

STN Analysis

Mapping Solutions to Locations

Name of program: hashing.cpp

Authors: Marco Contretas and Gabriela Ochoa

How to use the program

From unix/linux or Mac OS Terminal

- Go to the folder containing the program
- Compile the program

```
$ g++ -Wall -std=c++11 -o Hashing Hashing.cpp
```
- Run the program (example)

```
$ ./Hashing input_data.txt output_data.txt 2
```

In the example above, the program receives an input file (`input_data.txt`) and a numerical parameter (2) that indicates the number of decimal digits to consider. The program produces an output file (`output_data.txt`) that contains the float numbers converted into integers using 2 decimal digits.

In the output file, the fitness values are stored as integers. The solution vectors (with number of components n) are stored as integer numbers in hexadecimal, concatenating the vector n components.

How the program works

The program converts all the float numbers to integers according to the specified number of decimals. Let us consider an example:

- For a float number
 - $f = 4.5678$
- With $d = 2$ decimals, the integer representation is ,
 - $fint = 457$
- The program converts the float to integer with the following rule
 - $fint = \text{round}(f, d) * 10^d$, where d is the number of decimals.
- For a solution vector v with 3 components (separated with space)
 - $v = 2.3455 \ 4.5611 \ 3.2345$
- With $d = 2$ decimals, the integer representation is
 - $vint = 235 \ 456 \ 323$
- This will be encoded in hexadecimal with 8 digits
 - $vhex = 00000eb \ 00001c8 \ 00000143$
- The signature for the node is the concatenation of the hexadecimal numbers
 - $00000eb00001c800000143$

Important note

The number converted into integer, should not exceed the maximum size for integer numbers in C++. That is, the number *fvint* should be in the range $-2147483648 \leq fvint \leq 2147483647$

Format of input file

The input file should have the following format, and the heading below:

```
Run Value_Current_Best Current_Best n Value_Solution_At_Iteration Solution_At_Iteration
```

Where

Run: number of run

Value_Current_Best: Fitness value of solution

Current_Best: Current best solution vector

n: Number of components (dimension) of the solution vectors

Value_Solution_At_Iteration: Fitness value of the best next solution

Solution_At_Iteration: Next best solution vector

NOTE:

** n is only indicated in the heading, the data items should be separated by a space.

Example of input file with n = 2, and a single run

```
Run Value_Current_Best Current_Best 2 Value_Solution_At_Iteration Solution_At_Iteration
1 19.06153 -17.99794 11.99862 17.31881 -8.99551 10.99452
1 17.31881 -8.99551 10.99452 16.83417 -6.99551 10.99294
```

Output with a single decimal

```
Run Fitness Solution Fitness Next_Solution
1 191 fffffff4c00000078 173 fffffffa60000006e
1 173 fffffffa60000006e 168 fffffffba0000006e
```

Output with 2 decimals

```
Run Fitness Solution Fitness Next_Solution
1 1906 ffffff8f8000004b0 1732 ffffffc7c0000044b
1 1732 ffffffc7c0000044b 1683 ffffffd440000044b
```