

## Python Basics Exercise Set

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### ◆ Easy (10 Questions)

1. What will the following code print?

```
x = 5
if x > 3:
    print("Hello")
print("World")
```

- Explain why indentation matters here.
2. Write a single-line comment and a multi-line docstring in Python that describe what your code does.
  3. Declare variables for each of the following data types:
    - Integer
    - Float
    - String
    - Boolean
  4. Convert the string "123" into an integer and add 10 to it.
  5. Create a list of 5 numbers and print the second element.
  6. Create a tuple with three strings and show how to access the last element.
  7. What's the difference between `is` and `==` in Python? Give a small code example.
  8. Use an arithmetic operator to compute the remainder of  $19 \div 4$ .
  9. Write a loop that prints numbers from 1 to 5.
  10. Define a simple function `greet()` that prints "Hello from Python!".
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### ◆ Medium (10 Questions)

11. Explain dynamic typing in Python with an example.
12. Write code to:
  - Create a set with values {1, 2, 3, 3, 2}
  - Print the set
  - Explain why duplicates are removed.

13. Write a dictionary with keys "name", "age", and "city", and then print the "city" value.
  14. Demonstrate the use of:
    - `and`
    - `or`
    - `not` in three short expressions.
  15. Write a program using a `for` loop to calculate the sum of numbers from 1 to 100.
  16. Create a `while` loop that keeps asking the user to type "stop" until they do.
  17. Show an example of using `break`, `continue`, and `pass` in loops.
  18. Define a function `add_numbers(a, b=10)` that returns the sum of its arguments.
    - Call it with one argument.
    - Call it with two arguments.
  19. Write a function that takes any number of arguments (`*args`) and prints their sum.
  20. Show the difference between global and local variables with a code example.
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#### ◆ Hard / Tricky (5 Questions)

21. Write a function that takes both `*args` and `**kwargs` and prints them in a readable way.
22. Explain the LEGB rule of variable scope with a small example.
23. Given this code:

```
a = [1, 2, 3]
b = a
c = a[:]
a.append(4)
print(b)
print(c)
```

  - What will be printed and why?
24. Read the contents of `data.txt` using a context manager (`with open`), and print each line without extra newline characters.

25. Write code that tries to divide a number by zero, catches the exception, and prints "Cannot divide by zero!". Then, ensure "Done" is always printed at the end.
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◆ Use-Case / Practical (5 Questions)

26. Write a function `count_words(filename)` that opens a `.txt` file and returns the number of words in it.
27. Write a program that:
- Opens a `.json` file
  - Reads its content
  - Converts it into a Python dictionary.
28. Create a `.csv` file named `users.csv` with the following content:

```
name,age
Alice,30
Bob,25
```

Then write a Python program to read it and print each row.

29. Create a custom exception class called `NegativeNumberError`. Raise it if a user tries to input a negative number.
30. Imagine you are writing a DevOps script:
- Open a log file (`app.log`)
  - Count how many times the word "ERROR" appears
  - Print the count.
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