Text Preprocessing.ipynb - Colab 20/01/1447 AH, 13:14



!pip install nltk pandas scikit-learn matplotlib seaborn wordcloud emoji textbl



from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')

Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, ca

```
# Import necessary libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import re
import emoji
import nltk
from tgdm import tgdm
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
from nltk import word_tokenize, pos_tag
from collections import Counter
# Download necessary NLTK resources
nltk.download('stopwords')
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('averaged_perceptron_tagger')
nltk.download('wordnet')
nltk.download('omw-1.4')
[nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk_data...
                   Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
     [nltk_data]
    [nltk data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk data...
```

```
nltk.download('punkt')
```

```
[nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Package punkt is already up-to-date!
True
```

1-Textual EDA

df=pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/FE/twitter_training copy.csv")

Start coding or generate with AI.

df.head()



	Tweet ID	Entity	Sentiment	Tweet content
0	2401	Borderlands	Positive	im getting on borderlands and i will murder yo
1	2401	Borderlands	Positive	I am coming to the borders and I will kill you
2	2401	Borderlands	Positive	im getting on borderlands and i will kill you
3	2401	Borderlands	Positive	im coming on borderlands and i will murder you
4	2401	Borderlands	Positive	im getting on borderlands 2 and i will murder

df.dtypes



	0
Tweet ID	int64
Entity	object
Sentiment	object
_	

Tweet content object

dtype: object

```
df = df[df['Sentiment'] != 'Sentiment']
df = df.dropna(subset=['Tweet content'])
```

df.reset_index(drop=True, inplace=True)

df.shape

→ (73996, 4)

df.isnull().sum().sum()

→ np.int64(0)

df.isnull().sum()



 Tweet ID
 0

 Entity
 0

 Sentiment
 0

Tweet content 0

dtype: int64

df.dropna(inplace=True)

df.sort_values(by=['Tweet ID'], inplace=True)

df.head()



	Tweet ID	Entity	Sentiment	Tweet content
4627	1	Amazon	Negative	7 @amazon wtf.
4626	1	Amazon	Negative	@amazon wtf?
4623	1	Amazon	Negative	@amazon wtf.
4628	1	Amazon	Negative	<unk> wtf.</unk>
4624	1	Amazon	Negative	@ amazon wtf.

df.duplicated().sum()

→ np.int64(2341)

df.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)

```
df = df[df['Sentiment'] != 'Irrelevant']
df = df.reset_index(drop=True)
print(df['Sentiment'].value_counts())
```

→ Sentiment

Negative 21698 Positive 19713 Neutral 17707

Name: count, dtype: int64

2-Text Preprocessing

df.shape

```
→ (59118, 4)
```

```
# Compile patterns for fast regex
url_pattern = re.compile(r"http\S+|www\S+|https\S+")
mention_pattern = re.compile(r'\@\w+')
hashtag pattern = re.compile(r'\#')
special_chars_pattern = re.compile(r'[^a-zA-Z\s]')
digits_pattern = re.compile(r'\d+')
whitespace pattern = re.compile(r'\s+')
# Define text cleaning function
def clean text(text):
    text = str(text)
    text = emoji.demojize(text) # Convert emoji to text
    text = text.lower() # Lowercase
    text = url_pattern.sub('', text) # Remove URLs
    text = mention_pattern.sub('', text) # Remove mentions
    text = hashtag_pattern.sub('', text) # Remove hashtags symbol
    text = special_chars_pattern.sub('', text) # Remove special characters
    text = digits_pattern.sub('', text) # Remove digits
    text = whitespace_pattern.sub(' ', text).strip() # Normalize spaces
    return text
# Apply cleaning
tqdm.pandas()
df['cleaned_text'] = df['Tweet content'].progress_apply(clean_text)
```

→ 100%| 59118/59118 [00:05<00:00, 10717.07it/s]

df.shape

→ (59118, 5)

df[['Tweet content', 'cleaned_text']].sample(5)

_		_
•		_
	_	_
=	7	~
	•	

cleaned_text	Tweet content	
youre not not diamond yet	"you're not not diamond yet?"	2303
ok you fell like	OK you fell like	10213
i absolutely	I Absolutely	19747
good morning it was so hot and gross last sund	Good morning! It was so hot and gross last	16383
people dissing this but imo this is great	People dissing this but imo this is great	27120

df['cleaned_text'].isnull().sum()

→ np.int64(0)

df[df['Tweet content'].str.contains('@|#|http|www|:')][['Tweet content', 'clear



	Tweet content	cleaned_text
25238	Today went so cool. I decided the give outdoor	today went so cool i decided the give outdoor
55491	Hey @amazon. @KraftHeinzCo. Then @BestBuy. @Pr	hey then always soon eddie hey i get your to m
33837	@EAMaddenNFL giive me my money back. Your game	giive me my money back your game is broken yal
40000	One of its own movies is live w/ @ProfZeroo	one of its own movies is live w catch him

df.head()



	Tweet ID	Entity	Sentiment	Tweet content	cleaned_text
0	1	Amazon	Negative	7 @amazon wtf.	wtf
1	1	Amazon	Negative	@amazon wtf?	wtf
2	1	Amazon	Negative	@amazon wtf.	wtf
3	1	Amazon	Negative	<unk> wtf.</unk>	unk wtf
4	1	Amazon	Negative	@ amazon wtf.	amazon wtf

df[['Tweet content', 'cleaned_text']].head(100)



	Tweet content	cleaned_text
0	7 @amazon wtf.	wtf
1	@amazon wtf?	wtf
2	@amazon wtf .	wtf
3	<unk> wtf.</unk>	unk wtf
4	@ amazon wtf.	amazon wtf
95	Amazon Bestseller: Best Sports Collectibles if	amazon bestseller best sports collectibles ift
96	Amazon Bestsellers: Best Sports Includes i.tt	amazon bestsellers best sports includes itt vp
97	BUDDY LOVE: More about: Amazon.com / stores /	buddy love more about amazoncom stores buddylo
98	<unk> LOVE: More from amazon.com/stores/BUDDYL</unk>	unk love more from amazoncomstoresbuddylo the

> 3-Lemmatization

```
import nltk
# Download the 'punkt_tab' resource
nltk.download('punkt tab')
# Download the required resource for the pos_tag function
# Original line: nltk.download('averaged perceptron tagger')
nltk.download('averaged perceptron tagger eng') # Download the specific 'eng' r
# Setup Lemmatizer
lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
# Mapping POS tags to WordNet
def get_wordnet_pos(tag):
    if tag.startswith('J'):
        return 'a'
    elif tag.startswith('V'):
        return 'v'
    elif tag.startswith('N'):
        return 'n'
    elif tag.startswith('R'):
        return 'r'
    else:
        return 'n'
# Lemmatization function
def lemmatize_text(text):
    words = word tokenize(text)
    pos_tags = pos_tag(words)
    lemmatized_words = [lemmatizer.lemmatize(word, get_wordnet_pos(pos)) for wo
    return ' '.join(lemmatized words)
# Apply lemmatization
df['lemmatized_text'] = df['cleaned_text'].progress_apply(lemmatize_text)
     [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt_tab to /root/nltk_data...
\rightarrow
                   Unzipping tokenizers/punkt_tab.zip.
     [nltk data]
```

```
[nltk_data] Downloading package punkt_tab to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Unzipping tokenizers/punkt_tab.zip.
[nltk_data] Downloading package averaged_perceptron_tagger_eng to
[nltk_data] /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Unzipping taggers/averaged_perceptron_tagger_eng.zip.
100%| 59118/59118 [00:48<00:00, 1208.65it/s]
```

df[['cleaned_text', 'lemmatized_text']].sample(20)



	cleaned_text	lemmatized_text
37486	every where and then i start to reconsider my	every where and then i start to reconsider my
58278	good to see microsoft is gonna release the xbo	good to see microsoft be gon na release the xb
11060	my fave games are minecraft borderlands forza	my fave game be minecraft borderland forza hor
15968	chapter update chase emailed me from behind an	chapter update chase email me from behind an a
52342	this is disgusting because i had played matche	this be disgust because i have play match each
17881	cyberpunks not there yet just told magda that	cyberpunk not there yet just tell magda that i
17525	as a reward for the th of july i preordered cy	a a reward for the th of july i preordered cyb
43882	interventionist shit	interventionist shit
454	amazon threatens to fire critics who are outsp	amazon threaten to fire critic who be outspoke
40975	start your journey with strong partnerships hp	start your journey with strong partnership hpe
11730	never again	never again
17402	god fuck	god fuck
57260	anytime i feel lost i would pull out a map and	anytime i feel lose i would pull out a map and
30298	unexplained illness adverse effects of radiati	unexplained illness adverse effect of radiatio

5-stopwords

```
# Import standard English stopwords
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
# Load standard English stopwords
stop words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
# Define additional custom stopwords (specific to your Twitter data)
custom noise words = set([
    'im', 'dont', 'cant', 'couldnt', 'wouldnt', 'shouldnt', 'wasnt', 'isnt', 'a
    'i', 'you', 'he', 'she', 'it', 'we', 'they', 'me', 'him', 'her', 'us', 'the
    'am', 'is', 'are', 'was', 'were', 'do', 'does', 'did', 'have', 'has', 'had'
    'get', 'got', 'still', 'also', 'even', 'really', 'one', 'two', 'three', 'fc
    'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight', 'nine', 'ten', 'day', 'week', 'month', 'ye
    'game', 'play', 'go', 'make', 'time', 'see', 'look', 'like', 'new', 'u', 'r
    'could', 'would', 'should', 'may', 'might', 'must',
    'one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'also', 'even',
    'get', 'got', 'im', 'amp', 'u', 'ur', 'dont', 'doesnt', 'didnt'
    ,'k', 'ur', 'amp', 'via', 'pictwittercom',"p"
1)
# Merge standard stopwords with custom noise words
full_stopwords = stop_words.union(custom_noise_words)
# Define the stopwords removal function
def remove_stopwords(text):
    words = text.split()
    filtered_words = [word for word in words if word not in full_stopwords]
    return ' '.join(filtered_words)
# Apply stopwords removal on the lemmatized text
df['final_text'] = df['lemmatized_text'].progress_apply(remove_stopwords)
→ 100% | 59118/59118 [00:00<00:00, 322317.93it/s]
```

```
def remove_mentions(text):
    words = text.split()
    words = [word for word in words if not word.startswith('@')]
    return ' '.join(words)

# Apply to your preprocessed text
df['final_text'] = df['final_text'].apply(remove_mentions)
```

df[['lemmatized_text', 'final_text']].sample(10)

e		_
_	۸	÷
-	7	
•	_	_

	lemmatized_text	final_text
25864	home depot recently stop hire and they not run	home depot recently stop hire run background c
23107	tired hearthstone wire pictwittercomdcfxhdnc	tired hearthstone wire pictwittercomdcfxhdnc
21096	more evidence of left wingunk scamming	evidence left wingunk scamming
46249	why be u do nothing in pakistan against pubg b	nothing pakistan pubg ban come please issue cl
5087	god i forget how hot i fuck love assassin cree	god forget hot fuck love assassin creed fuck
35620	be a sweet guy ragequits it freeze the screen	sweet guy ragequits freeze screen force close
20013	might just pay for the extra google drive spac	pay extra google drive space keep real

4-Extract Top 150 Terms Based on Term Frequency (TF)

```
# prompt: 4-Extract Top 150 Terms Based on Term Frequency (TF)

from collections import Counter

def get_top_n_words(corpus, n=None):
    vec = Counter()
    for text in corpus:
        for word in text.split():
        vec[word] += 1
    return vec.most_common(n)
```

```
top_150_words = get_top_n_words(df['final_text'], 150)
top_150_words
```

```
('nvidia', 1249),
('player', 1242), ('thing', 1236),
('x', 1229),
('need', 1227),
('ever', 1223),
('help', 1211),
('give', 1208),
('thank', 1161),
('every', 1155),
('redemption', 1149),
('never', 1135),
('world', 1124),
('stop', 1113),
('depot', 1084),
('start', 1076),
('series', 1076),
('right', 1075),
('update', 1073),
('borderland', 1065),
('gta', 1061),
('team', 1053),
('v', 1051),
('last', 1047),
('big', 1020),
('pubg', 1014),
('live', 1013),
('thanks', 1006),
('league', 990),
('feel', 985),
('keep', 969),
('damn', 954),
('legend', 946),
('stream', 939),
('com', 936),
('black', 934),
('na', 933),
('yall', 932),
('happy', 917),
('server', 917),
('kill', 903),
('actually', 894),
('let', 887),
('ban', 882),
('another', 881),
('overwatch', 877),
('show', 873),
('creed', 871),
```

```
('man', 870),
('card', 834),
('problem', 829),
('everyone', 824),
('next', 819),
('way', 814),
('battlefield', 809),
('always', 803),
('service', 801),
('duty', 799),
('since', 795),
```

```
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer

vectorizer = CountVectorizer(ngram_range=(2, 2))

X2 = vectorizer.fit_transform(df['final_text'])

sum_words2 = X2.sum(axis=0)

words_freq2 = [(word, sum_words2[0, idx]) for word, idx in vectorizer.vocabular

top_150_bigrams = sorted(words_freq2, key=lambda x: x[1], reverse=True)[:150]

# عرض النتائيج

for word, freq in top_150_bigrams:
    print(word, freq)
```

work nome /9 every another 78 good morning 78 much good 76 fuck fuck 74 feel bad 73 much love 72 recon breakpoint 72 microsoft team 71 next gen 69 win global 68 good news 68 global free 67 help win 67 every single 67 thank much 65 google search 65 dead redeem 65 want buy 64 fuck shit 64 check item 64 graphic card 64 check video 63 johnson halt 63 anyone else 62 bad thing 62 show love 62

```
warcraft iii 62
ghostrecon uk 61
internet speed 61
great job 60
pretty cool 60
release date 60
let know 59
pretty good 59
fang fang 59
fifa point 59
ift tt 58
good luck 58
open world 58
ive never 57
pre order 57
social medium 57
cat sftp 57
fix shit 56
sea sea 56
bit ly 55
best ever 55
good thing 55
facebook page 55
horrific vision 55
everyday another 54
punch man 54
need help 54
app store 54
pay gig 54
win free 53
ive try 53
win achievement 53
```

df.columns

```
df['Sentiment'].unique()
```

```
⇒ array(['Negative', 'Neutral', 'Positive'], dtype=object)
```

```
import pandas as pd
from collections import Counter
df['original_text'] = df['Tweet content']
def get_top_unigrams_with_original(df, sentiment_label=None, n=170):
    if sentiment_label:
        subset = df[df['Sentiment'] == sentiment_label]
    else:
        subset = df.copy()
    original_texts = ' '.join(subset['original_text'].dropna()).lower()
    cleaned_texts = ' '.join(subset['final_text'].dropna())
    cleaned_counter = Counter(cleaned_texts.split())
    original_counter = Counter(original_texts.split())
    top cleaned = cleaned counter.most common(n)
    records = []
    for cleaned_word, freq in top_cleaned:
        matching_original = [word for word in original_counter if cleaned_word
        original_word = matching_original[0] if matching_original else cleaned_
        records.append([original_word, cleaned_word, freq])
    result_df = pd.DataFrame(records, columns=["Original terms", "Terms after p
    return result_df
df_top150_all = get_top_unigrams_with_original(df)
df_top150_positive = get_top_unigrams_with_original(df, 'Positive')
df_top150_negative = get_top_unigrams_with_original(df, 'Negative')
df_top150_irrelevant = get_top_unigrams_with_original(df, 'Irrelevant')
```

print(" Top 150 Unigrams in ALL Data")
display(df_top150_all)



Top 150 Unigrams in ALL Data

	Original terms	Terms at	fter	pre-processing	TF
0	good			good	3299
1	fucked			fuck	2904
2	love			love	2868
3	johnson			johnson	2860
4	shit			shit	2252
165	@biohazzards			oh	570
166	top			top	559
167	they			hey	554
168	nothing			nothing	553
169	suck.			suck	548

Add the following lines to define and display df_top150_neutral:
df_top150_neutral = get_top_unigrams_with_original(df, 'Neutral') # Assuming '
print(" Top 150 Unigrams in Neutral Tweets")
display(df_top150_neutral)



Top 150 Unigrams in Neutral Tweets

	Original terms	Terms after pre-processing	TF
0	johnson	johnson	1793
1	amazon	amazon	1107
2	google	google	820
3	facebook	facebook	809
4	win!	win	795
165	luck	luck	166
166	entering	enter	165
167	everything	everything	164
168	always	always	162
169	changes	change	162

print(" Top 150 Unigrams in Negative Tweets")
display(df_top150_negative)



Top 150 Unigrams in Negative Tweets

	Original terms	Terms afte	r pre-processing	TF
0	fucked		fuck	1982
1	shit,		shit	1488
2	fix		fix	1430
3	bad		bad	1181
4	please		please	1112
165	bluescreened		screen	229
166	almost		almost	228
167	@ghostrecon		ghostrecon	227
168	yet		yet	224
169	old		old	223

print(" Top 150 Unigrams in Neutral Tweets")
display(df_top150_neutral)



Top 150 Unigrams in Neutral Tweets

	Original terms	Terms after pre-processing	TF
0	johnson	johnson	1793
1	amazon	amazon	1107
2	google	google	820
3	facebook	facebook	809
4	win!	win	795
165	luck	luck	166
166	entering	enter	165
167	everything	everything	164
168	always	always	162
169	changes	change	162

```
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer

def get_top_bigrams_with_original(df, sentiment_label=None, n=170):
    if sentiment_label:
        subset = df[df['Sentiment'] == sentiment_label]
    else:
        subset = df.copy()

# Check if the subset is empty after filtering for sentiment
    if subset.empty:
        print(f"No data found for sentiment: {sentiment_label}")
        return pd.DataFrame(columns=["Original terms", "Terms after pre-process

original_texts = subset['original_text'].dropna().tolist()
    cleaned_texts = subset['final_text'].dropna().tolist()

vectorizer = CountVectorizer(ngram_range=(2, 2))

# Check if cleaned_texts is empty before fitting
```

```
if not cleaned_texts or all(not text.strip() for text in cleaned_texts):
        print(f"All texts for sentiment '{sentiment_label}' are empty after pre
        return pd.DataFrame(columns=["Original terms", "Terms after pre-process
    X_cleaned = vectorizer.fit_transform(cleaned_texts)
    sum words = X cleaned.sum(axis=0)
    cleaned_2grams_freq = [(word, sum_words[0, idx]) for word, idx in vectorize
    top_cleaned_2grams = sorted(cleaned_2grams_freq, key=lambda x: x[1], revers
    records = []
    for cleaned_bigram, freq in top_cleaned_2grams:
        cleaned_words = cleaned_bigram.split()
        matching_original = []
        for word in cleaned words:
            for text in original_texts:
                words = text.lower().split()
                if word in words:
                    matching_original.append(word)
            else:
                matching_original.append(word)
        original_bigram = ' '.join(matching_original)
        records.append([original_bigram, cleaned_bigram, freq])
    result_df = pd.DataFrame(records, columns=["Original terms", "Terms after p
    return result df
df_bigrams_all = get_top_bigrams_with_original(df)
df bigrams positive = get top bigrams with original(df, 'Positive')
df_bigrams_negative = get_top_bigrams_with_original(df, 'Negative')
df_bigrams_neutral = get_top_bigrams_with_original(df, 'Neutral')
df_bigrams_irrelevant = get_top_bigrams_with_original(df, 'Irrelevant')
print(" Top 150 2-grams in ALL Data")
display(df_bigrams_all)
print(" Top 150 2-grams in Positive Tweets")
display(df_bigrams_positive)
print(" Top 150 2-grams in Negative Tweets")
display(df_bigrams_negative)
```

print(" Top 150 2-grams in Neutral Tweets")
display(df_bigrams_neutral)



No data found for sentiment: Irrelevant Top 150 2-grams in ALL Data

	Original terms	Terms after pre-processing	2 grams Weight
0	red dead	red dead	1319
1	johnson johnson	johnson johnson	1214
2	dead redemption	dead redemption	1047
3	home depot	home depot	960
4	assassin creed	assassin creed	688
165	best thing	best thing	50
166	black flag	black flag	50
167	microsoft edge	microsoft edge	50
168	sell baby	sell baby	50
169	chinese apps	chinese apps	50

170 rows × 3 columns

Top 150 2-grams in Positive Tweets

	Original terms	Terms after pre-processing	2 grams Weight
0	red dead	red dead	580
1	assassin creed	assassin creed	522
2	dead redemption	dead redemption	488
3	home depot	home depot	325
4	gon na	gon na	313
165	spend money	spend money	18
166	king canyon	king canyon	18
167	creed origin	creed origin	18
168	na buy	na buy	18
169	fun ive	fun ive	18

170 rows × 3 columns

Top 150 2-grams in Negative Tweets

	Original terms	Terms after pre-processing	2 grams Weight
0	home depot	home depot	408
1	johnson johnson	johnson johnson	335
2	call duty	call duty	299
3	rhandlerr rhandlerr	rhandlerr rhandlerr	266
4	league legend	league legend	215
165	abandon sanction	abandon sanction	23
166	verizon fios	verizon fios	23
167	work hard	work hard	22
168	account hack	account hack	22
169	open world	open world	22

Top 150 2-grams in Neutral Tweets

	Original terms	Terms after pre-processing	2 grams Weight
0	johnson johnson	johnson johnson	736
1	red dead	red dead	537
2	dead redemption	dead redemption	409
3	xbox series	xbox series	273
4	baby powder	baby powder	263
165	high hr	high hr	22
166	evax humbly	evax humbly	22
167	much love	much love	21
168	russian bot	russian bot	21
169	gta online	gta online	21

¹⁷⁰ rows × 3 columns

```
def get_top_bigrams_with_original(df, sentiment_label=None, n=170):
    if sentiment_label:
        subset = df[df['Sentiment'] == sentiment_label]
    else:
        subset = df.copy()
    # Check if the subset is empty after filtering for sentiment
    if subset.empty:
        print(f"No data found for sentiment: {sentiment_label}")
        return pd.DataFrame(columns=["Original terms", "Terms after pre-process
    original_texts = subset['original_text'].dropna().tolist()
    cleaned_texts = subset['final_text'].dropna().tolist()
    vectorizer = CountVectorizer(ngram_range=(2, 2))
    X cleaned = vectorizer.fit transform(cleaned texts)
    sum_words = X_cleaned.sum(axis=0)
    cleaned_2grams_freq = [(word, sum_words[0, idx]) for word, idx in vectorize
    top_cleaned_2grams = sorted(cleaned_2grams_freq, key=lambda x: x[1], revers
    records = []
    for cleaned bigram, freg in top cleaned 2grams:
        cleaned_words = cleaned_bigram.split()
        matching_original = []
        for word in cleaned words:
            for text in original_texts:
                words = text.lower().split()
                if word in words:
                    matching_original.append(word)
                    break
            else:
                matching_original.append(word)
        original_bigram = ' '.join(matching_original)
        records.append([original_bigram, cleaned_bigram, freq])
    result_df = pd.DataFrame(records, columns=["Original terms", "Terms after p
    return result_df
df_bigrams_all = get_top_bigrams_with_original(df)
```

```
df_bigrams_positive = get_top_bigrams_with_original(df, 'Positive')
df_bigrams_negative = get_top_bigrams_with_original(df, 'Negative')
df_bigrams_neutral = get_top_bigrams_with_original(df, 'Neutral')
df_bigrams_irrelevant = get_top_bigrams_with_original(df, 'Irrelevant') # This

print(" Top 150 2-grams in ALL Data")
display(df_bigrams_all)

print(" Top 150 2-grams in Positive Tweets")
display(df_bigrams_positive)

print(" Top 150 2-grams in Negative Tweets")
display(df_bigrams_negative)

print(" Top 150 2-grams in Neutral Tweets")
display(df_bigrams_neutral)
```

No data found for sentiment: Irrelevant
Top 150 2-grams in ALL Data

	Original terms	Terms after pre-processing	2 grams Weight
0	red dead	red dead	1319
1	johnson johnson	johnson johnson	1214
2	dead redemption	dead redemption	1047
3	home depot	home depot	960
4	assassin creed	assassin creed	688
165	best thing	best thing	50
166	black flag	black flag	50
167	microsoft edge	microsoft edge	50
168	sell baby	sell baby	50
169	chinese apps	chinese apps	50

170 rows × 3 columns

Top 150 2-grams in Positive Tweets

Original terms Terms after pre-processing 2 grams Weigh	Original	terms	Terms	after	pre-processing	2	grams	Weight
---	----------	-------	-------	-------	----------------	---	-------	--------

0	red dead	red dead	580
1	assassin creed	assassin creed	522
2	dead redemption	dead redemption	488

3	home depot	home depot	325
4	gon na	gon na	313
165	spend money	spend money	18
166	king canyon	king canyon	18
167	creed origin	creed origin	18
168	na buy	na buy	18
169	fun ive	fun ive	18

170 rows × 3 columns

Top 150 2-grams in Negative Tweets

	Original terms	Terms after	pre-processing	2 grams Weight
0	home depot		home depot	408
1	johnson johnson		johnson johnson	335
2	call duty		call duty	299
3	rhandlerr rhandlerr		rhandlerr rhandlerr	266
4	league legend		league legend	215
165	abandon sanction		abandon sanction	23
166	verizon fios		verizon fios	23
167	work hard		work hard	22
168	account hack		account hack	22
169	open world		open world	22

Top 150 2-grams in Neutral Tweets

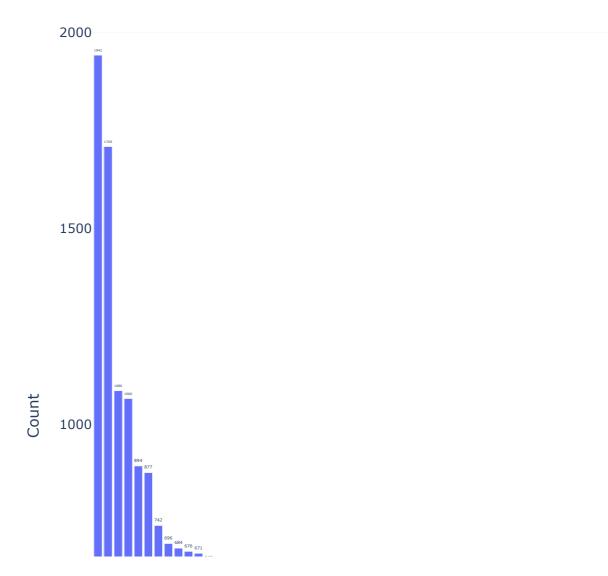
	Original terms	Terms after pre-processing	2 grams Weight
0	johnson johnson	johnson johnson	736
1	red dead	red dead	537
2	dead redemption	dead redemption	409
3	xbox series	xbox series	273
4	baby powder	baby powder	263

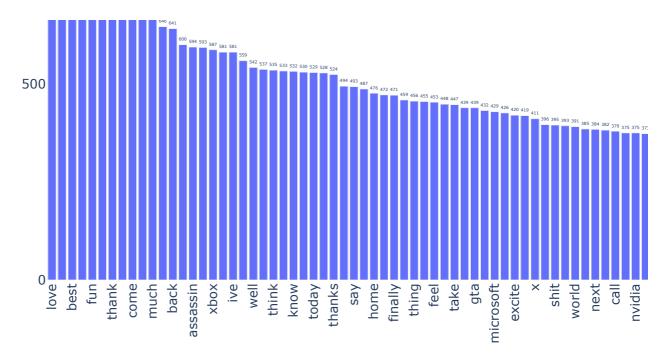
•••		•••	
165	high hr	high hr	22
166	evax humbly	evax humbly	22
167	much love	much love	21
168	russian bot	russian bot	21
169	gta online	gta online	21

```
import os
fe_folder = '/content/drive/MyDrive/FE11111'
os.makedirs(fe folder, exist ok=True)
def save_table_to_drive(df, filename):
    filepath = os.path.join(fe folder, filename)
    df.to_csv(filepath, index=False)
    print(f"Saved: {filepath}")
save_table_to_drive(df_top150_all, 'top150_unigrams_all.csv')
save_table_to_drive(df_top150_positive, 'top150_unigrams_positive.csv')
save_table_to_drive(df_top150_negative, 'top150_unigrams_negative.csv')
save_table_to_drive(df_top150_neutral, 'top150_unigrams_neutral.csv')
save_table_to_drive(df_top150_irrelevant, 'top150_unigrams_irrelevant.csv')
save table to drive(df bigrams all, 'top150 bigrams all.csv')
save_table_to_drive(df_bigrams_positive, 'top150_bigrams_positive.csv')
save_table_to_drive(df_bigrams_negative, 'top150_bigrams_negative.csv')
save_table_to_drive(df_bigrams_neutral, 'top150_bigrams_neutral.csv')
Saved: /content/drive/MyDrive/FE11111/top150_unigrams_all.csv
    Saved: /content/drive/MyDrive/FE11111/top150_unigrams_positive.csv
    Saved: /content/drive/MyDrive/FE11111/top150 unigrams negative.csv
    Saved: /content/drive/MyDrive/FE11111/top150_unigrams_neutral.csv
    Saved: /content/drive/MyDrive/FE11111/top150_unigrams_irrelevant.csv
    Saved: /content/drive/MyDrive/FE11111/top150_bigrams_all.csv
    Saved: /content/drive/MyDrive/FE11111/top150 bigrams positive.csv
    Saved: /content/drive/MyDrive/FE11111/top150 bigrams negative.csv
    Saved: /content/drive/MyDrive/FE11111/top150_bigrams_neutral.csv
import plotly.express as px
def plot_top_words_full(df, title):
    fig = px.bar(
        df,
        x='Terms after pre-processing',
        y='TF',
        title=title,
        text='TF',
```

→

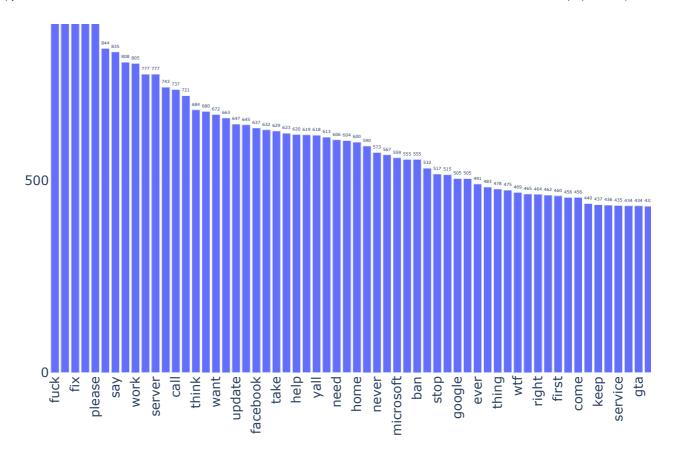
To



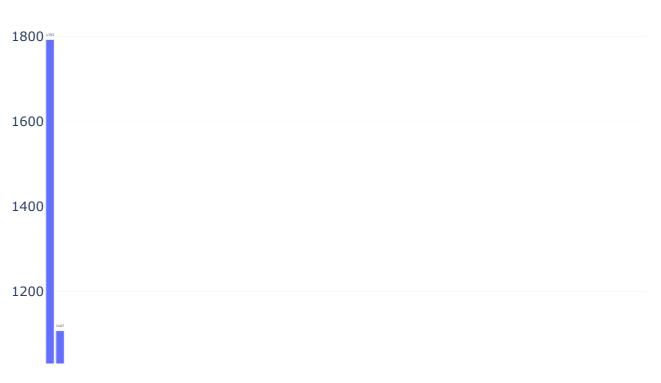


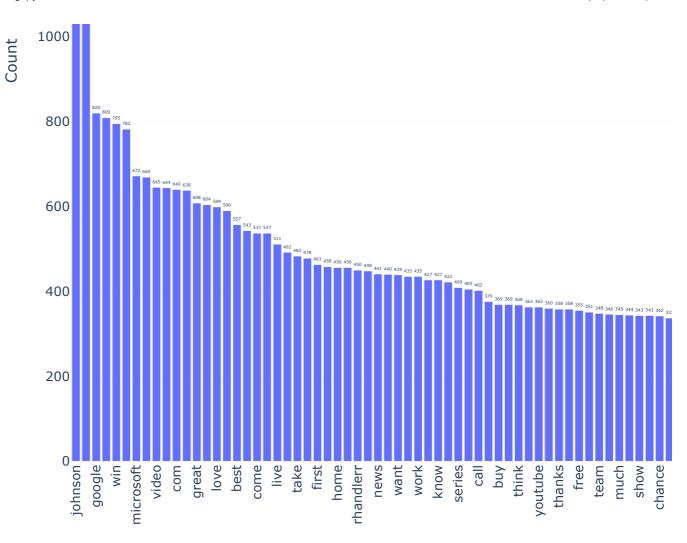
Top











```
import plotly.express as px

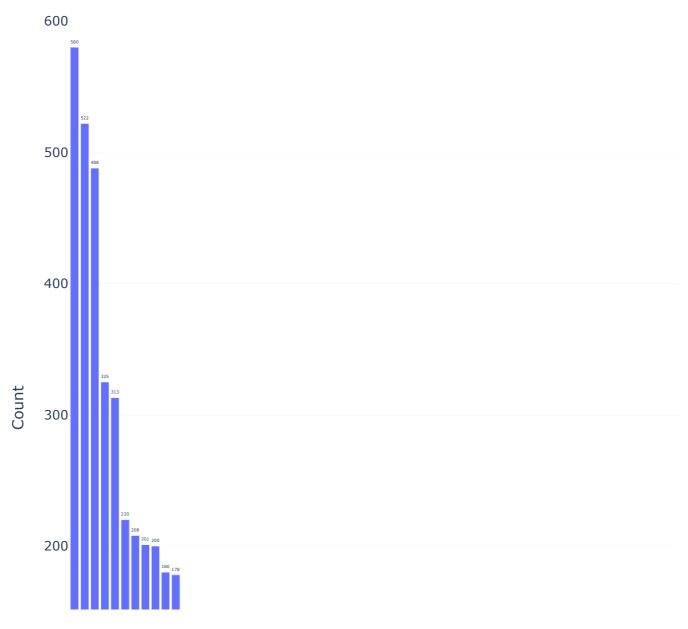
def plot_top_bigrams_full(df, title):
    fig = px.bar(
        df,
        x='Terms after pre-processing',
        y='2 grams Weight',
        title=title,
        text='2 grams Weight',
        labels={'Terms after pre-processing': '2-gram', '2 grams Weight': 'Cour
)
    fig.update_traces(textposition='outside')
    fig.update_layout(
```

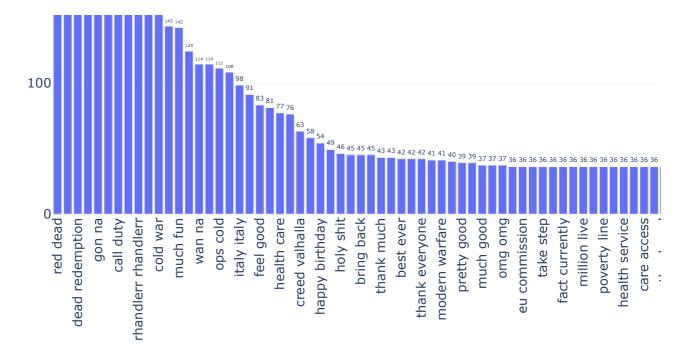
```
xaxis_tickangle=-90,
    plot_bgcolor='white',
    title_x=0.5,
    font=dict(size=12),
    height=1000,
    width=1500,
    margin=dict(l=20, r=20, t=50, b=200)
)
fig.show()

plot_top_bigrams_full(df_bigrams_positive, "Top 150 2-grams - Positive Tweets")
plot_top_bigrams_full(df_bigrams_negative, "Top 150 2-grams - Negative Tweets")
plot_top_bigrams_full(df_bigrams_neutral, "Top 150 2-grams - Neutral Tweets")
```

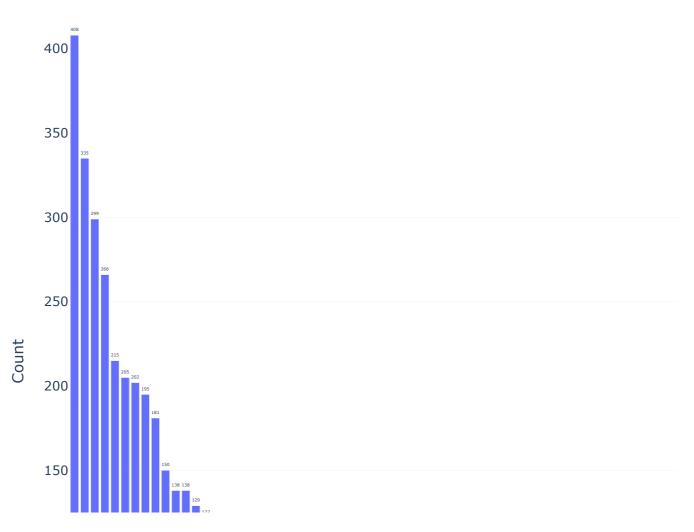
₹

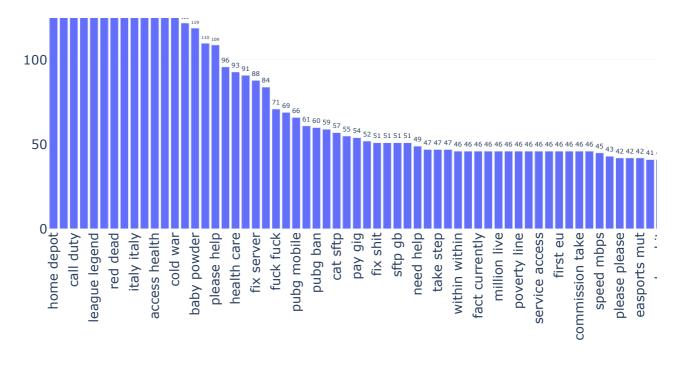
Top



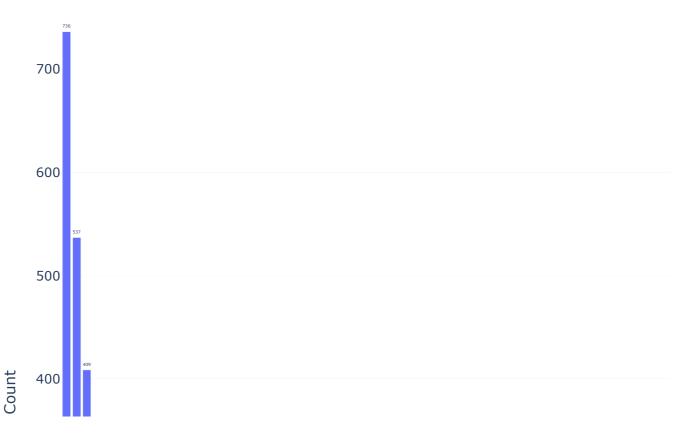


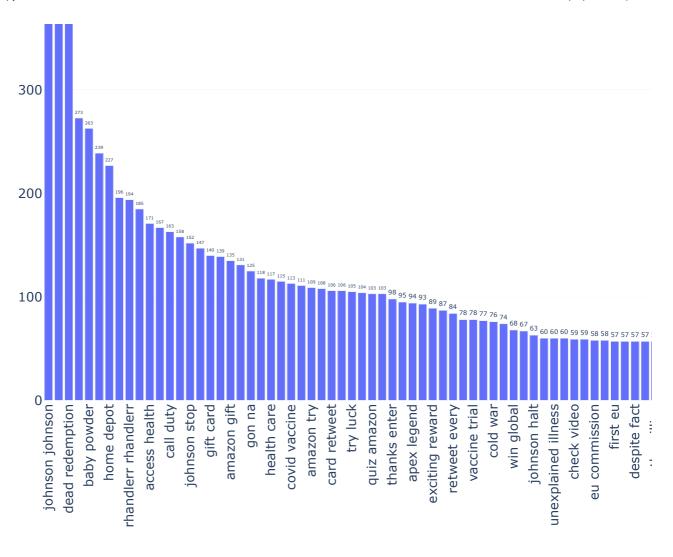
Тор











```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X = df['final text']
y = df['Sentiment']
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
    Χ, γ,
    test_size=0.2,
    random_state=42,
    stratify=y
)
# Display shapes
print(f"Training data shape: {X_train.shape}")
print(f"Testing data shape: {X_test.shape}")
Training data shape: (47294,)
    Testing data shape: (11824,)
# Import TF-IDF Vectorizer
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
# Initialize the TF-IDF Vectorizer
tfidf = TfidfVectorizer(
    max_features=5000,
    ngram_range=(1, 2),
    stop_words='english'
)
# Fit the vectorizer on the training data and transform both train and test set
X_train_tfidf = tfidf.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test_tfidf = tfidf.transform(X_test)
# Display the shapes
```

```
TF-IDF train shape: (47294, 5000)
TF-IDF test shape: (11824, 5000)
```

print(f"TF-IDF train shape: {X_train_tfidf.shape}")
print(f"TF-IDF test shape: {X_test_tfidf.shape}")

```
# Import required libraries
from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, classification_report, confusion_maimport matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

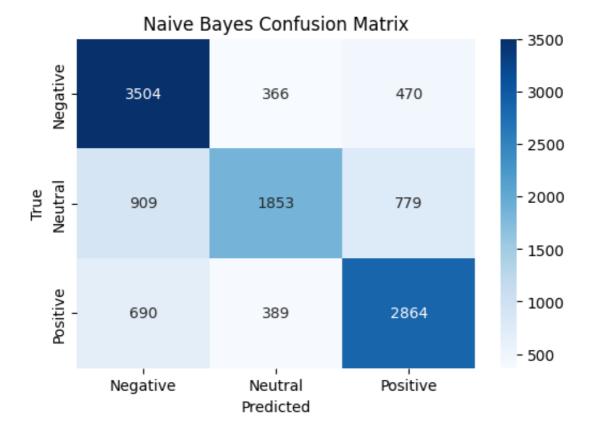
```
# Initialize and train Naive Bayes model
nb model = MultinomialNB()
nb_model.fit(X_train_tfidf, y_train)
# Predict on test data
y_pred_nb = nb_model.predict(X_test_tfidf)
# Evaluate Naive Bayes model
print("Naive Bayes Model Evaluation:")
print("Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_nb))
print("\nClassification Report:\n", classification_report(y_test, y_pred_nb))
# Plot confusion matrix
cm_nb = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_nb)
plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
sns.heatmap(cm_nb, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', xticklabels=nb_model.clas
plt.title('Naive Bayes Confusion Matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.ylabel('True')
plt.show()
```



Naive Bayes Model Evaluation: Accuracy: 0.6952807848443843

Classification Report:

precision	recall	f1-score	support
0.69	0.81	0.74	4340
0.71	0.52	0.60	3541
0.70	0.73	0.71	3943
		0.70	11824
0.70	0.69	0.69	11824
0.70	0.70	0.69	11824
	0.69 0.71 0.70	precision recall 0.69 0.81 0.71 0.52 0.70 0.73 0.70 0.69	precision recall f1-score 0.69 0.81 0.74 0.71 0.52 0.60 0.70 0.73 0.71 0.70 0.70 0.69 0.69



```
# Initialize and train Logistic Regression model
lr_model = LogisticRegression(max_iter=1000)
lr_model.fit(X_train_tfidf, y_train)

# Predict on test data
y_pred_lr = lr_model.predict(X_test_tfidf)

# Evaluate Logistic Regression model
print("Logistic Regression Model Evaluation:")
print("Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_lr))
print("\nClassification Report:\n", classification_report(y_test, y_pred_lr))
```

```
# Plot confusion matrix
cm_lr = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_lr)
plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
sns.heatmap(cm_lr, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Greens', xticklabels=lr_model.cla
plt.title('Logistic Regression Confusion Matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.ylabel('True')
plt.show()
```

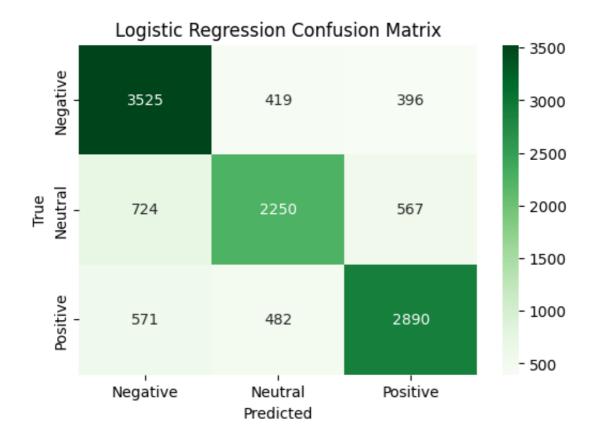
 \rightarrow

Logistic Regression Model Evaluation:

Accuracy: 0.7328315290933695

Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
Negative	0.73	0.81	0.77	4340
Neutral	0.71	0.64	0.67	3541
Positive	0.75	0.73	0.74	3943
accuracy			0.73	11824
macro avg	0.73	0.73	0.73	11824
weighted avg	0.73	0.73	0.73	11824



Start coding or generate with AI.