

Q9

1.

$$\begin{aligned} a) E(\bar{X}_n) &= E\left(\frac{1}{n}(X_1 + \dots + X_n)\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{n}(E(X_1) + \dots + E(X_n)) \text{ by linearity of } E \\ &= \frac{1}{n}(n) \\ &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(\bar{X}_n \geq 2) &\leq \frac{E(\bar{X}_n)}{2} \text{ by Markov Ineq.} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

b) $\text{Cov}(X_i, X_j) = 0$ for $i \neq j$ bc X_i 's are indep.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{So } \text{Var}(\bar{X}_n) &= \text{Var}\left(\frac{1}{n}(E(X_1) + \dots + E(X_n))\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{n^2} \text{Var}(E(X_1) + \dots + E(X_n)) \\ &= \frac{1}{n^2}(n) = \frac{1}{n} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(\bar{X}_n \geq 2) &= P(\bar{X}_n - 1 \geq 1) \\ &\leq P(|\bar{X}_n - 1| \geq 1) \\ &\leq \frac{1}{n} \text{ by Chebyshev's Ineq.} \\ &= \frac{1}{n} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} c) V(\bar{X}_n) &= V\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum X_i\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{n^2} V\left(\sum X_i\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{n^2} \left(\sum V(X_i) + \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} \sum_{j=i+1}^n 2\text{Cov}(X_i, X_j) \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{n^2} \left(n + \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} i \right) \end{aligned}$$

For any $\varepsilon > 0$

$$= \frac{1}{n^2} \left(n + \frac{n(n-1)}{2} \right)$$

$$P(|\bar{X}_n - 1| \geq \varepsilon) \leq \frac{V(\bar{X}_n)}{\varepsilon^2} \text{ by Chebyshev}$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} + \frac{n-1}{2n}$$

$$= \frac{n+1}{2n\varepsilon^2}$$

$$= \frac{n+1}{2n}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n+1}{2n\varepsilon^2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{0}{2\varepsilon^2} \text{ L'Hopital's rule}$$

$$= 0$$