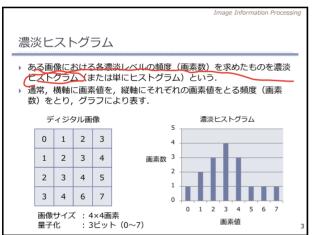
Image Information Processing 濃淡変換

Image Information Processing ディジタル画像 ディジタル画像は、画素値の集合と考えることができる。 ▶ そのため、画素値の分布を調べることで、画像の性質を知ることがで ディジタル画像 2 0 1 3 2 3 4 4×4画素 Bビット (0~7) 3 4 6 $A = \{0, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$



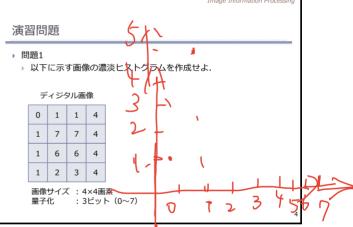


Image Information Processing

Image Information Processing

演習問題 解答(未公開)

コントラスト 画像において, 最も明るい場所と最も暗い場所の輝度の差のことを,

コントラストという.

一般に, コントラストは,

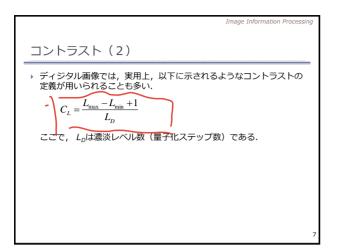
$$C = \frac{L_{\text{max}} - L_{\text{min}}}{L_{\text{max}} + L_{\text{min}}}$$

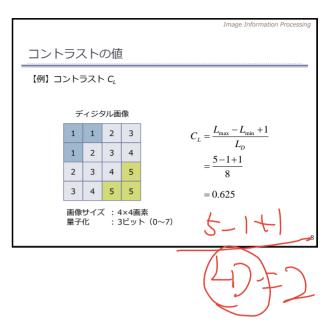
あるいは

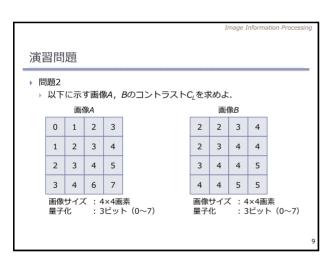
$$C_R = \frac{L_{\text{max}}}{L_{\text{min}}}$$

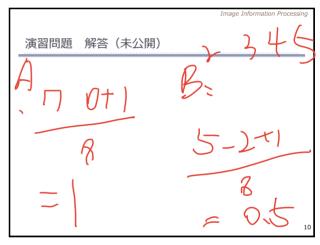
などと $\mathbf{\hat{z}}$ 義される。ここで, L_{\max} は画像中の濃淡レベルの最大値であり, L_{\min} は画像中の濃淡レベルの最小値である.

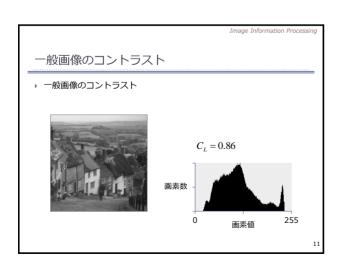
X=Ot mod N

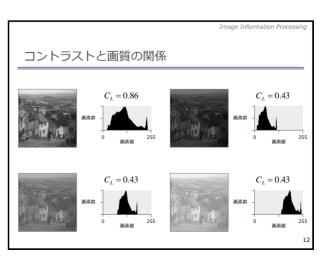


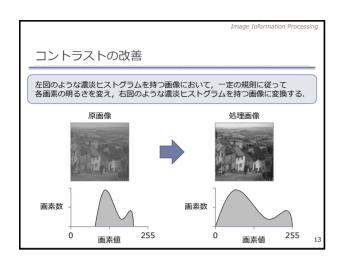


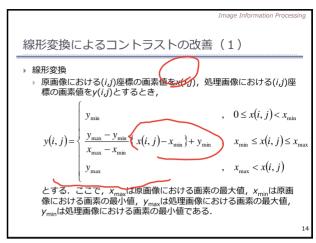


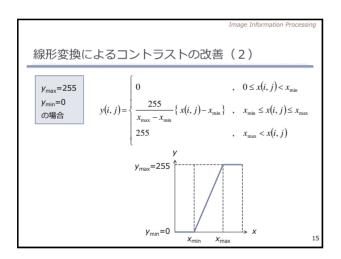


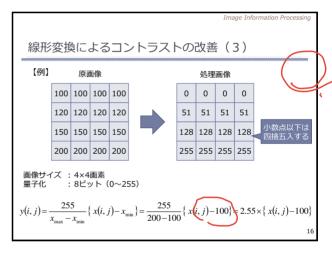


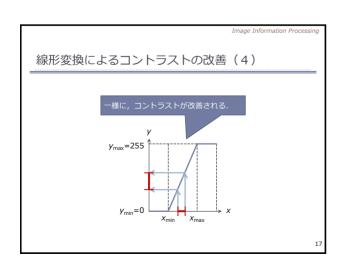


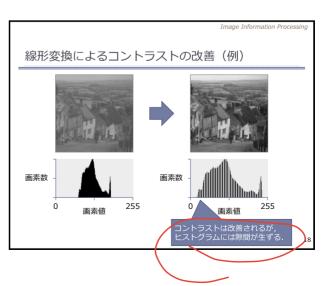




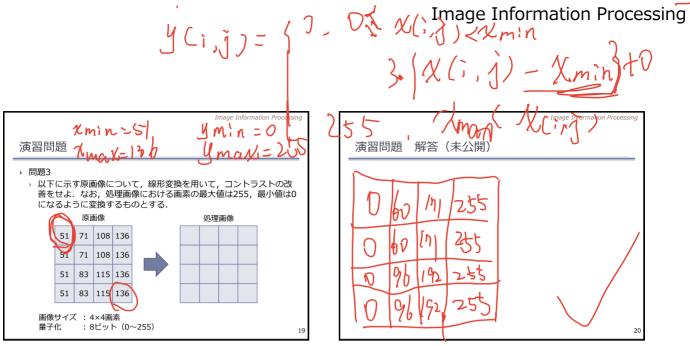


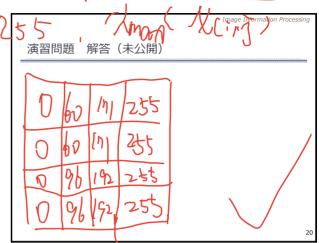




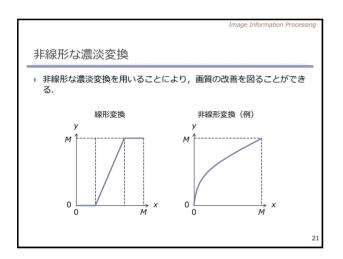


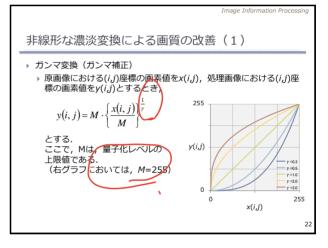
Mij) E [Xmin, Xm]

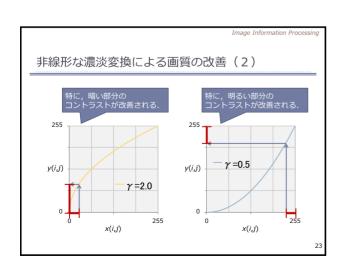


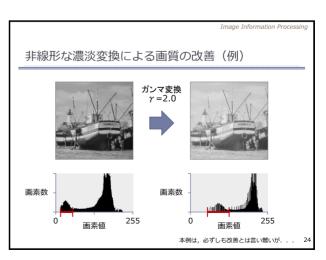


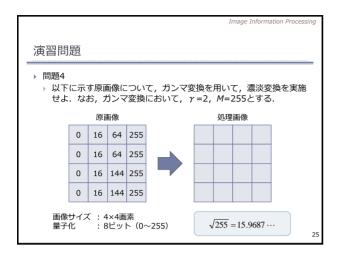
3. (X(i,j) - Xmin

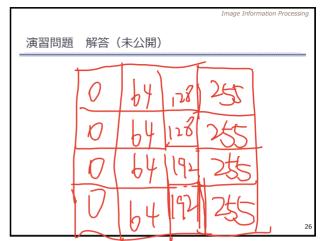












$$255 \left(\frac{\times (i,i)}{255} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$
 $= 15.9687 \cdot \times (i,i)$