

BANGALORE SAHODAYA SCHOOLS COMPLEX ASSOCIATION PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION (2023-2024)

Grade X

Set-1

Date: 8.01.2024 Max. Marks: 80

Subject: Science (086) Time: 3 Hours

General Instructions:

i. This question paper consists of 39 questions in 5 sections.

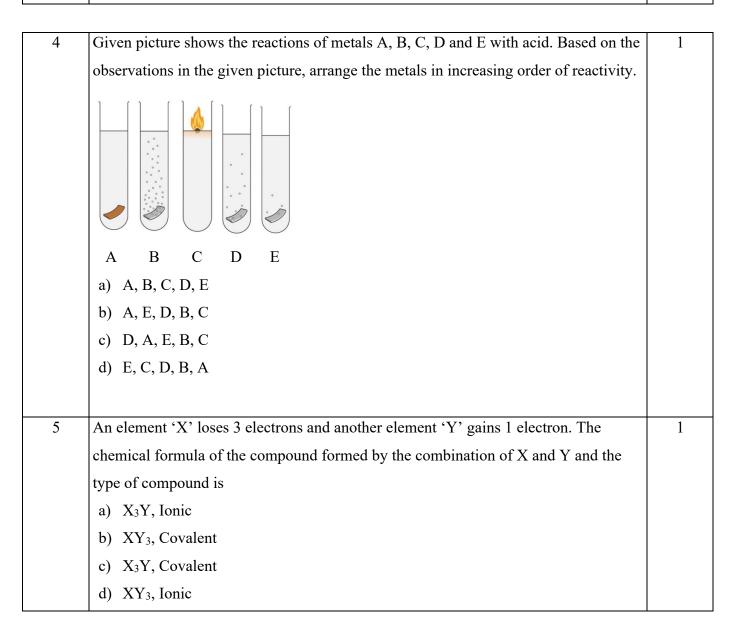
- *ii.* All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice is provided in some questions. A student is expected to attempt only one of these questions.
- iii. Section A consists of 20 objective type questions carrying 1 mark each.
- iv. Section B consists of 6 Very Short questions carrying 02 marks each. Answers to these questions should be in the range of 30 to 50 words.
- v. Section C consists of 7 Short Answer type questions carrying 03 marks each. Answers to these questions should be in the range of 50 to 80 words.
- vi. Section D consists of 3 Long Answer type questions carrying 05 marks each. Answer to these questions should be in the range of 80 to 120 words.
- vii. Section E consists of 3 source-based/case-based units of assessment of 04 marks each with subparts.

Section-A

Select and write the most appropriate option out of the four options given for each of the questions 1-20. There is no negative mark for incorrect response.

Q. Nos. 1			Questions		Marks
		Limestone —	$ \begin{array}{c} \text{Heated} \\ \text{Step 1} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} X + \text{CO}_2 \\ \downarrow^{+ \text{H}_2\text{O}} \\ \text{Step 2} \end{array} $ Slaked lime		-
		y the correct option from the first the correct option from the first the correct option from the corr	n the given table which represen	t the type of reactions	
		Step 1	Step 2		
	a)	Exothermic	Endothermic		
	b)	Exothermic	Exothermic		
	c)	Endothermic	Exothermic		
	d)	Endothermic	Endothermic		

2	On heating green solid 'A', two gases 'C' and 'D' having suffocating odour along	1
	with a reddish-brown residue 'B' are obtained. These gases are major air pollutants.	
	When the vapours of these gases are collected and dissolved in water, the solution	
	turns blue litmus to red. A, B, C and D respectively are	
	a) Pb(NO ₃) ₂ , PbO, NO ₂ , N ₂ O	
	b) Fe(OH) ₂ , FeO, H ₂ O, H ₂ O ₂	
	c) FeSO _{4.} 7H ₂ O, Fe ₂ O ₃ , SO ₂ , SO ₃	
	d) PbSO ₄ , Pb ₂ O ₃ , SO ₂ , SO ₃	
3	If 10 mL of H ₂ SO ₄ is mixed with 10mL of Mg(OH) ₂ of the same concentration, the	1
	resultant solution will give which of the following colour with universal indicator?	
	a) Red b) Green	
	c)Yellow d) Blue	



6	The metal which is not refined by electrolytic method is		1
	a) Na b) Al		
	c) Zn d) Cu		
7	Which of the following does not contain any covalent bond?		1
	a) HCl b) CaO		
	c) O ₂ d) CH ₄		
8	Which of the following are examples of respiration?		1
	1. Humans use oxygen and release carbon dioxide.		
	2. Plants use carbon dioxide and release oxygen.		
	3. Burning dry leaves uses oxygen and release carbon dioxide.		
	a) Only 1		
	b) Only 2		
	c) Only 1 and 2		
	d) All 1,2 and 3		
9	Baburam suffers from a condition due to which his average blood sugar 210mg/dL. The average blood sugar in a healthy adult is <140mg/dL. V following could result in Baburam's condition?		1
	a) Excess production of insulin		
	b) Insufficient production of insulin		
	c) Excess intake of protein rich food		
	d) Insufficient intake of iodine		
10	The diagram below represents a certain contraceptive procedure in hu. This could result in which of the following?	uman females.	1
	FALLOPIAN TUBES CUT AND TIED		
	a) Menstrual cycle stops.		
	b) Ovulation will not occur.		
	c) Fertilisation cannot take place.		
	d) Hormonal imbalance is created		
	2		

11	Which statement explains why the shoot of a plant bends when exposed to light from	1
	one side?	
	a) Diffusion of auxin into cells that are in shade causes cell division of those cells.	
	b) Diffusion of auxin out of the cells that are in shade causes cell division of those	
	cells.	
	c) Diffusion of auxin into cells that are in shade causes elongation of those cells.	
	d) Diffusion of auxin out of the cells that are in shade causes elongation of those	
	cells.	
12	The following setup was exposed to sunlight for 3 days after which the black strip	1
	was removed and the leaf was tested for the presence of starch. The covered part of	
	the leaf tested negative. What was the experiment trying to test?	
	Destarched plant	
	Black Paper strip	
	Suit Suit	
	Pot	
	a) Sunlight is necessary for photosynthesis.	
	b) Carbon dioxide is necessary for photosynthesis.	
	c) Oxygen is released during photosynthesis.	
	d) Chlorophyll is required for photosynthesis.	
13	The image of a candle flame formed by a lens is obtained on a screen placed on the	1
	other side of the lens. According to new cartesian sign convention, if the image is	
	three times the size of the flame, then the lens is	
	a) Concave and magnification is +3	
	b) Concave and magnification is -3	
	c) Convex and magnification is -3	
	d) Convex and magnification is +3	
14	The sky on the moon appears dark to an astronaut because	1
	a) There is no light on the moon	
	b) There is no atmosphere on the surface of the moon	
	c) Moon is a non-luminous object	
	d) The surface of the moon absorbs all the sunlight	

15	What is the ratio of the amount of energy absorbed by the primary consumer to the	1
	amount of energy absorbed by the secondary consumer in the following food chain?	
	Sun	
	↓ Grass receives 30,000. J of energy from sun Grass → Rabbit → Snake → Eagle	
	a) 1:2 b) 2:1	
	c)1:10 d) 10:1	
16	Which statement shows the interaction of an abiotic component with a biotic	1
	component in an ecosystem?	
	a) A grasshopper feeding on a leaf.	
	b) Rainwater running down a lake.	
	c) An earthworm making a burrow in the soil.	
	d) Mice fighting among themselves for food.	
	Question No. 17 to 20 consist of two statements – Assertion (A) and Reason (R).	
	Answer these questions selecting the appropriate option given below:	
	a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.	
	b) Both A and R are true, and R is not the correct explanation of A.	
	c) A is true but R is false.	
	d) A is false but R is true.	
17	Assertion: Reaction between barium chloride and sodium sulphate takes place in solid	1
	state.	
	Reason: Precipitation reactions are possible only when ions become free.	
18	Assertion: Offsprings produced by sexual reproduction show variation.	1
	Reason: Each offspring produced by sexual reproduction inherits all the genes from	
	single parent.	
19	Assertion: A compass needle is placed near a current carrying wire. The deflection of	1
	the compass needle decreases when the compass needle is moved away from the wire.	
	Reason: Strength of magnetic field decreases as one moves away from a current	
20	carrying wire.	1
20	Assertion: Flow of energy in an ecosystem is unidirectional.	I
	Reason: Energy captured by autotrophs does not revert back to the solar input but is	
	passed onto the primary consumers.	

	Section-B	
	Question No. 21 to 26 are very short answer questions	by the following observations with a balanced and sexually. Given below is a parent insect 2 produced asexually. State the term that is of an organism. production. support this statement. tion. Trace the flow of blood through the ng the two types of circulation. OR the the flow of blood in and out of the nephron. fraction of light in three transparent rectangular materials when they are placed in air. The angle out angle of refraction is same in all the three
21	State one example each characterized by the following observations with a balanced chemical equation: i) Evolution of gas	2
	ii) Formation of precipitate.	
22	Some insects produce both asexually and sexually. Given below is a parent insect with her offsprings named A to G.	2
	parent insect A B C D E F G	
	i) Identify two offsprings that were produced asexually . State the term that is defined as the observable feature of an organism.	
	ii) Insect D was a result of sexual reproduction.	
	Use information from the diagram to support this statement.	
23	Human beings exhibit double circulation. Trace the flow of blood through the different chambers of the heart during the two types of circulation.	2
	OR	
	Blood is filtered by our kidneys. Trace the flow of blood in and out of the nephron.	
24	The image shown below shows the refraction of light in three transparent rectangular blocks X, Y and Z, made of different materials when they are placed in air. The angle of incidence is different in each case but angle of refraction is same in all the three blocks.	2
	i ₃ >i ₂ >i ₁	
	Compare the speed of light in the three blocks. Justify your answer.	

25	The figure shows two magnets X and Y kept near each other. Their poles are not	2
	marked, but magnetic field lines are shown in the figure.	
	X moved towards Y	
	If magnet X is moved towards magnet Y as indicated by the arrow, will the two	
	magnets attract or repel each other? Justify.	
	OR	
	State the factors on which heat produced in a current carrying conductor depends.	

Give one practical application of this effect.

26	Study the food web given below	2
	Snake Eagle Mouse Frog Mouse Grasshopper Grass	
	i) Identify and write the food chain from the web shown, in which the eagle will receive the highest percentage of energy from the producers.	
	ii) Which organism will be most affected in the above web when a non-	
	biodegradable pesticide is introduced in the soil? What is the phenomenon called?	
	Section-C	
	Question No. 27 to 33 are short answer questions	
27	A compound of metal 'X', on treating with dilute hydrochloric acid releases a gas which turns lime water milky. Metal 'X' is used in galvanization of iron articles. i) Identify the compound of metal X.	3
	ii) Explain the extraction of metal X from its compound with suitable chemical equations.	
28	A compound 'X' is an important ingredient of baking powder and is mildly basic in nature.	3

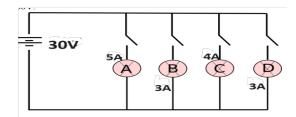
	i) Mention the chemical name and chemical formula of Compound X.	
	ii) Explain the preparation of X with the help of a balanced chemical equation.	
	iii) Suggest one application of X other than baking with chemical equation.	
	OR	
	Electrolysis of a saturated solution of an ionic compound X, give two gases Y and Z.	
	Gas Y is used in conversion of vegetable oils to saturated fats and gas Z is used in	
	preparation of bleaching powder.	
	i) Identify Y and Z.	
	ii) Write the chemical equation for electrolysis of X.	
	iii) Write the chemical equation for the preparation of bleaching powder using gas Z.	
29	The diagram shows a reflex arc with parts labeled P, Q and R	3
	R P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	
	i) What are the functions of P, Q and R?	
	ii) There is a small gap between R and P. Name this gap and describe the events at	
	this point.	
30	Consider a pea plant that is recessive for plant height. Its genotype is tt and phenotype	3
	is dwarf.	
	i) Assuming that the gene for plant height obeys Mendel's law of inheritance,	
	indicate the genotype and phenotype of ALL the possible parent pairs that could	
	have dwarf offsprings.	
	ii) Using any of the parent pairs mentioned by you in 'i', perform a cross to show the	
	genotype of the offspring that might arise in the next generation.	
31	Define 1 Dioptre of power of a lens.	3
	Two thin lenses of focal length +10cm and -5cm are kept in contact. What is the focal	
	length and power of the combination?	
32	i) Consider a conductor of resistance 'R', length 'L', thickness 'd' and resistivity 'p'.	3
	Now this conductor is cut into four equal parts. What will be the new resistivity of	
	each of these parts? Why?	

	ii) Find the resistance if all of these parts are connected in: (a) Parallel (b) Series.	
33	Asha had to replace the electrical plug of her iron box. She bought a three-pin plug as shown below. When she removed the old plug, she saw that there were three wires coloured red, black and green.	3
	P Q	
	i) To which pin on the plug should she connect the green wire?	
	ii) To which part of the iron box is the green wire connected?	
	iii) State the function of the green wire.	

	Section-D	
Question No. 34 to 36 are long answer questions		
34	 i) An organic compound A of molecular formula C₂H₄ on reduction gives another compound B of molecular formula C₂H₆. B on reaction with chlorine in presence of sunlight gives C. (a) Give IUPAC names of A, B and C (b) Write chemical equation for conversion of B to C and name the type of reaction. 	5
	ii) Draw the structures of benzene and cyclohexane and mention one difference between them. OR	
	 i) A compound 'C' with molecular formula C₂H₄O₂ reacts with sodium bi carbonate and evolves a colourless, odourless gas which turns moist blue litmus paper red. Compound 'C' on treatment with alcohol 'A' in presence of an acid forms a sweet-smelling compound 'S' with molecular formula C₃H₆O₂. (a) Identify C, A and S. (b) Write balanced chemical equation for the reaction of C with sodium metal. (c) Write chemical equation for reaction of C with alcohol A. ii) Draw the structures of all the isomers with the molecular formula C₄H₁₀ and write their IUPAC names. 	

35	The figure given below represents the early stages in the development of a female	5
	embryo.	
	i) Name processes R and T. ii) Describe the genetic makeup (including sex chromosome) of P and Q. iii) Explain the changes in the uterus both prior and post implantation till childbirth.	
	OR	
	Adrenaline is secreted to prepare our body for extreme sports like bungee jumping.	
	i) Draw a diagram to indicate the position of the gland that secretes adrenaline.	
	ii) How is the above gland different from the liver?	
	iii) Explain the changes that adrenaline brings about in your body.	
36	 i) A security mirror used in a big showroom has radius of curvature 5m. If a customer is standing at 20m from the cash counter, find the position of the image formed in the security mirror. ii) Neha visited a dentist in his clinic. She observed that the dentist was holding a instrument fitted with a mirror. State the nature of this mirror and draw the ray diagram for image formation in this case. 	5
	OR	
	Rishi went to a palmist to show his palm. The palmist used a special lens for this purpose.	
	i) State the nature of lens and reason for its use.	
	ii) Draw a ray diagram to show image formation in the case of Rishi.	
	iii) If the focal length of this lens is 10cm and the lens is held at a distance of 5cm	
	from the palm, find the position of the image.	

SECTION - E					
Question No. 37 to 39 are case-based/data -based questions with 2 to 3 short sub-parts. Internal choice is provided in one of these sub-parts.					
37	In organic chemistry, a homologous series is a sequence of compounds with the				
	same functional group and similar chemical properties in which the members of the				
	series differ by molecular formula of CH ₂ and molecular mass of 14u.				
	Given below are homologous series of some compounds:				
	I	II	III		
	CH ₄	X	CH ₃ OH		
	C ₂ H ₆	C ₃ H ₄	Y		
	C ₃ H ₈	C ₄ H ₆	C ₃ H ₇ OH		
	C ₄ H ₁₀	C ₅ H ₈	C ₄ H ₉ OH		
	i) Identify X and Y.				
	ii) Write IUPAC names of C ₄ H ₆ and C ₃ H ₇ OH.				
	iii) Mention the general name and general formula of series I and II.				
	OR				
	iii) Arrange the compounds of III series in increasing order of their boiling points				
	and give reason for the same.				
38	Fluffy and Puffy are two guinea pigs. Fluffy has white fur while her parents and				4
	brother have black fur. Fluffy's partner Puffy has black fur. Puffy's mother has				
	white fur while his father has black fur.				
	i) On the basis of the above information, is white fur a dominant or recessive				
	trait? Justify your answer.				
	ii) What is the possible genetic makeup of Fluffy's brothers fur colour?				
	iii) What is the probability that the offspring of Fluffy and Puffy will have white				
	fur? Also show the inheritance of fur colour in the offspring with the help of a suitable cross.				
	OR				
	iii) 50% of the offsprings of Fluffy's brother have white fur. With the help of a				
	cross show how this is possible.				
	The state of the s				
39	Rahul constructed a circuit that operates four lamps A, B, C and D connected with				
	a battery of 30V in the school exhibition. Based on the demonstrated circuit, answer				
	the following questions.				



- i) What kind of combination are the lamps arranged in (series or parallel)?
- ii) Explain with reference to your above answer, what are the advantages (any two) of this combination of lamps.
- iii) Explain with proper calculations which lamp glows the brightest.

OR

iii) Calculate the total energy consumed in the above circuit in 60s.
