TABLE OF CONTENTS

| CHAPTER | TITLE | PAGE |
|---------|------------------------------------|------|
| NO | | NO |
| 1 | FUNDAMENTALS & LINK LAYER | 01 |
| | 1.1. Building a Network | 02 |
| | 1.2. Requirements | 03 |
| | 1.3. Layering and Protocols | 08 |
| | 1.3.1. Networks Models | 09 |
| | 1.3.2. Protocols | 17 |
| | 1.4. Internet Architecture | 24 |
| | 1.5. Network Software | 30 |
| | 1.6. Performance | 33 |
| | 1.7. Datalink Layer | 35 |
| | 1.8. Framing | 35 |
| | 1.9. Error Detection | 37 |
| | 1.10. Flow Control | 42 |
| 2 | MEDIA ACCESS AND INTERNET WORKING | 43 |
| | 2.1. Medium Access Control (MAC) | 44 |
| | 2.1.1. Random Access Control | 44 |
| | 2.1.2. Controlled Access Control | 51 |
| | 2.1.3. Channelization | 54 |
| | 2.2. Ethernet (802.3) or Wired LAN | 57 |
| | 2.2.1. Evolution of Ethernet | 59 |
| | 2.2.2. Physical Layer | 61 |
| | 2.2.3. MAC Sublayer | 63 |
| | 2.3. Wireless LAN | 66 |
| | 2.3.1. IEEE 802.11 - WIFI | 66 |

| 2.3.2. Architecture | 66 |
|---|----|
| 2.3.3. MAC Sublayer | 68 |
| 2.3.4. Frame Format | 69 |
| 2.3.5. Physical Layer | 70 |
| 2.4. Bluetooth | 71 |
| 2.4.1. Architecture | 71 |
| 2.4.2. Bluetooth Layers | 72 |
| 2.4.2.1. Radio Layer | 72 |
| 2.4.2.2. Base Band Layer | 73 |
| 2.4.2.3. L2CAP | 74 |
| 2.4.2.4. Data Field | 74 |
| 2.5. Switching | 74 |
| 2.5.1. Taxonomy of Switched Networks | 75 |
| 2.5.1.1. Circuit Switched Networks | 75 |
| 2.5.1.2. Message Switching (OR) Telegraph | 77 |
| Network | |
| 2.5.1.3. Packet Switching | 78 |
| 2.5.2. Bridging | 79 |
| 2.5.2.1. Transparent Bridge | 79 |
| 2.5.2.2. Routing Bridge | 80 |
| 2.6. Basic Internetworking | 81 |
| 2.6.1. Internet Protocol (IP) | 81 |
| 2.6.1.1. IPV4 | 86 |
| 2.6.2. Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) | 90 |
| 2.6.3. Reverse Address Resolution Protocol (RARP) | 94 |
| 2.6.4. Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) | 95 |
| 2.6.5. Bootstrap Protocol (BOOTP) | 98 |
| | |

| | 2.6.6. Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) | 99 |
|---|---|-----|
| 3 | ROUTING | 101 |
| | 3.1. Unicast Routing Protocols | 102 |
| | 3.1.1. Distance Vector Routing | 104 |
| | 3.1.1.1. Routing Information Protocol (RIP) | 106 |
| | 3.1.2. Link State Routing | 106 |
| | 3.1.2.1. Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) | 110 |
| | 3.1.3. Path Vector Routing | 112 |
| | 3.1.3.1. Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) | 114 |
| | 3.2. Global Internet - IPV6 | 116 |
| | 3.3. Multicast Link State Routing | 119 |
| | 3.3.1. Multicast Open Shortest Path First (MOSPF) | 119 |
| | 3.3.2. Multicast Distance Vector (DVMRP) | 120 |
| | 3.3.3. Reverse Path Forwarding (RPF) | 120 |
| | 3.3.4. Reverse Path Broadcasting (RPB) | 121 |
| | 3.3.5. Reverse Path Multicasting (RPM) | 121 |
| | 3.3.6. Core Based Tree (CBT) | 121 |
| | 3.3.7. Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) | 122 |
| 4 | TRANSPORT LAYER | 124 |
| | 4.1. Overview of Transport Layer | 125 |
| | 4.1.1. Duties of Transport Layer | 125 |
| | 4.1.2. Quality of Service (QOS) | 126 |
| | 4.1.3. Sockets | 127 |
| | 4.2. User Datagram Protocol (UDP) | 129 |
| | 4.2.1. Purpose of UDP | 129 |
| | 4.2.2. UDP Operation | 131 |
| | 4.2.3. Advantages of UDP | 132 |

| | 4.3. Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) | 132 |
|---|---|---------------------------------|
| | 4.3.1. TCP Services | 132 |
| | 4.3.2. TCP Features | 135 |
| | 4.3.3. TCP Connection | 138 |
| | 4.3.4. Flow Control | 139 |
| | 4.3.5. Error Control (Retransmission) | 140 |
| | 4.4. Stream Control Transmission Protocol (SCTP) | 142 |
| | 4.4.1. SCTP Services | 142 |
| | 4.4.2. SCTP Features | 143 |
| | 4.4.3. SCTP Connection | 146 |
| | 4.5. Congestion Control | 147 |
| | 4.5.1. Congestion - Network Performance | 147 |
| | 4.5.2. Open Loop Congestion Control | 148 |
| | 4.5.3. Closed Loop Congestion Control | 149 |
| | 4.6. Quality of Service (QOS) | 150 |
| | 4.6.1. Flow Characteristics | 151 |
| 5 | APPLICATION LAYER | 152 |
| | 5.1. Traditional Applications | 153 |
| | 5.2. Email | 153 |
| | 5.2.1. Architecture | 153 |
| | | |
| | 5.2.2. User Agent | 156 |
| | 5.2.2. User Agent 5.2.3. Message Transfer Agent | |
| | | 156 |
| | 5.2.3. Message Transfer Agent | 156 157 |
| | 5.2.3. Message Transfer Agent 5.3. Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) | 156 157 161 |
| | 5.2.3. Message Transfer Agent 5.3. Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) 5.4. File Transfer Protocol (FTP) | 156 157 161 164 |
| | 5.2.3. Message Transfer Agent 5.3. Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) 5.4. File Transfer Protocol (FTP) 5.5. World Wide Web (WWW) | 156 157 161 164 167 |

| 5.5.3. Server | 168 |
|--|-----|
| 5.5.4. Uniform Resource Locator (URL) | 168 |
| 5.6. Domain Name Systems (DNS) | 170 |
| 5.6.1. Flat Name Space | 170 |
| 5.6.2. Hierarchical Name Space | 171 |
| 5.6.3. Namespace Distribution | 173 |
| 5.6.4. DNS in the Internet | 174 |
| 5.6.5. Messages in DNS | 178 |
| 5.7. Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) | 179 |
| 5.7.1. Concept | 179 |
| 5.7.2. Management Components | 180 |
| 5.7.3. Structure of Management Information (SMI) | 182 |
| 5.7.4. Management Information Base (MIB) | 184 |
| 5.7.5. SNMP Securities | 189 |