eBay CS6360.002 Team 2

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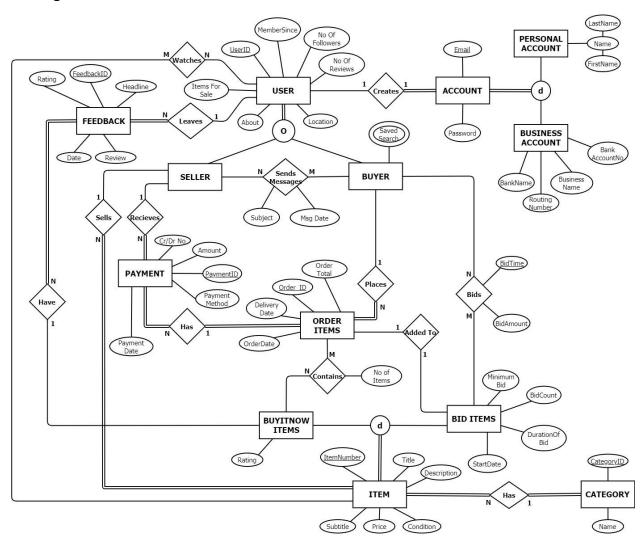
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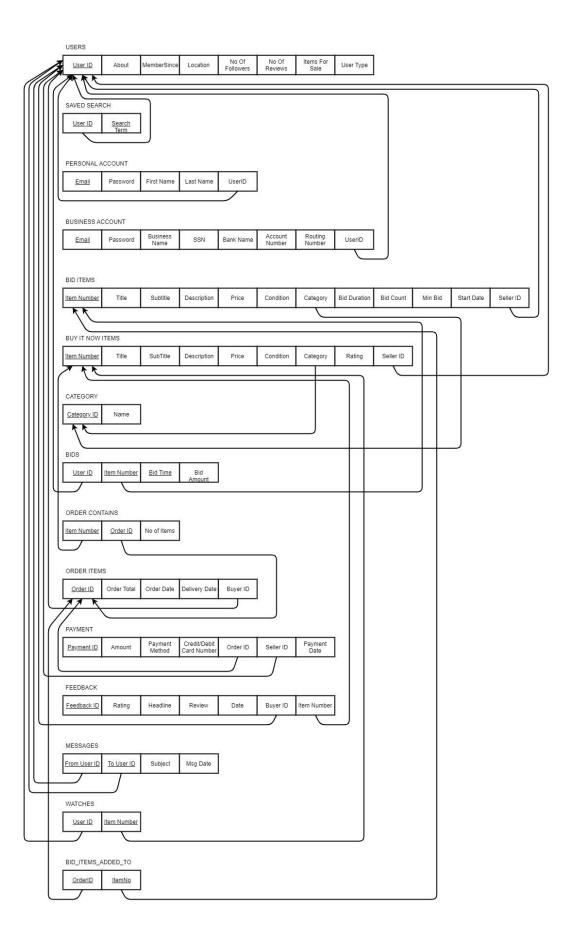
Requirements

- ➢ eBay has USERS, every user has only one ACCOUNT with eBay. Each ACCOUNT has a unique user ID, about the user, member since (when user has created the account), location of the user, number of followers, number of reviews, number of items for sale. Also, every ACCOUNT will be associated with one user.
- Every ACCOUNT is categorized into two types, PERSONAL_ACCOUNT or BUSINESS ACCOUNT.
- ➤ PERSONAL ACCOUNT has details about the user's first name and last name.
- ➤ BUSINESS ACCOUNT has legal business name, bank account number, bank name, and routing number.
- Every user in USERS can be both BUYER or SELLER at the same time. BUYER can search for anything and can save any number of search terms.
- ➤ BUYER/SELLER can send messages to SELLER/BUYER respectively. Every message has subject and date the message has been sent.
- ➤ eBay has ITEMS, every item has unique item number, title which can't be n, subtitle, description, price of the item and condition (New, Used, Open box).
- ➤ Every item has a CATEGORY to which it belongs to and every CATEGORY has at least one ITEM.
- Every ITEM is divided in to either BUY_IT_NOW_ITEM or BID_ITEM. Buyer can buy BUY_IT_NOW_ITEMS whenever he wants to buy but to buy BID_ITEM buyer has to successfully win a bid.
- ➤ BID_ITEMS have minimum bid amount, no of current bids on the item, duration of the bid (which can be 1, 3, 5, 7 day(s)), start date when bid is created by the seller.
- > BUY_IT_NOW_ITEMS have rating and which will be calculated based on the FEEDBACK received from the BUYER.
- > BUYER can place bid on multiple BID_ITEMS and on each BID_ITEM multiple byers can place bid. Each bid has bid amount and bid time.
- When the bid time expires BID_ITEM should be bought by BUYER who bids the highest amount. BID_ITEM will be added to the ORDER and PAYMENT should be done. Not all BID_ITEM will have bids and such items will remain unsold.
- ➤ BUYER can place multiple ORDERS, which has unique order ID, order total, order date and expected delivery date.
- Every ORDER contains either at least one BUY_IT_NOW_ITEM and count of items in the order or exactly one BID_ITEM. Each BUY_IT_NOW_ITEMS can be part of multiple ORDERS while each BID_ITEM will be part only one ORDER.

- ➤ PAYMENT is done for every ORDER and vice versa. PAYMENT for each ORDER can be made in multiple methods (credit/debit card and gift card).
- PAYMENT has unique payment ID, payment method, amount, credit or debit card number and date of payment.
- > SELLER receives multiple payments but every PAYMENT corresponds to only one SELLER.
- ➤ USER can watch multiple ITEMS to keep track of the price or bid price of an item. Each ITEM can be watched by multiple USERS.
- ➤ Once the BUYER places ORDER, BUYER can give feedback to the BUY_IT_NOW_ITEMS he bought. FEEDBACK will have unique feedback ID, rating, headline about the item and date of feedback.
- ➤ BUY_IT_NOW_ITEMS will have rating which will be calculated from the FEEDBACK given by the BUYER. Each item can have multiple FEEDBACKS and every FEEDBACK is associated with a BUY_IT_NOW_ITEM.

ER Diagram and Relational Schema





Normalization

All the tables are already in 3NF, normalization is not required.

SQL Tables

```
DROP TABLE USERS;
CREATE TABLE USERS (
                                 varchar(15)
user_id
                                                     PRIMARY KEY,
                          varchar(50),
about
member_since
                                 date
                                                     NOT NULL,
user_location
                          varchar(20)
                                               NOT NULL,
no_of_followers
                                               DEFAULT 0,
                          int
items_for_sale
                          int
                                               DEFAULT 0,
user_type
                          varchar(6)
                                               NOT NULL CHECK(user_type in ('Buyer',
'Seller'))
```

DROP TABLE PERSONAL ACCOUNT;

CREATE TABLE PERSONAL ACCOUNT (

email varchar(30) PRIMARY KEY,

password varchar(20) NOT NULL CHECK(LENGTH(password)>6),

first_name varchar(20) NOT NULL,

last_name varchar(20) NOT NULL,

user_id varchar(15),

FOREIGN KEY (user_id) REFERENCES users (user_id) ON DELETE CASCADE

);

DROP TABLE BUSINESS ACCOUNT;

CREATE TABLE BUSINESS ACCOUNT (

email varchar(25) PRIMARY KEY,

password varchar(20) CHECK(length(password)>6),

business name varchar(20) NOT NULL,

ssn char(10) NOT NULL,

bank_name varchar(20) NOT NULL,

account_number varchar(11) NOT NULL,

routing number varchar(8) NOT NULL,

user_id varchar(15),

FOREIGN KEY (user_id) REFERENCES users (user_id) ON DELETE CASCADE

```
DROP TABLE SAVED_SEARCH;
CREATE TABLE SAVED_SEARCH (
user_id
                                varchar(15),
                         varchar(50)
search_term
                                             NOT NULL,
FOREIGN KEY(user_id) REFERENCES users (user_id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
PRIMARY KEY(user_id, search_term)
);
DROP TABLE CATEGORY;
CREATE TABLE CATEGORY (
category_id
                         char(5)
                                             PRIMARY KEY,
                         varchar(20)
name
                                             NOT NULL
);
```

DROP TABLE BID_ITEMS;

CREATE TABLE BID_ITEMS (

Item_number char(12) PRIMARY KEY,

Title varchar(30) NOT NULL,

subtitle varchar(20),

description varchar(50),

bid_price numeric(10,2) NOT NULL,

condition varchar(15) NOT NULL,

category char(5),

bid duration int NOT NULL,

bid_count int DEFAULT 0,

min_bid numeric(10,2) NOT NULL,

start date timestamp DEFAULT SYSDATE,

seller id varchar(15),

CHECK(condition in('Used', 'New', 'Refurbished', 'Openbox')),

CHECK(bid_duration in(1,3,5,7)),

FOREIGN KEY(category) REFERENCES category (category_id) ON DELETE SET NULL,

FOREIGN KEY(seller_id) REFERENCES USERS (user_id) ON DELETE CASCADE

DROP TABLE BUY_IT_NOW_ITEMS;

CREATE TABLE BUY_IT_NOW_ITEMS (

Item_number char(12) PRIMARY KEY,

Title varchar(30) NOT NULL,

subtitle varchar(20),

description varchar(50),

price numeric(10,2) NOT NULL,

condition varchar(15) NOT NULL,

category char(5),

rating numeric(2,1) DEFAULT 0,

seller_id varchar(15),

CHECK(condition in('Used', 'New', 'Refurbished', 'Openbox')),

FOREIGN KEY(category) REFERENCES category (category_id) ON DELETE SET NULL,

FOREIGN KEY(seller_id) REFERENCES USERS (user_id) ON DELETE CASCADE

```
DROP TABLE BIDS;
CREATE TABLE BIDS (
                                 varchar(15),
user_id
                          char(12),
item_no
bid_amount
                          numeric(10,2)
                                              NOT NULL,
bid time
                          timestamp
                                              DEFAULT SYSDATE,
FOREIGN KEY(user_id) REFERENCES users (user_id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
FOREIGN KEY(item_no) REFERENCES bid_items (item_number) ON DELETE CASCADE,
PRIMARY KEY(user id, item no, bid time)
);
DROP TABLE ORDER_ITEMS;
CREATE TABLE ORDER ITEMS (
order_id
                          char(10)
                                                     PRIMARY KEY,
order_total
                          numeric(10,2),
                          date
order date
                                                     DEFAULT SYSDATE,
delivery_date
                          date,
buyer_id
                          varchar(15),
FOREIGN KEY(buyer id) REFERENCES users (user id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

```
DROP TABLE ORDER_CONTAINS;
CREATE TABLE ORDER_CONTAINS (
                          char(12),
item_no
                          char(10),
order_no
no_of_items
                          int,
FOREIGN KEY(item no) REFERENCES buy it now items (item number),
FOREIGN KEY(order_no) REFERENCES order_items (order_id),
PRIMARY KEY(item_no, order_no)
);
DROP TABLE PAYMENT;
CREATE TABLE PAYMENT (
payment_id
                                char(10)
                                                    PRIMARY KEY,
                                       numeric(10,2)
                                                           NOT NULL,
amount
                                varchar(20)
                                                    NOT NULL,
payment_method
cr dr card number
                                char(16),
payment_date
                                                    DEFAULT SYSDATE,
                                date
order_id
                                char(10),
seller_id
                                varchar(15),
FOREIGN KEY(order id) REFERENCES order items (order id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
FOREIGN KEY(seller_id) REFERENCES USERS (user_id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

DROP TABLE FEEDBACK;

CREATE TABLE FEEDBACK (

feedback id char(8) PRIMARY KEY,

rating numeric(2,1) NOT NULL,

headline varchar(20) NOT NULL,

review varchar(50),

feedback_date date DEFAULT SYSDATE,

buyer_id varchar(15),

item no char(12),

CHECK(rating >= 0.0 AND rating <= 5.0),

FOREIGN KEY(buyer_id) REFERENCES users (user_id) ON DELETE CASCADE,

FOREIGN KEY(item_no) REFERENCES buy_it_now_items (item_number) ON DELETE CASCADE

);

DROP TABLE MESSAGES;

CREATE TABLE MESSAGES (

from_user_id varchar(15),

to_user_id varchar(15),

subject varchar(50) NOT NULL,

msg_date date DEFAULT SYSDATE,

FOREIGN KEY(from_user_id) REFERENCES users (user_id) ON DELETE CASCADE,

FOREIGN KEY(to_user_id) REFERENCES users (user_id) ON DELETE CASCADE

```
DROP TABLE WATCHES;
CREATE TABLE WATCHES (
user_id
                                       varchar(15),
                                char(12),
item_no
FOREIGN KEY(user_id) REFERENCES users (user_id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
FOREIGN KEY(item no) REFERENCES buy it now items (item number) ON DELETE CASCADE,
FOREIGN KEY(item_no) REFERENCES bid_items (item_number) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
DROP TABLE BID_ITEMS_ADDED_TO;
CREATE TABLE BID ITEMS ADDED TO (
Order_id
                                char(10),
item no
                                char(12),
FOREIGN KEY(order_id) REFERENCES order_items (order_id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
FOREIGN KEY(item_no) REFERENCES bid_items (item_number) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

Procedures

1. Procedure to calculate the item rating based on user feedback which includes rating and updates the item rating in item table.

```
set serveroutput ON;
create or replace procedure calculate feedback(itemno IN feedback.item no%TYPE,
currentRating IN feedback.rating%TYPE) AS
thisRating buy it now items.rating%TYPE;
rating_sum numeric(5,1);
row_count numeric(5,1);
CURSOR calculate rating IS
select rating from feedback where item no = itemno;
BEGIN
      OPEN calculate rating;
             rating sum := 0.0;
      LOOP
             FETCH calculate rating into this Rating;
             EXIT WHEN calculate_rating%NOTFOUND;
    rating sum := rating sum + thisRating;
      END LOOP;
  row count := calculate rating%ROWCOUNT;
  dbms output.put line(rating sum || row count);
  UPDATE buy it now items set rating = (rating sum+currentRating)/(row count+1)
where item_number = itemno;
      CLOSE calculate_rating;
END;
```

2. Procedure that will raise application error when buyer tries to bid for an expired item. If not, it will make sure that the bid amount is not less than minimum amount you can bid and if it is less it will raise application error.

```
set serveroutput ON;
create or replace procedure bid_expiry(itemno IN bid_items.item_number%type,
currentBid bids.bid amount%TYPE) AS
  thisEnddate bid_items.start_date%TYPE;
  thisMinBid bid items.min bid%TYPE;
BEGIN
      select start date + bid duration into thisEnddate from bid items where
item number = itemno;
  select min bid into thisMinBid from bid items where item number = itemno;
  IF sysdate > thisEnddate THEN
    Raise_Application_Error(-20000, 'The item you are trying to bid has ended.');
  END IF;
  IF currentBid < thisMinBid THEN
    Raise_Application_Error(-20000, 'You have to bid atleast' | | thisMinBid);
  END IF;
END;
```

3. Procedure to calculate next minimum bid based on the price of latest bid and update the minimum bid in BID ITEMS table.

```
set serveroutput ON;
create or replace procedure update_minbid(itemno IN bids.item_no%TYPE, bidPrice IN
bids.bid amount%TYPE) AS
  minBidPrice bid items.min bid%TYPE;
  currentBidprice bid items.bid price%TYPE;
BEGIN
       currentBidprice := bidPrice;
       minBidPrice := 0.0;
       IF currentBidprice >= 0.01 AND currentBidprice <= 0.99 THEN
              minBidPrice := currentBidprice + 0.05;
  ELSIF currentBidprice >= 1.00 AND currentBidprice <= 4.99 THEN
    minBidPrice := currentBidprice + 0.25;
  ELSIF currentBidprice >= 5.00 AND currentBidprice <= 24.99 THEN
    minBidPrice := currentBidprice + 0.50;
  ELSIF currentBidprice >= 25.00 AND currentBidprice <= 99.99 THEN
    minBidPrice := currentBidprice + 1.00;
  ELSIF currentBidprice >= 100.00 AND currentBidprice <= 249.99 THEN
    minBidPrice := currentBidprice + 2.50;
  ELSIF currentBidprice >= 250.00 AND currentBidprice <= 499.99 THEN
    minBidPrice := currentBidprice + 5.00;
  ELSIF currentBidprice >= 500.00 AND currentBidprice <= 999.99 THEN
    minBidPrice := currentBidprice + 10.00;
  ELSE
    minBidPrice := currentBidprice + 25.00;
  END IF;
       UPDATE bid items set min bid = minBidPrice where item number = itemno;
    UPDATE bid_items set bid_count = bid_count + 1 where item_number = itemno;
END;
```

4. Procedure to determine the bid winner when the bid expires and the item will be added to orders. After item has been ordered item will be removed from BID_ITEMS table along with its bid history in BIDS table.

```
set serveroutput ON;
create or replace procedure winning_bid(itemno IN bid_items.item_number%type) AS
  thisEnddate bid items.start date%TYPE;
  thisMaxBid bids.bid amount%TYPE;
  thisBuyer bids.user id%TYPE;
  thisOrderId order items.order id%TYPE;
BEGIN
      select start date + bid duration into thisEnddate from bid items where
item number = itemno;
  select max(bid_amount) into thisMaxBid from bids where item_no = itemno;
  select user_id into thisBuyer from bids where bid_amount = thisMaxBid and item_no
= itemno;
  select round(DBMS Random.Value(000000001,999999999)) into thisOrderID from
dual;
  IF sysdate > thisEnddate THEN
    INSERT INTO order items values(thisOrderId, thisMaxBid, sysdate, sysdate + 3,
thisBuyer);
    INSERT INTO bid_items_added_to values(thisOrderId, itemno);
    DELETE FROM BID ITEMS where item number = itemno;
    DELETE FROM BIDS where item no = itemno;
  END IF;
END;
```

Triggers

1. Trigger that will calculate average rating of items based on user feedback and will be triggered whenever buyer gives feedback to an item i.e. after user inserts new data into feedback table. Trigger action will call the corresponding procedure (procedure 1).

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER UPDATE_RATING

AFTER INSERT ON FEEDBACK

FOR EACH ROW

DECLARE

PRAGMA AUTONOMOUS_TRANSACTION;

BEGIN

calculate_feedback(:NEW.item_no, :NEW.rating);

COMMIT;

END;
```

2. Trigger that will check whether the bid is expired or not and also if your bid price is greater than minimum price that you can bid. It will be triggered whenever bidder bids for an item. Trigger action will call the corresponding procedure (procedure 2).

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER CHECK_EXPIRY
BEFORE INSERT ON BIDS
FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE
PRAGMA AUTONOMOUS_TRANSACTION;
BEGIN
BID_EXPIRY(:NEW.ITEM_NO, :NEW.bid_amount);
COMMIT;
END;
```

3. Trigger that will calculate the minimum bid and update it in the BID_ITEMS table and will be triggered whenever bidder bids for an item i.e. after user inserts new data into bids table. Trigger action will call the corresponding procedure (procedure 3).

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER update_bid_details

AFTER INSERT ON bids

FOR EACH ROW

DECLARE

PRAGMA AUTONOMOUS_TRANSACTION;

BEGIN

update_minbid(:NEW.item_no, :NEW.bid_amount);

COMMIT;

END;
```