Problem M. Product of Three Numbers

Time limit 2000 ms **Mem limit** 262144 kB

You are given one integer number n. Find three **distinct integers** a,b,c such that $2 \le a,b,c$ and $a \cdot b \cdot c = n$ or say that it is impossible to do it.

If there are several answers, you can print any.

You have to answer t independent test cases.

Input

The first line of the input contains one integer t ($1 \le t \le 100$) — the number of test cases.

The next n lines describe test cases. The i-th test case is given on a new line as one integer n ($2 < n < 10^9$).

Output

For each test case, print the answer on it. Print "NO" if it is impossible to represent n as $a \cdot b \cdot c$ for some **distinct integers** a,b,c such that $2 \leq a,b,c$.

Otherwise, print "YES" and any possible such representation.

Sample 1

Input	Output
5	YES
64	2 4 8
32	NO
97	NO
2	NO
12345	YES
	3 5 823