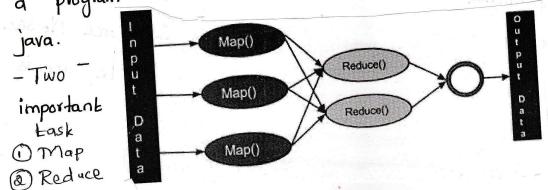
4.7 MAP REDUCE

" MapReduce is a Framework using which we can write applications to process huge amount 07 data in parallel on large Clusters 07 Commodity hardware in a reliable manner.

4.7:11 Map Reduce:

- Map Reduce is a processing technique and model For distributed Computing based on



1 Map:

Map takes a set of data and Converts it into another set 07 data, where individual elements are broken into tuples (key/value pairs).

2. Reduce!-

- It takes the output from a map as an input and Combines those data tuples into a smaller set of tuples.
- The reduce task is always performs after the map job.

- Atter processing, it produces a new set of output, which will be stored in the HAFS.

* During a Map Reduce job, Hadoop sends the Map and Reduce tasks to the appropriate servers in the cluster.

* Most 07 the Computing Easks place on nodes Which data on local disks that reduces the network

* After Completion of the given basks, the trattic. Cluster Collects and reduces the data to form an appropriate result, and sends it back to the hadoop topole Splik doesnot Lealan in Server.

4.7.2 Map Reduce Input & Output:

_ Map Reduce Framework operates on <key, Value> pairs, that is the Framework views the input to the job as a set of < key, value > pairs and produces as set of <key, Value > pairs as the output of the job.

the output		Oulpule
	Input	
		list (< k2, V2>)
	< k1, V1>	113E (< R21 - 2-)
map		list (< K3, V3)
	< k2, list(v2)>	list (< NS 1.32
Reduce	< K2, 113E(12.	

4.7.3 Input Split Ling 12

- Hadoop divides the input into Fixed-Size pieces Called input spliks, or just spliks.

Each splik is processed by a single

map. Input Split represents the data to be processed

by an individual Mapper.

Each split is divided into records, and the map processes each record, which is a key value

- Split is basically a number of rows and & record is that number.

The input split does not Contain in put data

but a reference to the data. Key, Value Map Task Record Input split Key, Value reader Key, Value Map Task Record Input Data Input split Stored on reader Key, Value Мар Key, Value Task Record Input split Key, Value

Fig: Input Splitting.

4.7.4 Other Terminology:

* Name Node: - Node that manages the Hadoop Distributed tile System (HDFS).

* Data Node! - Node where data is presented in advance before any processing takes place.

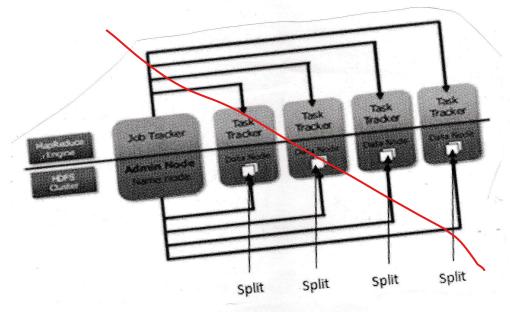


Fig: Job tracker Working Diagram.

* Master Node: - Mode where Job Tracker runs and which accepts job requests from clients.

* Job Tracker: - Schedules jobs and Eracks the assign job to Task tracker.

* Task Tracker: Tracks the Eask and reports
Status to Job Tracker.

Example Program: - : podonimos rodd +1.4

```
Mapper program:
packagecom.tom_e_white.drdobbs.mapreduce; & Package neune
importorg.apache.hadoop.io.LongWritable; importorg.apache.hadoop.io.Text;
importorg.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.Mapper;
importjava.io.IOException;

- Frenz Mapper class must extended from MapheluceBase Class and it must implement mapper Thomase

public class ProjectionMapper extends Mapper LongWritable, Text, Text, LongWritable> {
                                                                       by key Nalue fax
  private Text word = new Text();
 privateLongWritable count = new LongWritable();
  @Override
  protected void map(LongWritable key, Text value, Context context)
     throwsIOException, InterruptedException {
   // value is tab separated values: word, year, occurrences, #books, #pages
   // we project out (word, occurrences) so we can sum over all years
   String[] split = value.toString().split("\t+");
    word.set(split[0]);
    if (split.length> 2) {
     try {
      count.set(Long.parseLong(split[2]));
      context.write(word, count);
     } catch (NumberFormatException e) {
      // cannot parse - ignore
```

Running through our tiny dataset, the map output looks like this:

```
("dobbs", 20)
("dobbs", 22)
("doctor", 545525)
("doctor", 668666)
```

In our abstract representation, the input to the reduce step looks like this:

```
("dockor", [545525, 66866]).
```

MARROOP ENSTRIBUTED FILE SYSTEM Reducer: packageorg.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.reduce; Puchage nome importjava.io.IOException; importorg.apache.hadoop.io.LongWritable; importorg.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.Reducer; Every reduces cleus must extend the lement reduce map reduce Base claus and Indergage public class LongSumReducer<KEY> extends Reducer<KEY, LongWritable, KEY,LongWritable> { privateLongWritable result = new LongWritable(); public void reduce(KEY key, Iterable<LongWritable> values, Context context) throws IOException, InterruptedException { of reduce M long sum = 0;for (LongWritableval: values) { sum += val.get(); result.set(sum); context.write(key, result); The output of the reducer will be: ("dobbs", 42) ("doctor", 1214191) Consists of a and share server that manages the new and mandles access to Has by keps image of entire the solute

Ale Blockmap in montory