KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SANGATHAN **DELHI REGION** PRE-BOARD-1 2024-25 CLASS - 12

SUBJECT: PHYSICS

Max. Marks: 70

Time allotted: 3 hrs.

General instructions:

1. There are 33 questions in all. All questions are compulsory.

2. This question paper has five sections: Section A, Section B, Section C, Section D and Section E. All

sections are compulsory.

3. Section A contains 16 questions (twelve MCQ and four Assertion-Reasoning) of one mark each, Section B contains five questions of two marks each, Section C contains seven questions of three marks each, Section D contains two case study-based questions of four marks each, and Section E contains three long answer questions of five marks each.

4. There is no overall choice. However, an internal choice has been provided for one question in Section B, one in Section C, one in each CBQ in Section D, and all three questions in Section E. You must attempt

only one of the choices in such questions.

Use of calculators is not allowed.

6. You may use the following values of physical constants wherever necessary

(a) $c = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$ (b) $m_e = 9.1 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$ (c) $m_p = 1.7 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$ (d) $e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$

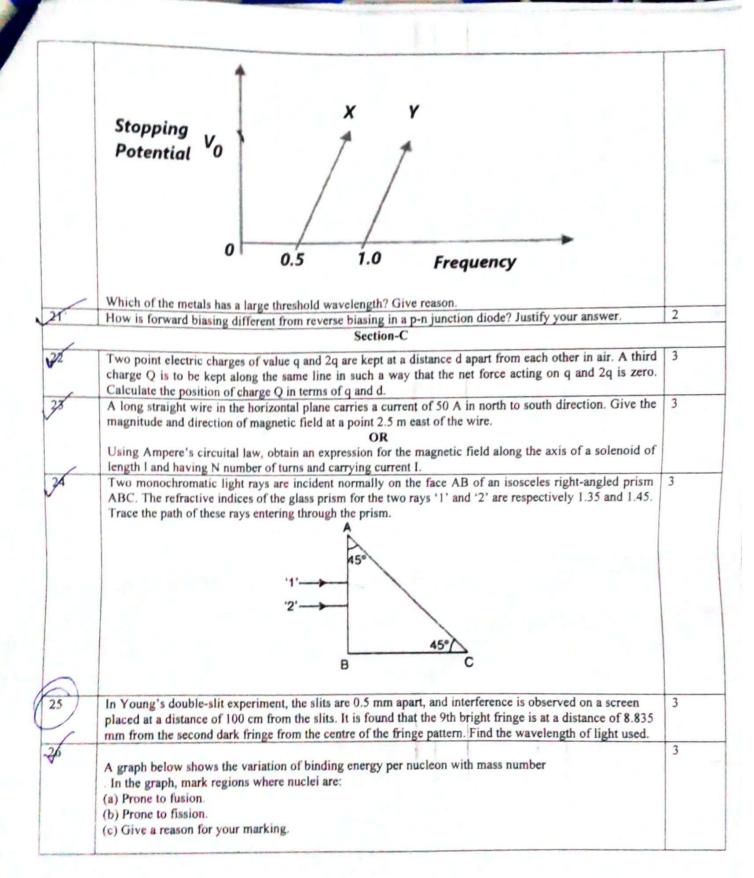
(e) $\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T mA}^{-1}$

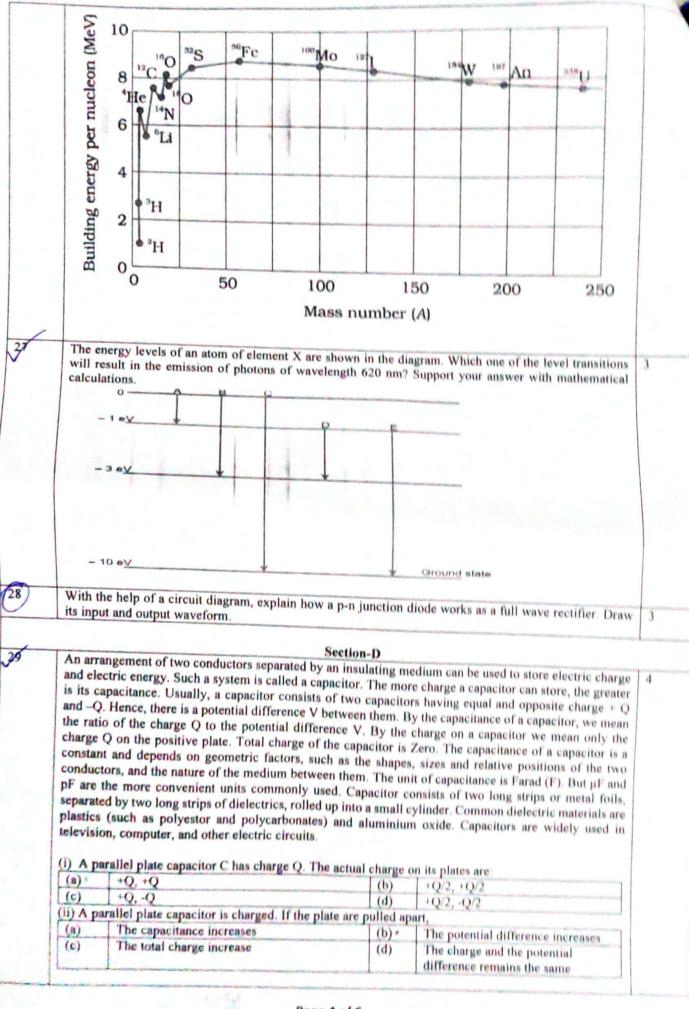
(f) $h = 6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s}$

(g) $\varepsilon_0 = 8.854 \times 10^{-12} \text{C}^2 \text{N}^{-1} \text{m}^{-2}$

S.No.		Questi	ion		Marks		
/		Sectio	n-A	distance (a) hotswan	1		
Y	Two-point charges placed in a medium of dielectric constant 3 are at a distance 'r' between them and experience an electrostatic force 'F'. The electrostatic force between them in a vacuum at the same distance 'r' will be						
	(a)•	3F	(b)	F			
,	(c)	F/2	(d)	F/3			
	The un	iversal property among all substances is			1		
	(a)	Diamagnetism	(b)	Paramagnetism			
-	(c)	Ferromagnetism	(d)e	Both (a) and (b)			
	The direction of magnetic field lines close to a straight conductor carrying current will be						
	(a)	Along the length of the conductor	(b)	Radially outward			
-	(c) ·	Circular in a plane perpendicular to the conductor	(d)	Helical			
	The induced charge in electromagnetic induction is independent of						
- 1	(a)	Flux change	(b) •	Time			
1	(c)	Coil resistance	(d)	Magnetic Field Strength			
-	In a p-type semiconductor, the current conduction is due to						
		Holes	(b)	Atoms			
	(a) • (c)	Electrons	(d)	Protons			
-	(c)	npound microscope, the images formed by the	and the evepiece are respectively	1			
		Viewal real	(b)	Real, virtual			
	(a) ·	Virtual, real	(d)	Real, Real			
	(c)	Virtual, virtual AC is applied to a circuit consisting of a resist	ance and a	coil with negligible resistance. If the	1		
-	A 20V	AC is applied to a circuit consisting of a resist	s the coil i	con man negative			
1	voltage across the resistance is 12V, the voltage across the coll is						
	(a)	16V	(b)	6V			
	(c)-	8V	(d)	OV			

	of	alator, the forbidden energy gap between a vale			
	(a)	Equal to 3 eV	(b)	Less than 3 eV	
,	(c)a		(d)	Both (a) and (b)	1
	Two sou	Greater than 3 eV rees of monochromatic light are said to be cohe	erent if lig		
	(a)*	Frequency and constant phase differences	(b)	Frequency only	
/	(c)	Amplitude only	(d)	Amplitude and same wavelength	1
	Electron	nagnetic waves transport			
	(a)	Charge and momentum	(b)*	Frequency and wavelength	
	(c)	Energy and momentum	(d)	Wavelength and energy	1
i)	is	r ₂ are the radii of the atomic nuclei of mass nu			1
	(a)	1:2	(b)	1:3	
/	(c) -	1:4	(d)	1:5	
2	from th	round state ionisation energy of the H-atom is 1 e second excited state is	3.6 eV, th	e energy required to ionise a H-atom	1
	(a)	1.51 eV	(b)*	3.4 eV	
	(c)	13.6 eV Assertion and Reaso	(d)	12.1 eV	
	(c)	If both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true, assertion (A). If assertion (A) is true and reason (R) is false.	t.	n (R) is not the correct explanation of the	
(a)	(c) (d) Asserti	assertion (A). If assertion (A) is true and reason (R) is false If both assertion (A) and reason (R) are false on: The electrostatic force between the plates ic fills whole space between plates.	of a char	ged isolated capacitor decreases when	1
	(c) (d) Asserti dielectr Reason fills wh	assertion (A). If assertion (A) is true and reason (R) is false If both assertion (A) and reason (R) are false on: The electrostatic force between the plates ic fills whole space between plates. The electric field between the plates of a chole space between plates.	of a char	ged isolated capacitor decreases when lated capacitance increases when dielectric	1.
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(a)*	nat is the value of capacitance of a capacitor if it 1.8F	(b)	45F
(c)	8.1F	(d)	4.5F
Give 11			
(iv). H	ow to increase the capacity of the parallel plate c		Increase the area of the plate
(c)	Decrease the area of the plate	(b)	Both (a) and (b)
(c)	Increase the distance between the plate	(d)	Both (a) and (b)
(v). En	OR		
(a)	ergy is stored in a capacitor in the form of Magnetic energy	(b)	Light energy
(c)	Heat on anon	(d)a	Electrostatic energy
to play when h	y and Rahul were both creating a series of circular a pattern similar to the diagram, as shown. Their favith water for a long time. He then observed beaut is friend Lakshay poured an oil drop on them. Lak f colourful ripple patterns to Kartikay.	ful patte	erns of ripples that became very colourful
(i) Nan (a) (c)	Reflection Interference	(b) • (d)	Refraction Polarisation
(ii) A s	urface over which an optical wave has a constant	phase is	called.
(a)	Wave	(b)*	Wavefront
(c)	Elasticity	(d)	None of these
	nich of the following is correct for light diverging	from a	The wave front is normholic
(a)	The intensity decreases in proportion to the	(b)	The wavefront is parabolic.
(2)	distance squared The intensity at the wavelength does depend	(d)	The intensity increases in
(c)	on the distance.	(4)	proportion to the distance squared
	on the distance.		
(iv) The	phenomena which is not explained by Huygens	's constr	ruction of
(a)	Wavefront	(b)*	Diffraction
(c)	Refraction	(d)	Origin of spectra
	OR	1	
(v) Huy	gens's concept of secondary wave	1	
(a)	allows us to find the focal length of a thick lens	(b)	is a geometrical method to find a wavefront
(c)	is used to determine the velocity of light	(d)	is used to explain polarisation
	Section	-E	
(a)The g	graph shows a plot of terminal voltage 'V' versu	is the cu	rrent 1 of a given cen.
		V +	
		6 V	
		4 V	_
			MANAGEMENT CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P
		0	1.0 A 2.0 A
		0	1.0 A 2.0 A
Calcula	te from the graph		mal resistance of the cell.

