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Objective

Project Overview: The primary objective of this project is to design a temperature-controlled motor using an 8051 microcontroller. The system incorporates a temperature sensor and keypad for user inputs. Keypad is used for taking maximum and minimum input that helps motor to operate as user wants. And two push buttons are used to select different mode of operations. Additionally, two extra features—temperature unit conversion and a motor timer—were envisioned.

Goals:

- Implement a robust temperature-controlled motor system.
- Taking user input of maximum and minimum temperature for the better control of the system.
- Ensuring users flexibility to select between different mode of operation (mode-1 and mode-2)
- Allow users to observe both Celsius and Fahrenheit as temperature display.
- Integrate a timer feature for the motor

Required Components

Components	Unit	Total Cost
MKS51 8051 Development Board	01	7500
DC Motor	01	50
Jumper Wires	50	50

Circuit Diagram

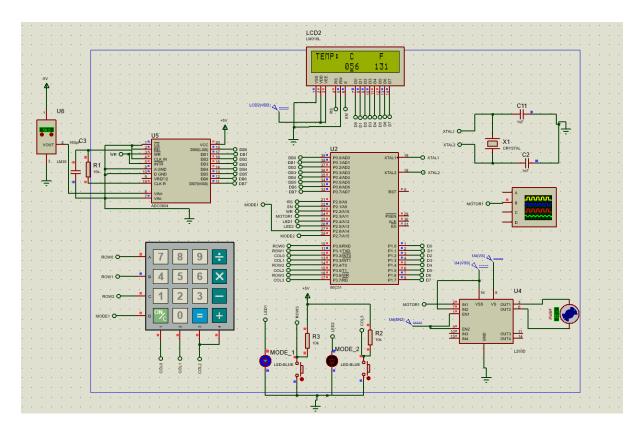


Fig: Circuit Diagram

Port 0

The whole port is connected with the ADC to take input

Port 1

The whole port is connected to the data port of LCD

Port 2

In p2.0 and p2.1 the RS and E pin of lcd is connected. In p2.2 the WR pin of the ADC is connected and p2.3 is giving pulse to the motor. P2.4 and p2.5 is for the led that shows the mode (Mode-1 or Mode-2). Pin2.6 is connected to the 4th row of keypad.

Port 3

In port 3 the p3.0 to p3.5 is connected to the keypad. And the p3.6 and p3.7 is for setting mode those are connected to push buttons.

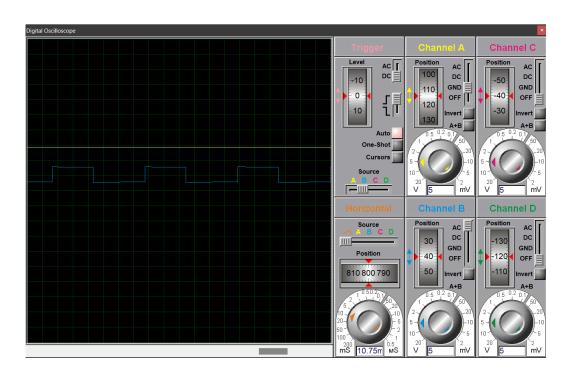


Fig: Output

If we focus on the hardware parameters, then we can see that, we would need to rotate the potentiometer to adjust the output pulses

Features

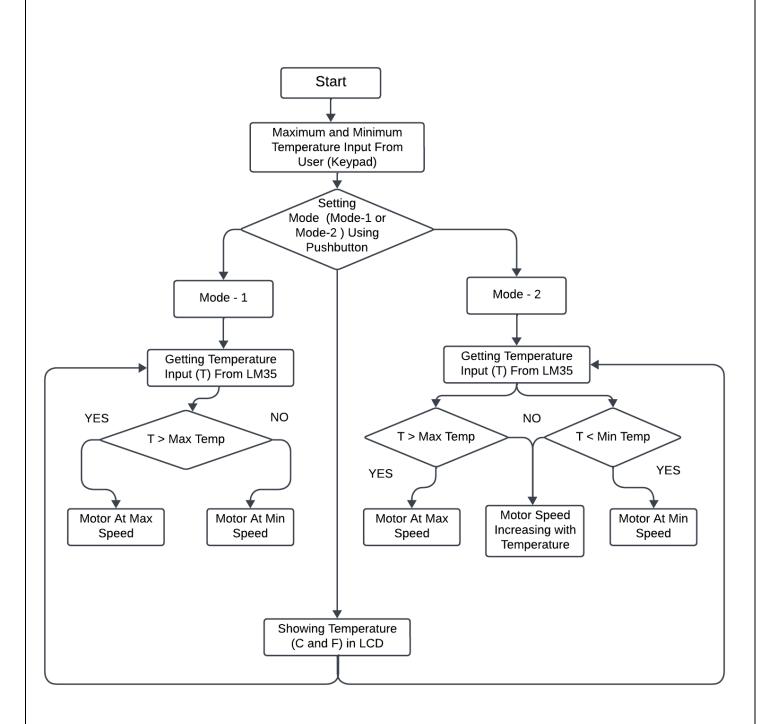
Mandatory Features:

- 1. Use temperature sensor to control any DC motor.
- 2. Take input using keypad. microcontroller will take the maximum and minimum temperature input from the user. Then microcontroller will take input. If "1" is pressed then motor will run at the maximum speed when temperature is greater than the given maximum temperature otherwise at minimum speed. If "2" is pressed motor will run according to the temperature in terms of given maximum and minimum temperature. For example: if min temperature =25 and max temperature =40. If temperature is lower than or equal to 25 RPM will run at min speed. If temperature is higher than max t temperature motor will run at max speed. If temperature is in between this range motor speed will gradually increase from the minimum speed or decrease from the maximum speed according to the temperature.
- 3. The temperature and speed must be shown on the LCD.

Additional Features:

- 2. **Temperature Unit Change:** Users can observe temperature in both Celsius and Fahrenheit unit.
- 3. **Motor Timer (Unimplemented):** Enable a timer for the motor that controls the duration of the motor being on.

Working Principle



Code

```
RS EQU P2.0
EN EQU P2.1
WRR EQU P2.2
DECI_RESULT EQU 90H
ASCII_RESULT EQU 95H
ORG
       00H
LJMP
       MAIN
ORG
     000BH
LJMP
       AFTER_INTR
MAIN:
MOV SP, #70H
MIN_MAX_DISPLAY:
    MOV A,#38H
    ACALL COMNWRT
     ACALL DELAY
    MOV A,#0EH
    ACALL COMNWRT
    ACALL DELAY
    MOV A,#01
    ACALL COMNWRT
    ACALL DELAY
    MOV A,#06
    ACALL COMNWRT
    ACALL DELAY
    MOV A,#80H
    ACALL COMNWRT
     ACALL DELAY
;:::::::MIN MAX INPUT TAKE::::::::::
MOV DPTR, #SHOW1
 MIN_MAX_LOOP_1F:
       CLR A
       MOVC A, @A+DPTR
        JZ MIN_MAX_START1
        LCALL DATAWRT
```

```
LCALL DELAY
       INC DPTR
       LJMP MIN_MAX_LOOP_1F
MIN_MAX_START1:
       CLR C
       CLR A
       SETB P3.2
       SETB P3.3
       SETB P3.5
       CLR P3.0
       CLR P3.1 ;
       CLR P3.4
       CLR p2.6
       MOV R2,#2
   MOV A,#0C0H ; SHOWING IN SECOND LINE
    ACALL COMNWRT
    ACALL DELAY
    MOV A,#14H
    ACALL COMNWRT
    ACALL DELAY
    MOV A,#14H
    ACALL COMNWRT
    ACALL DELAY
    MOV A,#14H
    ACALL COMNWRT
    ACALL DELAY
K11:
                       CLR P3.0
                       CLR P3.1
                       CLR p3.4
                       CLR P2.6
                                         ;SENDING 0 TO THE KEYBOARD
                       JNB P3.2, K11
                       JNB P3.3, K11
                       JNB p3.5, K11
                                           ;check till all keys released
K21:
                       ACALL DELAY
                                                       ;call 20ms delay
```

await closure	JNB P3	3.2, OVERF1 3.3, OVERF1 3.5, OVERF1	;key pressed,
OVERF1:		K21 DELAY 3.2, OVER11	<pre>;check is key pressed ;key pressed, find</pre>
row	JNB P3.3, OVER11 JNB P3.5, OVER11		;key pressed, await
closure polling	SJMP	K21	;if none, keep
OVER11:		P3.0 P3.1	ground row 0
	SETB	P3.4 P2.6 P3.2,ROW_01	;key row 0, find the
column	JNB	P3.3,ROW_01	;key row 0, find the
	JNB CLR	P3.5,ROW_01 P3.1	
	SETB SETB	P3.0 P3.4 P2.6	
column	JNB	P3.2,ROW_11 P3.3,ROW_11	;key row 1, find the
column	JNB	P3.5,ROW_11	
	CLR SETB SETB SETB	P3.4 P3.1 P3.0 P2.6	
column	JNB	P3.2,ROW_21 P3.3,ROW_21	;key row 1, find the ;key row 1, find the
column	JNB	P3.5,ROW_21	
	CLR SETB	P2.6 P3.1	

SETB P3.0 SETB P3.4 JNB P3.2, ROW_31 ;key row 1, find the column JNB P3.3, ROW 31 ;key row 1, find the column JNB P3.5, ROW_31 LJMP K21 ;if none, false input, repeat DPTR, #KCODE0 ROW_01: MOV SJMP FIND11 ROW 11: DPTR, #KCODE1 MOV SJMP FIND11 DPTR, #KCODE2 ROW_21: MOV SJMP FIND11 ROW 31: DPTR, #KCODE3 MOV SJMP FIND11 FIND11: JNB P3.2, MATCH11 INC DPTR JNB P3.3, MATCH11 **DPTR** INC JNB P3.5, MATCH11 MATCH11: ;set A=0 (match found) CLR Α MOVC A, @A+DPTR ;get ASCII code from table MOV R7,A MOV B,A ;MOVC A,@A+DPTR PUSH 7 LCALL DATAWRT ;call display subroutine SKIPP: MOV A,B LCALL DELAY

```
DJNZ R2, Kpapa
                  LCALL DELAY
                  LCALL DELAY
                  SJMP MIN_MAX_START1M
Kpapa: LJMP K11
;;;;;;;;;;;;MIN PART START HERE
MIN_MAX_START1M: CLR C
      CLR A
      SETB P3.2 ;FOR INPUT
      SETB P3.3 ; FOR INPUT- FOR COLUMN
      SETB P3.5
      CLR P3.0
      CLR P3.1 ; FOR OUTPUT- FOR ROW
      CLR P3.4
      CLR P2.6
      MOV R2,#2
   MOV A,#14H
   ACALL COMNWRT
   ACALL DELAY
   MOV A,#14H
   ACALL COMNWRT
   ACALL DELAY
   MOV A,#14H
   ACALL COMNWRT
   ACALL DELAY
   MOV A,#14H
   ACALL COMNWRT
   ACALL DELAY
K11M:
```

CLR P3.0 CLR P3.1

```
CLR p3.4
                       CLR P2.6
                                          ;SENDING 0 TO THE KEYBOARD
                       JNB P3.2, K11M
                       JNB P3.3, K11M
                       JNB p3.5, K11M
K21M:
                       ACALL DELAY
                       JNB P3.2, OVERF1M
                       JNB P3.3, OVERF1M
                       JNB P3.5, OVERF1M
                       SJMP
                              K21M
OVERF1M:
                               ACALL DELAY
                       JNB P3.2, OVER11M
                       JNB P3.3, OVER11M
                       JNB P3.5, OVER11M
                       SJMP
                              K21M
OVER11M:
                       CLR
                               P3.0
                       SETB
                              P3.1
                                                       ;ground row 0
                              P3.4
                       SETB
                       SETB
                               P2.6
                       JNB
                               P3.2,ROW_01M
                                                      ;key row 0, find the
column
                                                      ;key row 0, find the
                       JNB
                               P3.3, ROW_01M
column
                       JNB
                               P3.5, ROW_01M
                               P3.1
                       CLR
                       SETB
                               P3.0
                       SETB
                               P3.4
                       SETB
                               P2.6
                       JNB
                               P3.2, ROW_11M
                                                      ;key row 1, find the
column
                                                       ;key row 1, find the
                       JNB
                               P3.3, ROW_11M
column
                       JNB
                               P3.5, ROW_11M
                       CLR
                               P3.4
                               P3.1
                       SETB
                               P3.0
                       SETB
                               P2.6
                       SETB
                                                      ;key row 1, find the
                       JNB
                               P3.2, ROW_21M
column
                       JNB
                               P3.3, ROW_21M
                                                      ;key row 1, find the
column
                       JNB
                               P3.5, ROW_21M
```

CLR P2.6 SETB P3.4 SETB P3.1 SETB P3.0 P3.2,ROW_31M ;key row 1, find the JNB column JNB P3.3, ROW_31M ;key row 1, find the column JNB P3.5, ROW_31M LJMP **K21M** MOV DPTR, #KCODE0 ROW_01M: SJMP FIND11M MOV DPTR, #KCODE1 ROW_11M: SJMP FIND11M DPTR, #KCODE2 ROW_21M: MOV SJMP FIND11M ROW_31M: MOV DPTR, #KCODE3 SJMP FIND11M FIND11M: JNB P3.2, MATCH11M INC **DPTR** P3.3, MATCH11M JNB INC DPTR JNB P3.5, MATCH11M MATCH11M: Α CLR MOVC A, @A+DPTR MOV R7,A MOV B,A PUSH 7 LCALL DATAWRT SKIPPM: MOV A,B LCALL DELAY DJNZ R2, KpapaM

LCALL DELAY

LCALL DELAY

SJMP CHECK_MIN_MAX

```
KpapaM: LJMP K11M
```

CHECK_MIN_MAX:

POP 7 POP 6 POP 5 pop 4

MOV A,R4
SUBB A,#30H
MOV B,#10
MUL AB
MOV R4,A

MOV A,R5 SUBB A,#30H ADD A, R4

SETB PSW.3 MOV R1,A CLR PSW.3

MOV A,R6
SUBB A,#30H
MOV B,#10
MUL AB
MOV R6,A

MOV A,R7
SUBB A,#30H
ADD A, R6
SETB PSW.3
MOV R7,A
CLR PSW.3

```
MAIN_PORTION:
MODE_SELECT:
; CLR P2.4
; CLR P2.5
 ;CLR P3.7
; MODE1:
; JB P2.6, MODE2
; CLR p2.4
;MODE2: JB P2.7, MODE1
; CLR P2.5
 MODE1:
         JB P3.6, MODE2
          CLR P2.4
                  MOV A,#01H
                ACALL COMNWRT
                ACALL DELAY
                MOV DPTR, #SHOW3
LOOP_02:
                CLR A
                MOVC A,@A+DPTR
                JZ TEMPERATURE_WRITING ; WE HAVE TO CHANGE HERE
                LCALL DATAWRT
                LCALL DELAY
                INC DPTR
                LJMP LOOP_02
MODE2: JB P3.7, MODE1
          CLR P2.5
                   MOV A,#01H
                ACALL COMNWRT
                ACALL DELAY
                MOV DPTR, #SHOW3
LOOP_03:
                CLR A
                MOVC A,@A+DPTR
```

```
JZ TEMPERATURE_WRITING ; WE HAVE TO CHANGE HERE
              LCALL DATAWRT
              LCALL DELAY
              INC DPTR
              LJMP LOOP 03
TEMPERATURE_WRITING:
    MOV A,#01
    ACALL COMNWRT
    ACALL DELAY
;;;;;;FIRST SENTENCE WRITING ( TEMP ;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
       MOV DPTR, #SHOW2
LOOP_1: CLR A
       MOVC A, @A+DPTR
       JZ INTR_TIMER ;
       LCALL DATAWRT
       LCALL DELAY
       INC DPTR
       LJMP LOOP_1
INTR_TIMER:
              MOV TMOD, #01H
              CLR P2.3 ; for pulse as output pin
              SETB P2.3
              CLR TF0
              MOV TH0, #0FFH;
              MOV TL0,#0FH
              MOV IE,#82H
              SETB TR0
TEMP:
         CLR WRR; WR
         SETB WRR; WR
```

```
;;;;;;For going to nex line ::::::::::
    MOV A,#0C0H
    ACALL COMNWRT
    ACALL DELAY
    MOV A,#06H
    ACALL COMNWRT
    ACALL DELAY
;;;:::::TEMPERATURE SHOW::::::;;
TEMP_DIS:
           MOV A,P0
          LCALL CONVERSION
          MOV A,#0C0H
          LCALL COMNWRT
          LCALL DELAY
          MOV A, #14H
          LCALL COMNWRT
          ;LCALL DELAY
          MOV A,#14H
          LCALL COMNWRT
          ;LCALL DELAY
              MOV A,#06H
    ACALL COMNWRT
    ACALL DELAY
          MOV R2,#4
```

```
BACK: MOV A,@R1
          LCALL DATAWRT
          LCALL DELAY
          DEC R1
          DJNZ R2, BACK
             ;;;:::::::::: For Showing the farenhite
temperature ::::::;;;;;
             MOV A,#14H
          LCALL COMNWRT
          ;LCALL DELAY
          MOV A,#14H
          LCALL COMNWRT
         LCALL DELAY;
              MOV A,#06H
    ACALL COMNWRT
    ACALL DELAY
         LCALL CONVERSIONF
TEMP_DIS111: MOV R2,#4
         ;MOV R1,#ASC_RESULT
    BACK111: MOV A,@R1
          LCALL DATAWRT
          LCALL DELAY
          DEC R1
          DJNZ R2, BACK111
                LCALL DELAY
                LCALL DELAY
                LCALL DELAY
               LJMP TEMP
AFTER_INTR:
 ;JNB P2.5, M1MODE
```

;JNB P2.4 ,M2MODE

```
;M1KAJER: CLR P3.7
 ;M1MODE:
;
              MOV A,P0
              MOV B,#2
              MUL AB
              MOV R3,A
;CLR P3.7
;SETB PSW.3
;MOV B,R1
;CLR PSW.3
; CJNE A, B, HE1; HE1: JNC MAXX; SJMP MINN
;MAXX: MOV A, #245 ;230
        SJMP ORIGINAL
;MINN:
; MOV A, #30
    ;CPL A
 ; SJMP ORIGINAL
 JNB P2.4 , M1MODE
JNB P2.5, M2MODE
;; MODE1 and MODe-2 er kaj niche
                MOV A,P0
  M1MODE:
               MOV B,#2
               MUL AB
               MOV R5,A
SETB PSW.3
MOV B,#3
MOV A, R1
SUBB A,B
```

```
MOV B, A
CLR PSW.3
MOV A, R5
        CJNE A,B, HERE11V; #45 here i will put the minimum temperature value
HERE11V: JC LOWESTV
         SETB PSW.3
MOV B, R1
CLR PSW.3
        CJNE A,B, HERE22V; #75 Here i will put the maximum temperature value
HERE22V: JNC HIGHESTV
        SJMP INTERMEDIATE_SPEED
LOWESTV: MOV A, #40
         SJMP ORIGINAL
HIGHESTV: MOV A, #245 ;230
         SJMP ORIGINAL
M2MODE:
                 MOV A, P0
                 MOV B,#2
                 MUL AB
                 MOV R5,A
SETB PSW.3
MOV B, R7
CLR PSW.3
        CJNE A,B, HERE11; #45 here i will put the minimum temperature value
HERE11: JC LOWEST
        SETB PSW.3
MOV B, R1
CLR PSW.3
        CJNE A,B, HERE22; #75 Here i will put the maximum temperature value
HERE22: JNC HIGHEST
        SJMP INTERMEDIATE_SPEED
LOWEST: MOV A, #40
         SJMP ORIGINAL
HIGHEST: MOV A, #245 ;230
         SJMP ORIGINAL
```

```
INTERMEDIATE_SPEED:
 MOV A,R5 ; Ei line jokhon limit er moddhe ase tokhon A er value ferot
  CLR C
  RLC A
  ;CPL A
 ORIGINAL:
  CPL A
                      MOV R7, A
                      LCALL LOW_DONE
                      SETB P2.3
                      CLR TF0
                      MOV THO, R7; ; here CPL of A will be given. Lower THO
represent that the value will be start from lower. that means more time it
will high.
                      SETB TR0
                      RETI
LOW_DONE:
                        CLR P2.3
                        MOV A, #0FFH ; careful here.
                        CLR C
                        SUBB A, R7
                        MOV THO, A
STAY2:
                        JNB TF0, STAY2
                        CLR TF0
                        RET
;;;;;::::DATA WRITE AND COMMAND WRITE:::::::
COMNWRT:
         MOV P1,A
         CLR RS
         SETB EN
         ACALL DELAY
         CLR EN
         RET
DATAWRT:
         MOV P1,A
         SETB RS
         SETB EN
```

```
ACALL DELAY
        CLR EN
        RET
;;;;;:::::::DELAY GENERATION FOR DISPLAY:::::::::
DELAY:
      MOV R3,#50
HERE2: MOV R4,#255
HERE1 : DJNZ R4, HERE1
      DJNZ R3, HERE2
      RET
;;;;;:::::TEMPERATURE CONVERSION::::::::::::::::
CONVERSION:
BIN_DEC_CNVRT:
             MOV R0, #DECI_RESULT
             CLR C
             RLC A ; Temperature double showing issue solved clr c and rlc a
line
             MOV B,#10
             DIV AB
             MOV @RO, B
             INC R0
             MOV B,#10
             DIV AB
             MOV @RO,B
             INC R0
             MOV @RO, A
DEC_ASC_CNVRT:
            MOV R0, #DECI_RESULT
            MOV R1, #ASCII_RESULT
            MOV R2,#3
     BACK1: MOV A,@R0
            ORL A,#30H
            MOV @R1,A; SAVE IT TO R1
             INC R0
             INC R1
            DJNZ R2, BACK1
             RET
```

```
CONVERSIONF:
BIN_DEC_CNVRTF:
              MOV R0, #DECI_RESULT
              MOV A, PO
              CLR C
              RLC A
              ;;;;; CEL TO FER
             MOV B,#5
             DIV AB
             MoV B, #9
             MUL AB
             MOV B, #32
             ADD A,B
             ;;;; CLE TO FER
             ;;;;;
              MOV B,#10
              DIV AB
              MOV @RO,B
              INC R0
              MOV B,#10
              DIV AB
              MOV @RO,B
              INC R0
              MOV @RO,A
DEC_ASC_CNVRTF:
             MOV R0, #DECI_RESULT
             MOV R1, #ASCII_RESULT
             MOV R2,#3
      BACK1F: MOV A,@R0
             ORL A,#30H
             MOV @R1,A; SAVE IT TO R1
             INC R0
             INC R1
             DJNZ R2, BACK1F
             RET
```

;;;;;;;DATA TO BE DISPLAYED::::::::::

ORG 500H

```
SHOW1: DB " MAX | MIN:",0

SHOW2:DB"TEMP: C F",0

SHOW3:DB" ",0

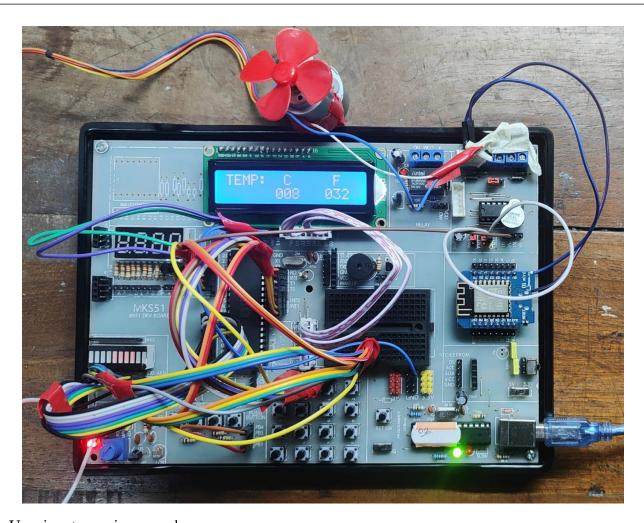
KCODE0: DB '7','8','9' ;ROW 0

KCODE1: DB '4','5','6' ;ROW 1

KCODE2: DB '1', '2','3'

KCODE3: DB '0', '0','0'
```

Hardware Implementation



User inputs maximum and

Fig: Hardware Implementation

Based on user selection ("1" or "2"), the motor runs at either maximum or variable speed.

Motor speed adjusts based on the current temperature within the specified range.

Temperature and motor speed are displayed on the LCD.

Problems Faced

- 1. The memory location created problem. As the code of this project is very long will assigning proper memory location some problem raised. For example, same memory location is used for different purposes. In those cases, the result show in the lcd had one problem. LCD was showing arbitrary values.
- 2. Using timer for both motor speed control and our extra feature motor timer (duration) created problem. As we needed interrupt for these features, we were able to apply interrupt for the mandatory feature motor speed control but couldn't apply it for the extra feature motor timer.
- 3. There are some issues related to the Machine cycle of the microcontroller 8051. In some cases, the software simulation it works properly but in hardware it takes some time or sometimes it stops working. For example, while taking input of maximum and minimum temperature we have to give input every time with a few seconds delays.
- 4. The Avrdudes software that is used for uploading the hex file in hardware created issue related to USB.
- 5. It is easier to observe small changes in software but it becomes very hard to observe those changes in hardware. For example, small changes in motor speed.

Conclusion

In conclusion, the 8051 microcontroller-based temperature-controlled motor project successfully achieved the core objective of regulating motor speed based on temperature inputs. Despite challenges with the motor timer feature, the project showcases effective integration of components and adherence to the specified requirements. Future improvements may address the unimplemented features and enhance overall functionality.