, and with the recent literature on robust contracting with unbounded uncertainty, which finds *linear* incentive schemes to be worst-case optimal.

# The Optimal Assortativity of Teams Inside the Firm (with Carlos Segura-Rodriguez)

How does a profit-maximizing manager form teams and compensate workers in the presence of both adverse selection and moral hazard? Under complete information, it is well known that any complementarity in characteristics implies that positive assortative matching is productively efficient. But, under asymmetric information, we uncover the problem of *disassortative incentives*: incentive costs may increase in assortativity. Profit maximization thus prescribes either random or negative assortative matching, both productively inefficient, when complementarities are weak and effort costs are high enough. When this is the case, the manager may instead prefer to delegate matching, allowing workers to sort themselves into teams. Our results shed light on recent empirical work documenting patterns of non-assortative matching inside of firms.

# Matching to Produce Information: A Model of Self-Organized Research Teams (with Carlos Segura-Rodriguez and Peng Shao)

In recent decades, research organizations have brought the "market inside the firm" by allowing workers to sort themselves into teams. How do research teams form absent a central authority? We introduce a model of team formation in which workers first match and then non-cooperatively produce correlated signals about an unknown state. We uncover a novel form of moral hazard: an efficient team of workers producing complementary signals may be disrupted if one of its members can form an inefficient team in which she exerts less effort. This inefficiency rationalizes targeted management interventions which designate specific workers as "project leaders" with more assumed responsibilities.

## Payoff Continuity in Games of Incomplete Information: An Equivalence Result

Monderer and Samet (1996) and Kajii and Morris (1998) define notions of proximity for countable, common prior information structures that preserve equilibrium payoff continuity. Monderer and Samet (1996) fix a common prior and perturb lists of partitions, while Kajii and Morris (1998) fix a type space and perturb common priors. Due to these differences, the precise relationship between the two papers has remained an open question. We establish an equivalence between them by mapping pairs of partition lists to pairs of common priors, and vice-versa. The key condition of the mapping ensures that belief types are changed independently of payoff types in the Kajii and Morris (1998) perturbation.

## **Research Papers in Progress:**

Search Committees with Disparate Costs (with S. Nageeb Ali and J. Aislinn Bohren)