# Section 13

# Web Scraping

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1	The webbrowser Module	
im	port webbrowser	
we	bbrowser.open("https://asir.dev")	
	Let's create a program that can open a given address on maps.	
im	port webbrowser, sys, pyperclip	
sy	s.argv # ["mapit.py", "870", "Valencia", "St."]	
#	Check if command line arguments were passed	
if	<pre>len(sys.argv) &gt; 1: # ["mapit.py", "870", "Valencia", "St."] -&gt; 870 Valencia</pre>	St

```
address=" ".join(sys.argv[1:])
else:
   address=pyperclip.paste()
webbrowser.open("https://www.google.com/maps/place/%s" % (address))
```

## 2 Downloading from the Web with the Requests Module

The requests module lets you easily download files from the web without having to worry about complicated network issues. The requests module is a third party module which we'll need to install on our own.

```
pip install requests
```

We can pass a URL to the requests.get() function in order to get the file. We can check the status code to see if it downloaded properly, if so then we'll get the status code 200. We can print out the file using .text. We can also see if there is an issue by calling the raise<sub>forstatus</sub>() method which will raise an error if we ran into any problems.

```
import requests
res=requests.get("http://automatetheboringstuff.com/files/rj.txt")
print(res.status_code)
print(len(res.text))
print(res.text[:500])

print(res.raise_for_status())

badRes=requests.get("http://automatetheboringstuff.com/files/rjuliet.txt")
print(badRes.raise_for_status())
```

#### 2.1 Write-binary mode: open(filename, "wb")

We can save a web page to a file using the open function. However, we must do somethings differently.

```
import requests
res=requests.get("http://automatetheboringstuff.com/files/rj.txt")
playFile=open("RomeoAndJuliet.txt","wb")
for chunk in res.iter_content(100000):
    playFile.write(chunk)

playFile.close()
```

Request module functions can be useful, but they are somewhat limited. You can only use it when you have the exact URL that you need to download. Selenium lets your Python scripts control the web browser directly.

### 3 Parsing HTML with the Beautiful Soup Module

Here we will learn how to write programs that pull information off of web pages. This is known as web scraping. We have a third party module called beautiful oup which makes parsing through websites HTML much easier.

```
pip install beautifulsoup4
```

import bs4

Let's try to parse through an Amazon page and scrape the price information from that page.

```
import bs4, requests
```

url='https://www.amazon.in/Automate-Boring-Stuff-Python-2nd/dp/1593279922/ref=dp\_ob\_ti

```
headers = {'User-Agent': 'Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.3; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36
response = requests.get(url, headers=headers)
print(response.raise_for_status())
```

None