

SWEN30006 Software Modelling and Design

MONOPOLY ITERATION 3

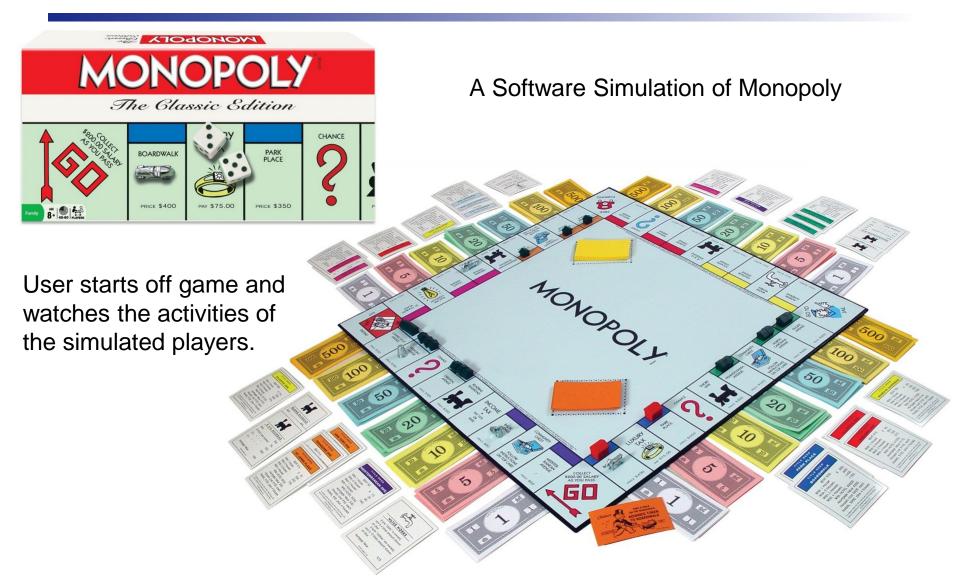
Larman Chapters 27, 31 and 36

I think it's wrong that only one company makes the game Monopoly.

—Steve Wright



Case 2: Monopoly Game System





Requirements in Iteration-3

- New square types: Lots, Railroads, and Utilities.
- When a player P lands on one of these:
 - If it is not owned, P may buy it.
 - the price of the square is deducted from P's money
 - P becomes the owner of the square
 - If it is owned by P, nothing happens.
 - If it is owned by a player other than P, P must pay the owner rent.



Rent

- The rent calculations are:
 - Lot rent is (board position) dollars; e.g., if position 5, then \$5.
 - Railroad rent is 25 dollars times the number of Railroads owned by the owner
 - e.g., if own 3 Railroads, then \$75.
 - Utilities rent is 4 times the number shown on the dice when the player lands on the square (do not roll again)



Solution Output Example

\$ java -jar monopoly_it3.jar com.unimelb.swen30006.monopoly.MonopolyGame.main

Please enter the number of players (between 2 - 8): 2

Player 1: dice total = 5 move to Railroad

Player 1 buy Railroad

Player 2: dice total = 7 move to Square 7

Player 1: dice total = 7 move to Utility

Player 1 buy Utility

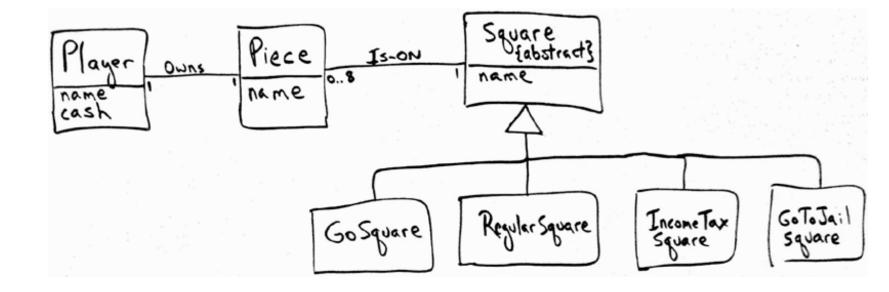
Player 2: dice total = 5 move to Utility

Player 2 pays \$20.0 to Player 1

Player 1: dice total = 8 move to Square 20

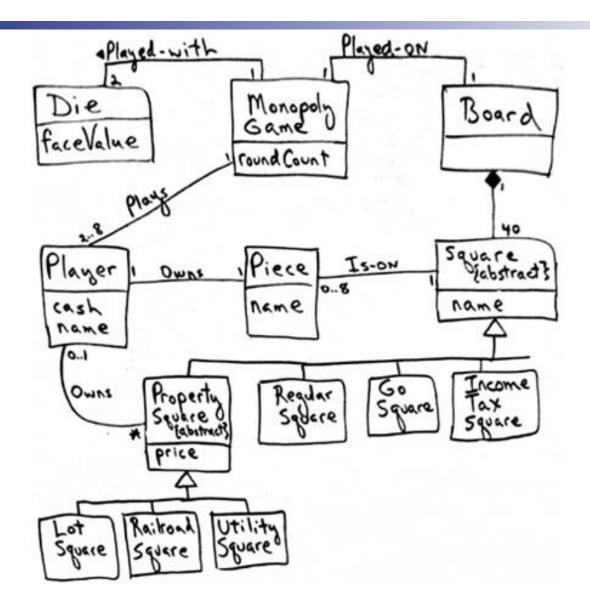


It2 Domain Model Changes





It3 Domain Model



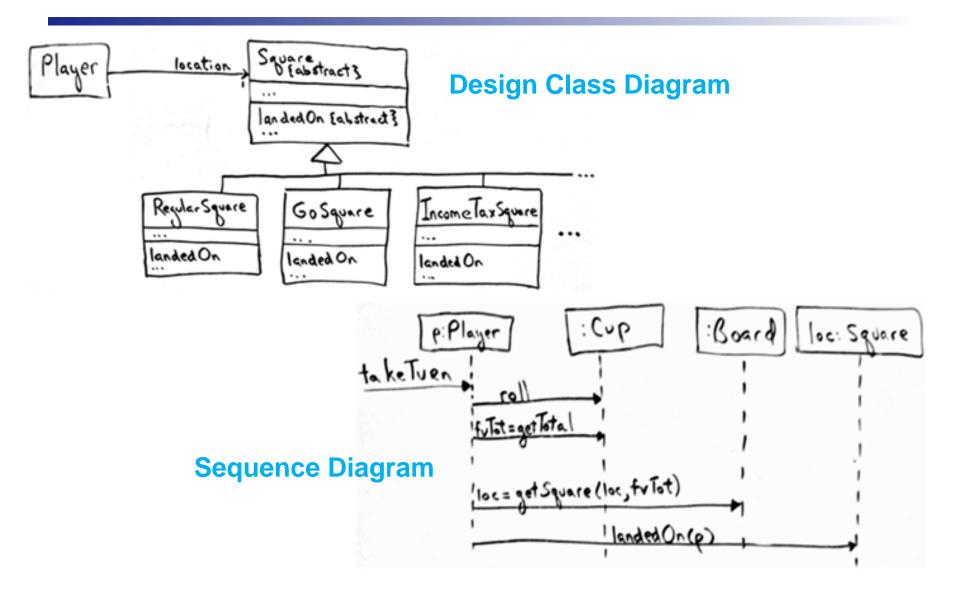


Essential Design Elements

- Polymorphism is applied
 - for each kind of square that has a different landed-on behavior, there is a polymorphic landedOn method
 - When a *Player* software object lands on a *Square*, it sends it a *landedOn* message

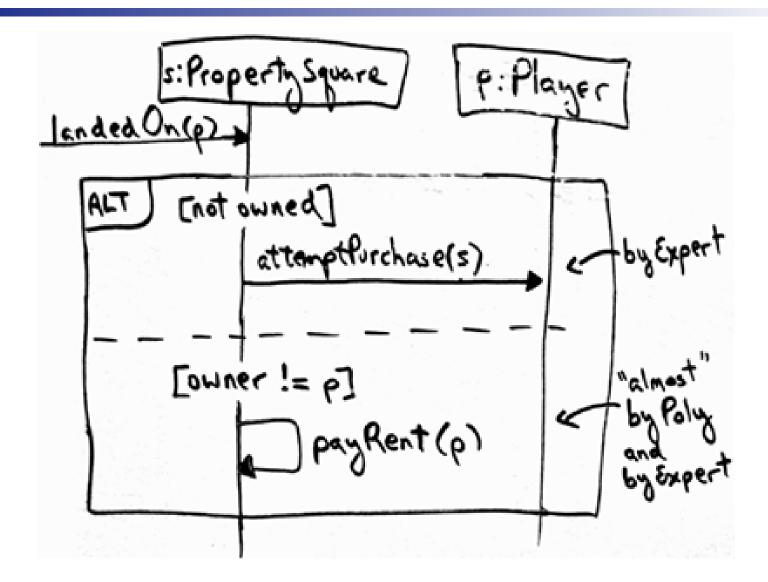


Polymorphic landedOn design strategy



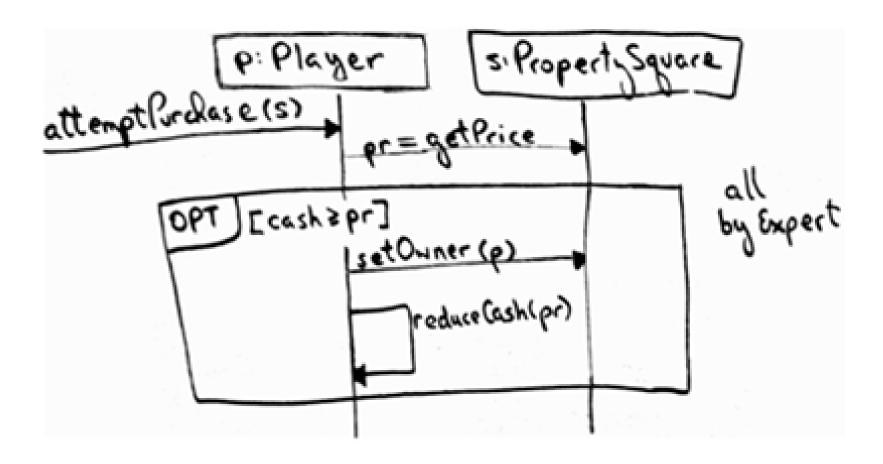


Landing on a PropertySquare



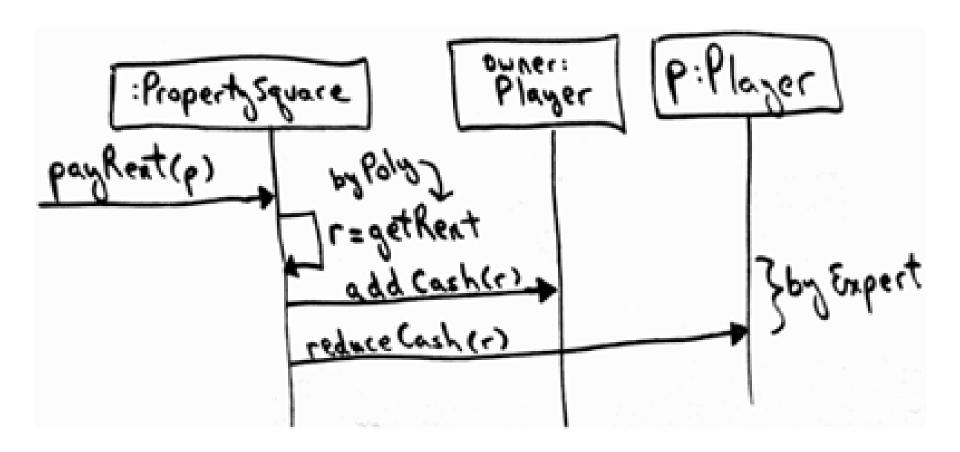


Attempting to purchase a property





Paying rent





Polymorphic getRent methods

