

1.

$$\begin{aligned}
 a) P(Y=1) &= P(Y=1|X=0)P(X=0) \\
 &\quad + P(Y=1|X=1)P(X=1) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2}p + \frac{1}{2}(1-p) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{6}p
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(Y=0) &= P(Y=0|X=1)P(X=1) + P(Y=0|X=0)P(X=0) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2}(1-p) + \frac{2}{3}(p) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}p + \frac{2}{3}p \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6}p
 \end{aligned}$$

$$p_X(y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6}p, & y=0 \\ \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{6}p, & y=1 \end{cases}$$

$$p_X(x) = \begin{cases} p, & x=0 \\ (1-p), & x=1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6}p &= p \\
 \frac{1}{2} &= \frac{5}{6}p \\
 p &= \frac{3}{5}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{6}p &= 1-p \\
 -\frac{1}{2} &= -\frac{5}{6}p \\
 p &= \frac{3}{5}
 \end{aligned}$$

∴  $p = \frac{3}{5}$  makes them equal

$$b) p_{X|Y}(x|y) = \frac{P(X=x, Y=y)}{P(Y=y)}$$

$$2. a) p_X(x) = \sum_y P(X=x, Y=y)$$

$$p_X(1) = P(X=1, Y=1) = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$p_X(0) = P(X=0, Y=1) + P(X=0, Y=0) = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$p_X(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{3}, & x=1 \\ \frac{2}{3}, & x=0 \end{cases} \quad p_Y(y) = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{3}, & y=1 \\ \frac{1}{3}, & y=0 \end{cases}$$

b)

$$\rho_{X,Y} = \frac{\text{Cov}(X,Y)}{\sigma_X \sigma_Y} = -\frac{5}{36}$$

$$E(X) = (1) \frac{1}{3} + (0) \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$V(X) = \frac{1}{3}^2 + \frac{1}{3}^2 = \frac{2}{9}$$

$$E(Y) = (1) \frac{2}{3} + (0) \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$V(Y) = \frac{2}{3}^2 + \frac{2}{3}^2 = \frac{8}{9}$$

$$\text{Cov}(X,Y) = E\left(\left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{9}\right)\left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{8}{9}\right)\right) = -\frac{5}{81}$$

3. RV  $X \sim \text{Exp}(1)$   $Y \sim \text{Exp}(2)$

$$\begin{aligned} P(X > Y) &= 1 - e^{-2x} \\ &= 1 - e^{-2(e^{-x})} \end{aligned}$$

4. a)  $Y \in [0, 1]$  as  $X \in [0, 1]$

$$\begin{aligned} b) \quad P(Y \leq y) &= P(1 - X^2 \leq y) \\ &= P(1 - y \leq X^2) \\ &= P(\sqrt{1 - y} \leq X) \\ &= 1 - P(X \leq \sqrt{1 - y}) \\ &= 1 - \frac{\sqrt{1 - y} - 0}{1 - 0} \\ &= 1 - \sqrt{1 - y} \end{aligned}$$

$$c) \quad \frac{d}{dy} P(Y \leq y) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - y}}$$