EE24BTECH11008 - Aslin Garvasis

Ouestion:

Constuct a triangle whose sides are 3.6cm, 3.0cm and 4.8cm. Bisect the smallest angle and measure each part.

Solution:

: The smallest angle is associated with the opposite smallest side.

| Variable | Description |
|---------------------------|---|
| A = (0, 0) | coordinates of first point |
| $\mathbf{B} = (4.8, 0)$ | coordinates of second point |
| C = (2.812, 2.245) | coordinates of third point |
| D | intersection of angle bisector of A in BC |

TABLE 0: Input parameters

The angle bisector of a triangle of a triangle divides the opposite side into two parts proportional to the other two sides of the triangle.

$$\therefore \mathbf{D} = \frac{\|AC\| \cdot \mathbf{B} + \|AB\| \cdot \mathbf{C}}{\|AC\| + \|BC\|} \tag{0.1}$$

$$\implies \mathbf{D} = \begin{pmatrix} 3.66 \\ 1.28 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.2}$$

$$\implies ||BD|| = \frac{||BC|| \, ||AB||}{||AB|| + ||AC||} = 1.71 \tag{0.3}$$

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$$\implies ||CD|| = \frac{||BC|| ||AC||}{||AB|| + ||AC||} = 1.28$$
(0.4)

1

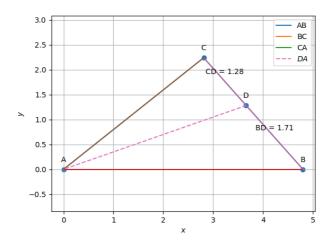


Fig. 0.1: Plot of points A, B, C and D