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## Week 3 Air Quality in Bogotá Colombia

# W3 Lesson 1 Designing and Implementing Your Air Quality Project

## Al and Public Health



# Air Quality Design and Implement Phases

## Al for Good framework

Deploy

**Explore** 

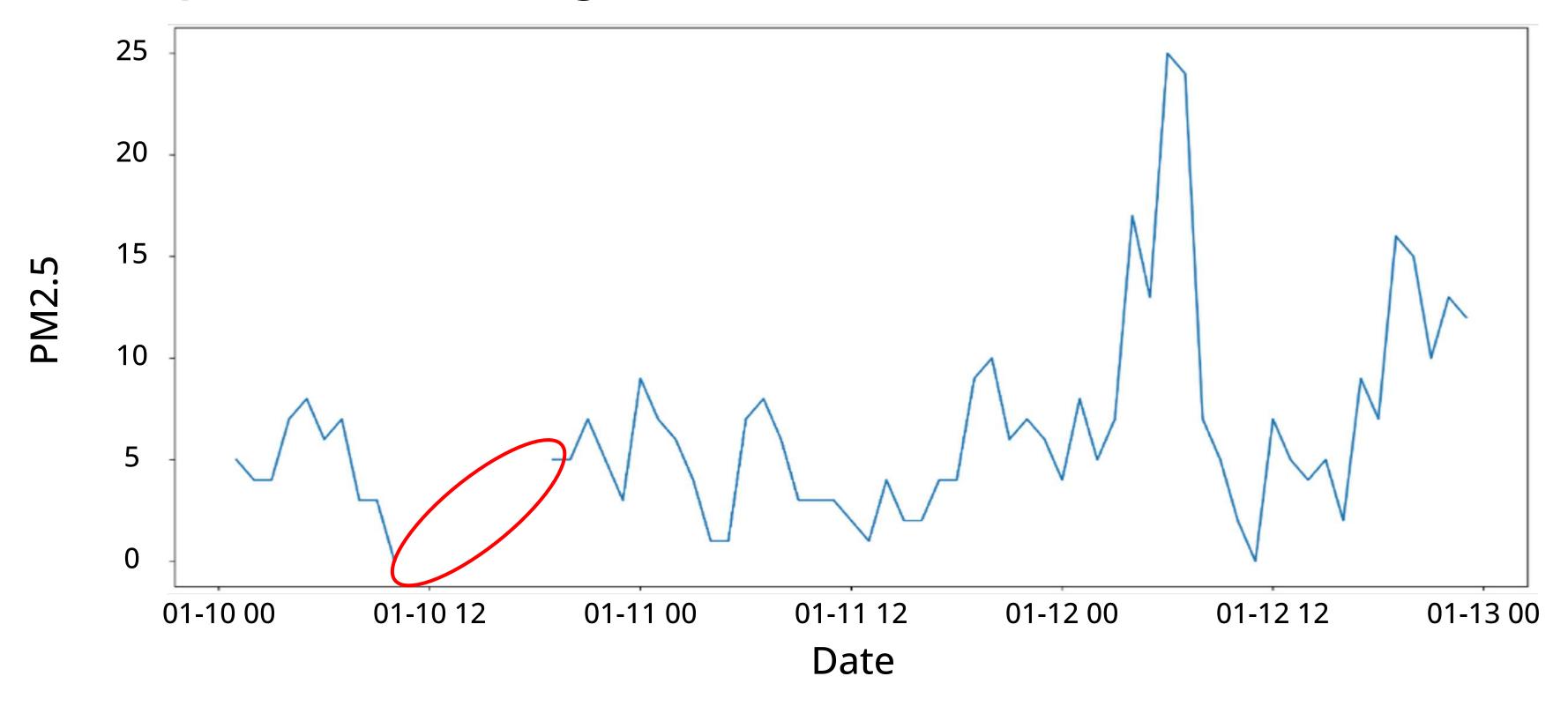
Design

Implement

Evaluate

- 1.Prototype your solution
- 2.Ensure data privacy
- 3.Design the user experience

## Temporal change of PM2.5



#### Pollutant correlation

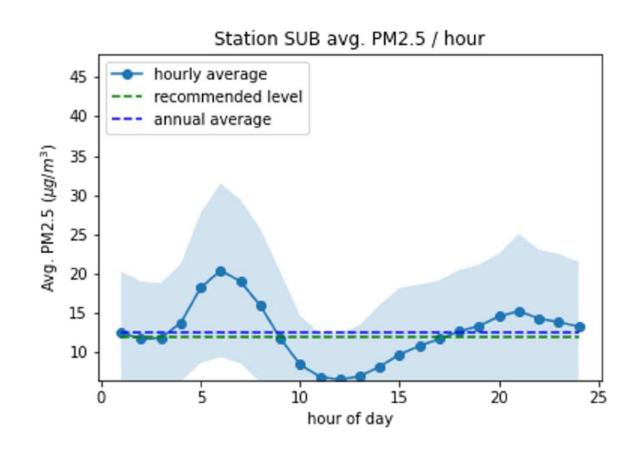
**NOX & NO: 0.95** 

PM10 & PM2.6: 0.8

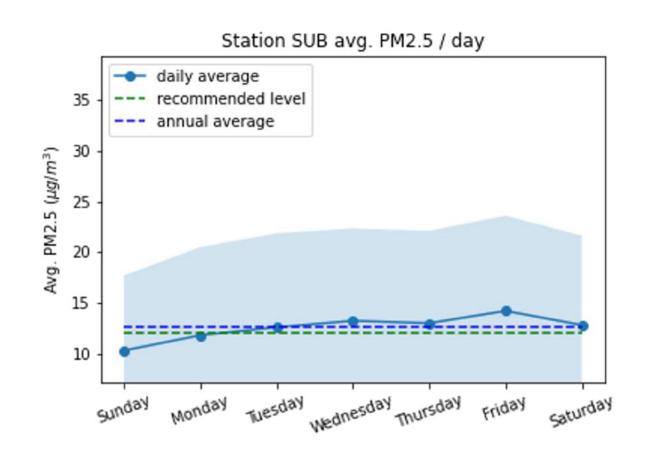
CO & NOX: 0.73



## Some factors that affect pollution levels



Hour of day

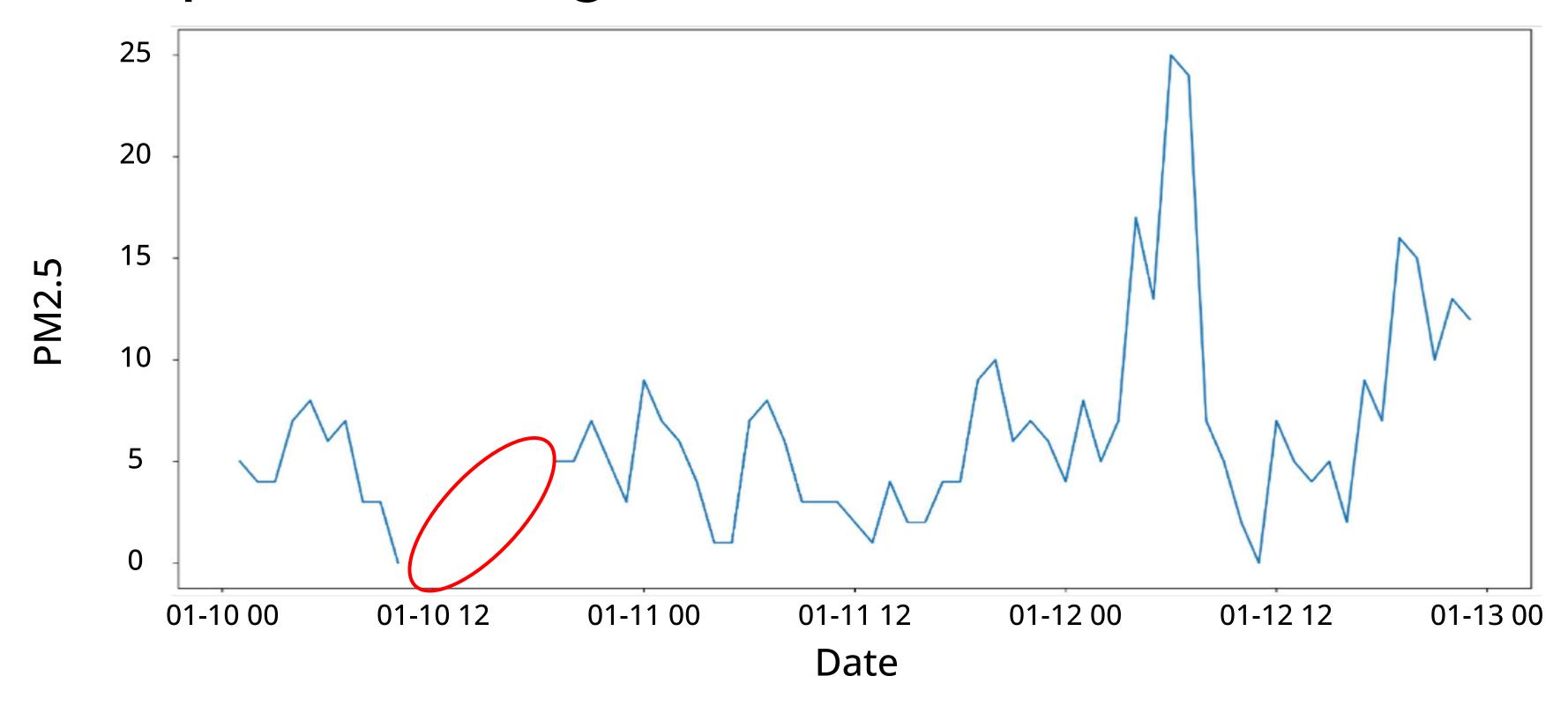


Day of week

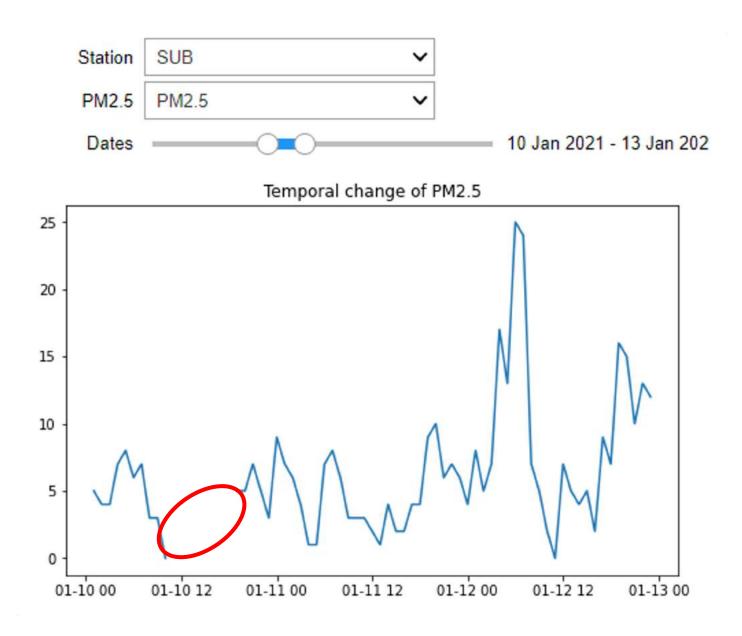


Location

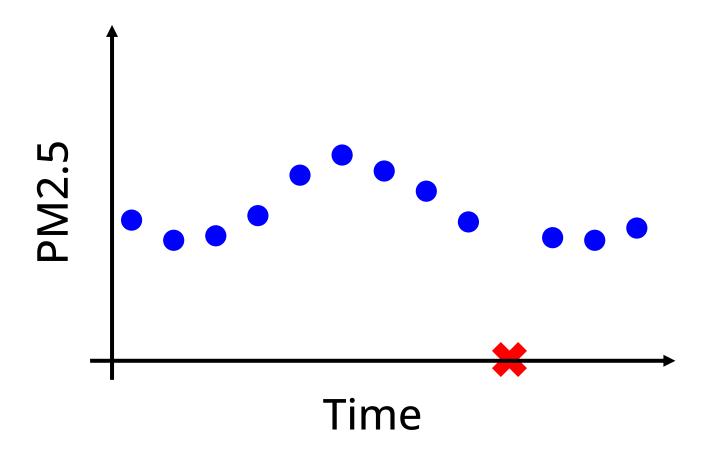
## Temporal change



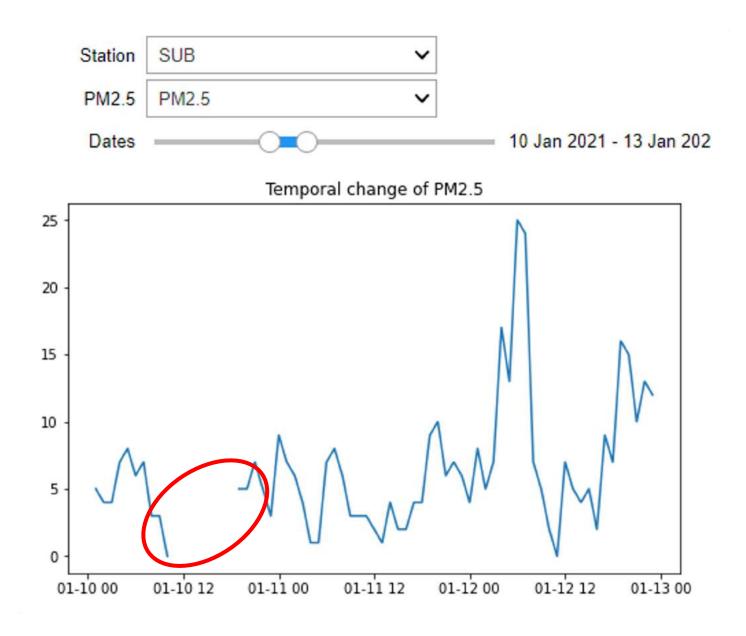
## Baseline model

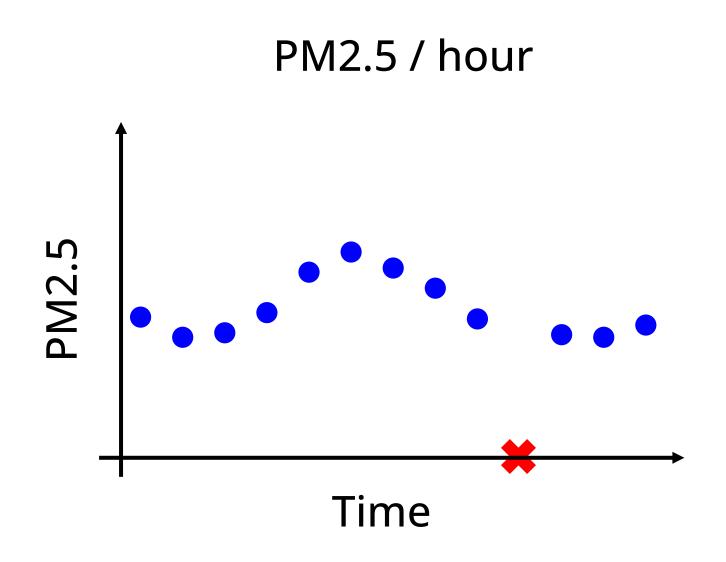


#### Station SUB PM2.5 / hour

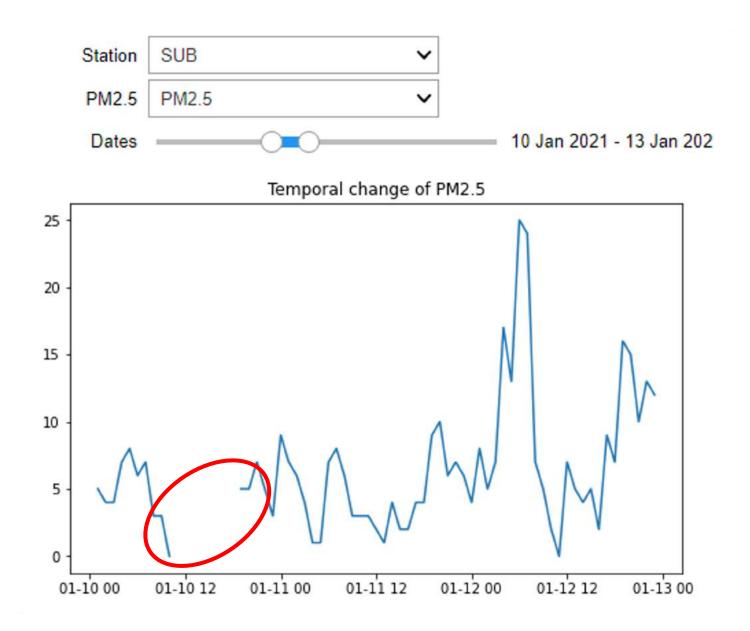


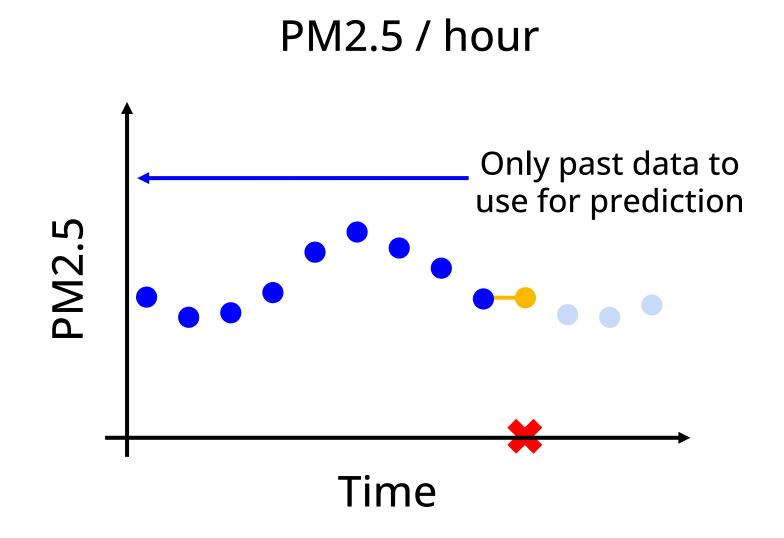
## Baseline model: Last value



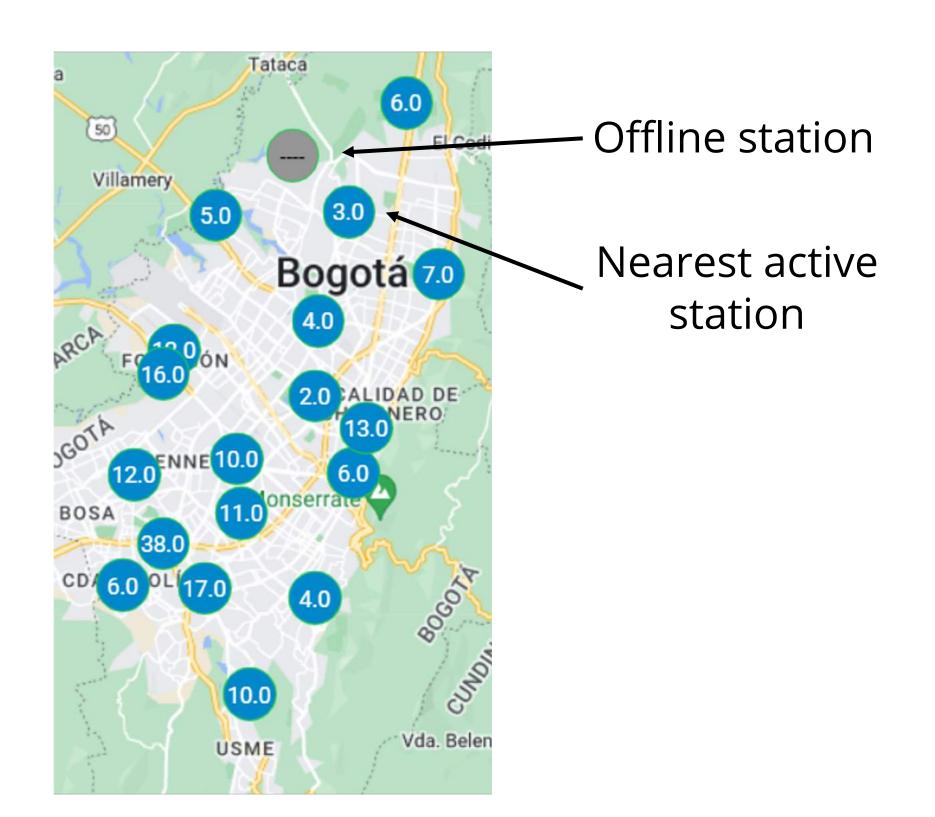


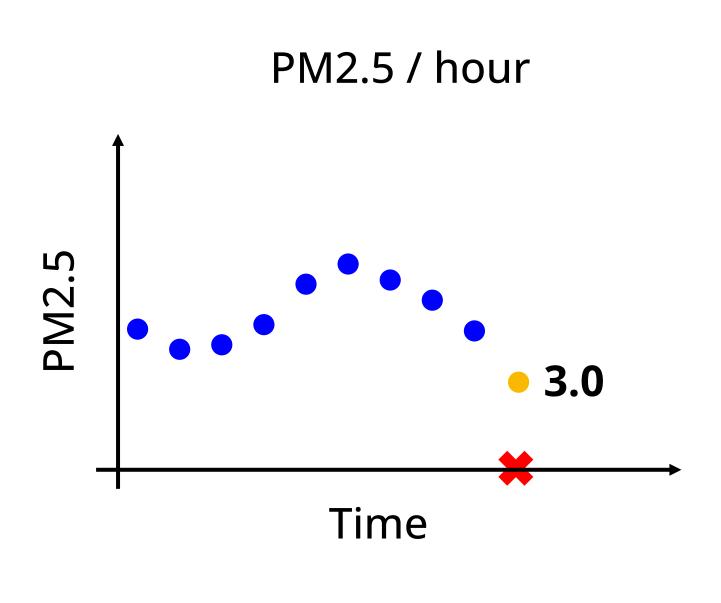
#### Baseline model: Last value





### Baseline model: Nearest station





#### **Last value**

Past measurement, same location

#### **Nearest station**

Current measurement, different location

## Al and Public Health



## Air Quality Establish a Baseline

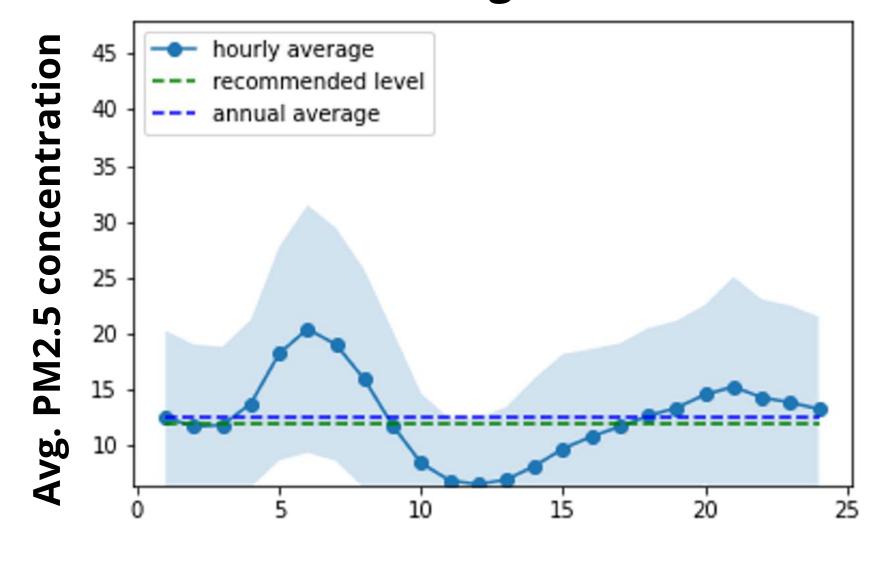
## Al and Public Health



# Air Quality Train and Test a Neural Network

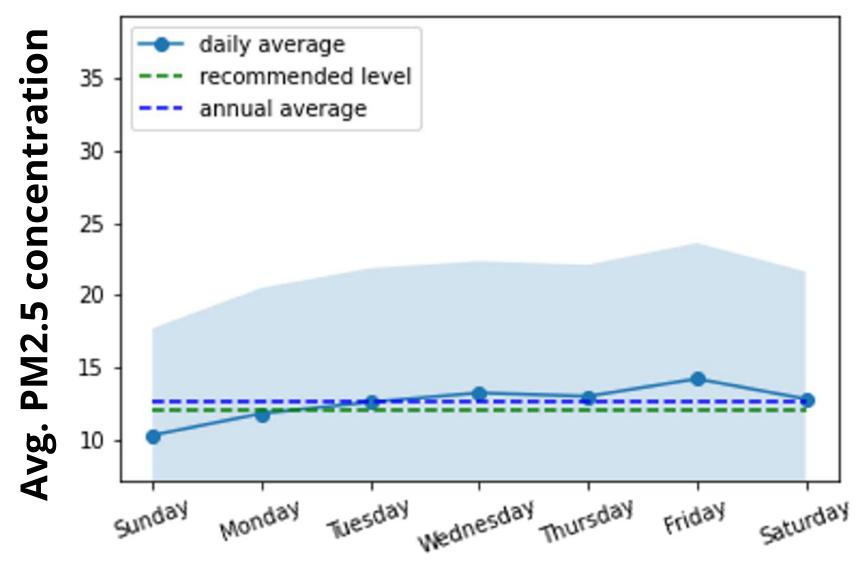
## Observing patterns in the data

#### Station SUB avg. PM2.5/hour



Hour of day

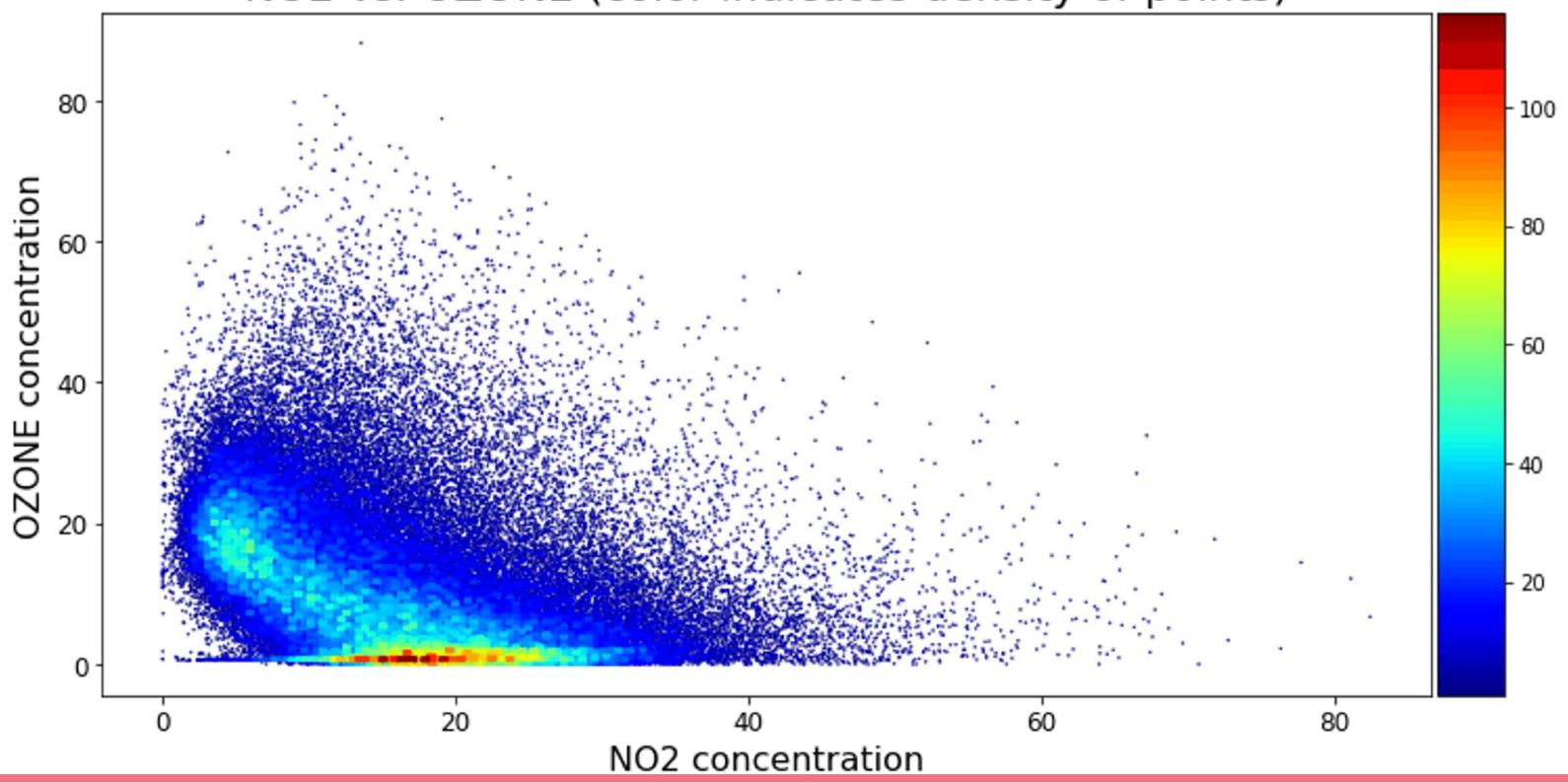
#### Station SUB avg. PM2.5/day



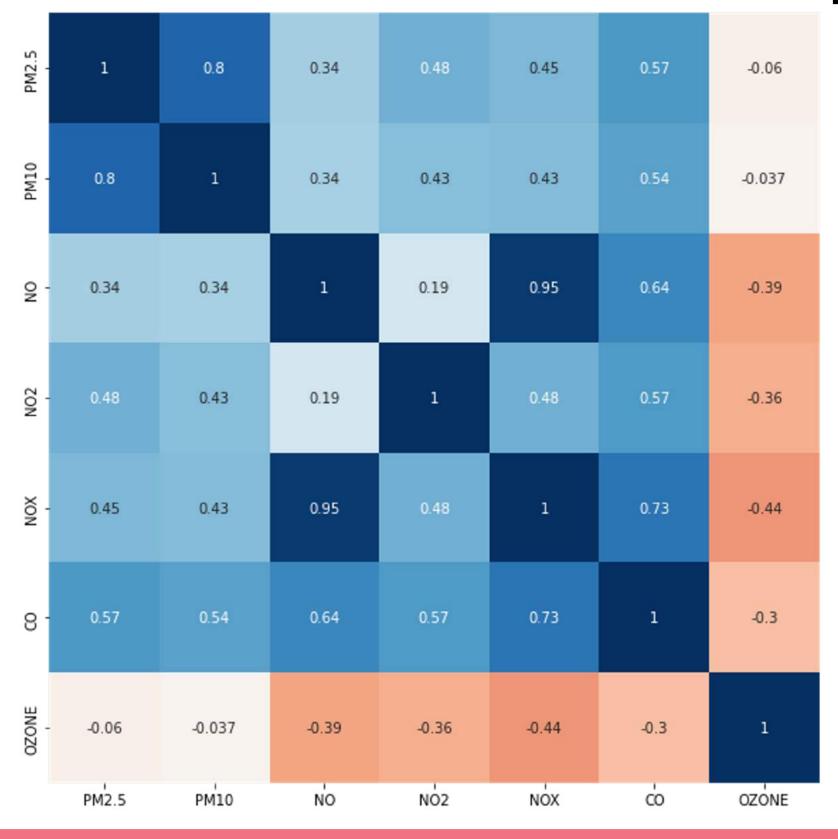
Day of week

## Observing patterns in the data

NO2 vs. OZONE (color indicates density of points)

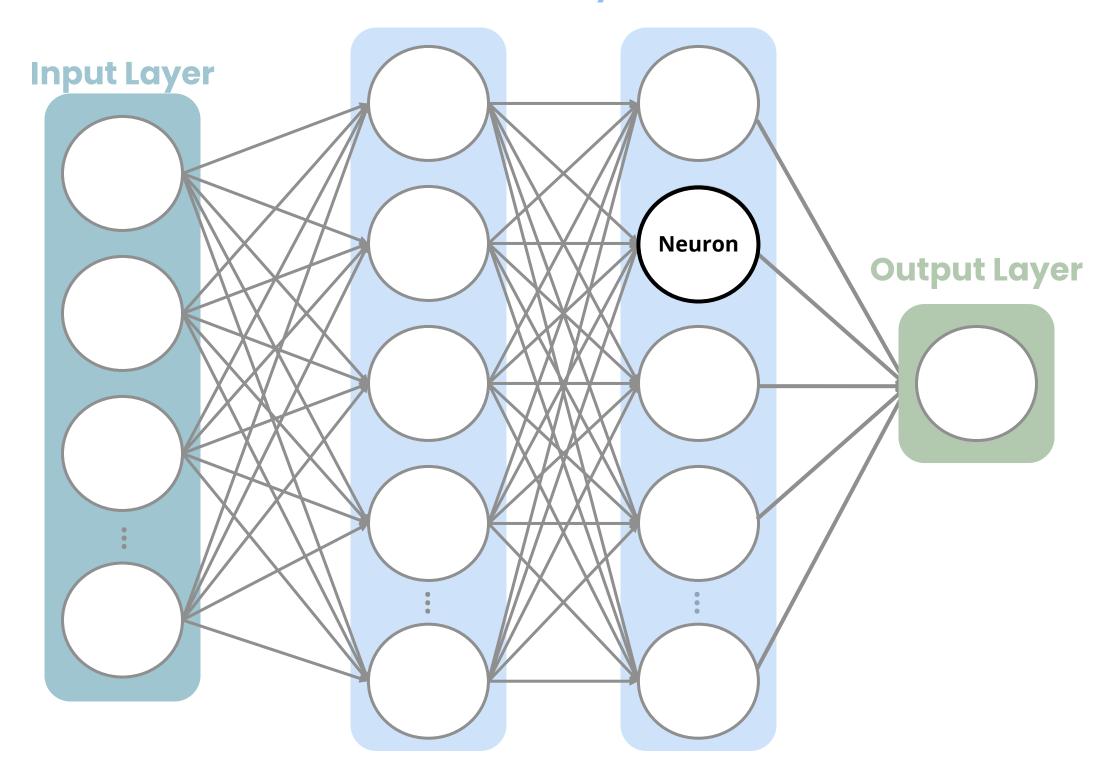


## Correlations between different pollutants

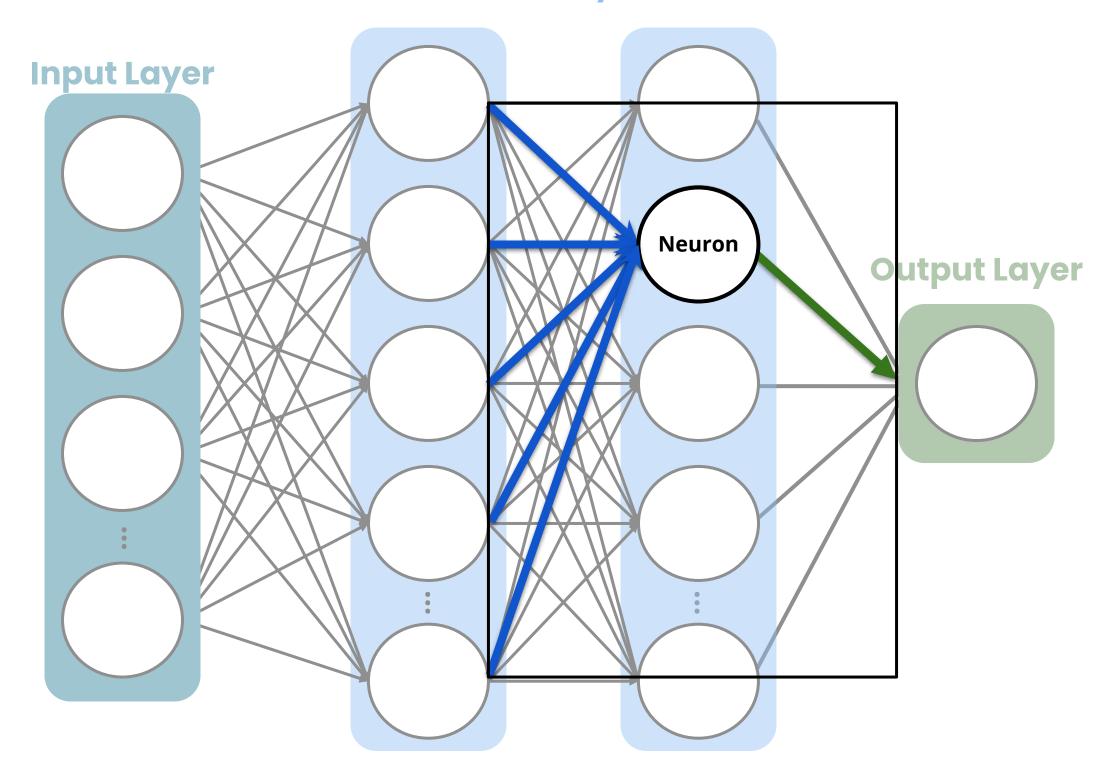


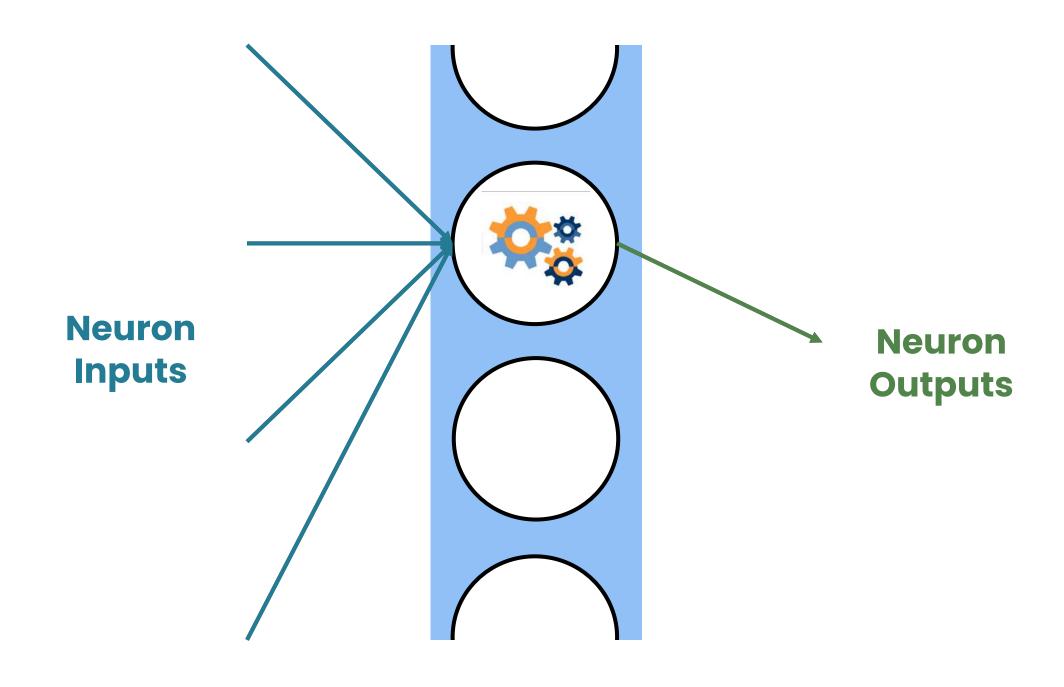


#### **Hidden Layers**

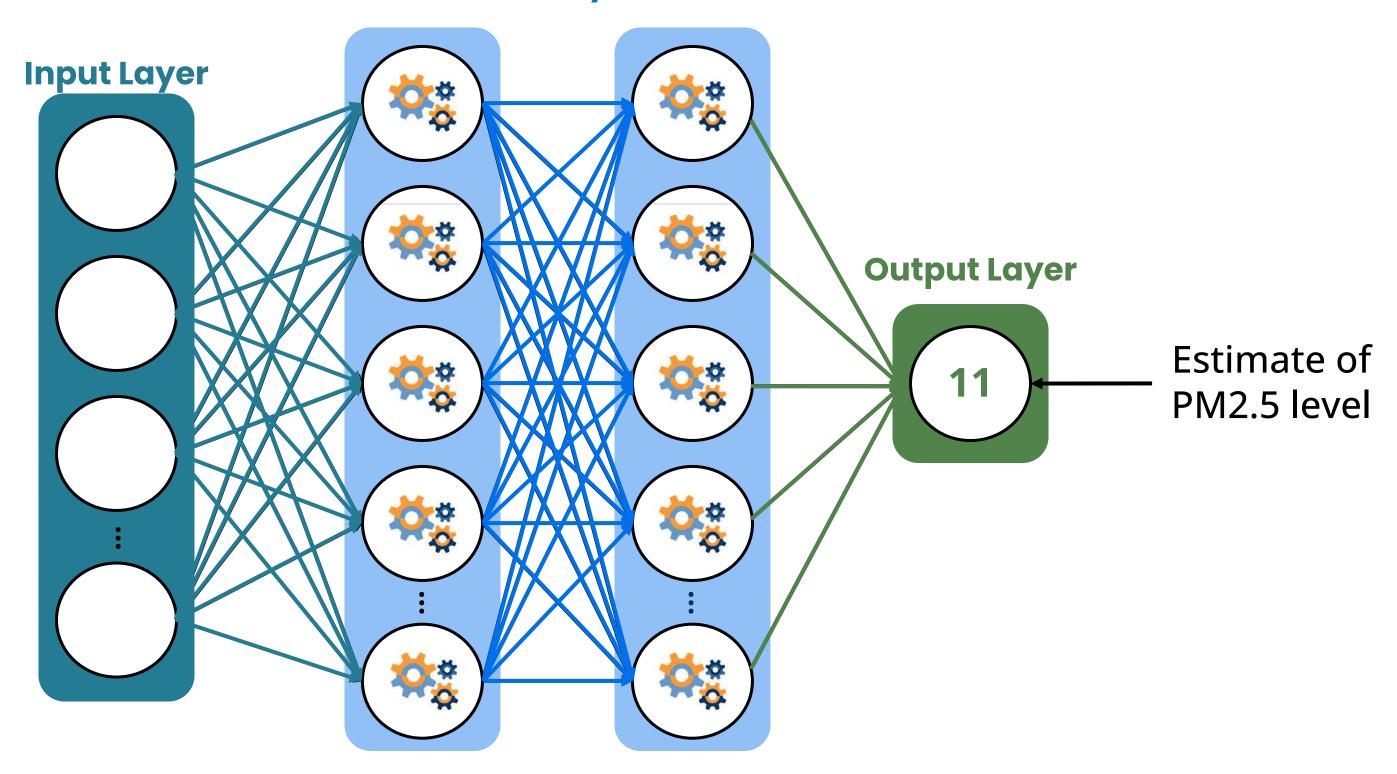


#### **Hidden Layers**

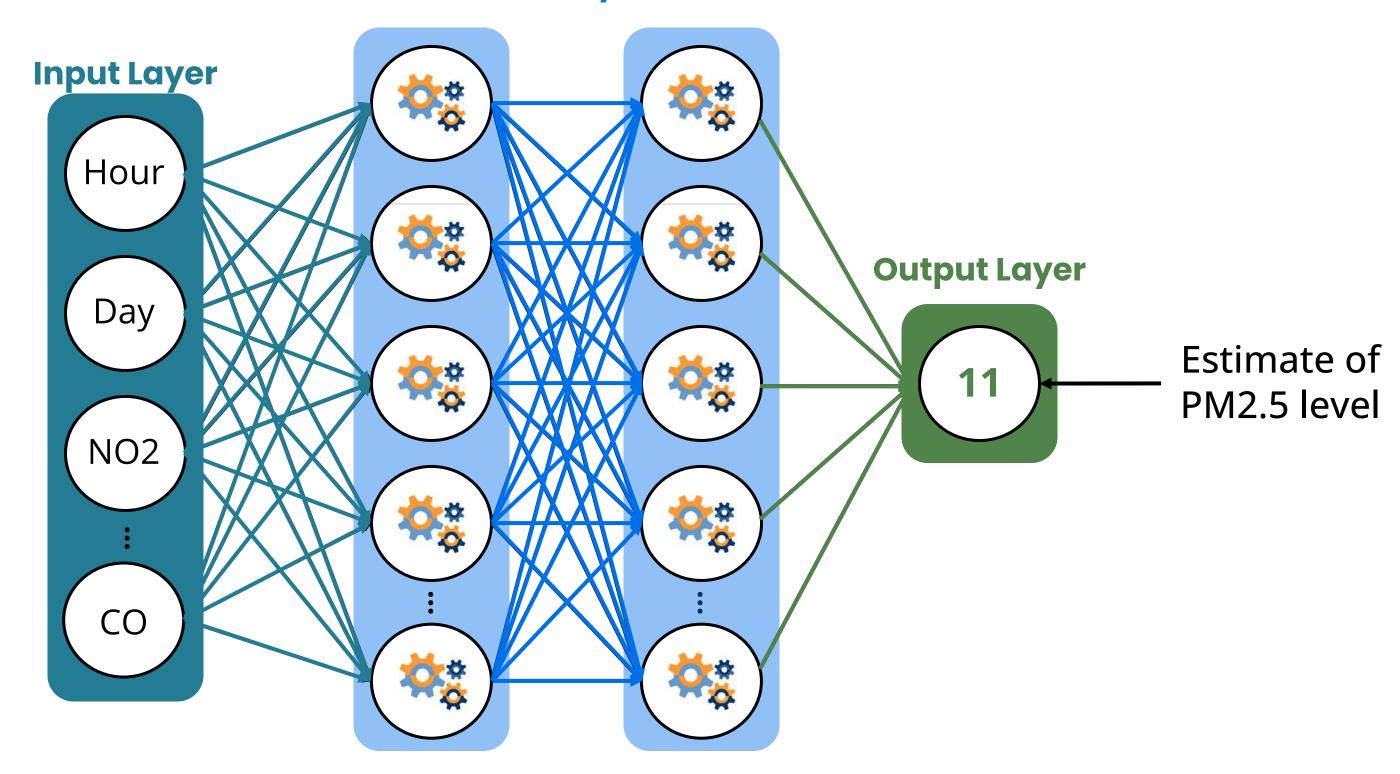




#### **Hidden Layers**



#### **Hidden Layers**



#### **Baseline Model**

Nearest station model

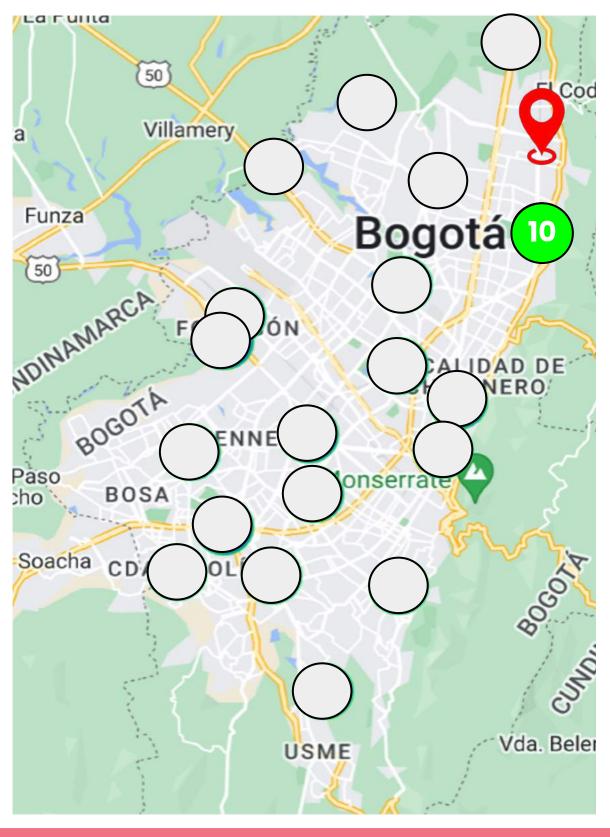
#### **Neural Network Model**

- Station location
- Time of day
- Day of the week
- Other pollutant values

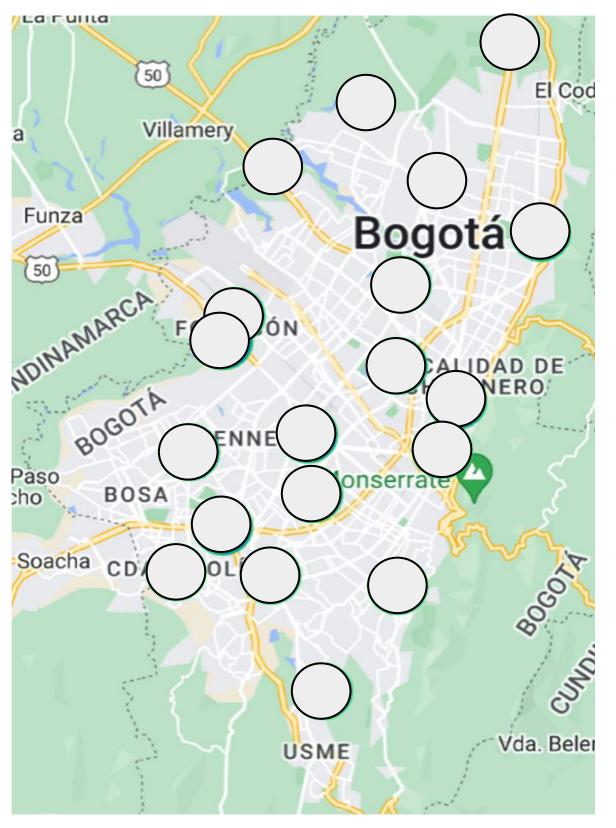
## Al and Public Health

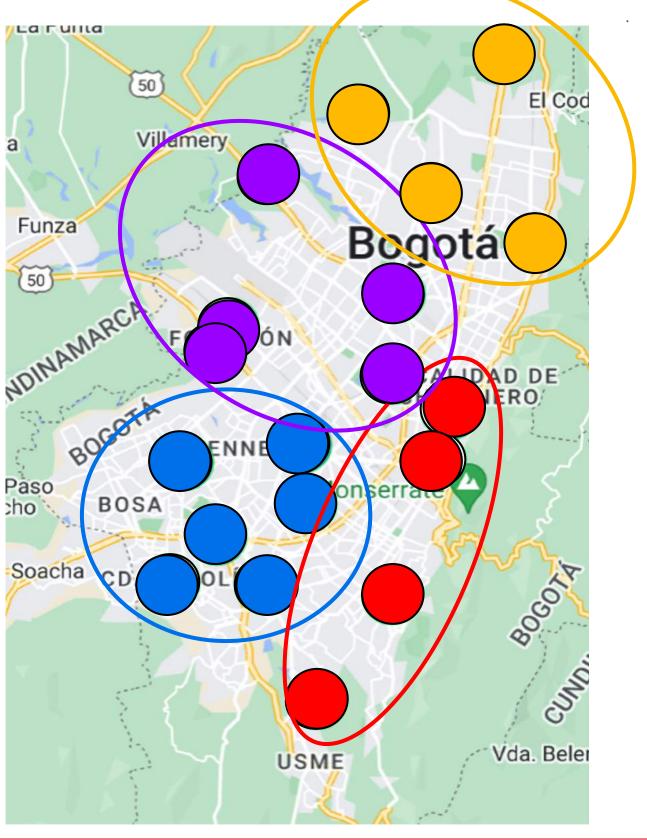


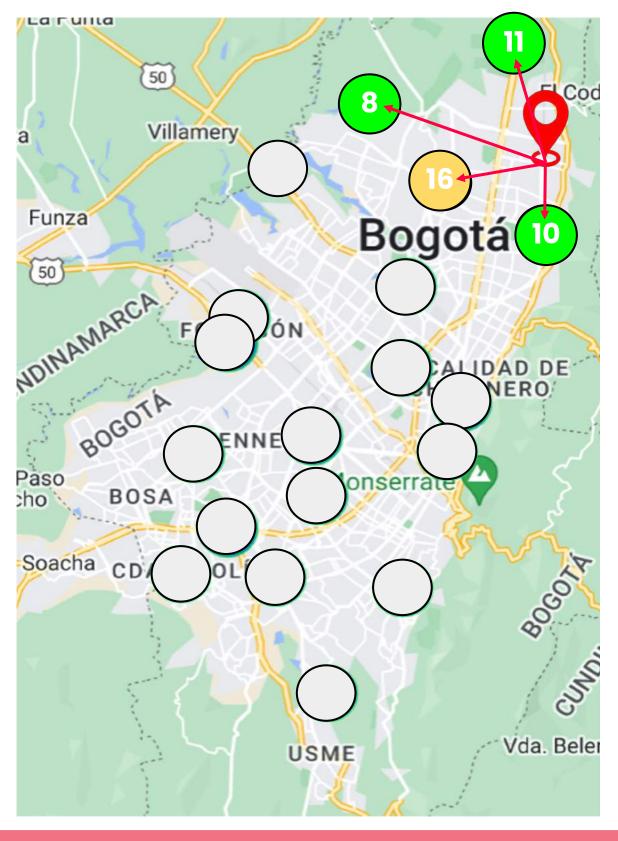
## Air Quality Nearest Neighbor Method



#### Nearest neighbor

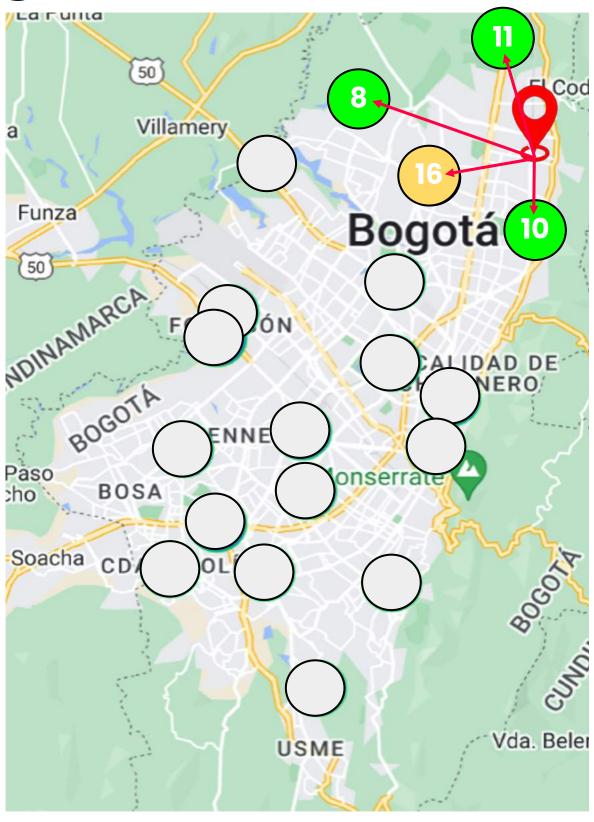






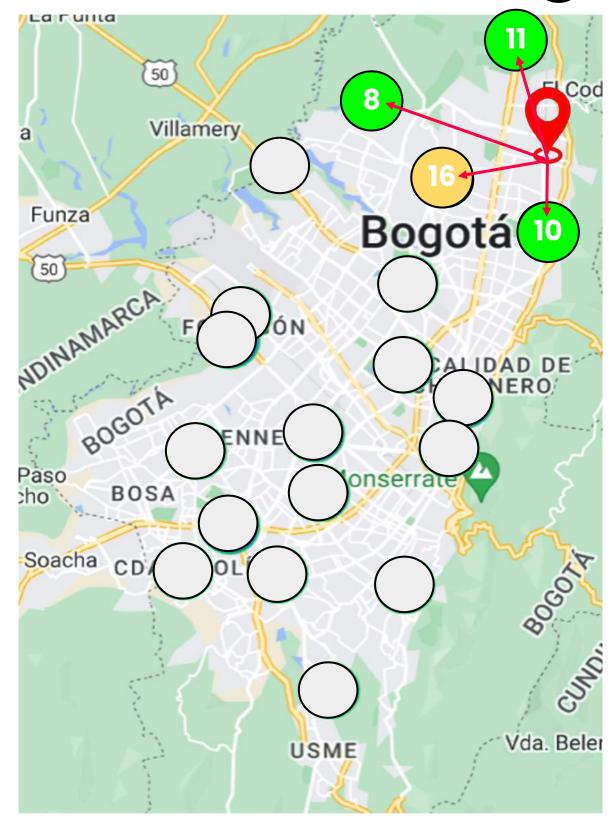
#### Nearest neighbor

## K-Nearest Neighbor (kNN)



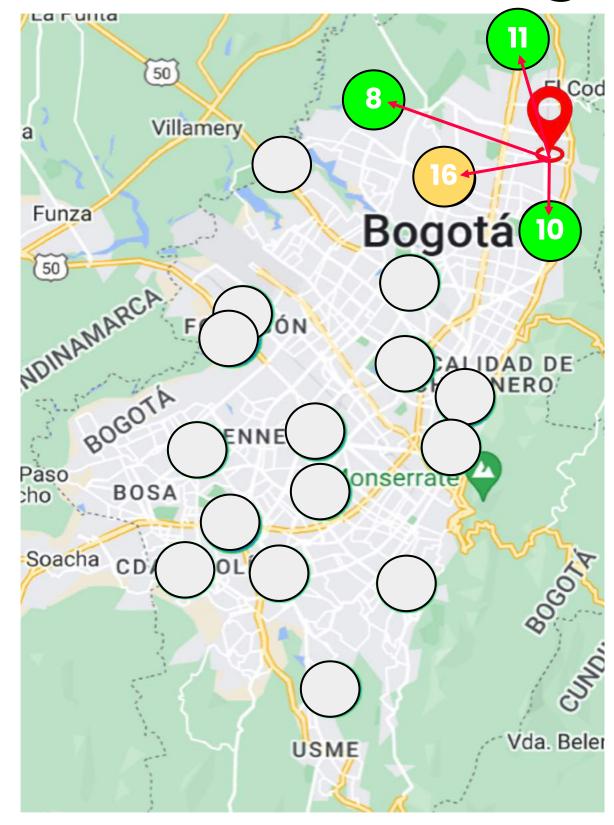
K-nearest neighbor (KNN)

## K-Nearest Neighbor (kNN)



$$\frac{10 + 16 + 11 + 8}{4} = 11.25$$

## K-Nearest Neighbor (kNN)



$$10 + 16 + 11 + 8$$

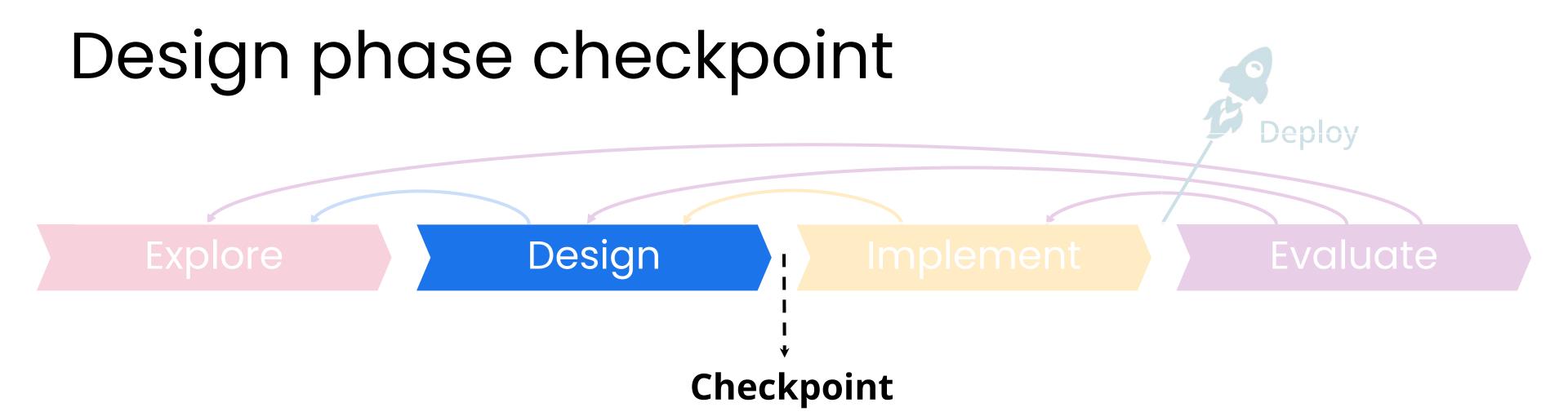
#### Inverse distance weighting

$$weight = rac{1}{d^2}$$

## Al and Public Health



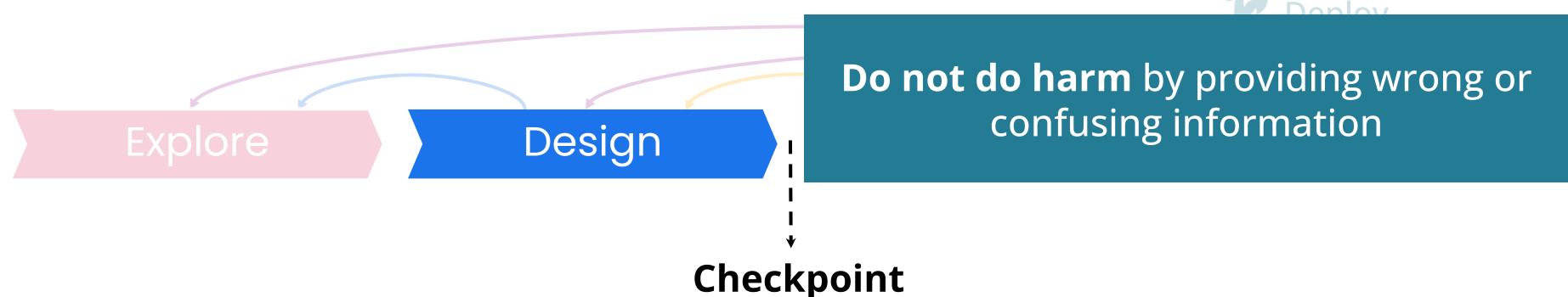
## Air Quality Design Phase Checkpoint



- How will you address issues with imbalances, biases, privacy, or other concerns with your data?
- What kind of model will you implement, and how will you measure its performance?
- How will your design address the problem you set out to work on?
- How will the end user interact with your system?

## Design phase checkpoint



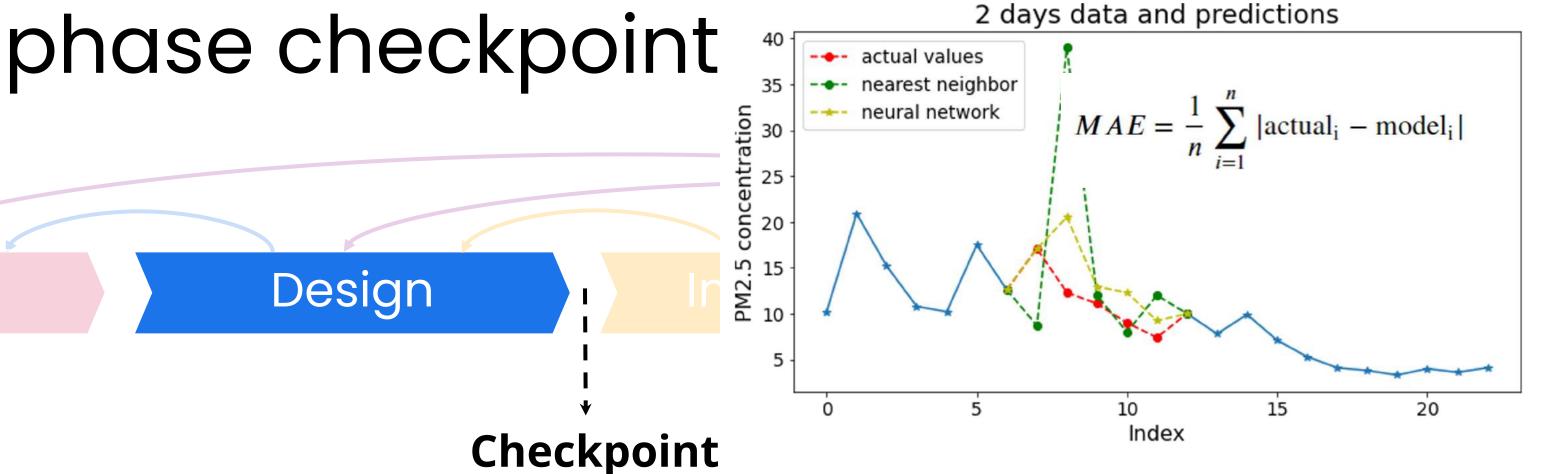


◆ How will you address issues with imbalances, biases, privacy, or other concerns with your data? ✓



- What kind of model will you implement, and how will you measure its performance?
- How will your design address the problem you set out to work on?
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Design phase checkpoint



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## Design phase checkpoint

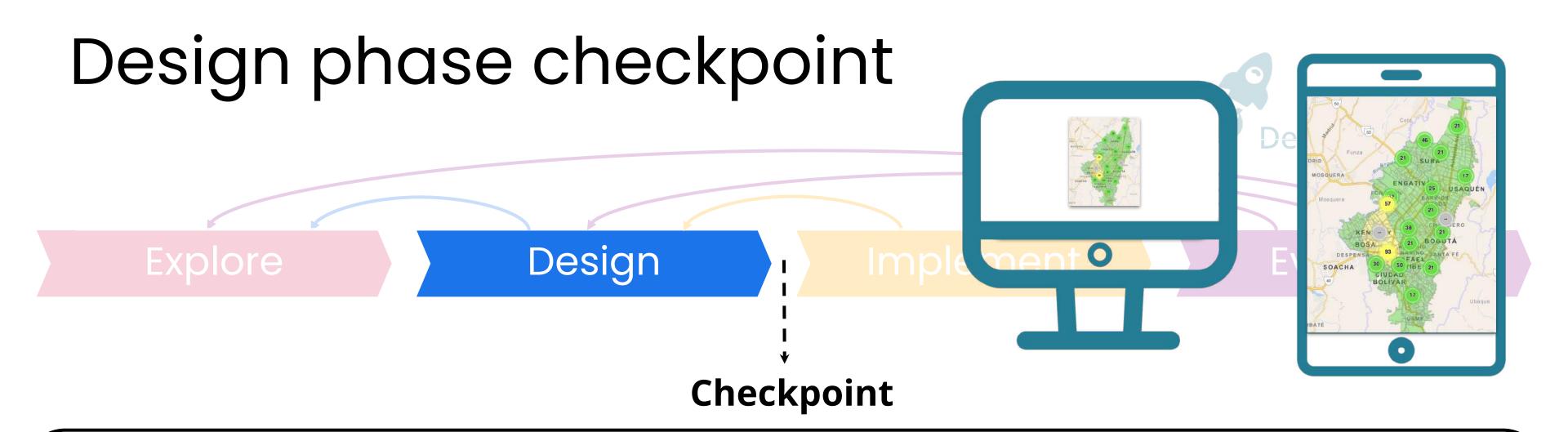




"Public health professionals working with the city of Bogotá need to be able to provide **real time estimates of air quality** throughout the city so that citizens can be aware of any health risks due to poor air quality and plan their outdoor activities accordingly."

### Checkpoint

- How will you address issues with imbalances, biases, privacy, or other concerns with your data? ➤
- What kind of model will you implement, and how will you measure its performance?
- How will your design address the problem you set out to work on?
- How will the end user interact with your system?

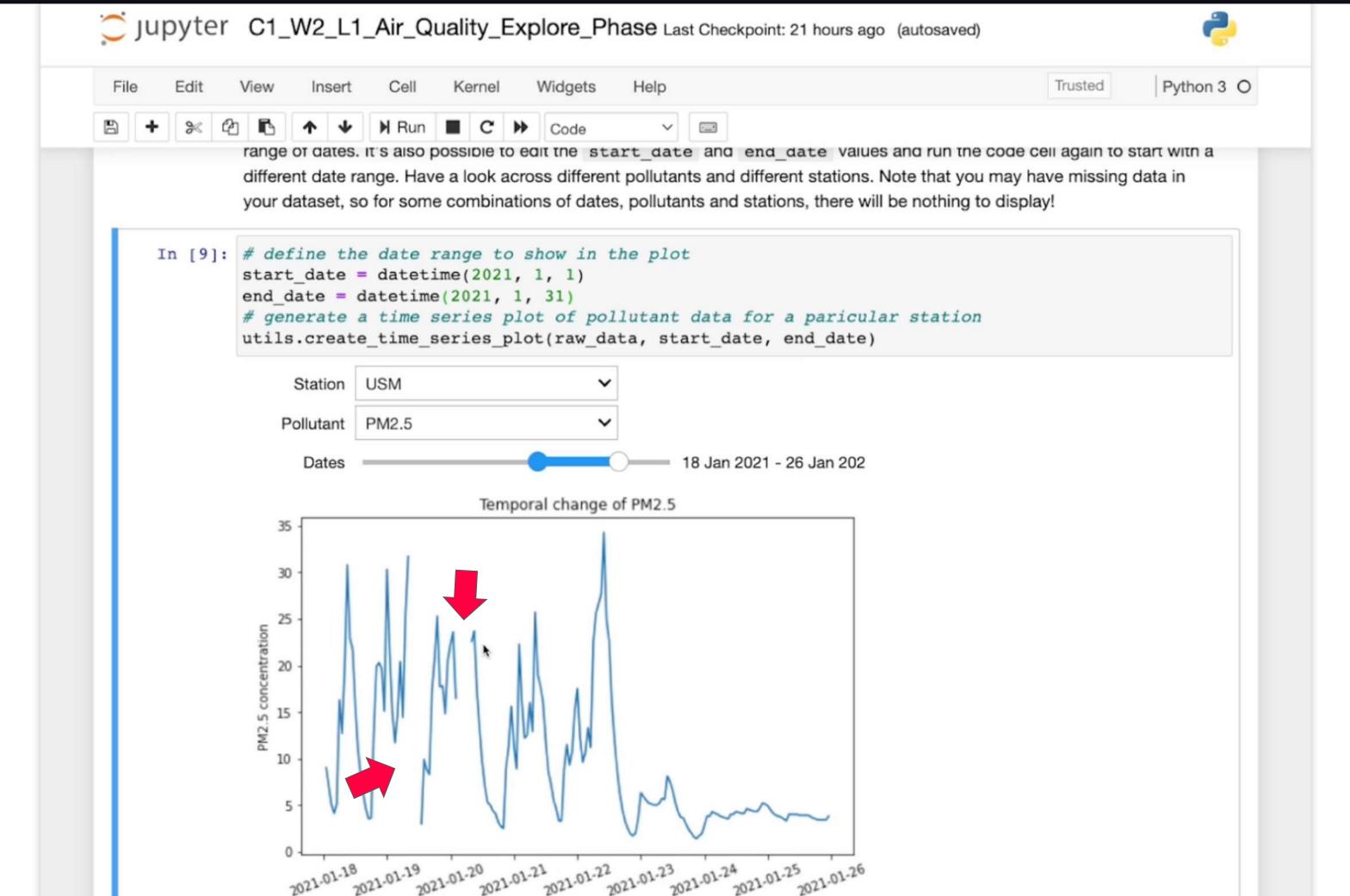


- How will you address issues with imbalances, biases, privacy, or other concerns with your data?
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## Al and Public Health



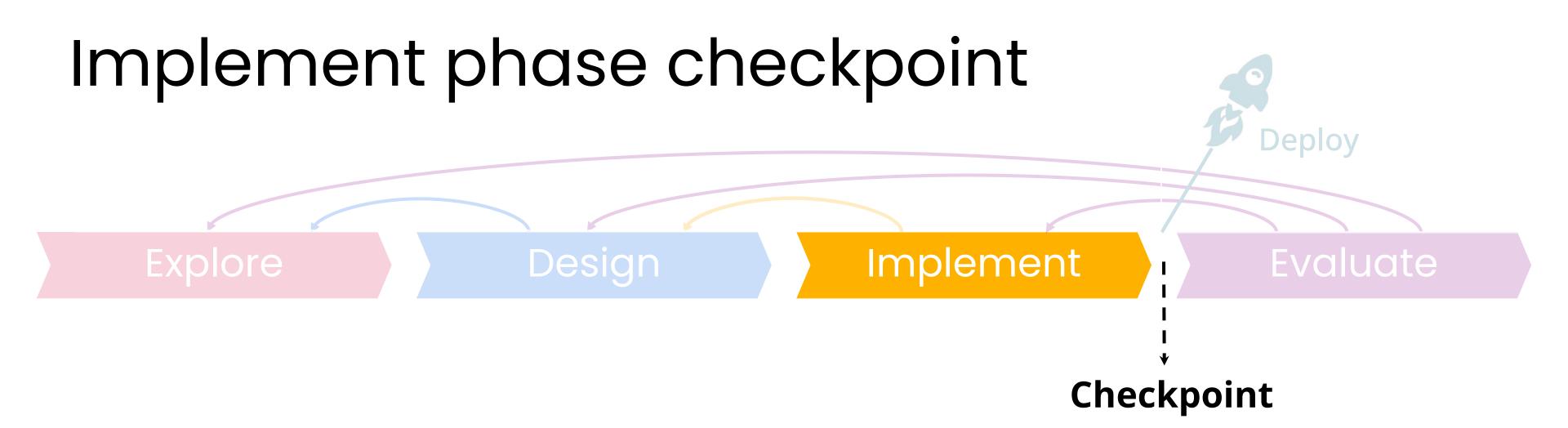
# Air Quality Implement Phase



## Al and Public Health

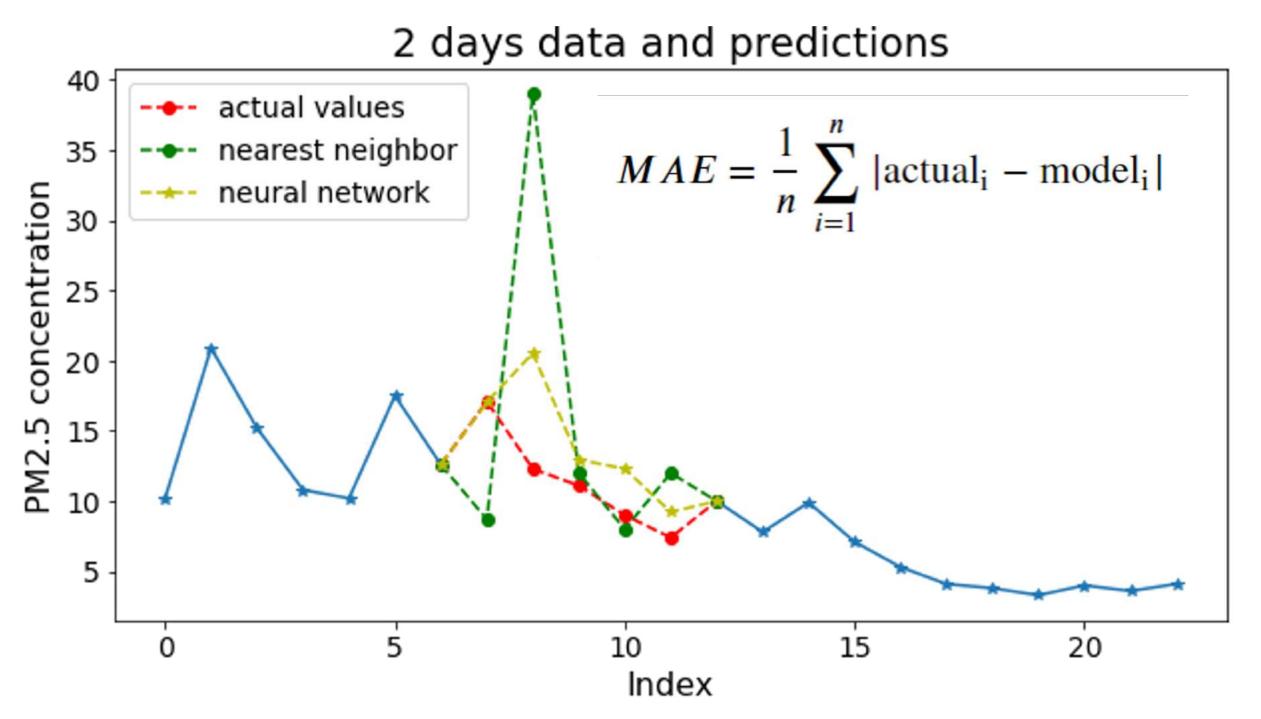


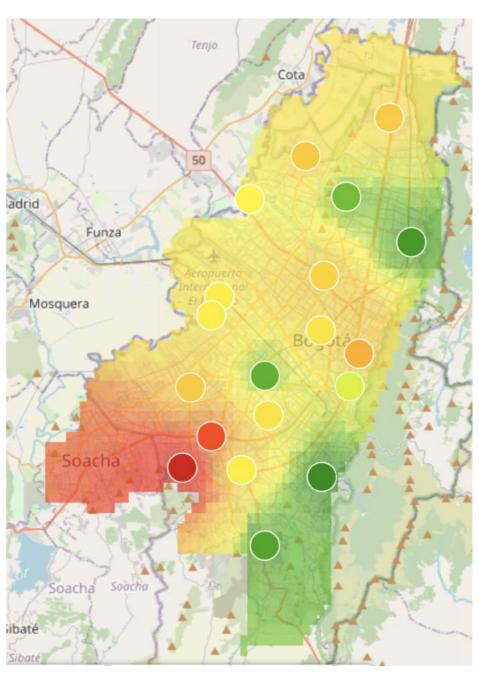
# Air Quality Project Wrap Up

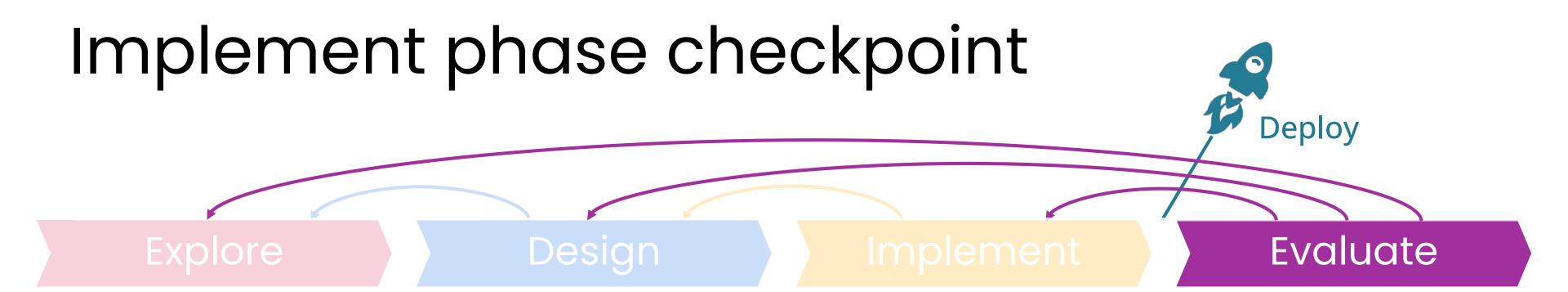


- Is your model performance acceptable?
- Are end users able to successfully use your system?

## Is your model performance acceptable?







- 1.Measure project impact
- 2.Communicate results
- 3.Determine next steps



#### **Explore**

### Design

#### Implement

#### Evaluate

- 1.Engage stakeholders
- 2.Define the problem
- 3.Determine if Al could help

- 1.Prototype your solution
- 2.Ensure data privacy
- 3.Design the user experience

- 1.Productionize AI models
- 2.Integrate the user experience
- 3.Test with end users

- 1.Measure project impact
- 2.Communicate results
- 3.Determine next steps



#### **Explore**

Design

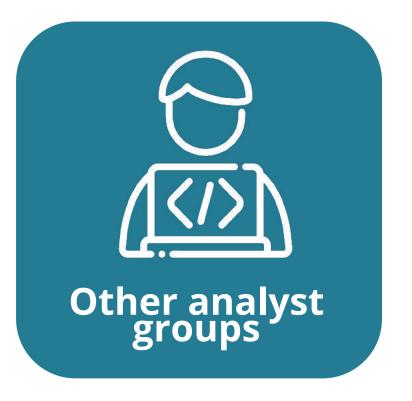
mplement

Evaluate

- 1.Engage stakeholders
- 2.Define the problem
- 3.Determine if Al could add value









#### **Explore**

- 1.Engage stakeholders
- 2.Define the problem
- 3.Determine if Al could add value

"Public health professionals working with the city of Bogotá need to be able to provide **real time estimates of air quality** throughout the city so that citizens can be aware of any health risks due to poor air quality and plan their outdoor activities accordingly."



## Explore

1.Engage stakeholders

2.Define the problem

3.Determine if Al could add value

B:B		PM2.5							
	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	Ĺ
1	PM10	PM2.5	NO	NO2	NOX	CO	OZONO	Station	DateTime
2	56.6	32.7	7.504	15.962	23.493	0.44924	2.431	USM	01-01-2021 1:00
3	59.3	39.3	16.56	17.866	34.426	0.69832	1.121	USM	01-01-2021 2:00
4	96.4	70.8	22.989	17.802	40.791	0.88243	1.172	USM	01-01-2021 3:00
5	108.3	81	3.704	9.886	13.591	0.29549	6.565	USM	01-01-2021 4:00
6	87.7	56.1	2.098	9.272	11.371	0.16621	9.513	USM	01-01-2021 5:00
7	74.4	38.6	2.249	11.064	13.313	0.22534	5.466	USM	01-01-2021 6:00
8	60.4	27.2	11.49	14.675	26.165	0.41357	2.467	USM	01-01-2021 7:00
9	51.9	29.5	5.864	7.348	13.212	0.20784	10.8	USM	01-01-2021 8:00
10	38.1	21.6	3.506	4.266	7.773		17.161	USM	01-01-2021 9:00
11	28.9	23.1	4.343	3.866	8.209		19.674	USM	01-01-2021 10:00
12	22	17.5	5.878	4.03	9.907		19.842	USM	01-01-2021 11:00
13	20.9	12.3	1.98	2.529	4.509		20.958	USM	01-01-2021 12:00
14	18.9	9.8	1.095	1.979	3.075		21.33	USM	01-01-2021 13:00
15	17	7.7	3.625	3.536	7.161		19.957	USM	01-01-2021 14:00
16	14.1	6.3	6.586	6.544	13.131		18.004	USM	01-01-2021 15:00
17	10.6	5.1	9.439	8.191	17.63		16.753	USM	01-01-2021 16:00
18	20.2	4	6.055	5.69	11.745		16.814	USM	01-01-2021 17:00
19	24.2	7.2	10.031	9.301	19.332		13.337	USM	01-01-2021 18:00

## Pollutant correlation

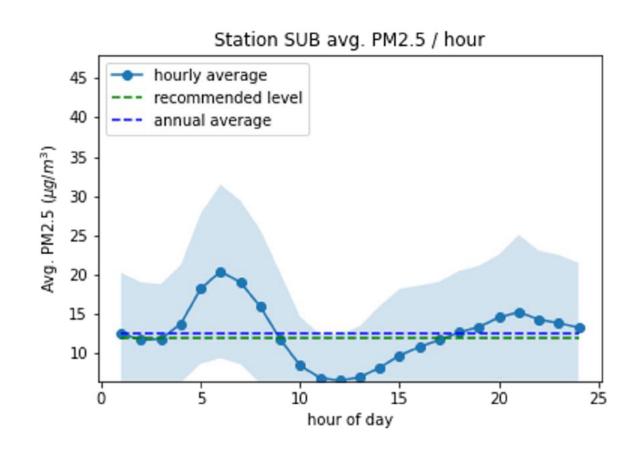
**NOX & NO: 0.95** 

PM10 & PM2.6: 0.8

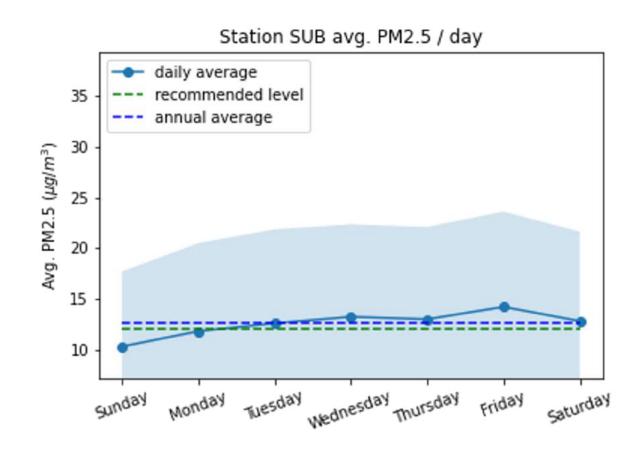
CO & NOX: 0.73



## Some factors that affect pollution levels



Hour of day



Day of week



Location

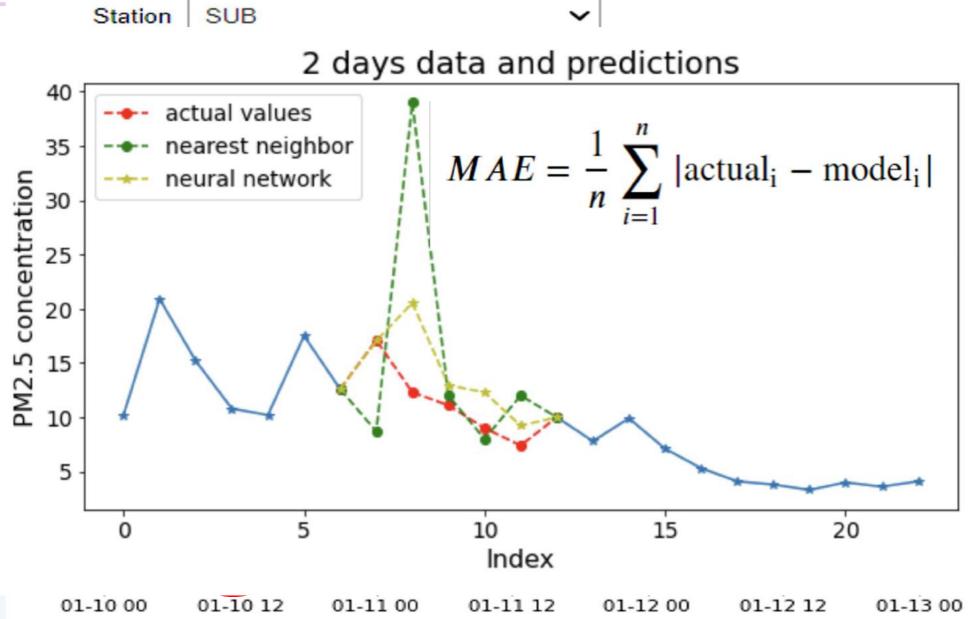


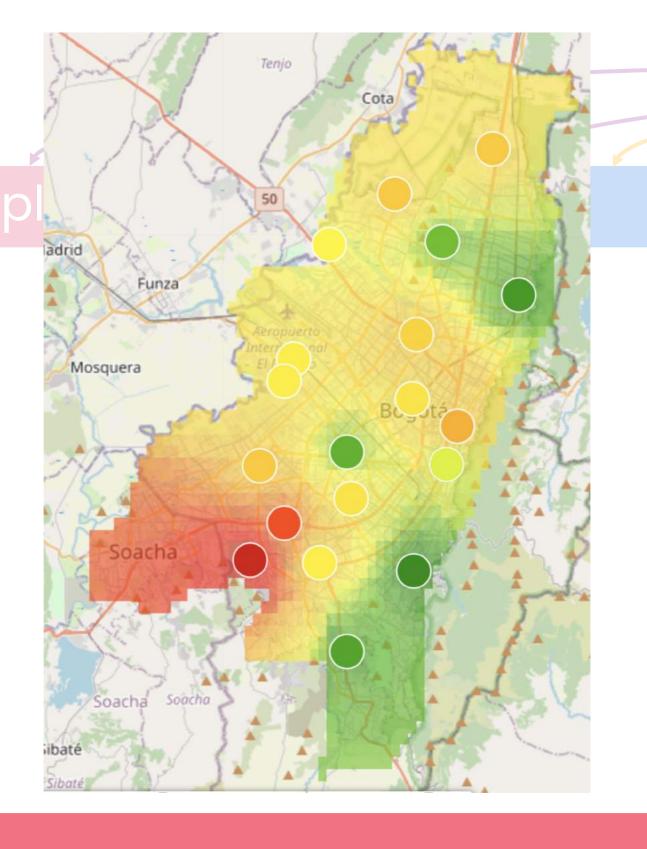


Explore

## Design

- 1.Prototype your solution
- 2.Ensure data privacy
- 3.Design the user experience





Implement

Evaluate

Deploy

- 1.Productionize Al models
- 2.Integrate the user experience
- 3.Test with end users

## Al and Public Health



# Project Spotlight: Air pollution in South Africa - Tapiwa Chiwewe

## Air pollution

**6.7 million**premature deaths annually

98% of urban areas don't meet accepted quality standards

1\$ invested = 30\$ benefit

## Guidelines for success

1. Could AI add value? Where and how specifically?

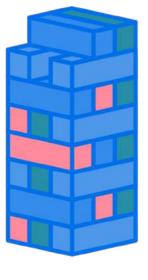


## Guidelines for success

1. Could AI add value? Where and how specifically?



2. Build on existing Infrastructure

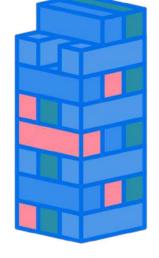


## Guidelines for success

1. Could AI add value? Where and how specifically?



2. Build on existing Infrastructure



3. Collaborate for success



## Al and Public Health



## Course 1 Wrap Up



#### **Explore**

#### Design

#### Implement

#### Evaluate

- 1.Engage stakeholders
- 2.Define the problem
- 3.Determine if Al could add value

- 1.Prototype your solution
- 2.Ensure data privacy
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- 1.Productionize Al models
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