OOPJ ASSIGNMENT NO – 2

Ashwini Vadkar

1. Arithmetic & Assignment Operators

Q1: Write a program to swap two numbers without using a third variable and without using arithmetic operators like + or - .

```
Hint: Use bitwise XOR ^ operator.
Ans :-
Input:
public class Swap {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
     int a = 20;
     int b = 30;
     System.out.println("Before swap: a = " + a + ", b = " + b);
     a = a \wedge b;
     b = a \wedge b;
     a = a \wedge b;
     System.out.println("After swap: a = " + a + ", b = " + b);
  }
}
Output:
```

```
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>javac Swap.java
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Swap
Before swap: a = 20, b = 30
After swap: a = 30, b = 20
```

Q2: Write a program to check whether a given number is even or odd using only bitwise

operators.

```
Hint : Use n & 1 to check.
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Check {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter a number: ");
        int n = input.nextInt();
        input.close();

        String result = ((n & 1) == 0) ? n + " is even." : n + " is odd.";
        System.out.println(result);
    }
}

Output :
```

```
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>javac Check.java
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Check
Enter a number: 25
25 is odd.
```

```
Q3: Implement a program that calculates the sum of digits of an integer using modulus
(%) and division (/) operators.
Ans:-
Input:
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Sum {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
     Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.print("Enter a number: ");
    int n = input.nextInt();
    int sum = 0;
     while (n != 0) \{
       int temp = n \% 10;
       sum = sum + temp;
```

n = n / 10;

```
System.out.println("Sum of intiger is: " + sum);
  }
}
Output:
 C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
 NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>javac Sum.java
 C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
 NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Sum
 Enter a number: 12345
 Sum of intiger is: 15
Q4: Write a program to find whether a given number is divisible by 3 without using the
modulus (%) or division (/) operators.
Hint: Use subtraction and bitwise shifts.
Ans:-
Input:
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Divisible3 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter the number:");
    int num = input.nextInt();
    input.close();
    int temp = Math.abs(num);
    while (temp > 0) {
```

```
temp = temp - 3;
    }
    if (temp == 0) {
      System.out.println("The number " + num + " is divisible by 3.");
    } else {
      System.out.println("The number " + num + " is not divisible by 3.");
  }
}
Output:
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>javac Divisible3.java
 C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Divisible3
 Enter the number:
 39
The number 39 is divisible by 3.
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Divisible3
Enter the number:
The number -15 is divisible by 3.
Q5: Write a Java program to swap two numbers using the += and -= operators only.
Ans:-
Input:
public class Swap1 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int a = 10:
    int b = 20;
```

```
System.out.println("Before swapping, a = " + a + " and b = " + b);
    a += b;
    b = a;
    b = b < 0 ? -b : b;
    a = b;
    System.out.println("After swapping, a = " + a + " and b = " + b);
  }
}
Output:
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>javac Swap1.java
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\OOPJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Swap1
Before swapping, a = 10 and b = 20
After swapping, a = 20 and b = 10
                            2. Relational & Logical Operators
Q6: Write a program to find the largest of three numbers using only the ternary operator
(?:).
Ans:-
Input:
class Largest {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
    int a = 20;
```

```
int b = 30;
    int c = 40;
    String result = (a > b \&\& a > c) ? a + " is largest":
             ((b > a \&\& b > c) ? b + " is largest" : c + " is largest");
    System.out.println(result);
}
Output:
 C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
 NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>javac Largest.java
 C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
 NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Largest
 40 is largest
Q7: Implement a Java program that checks whether a given year is a leap year or not using
logical ( && , \| ) operators .
Ans:-
Input:
import java.util.Scanner;
class LeapYear {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
    Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter the year");
    int year = input.nextInt();
```

```
if ((year % 4 == 0 && year % 100 != 0) || (year % 400 == 0)) {
      System.out.println(year + " is a leap year.");
    } else {
      System.out.println(year + " is not a leap year.");
    }
  }
}
Output:
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>javac LeapYear.java
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java LeapYear
Enter the year
2025
2025 is not a leap year.
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java LeapYear
Enter the year
2024
2024 is a leap year.
Q8: Write a program that takes three boolean inputs and prints true if at least two of
them are true.
Hint: Use logical operators ( && , \parallel ).
Ans:-
Input:
class Logic {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
    boolean a = true;
    boolean b = false;
    boolean c = true;
```

```
boolean result = ((a \&\& b) \| (b \&\& c) \| (c \&\& a))? true : false;
    System.out.println(result);
  }
}
Output:
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>javac Logic.java
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Logic
true
Q9: Implement a Java program that checks if a number is within a specific range (20 to
50) without using if-else.
Hint: Use logical AND ( && ) in a print statement.
Ans:-
Input:
import java.util.Scanner;
class Range {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
    Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter the number: ");
    int num = input.nextInt();
    String result = (num \ge 20 \&\& num \le 50)? num + "is in range" : num + "is not of
range";
```

```
System.out.print(result);
}
Output :
```

```
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Range
Enter the number:
25
25 is in range
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Range
Enter the number:
100
100 is not of range
```

Q10: Write a program to determine if a character is a vowel or a consonant using the ternary operator.

```
Ans:
Input:
import java.util.Scanner;
class Vowel {
   public static void main(String args[]) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the Charecter: ");
        char a = input.next().charAt(0);

String result = (a == 'a' || a == 'e' || a == 'i' || a == 'o' || a == 'u' ||
```

```
a + " is in vowel": a + " is consonant ";
    System.out.print(result);
  }
}
Output:
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
 NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>javac Vowel.java
 C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
 NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Vowel
 Enter the Charecter:
 a is in vowel
 C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
 NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Vowel
 Enter the Charecter:
 z is consonant
                                    3. Bitwise Operators
Q11: Write a program to check if a given number is a power of 2 using bitwise operators.
Hint: n & (n - 1) == 0 for positive numbers.
Ans:-
Input:
import java.util.Scanner;
class Power {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
    Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter the number: ");
```

 $a == 'A' \parallel a == 'E' \parallel a == 'I' \parallel a == 'O' \parallel a == 'U') ?$

```
int n = input.nextInt();
    if ((n & (n-1)) == 0 & k & n > 0) {
      System.out.print(n + " is power of 2");
    } else {
      System.out.print(n + " is not power of 2");
Output:
 C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
 NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>javac Power.java
 C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Power
Enter the number:
 256
 256 is power of 2
Q12: Write a Java program to multiply a number by 8 without using * or / operators.
Hint: Use bitwise left shift ( << ).
Ans:-
Input:
import java.util.Scanner;
class Multiply {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
    Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter the number: ");
```

```
int n = input.nextInt();
    int result = n << 3;
    System.out.println(result);
  }
}
Output:
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>javac Multiply.java
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\OOPJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Multiply
Enter the number:
5
 40
Q13: Implement a Java program to find the absolute value of an integer using bitwise
operators.
```

```
Hint: mask = num \gg 31; abs = (num + mask) ^ mask;
```

```
Ans:-
Input:
import java.util.Scanner;
class Absolute {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
     Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.println("Enter the number: ");
     int num = input.nextInt();
     int mask = num \gg 31;
    int abs = (num + mask) ^ mask;
```

```
Output:

C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>javac Absolute.java

C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Absolute
Enter the number:
-25
The absolute value of an integer -25 is: 25
```

System.out.println("The absolute value of an integer " + num + " is: " + abs);

Q14: Write a program to count the number of 1s (set bits) in a binary representation of a number using bitwise operations.

```
Hint : Use n & (n - 1) .
Ans :-
Input :
import java.util.Scanner;
class Count {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
    Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter the number: ");
    int n = input.nextInt();
    int count = 0;
    while (n > 0) {
        n = n & (n - 1);
        count++;
    }
}
```

```
System.out.println("Count the number of 1's is: " + count);
  }
}
Output:
 C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
 NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>javac Count.java
 C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
 NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Count
 Enter the number:
 Count the number of 1's is: 1
Q15: Implement a program to swap odd and even bits of a number using bitwise
operators.
Hint: Use masks: (x \& 0xAAAAAAAA) >> 1 \mid (x \& 0x55555555) << 1.
Ans:-
Input:
import java.util.Scanner;
class SwapOddEven {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
    Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter the number: ");
    int a = input.nextInt();
    int result = (a \& 0xAAAAAAA) >> 1 \mid (a \& 0x55555555) << 1;
    System.out.println("After Swap: " + result);
  }
Output:
```

```
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>javac SwapOddEven.java

C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java SwapOddEven
Enter the number:
20
After Swap: 40
```

4. Ternary Operator Challenges

Q16: Write a program that determines whether a given number is positive, negative, or zero using only the ternary operator.

```
Ans:-
Input:
import java.util.Scanner;
class Determine {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the number: ");
        int a = input.nextInt();
        String result = a > 0 ? a + " is positive": (a < 0 ? a + " is negative number": a + " is zero");
        System.out.println(result);
    }
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>javac Determine.java
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\OOPJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Determine
Enter the number:
35
35 is positive
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\OOPJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Determine
Enter the number:
0 is zero
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Determine
Enter the number:
-75
-75 is negative number
```

Q17: Implement a Java program that finds the minimum of four numbers using nested ternary operators.

```
Ans:-
Input:
class Minimum {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        int a = 10;
        int b = 20;
        int c = 30;
        int d = 40;
        System.out.println("Numbers are: " + a + "," + b + "," + c + "," + d);
        String min = (a < b && a < c && a < d) ? a + " is Smallest number":
            (b < a && b < c && b < d) ? b + " is Smallest number":
```

```
(c < a && c < b && c < d) ? c + " is Smallest number" :
           d + " is Smallest number";
    System.out.println(min);
  }
}
Output:
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>javac Minimum.java
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\OOPJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Minimum
Numbers are: 10,20,30,40
10 is Smallest number
Q18: Given a student's percentage, print "Pass" if the percentage is 40 or above;
otherwise, print "Fail", using only the ternary operator.
Ans:-
Input:
import java.util.Scanner;
class Result {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
    System.out.println("Enter the percentage of Student:");
    Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
    int percentage = input.nextInt();
    String remark = percentage >= 40 ? "Pass" : "Fail";
    System.out.println(remark);
  }
```

```
}
Output:
```

```
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>javac Result.java

C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Result
Enter the percentage of Student:
90
Pass

C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Result
Enter the percentage of Student:
37
Fail
```

Q19: Write a Java program that checks whether a character is uppercase, lowercase, or not a letter using only the ternary operator.

```
Ans:-
Input:
import java.util.Scanner;
class Case {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        System.out.println("Enter the Charecter:");
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        char c = input.next().charAt(0);
        String result = Character.isUpperCase(c)? "UpperCase": Character.isLowerCase(c)?
"Lowercase": "not a letter";
        System.out.println(result);
    }
}
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>javac Case.java

C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Case
Enter the Charecter:
A
UpperCase

C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Case
Enter the Charecter:
z
Lowercase

C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>Java Case
Enter the Charecter:
5
not a letter
```

Q20: Implement a Java program that returns the absolute value of a given number using the ternary operator (without using Math.abs()).

```
Ans:-
Input:
import java.util.Scanner;
class Absolute1 {
   public static void main(String args[]) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the number: ");
        int num = input.nextInt();
        int absValue = (num < 0) ? -num: num;
        System.out.println("The absolute value is " + absValue);
```

```
Output:

C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>javac Absolute1.java

C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Absolute1
Enter the number:
-25
The absolute value is 25

C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Absolute1
Enter the number:
10
The absolute value is 10
```

}

5. Miscellaneous Operator Questions

```
Q21: Write a program that increments a number without using + or ++ operators. Hint: Use bitwise - (\simx). Ans:-Input: import java.util.Scanner; class Increments { public static void main(String args[]) { System.out.println("Enter the number:"); Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in); int a = input.nextInt(); System.out.println("Number before increment: " + a); a = -(\sima); System.out.println("Number after increment: " + a);
```

```
}
Output:
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>javac Increments.java
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Increments
Enter the number:
5
Number before increment: 5
Number after increment: 6
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\OOPJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java Increments
Enter the number:
-2
Number before increment: -2
Number after increment: -1
Q22: Implement a calculator that takes two numbers and an operator (+, -, *, /) as input and
prints the result using only switch-case.
Ans:-
Input:
import java.util.Scanner;
class Calculator {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
    Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter two numbers: ");
    int a = input.nextInt();
    int b = input.nextInt();
    System.out.println("Enter the operator (+, -, *, /):");
    char o = input.next().charAt(0);
    switch(o) {
```

case '+':

```
int sum = a + b;
       System.out.println(a + " + " + b + " = " + sum);
       break;
     case '-':
       int sub = a - b;
       System.out.println(a + " - " + b + " = " + sub);
       break;
     case '*':
       int mul = a * b;
       System.out.println(a + " * " + b + " = " + mul);
       break;
     case '/':
       if (b != 0) {
          double div = (double) a / b;
          System.out.println(a + " / " + b + " = " + div);
        } else {
          System.out.println("Error! Division by zero is not allowed.");
       break;
     default:
       System.out.println("Error! Enter a valid operator!!");
}
```

Output:

```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.e: X
                         + ~
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_
ASSIGNMENT NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java
c Calculator.java
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_
ASSIGNMENT NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java
Calculator
Enter two numbers:
13
Enter the operator ( + , - , * , / ) :
12 + 13 = 25
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_
ASSIGNMENT NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java
Calculator
Enter two numbers:
10
Enter the operator ( + , - , * , / ) :
10 * 5 = 50
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_
ASSIGNMENT NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java
Calculator
Enter two numbers:
100
75
Enter the operator ( + , - , * , / ) :
100 - 75 = 25
```

```
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_
ASSIGNMENT NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java
Calculator
Enter two numbers:
60
6
Enter the operator ( + , - , * , / ) :
//
60 / 6 = 10.0

C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_
ASSIGNMENT NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java
Calculator
Enter two numbers:
7
0
Enter the operator ( + , - , * , / ) :
//
Error! Division by zero is not allowed.
```

Q23: Given a number, find whether it is odd or even using the & bitwise operator and print the result without using if-else .

```
Ans:-
Input:
import java.util.Scanner;
class CheckEvenOdd {
   public static void main(String args[]) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the number: ");
        int num = input.nextInt();
        String result = ((num & 1) == 0) ? num + " is Even" : num + " is Odd";
        System.out.println(result);
```

```
}
}
Output:
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>javac CheckEvenOdd.java
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java CheckEvenOdd
Enter the number: 10
10 is Even
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00PJ_ASSIGNMENT
NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>java CheckEvenOdd
Enter the number: 7
 7 is Odd
Q24: Write a program that prints all even numbers from 1 to 100 using only bitwise AND
( & ) and for loop.
Ans:-
Input:
class Even {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
    System.out.print("Even numbers from 1 to 100 are: ");
    for(int i = 1; i \le 100; i++) {
     if((i \& 1) == 0) \{
        System.out.print(i + ",");
      }
  }
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025
\OOPJ_ASSIGNMENT NO - 2\OOPJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini
Vadkar>javac Even.java

C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025
\OOPJ_ASSIGNMENT NO - 2\OOPJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini
Vadkar>java Even
Even numbers from 1 to 100 are: 2,4,6,8,10,12,14,16
,18,20,22,24,26,28,30,32,34,36,38,40,42,44,46,48,50
,52,54,56,58,60,62,64,66,68,70,72,74,76,78,80,82,84
,86,88,90,92,94,96,98,100,
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025
\OOPJ_ASSIGNMENT NO - 2\OOPJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini
Vadkar>
```

.....

```
Q25: Implement a program that reverses an integer number without using string conversion ( StringBuilder or toCharArray ).

Hint: Use while(n!=0) { rev = rev * 10 + n % 10; n /= 10; }

Ans:-

Input:
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Reverse {

public static void main(String[] args) {

Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

System.out.println("Enter the number: ");
int num = scanner.nextInt();
int reverse = 0;

while (num != 0) {
```

```
int digit = num \% 10;
    reverse = reverse * 10 + digit;
    num = 10;
   }
   System.out.println("The reverse of the number is " + reverse);
 }
}
Output:
C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00P
 J_ASSIGNMENT NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>
 javac Reverse.java
 C:\Users\aksha\Documents\Feb- 2025\C-DAC--FEB--2025\00P
 J_ASSIGNMENT NO - 2\00PJ_Assignment - 2_Ashwini Vadkar>
 java Reverse
 Enter the number:
 12345
 The reverse of the number is 54321
```