

CSE214 – Spring 2023
Recitation #12

1a. [10 minutes]

	Worst Case	Average Case	Best case
Binary search of a sorted array			
Insertion sort			
Merge Sort			
Quick Sort without “median of three” pivot selection			
Bubble sort			
Selection sort			
Heap sort			
Counting sort			

1b. When does the best case for bubble sort and insertion sort occur?

1c. Show that the best case for bubble sort and insertion sort is $O(n)$.

2a) Show that the worst case time complexity of quick sort is $O(n^2)$.

2b) Show that the time complexity of heap sort is $O(n \log n)$.

3) Perform Merge Sort on the following array: [66, 22, 32, 15, 28, 43, 29, 80]

4.[10 minutes] Perform Heap Sort to sort the array [75, 20, 1000, 7, 9, 17] in ascending order.

4a.

What are the number of operations to convert an array into a heap?

4b.

For a heap array, what is the formula to find the parent, left child, right child?

4c.

Is an array sorted in ascending order always a min-heap? Why or why not?

4d.

How would the first iteration of quicksort look on this array if we have the pivot be the last element?

5. [5 minutes] Suppose we are sorting an array of eight integers using quicksort, and we have just finished the first partitioning with the array look like this:

2 5 1 7 30 12 11 10

Which statement is correct?

- A. The pivot could be either the 7 or the 30
- B. The pivot could be the 7, but it is not the 30**
- C. The pivot is not the 7, but it could be the 30
- D. Neither the 7 nor the 30 is the pivot