

# lpt6uwazy

February 24, 2025

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

```
[3]: df = pd.read_csv('salary.csv')
```

```
[5]: df
```

```
[5]:
```

	Age	Gender	Education	Level	Job Title \
0	43	Other		PhD	Data Analyst
1	23	Female		PhD	Biotechnologist
2	25	Female	High School		Research Scientist
3	32	Other		Master's	Research Scientist
4	41	Male		Bachelor's	Data Analyst
..	...	...		...	...
95	28	Other	High School		Lab Technician
96	30	Female		PhD	Research Scientist
97	45	Female		Master's	Quality Control Specialist
98	31	Male		Master's	Research Scientist
99	54	Male		PhD	Data Analyst

	Years of Experience	Salary
0	2	78913
1	9	110403
2	7	39666
3	3	91913
4	26	40868
..	...	...
95	19	125371
96	24	149805
97	9	146587
98	11	49128
99	2	68487

[100 rows x 6 columns]

```
[13]: #mean
mean_values = df.mean(numeric_only=True)
```

```
print(mean_values)
```

```
Age                39.75
Years of Experience 14.97
Salary             93616.05
dtype: float64
```

```
[15]: df.loc[:, 'Age'].mean()
```

```
[15]: 39.75
```

```
[21]: #Median
median_value = df.median(numeric_only=True)
print(median_value)
```

```
Age                40.5
Years of Experience 15.0
Salary             100757.0
dtype: float64
```

```
[23]: df.loc[:, 'Age'].median()
```

```
[23]: 40.5
```

```
[29]: #mode
mode_value = df.mode(numeric_only=True).iloc[0]
print(mode_value)
```

```
Age                43.0
Years of Experience 9.0
Salary             31887.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
```

```
[33]: df.loc[:, 'Age'].mode()
```

```
[33]: 0    43
      Name: Age, dtype: int64
```

```
[35]: #Minimum
df.min()
```

```
[35]: Age                22
      Gender              Female
      Education Level      Bachelor's
      Job Title           Biotechnologist
      Years of Experience      0
      Salary              31887
      dtype: object
```

```
[37]: df.loc[:, 'Age'].min(skipna = False)
```

```
[37]: 22
```

```
[39]: #maximum  
df.max()
```

```
[39]: Age                60  
      Gender            Other  
      Education Level      PhD  
      Job Title           Research Scientist  
      Years of Experience      30  
      Salary              149963  
      dtype: object
```

```
[41]: df.loc[:, 'Age'].max(skipna = False)
```

```
[41]: 60
```

```
[45]: # Standard Deviation  
std_values = df.std(numeric_only=True)  
print(std_values)
```

```
Age                11.428632  
Years of Experience    8.678843  
Salary              35796.187433  
dtype: float64
```

```
[47]: df.loc[:, 'Age'].std()
```

```
[47]: 11.428632305032671
```

```
[51]: #Categorical Variable: Genre  
#Quantitative Variable : Age  
df.groupby(['Gender'])['Age'].mean()
```

```
[51]: Gender  
      Female    36.296296  
      Male     41.941176  
      Other    40.230769  
      Name: Age, dtype: float64
```

```
[53]: from sklearn import preprocessing  
enc = preprocessing.OneHotEncoder()  
enc_df = pd.DataFrame(enc.fit_transform(df[['Gender']]).toarray())  
enc_df
```

```
[53]:
```

	0	1	2
0	0.0	0.0	1.0
1	1.0	0.0	0.0
2	1.0	0.0	0.0
3	0.0	0.0	1.0
4	0.0	1.0	0.0
..	...	...	...
95	0.0	0.0	1.0
96	1.0	0.0	0.0
97	1.0	0.0	0.0
98	0.0	1.0	0.0
99	0.0	1.0	0.0

[100 rows x 3 columns]

```
[55]: df_u = df.rename(columns={'Salary': 'Income'}, inplace=False) # Fix
      ↪ the_parenthesis
      print(df_u.groupby('Gender')['Salary'].mean()) # Fix the grouping and indexing
```

```
Gender
Female    98657.666667
Male      91067.970588
Other     92347.102564
Name: Salary, dtype: float64
```

```
[57]: df_encode = df_u.join(enc_df)
      print(df_encode) # Use the correct variable name
```

	Age	Gender	Education Level	Job Title \
0	43	Other	PhD	Data Analyst
1	23	Female	PhD	Biotechnologist
2	25	Female	High School	Research Scientist
3	32	Other	Master's	Research Scientist
4	41	Male	Bachelor's	Data Analyst
..	...	...	...	...
95	28	Other	High School	Lab Technician
96	30	Female	PhD	Research Scientist
97	45	Female	Master's	Quality Control Specialist
98	31	Male	Master's	Research Scientist
99	54	Male	PhD	Data Analyst

	Years of Experience	Salary	0	1	2
0	2	78913	0.0	0.0	1.0
1	9	110403	1.0	0.0	0.0
2	7	39666	1.0	0.0	0.0
3	3	91913	0.0	0.0	1.0
4	26	40868	0.0	1.0	0.0
..	...	...	...	...	...

```

95          19  125371  0.0  0.0  1.0
96          24  149805  1.0  0.0  0.0
97           9  146587  1.0  0.0  0.0
98          11   49128  0.0  1.0  0.0
99           2   68487  0.0  1.0  0.0

```

[100 rows x 9 columns]

```

[61]: import pandas as pd
      # Calculate skewness for numerical columns
      skewness = df_encode.select_dtypes(include=['number']).skew()
      print("Skewness of numerical columns:")
      print(skewness)

```

```

Skewness of numerical columns:
Age          0.084161
Years of Experience  0.101069
Salary       -0.190685
0            1.051977
1            0.685851
2            0.457949
dtype: float64

```

```

[63]: import numpy as np
      from scipy import stats

```

```

[65]: z = np.abs(stats.zscore(df['Salary']))

```

```

[67]: z

```

```

[67]: 0      0.412813
      1      0.471322
      2      1.514738
      3      0.047816
      4      1.480990
      ...
      95     0.891573
      96     1.577599
      97     1.487248
      98     1.249076
      99     0.705540
      Name: Salary, Length: 100, dtype: float64

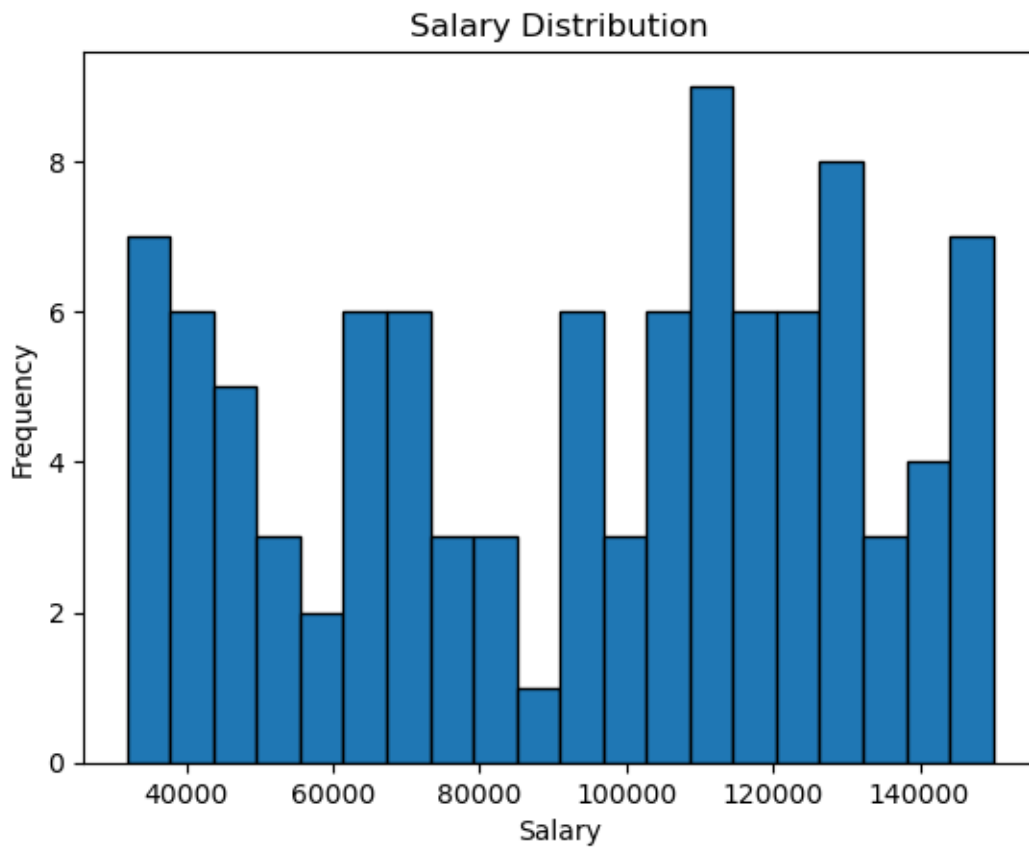
```

```

[71]: import pandas as pd
      new_df = df.copy()
      new_df['Salary'].plot(kind='hist', bins=20, edgecolor='black')
      plt.xlabel('Salary')

```

```
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.title('Salary Distribution')
plt.show()
```



```
[77]: # Added the missing closing parenthesis
df['log_math'].plot(kind='hist', bins=20, edgecolor='black', color='skyblue')
plt.xlabel('Log10(Salary)')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.title('Log-Transformed Salary Distribution')
plt.show()
```



[ ]: