

## Sheet 2

1. Suppose that you want to measure a parameter  $\omega_0$ . You choose a two-level system as your quantum probe. This parameter shows up in the Hamiltonian of your probe:  $H = \frac{\hbar\omega_0}{2}\sigma_z$ . You initialize the probe in the state  $|\psi(0)\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + i|1\rangle)$ . Here  $\sigma_z|0\rangle = |0\rangle$  and  $\sigma_z|1\rangle = -|1\rangle$ .
  - (a) What is the state of the probe at time  $t$ ?
  - (b) Suppose that at time  $t$ , I measure the observable  $X = |0\rangle\langle 1| + |1\rangle\langle 0|$ . What are the possible measurement results? What are the corresponding probabilities?
  - (c) Given these probabilities, what is the Fisher information for the estimation of  $\omega_0$ ? Sketch this versus time.
  - (d) Suppose now that the Hamiltonian is  $H = \frac{\hbar\omega_0}{2}\cos(\omega t)$ . This happens when we have to measure an oscillating field. What is the time at time  $t$  now?
  - (e) We again perform a measurement of the observable  $X$ . What is the Fisher information now? Compare with the previous scenario and comment.