

Switching between Frames Using the Frame tkraise() Method

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Summary: in this tutorial, you'll learn how to use the Frame tkraise() method to switch between frames in a Tkinter application.

Introduction to the Frame tkraise() method

Typically, a Tkinter application consists of multiple frames (https://www.pythontutorial.net/tkinter/tkinter-frame/). And you often need to switch between frames to display the one that is relevant to the user's choice.

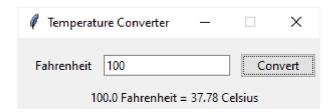
Tkinter allows you to stack frames on top of each other. To show a particular frame, you can simply raise one above the other in the stacking order. The top frame will be visible.

To bring a frame to the top, you use the tkraise() method of the Frame widget like this:

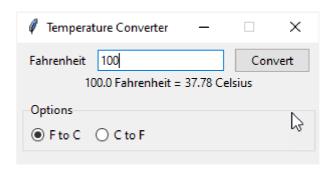
frame.tkraise()

The Frame tkraise() method example

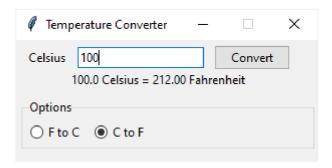
In this example, you'll extend the temperature converter application (https://www.pythontutorial.net/tkinter/tkinter-object-oriented-application/) by adding the conversion of a temperature from Celsius to Fahrenheit:



By default, the application converts a temperature from Fahrenheit to Celsius.

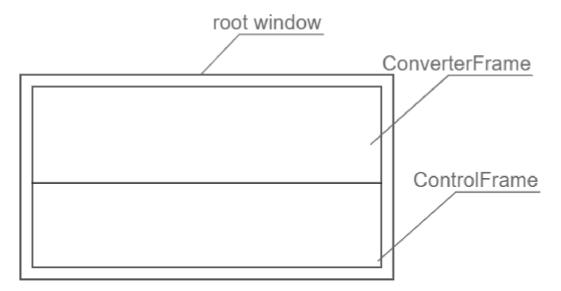


If you select the C to F radio button (https://www.pythontutorial.net/tkinter/tkinter-radio-button/), the application shows a new frame that allows you to convert a temperature from Celsius to Fahrenheit:



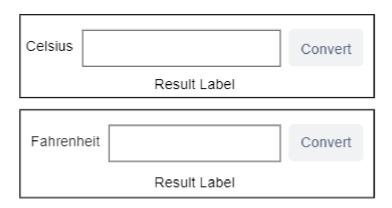
To build this application, you'll need to have three main widgets:

- A root window.
- The ConverterFrame that shows the form fields.
- And the ControlFrame that shows the radio buttons.



The ConverterFrame will have two instances, one that converts a temperature from Fahrenheit to Celsius and the other that converts a temperature from Celsius to Fahrenheit:

ConverterFrame



First, define a TemperatureConverter class that has two static methods: fahrenheit_to_celsius and celsius_to_fahrenheit .

```
class TemperatureConverter:
    @staticmethod
    def fahrenheit_to_celsius(f, format=True):
        result = (f - 32) * 5/9
        if format:
            return f'{f} Fahrenheit = {result:.2f} Celsius'
        return result

    @staticmethod
    def celsius_to_fahrenheit(c, format=True):
        result = c * 9/5 + 32
```

```
if format:
    return f'{c} Celsius = {result:.2f} Fahrenheit'
return result
```

The fahrenheit_to_celsius and celsius_to_fahrenheit methods return a formatted string if you ignore the second argument or pass True to them. Otherwise, they'll return the result as a number.

Second, define the ConverterFrame that will show the UI for converting temperature from Fahrenheit to Celsius and vice versa.

To do it, you'll need to make the ConverterFrame more flexible by adding the following parameters to the init () method:

- A string that will be displayed as Fahrenheit and Celsius
- A callback function for converting the temperature.

The following shows a complete ConverterFrame class:

```
class ConverterFrame(ttk.Frame):
    def __init__(self, container, unit_from, converter):
        super().__init__(container)

        self.unit_from = unit_from
        self.converter = converter

# field options
    options = {'padx': 5, 'pady': 0}

# temperature label
    self.temperature_label = ttk.Label(self, text=self.unit_from)
        self.temperature_label.grid(column=0, row=0, sticky='w', **options)

# temperature entry
    self.temperature = tk.StringVar()
    self.temperature_entry = ttk.Entry(self, textvariable=self.temperature
    self.temperature_entry.grid(column=1, row=0, sticky='w', **options)
```

```
self.temperature entry.focus()
    # button
    self.convert button = ttk.Button(self, text='Convert')
    self.convert button.grid(column=2, row=0, sticky='w', **options)
    self.convert button.configure(command=self.convert)
    # result label
    self.result label = ttk.Label(self)
    self.result label.grid(row=1, columnspan=3, **options)
    # add padding to the frame and show it
    self.grid(column=0, row=0, padx=5, pady=5, sticky="nsew")
def convert(self, event=None):
        Handle button click event
    try:
        input value = float(self.temperature.get())
        result = self.converter(input value)
        self.result label.config(text=result)
    except ValueError as error:
        showerror(title='Error', message=error)
def reset(self):
    self.temperature entry.delete(0, "end")
    self.result label.text = ''
```

How it works.

- Use the unit_from argument to show the label for the temperature.
- Call the self.convert callback in the convert() method to convert a temperature from one unit to another.
- Define the reset() method to clear the entry widget and the result label when the frame is switched from one to another.

Third, define a ControlFrame class that shows the radio buttons for selecting a frame to show. The ControFrame class inherits from the ttk.LabelFrame.

```
class ControlFrame(ttk.LabelFrame):
    def init (self, container):
        super(). init (container)
        self['text'] = 'Options'
        # radio buttons
        self.selected_value = tk.IntVar()
        ttk.Radiobutton(
            self,
            text='F to C',
            value=0,
            variable=self.selected_value,
            command=self.change_frame).grid(column=0, row=0, padx=5, pady=5)
        ttk.Radiobutton(
            self,
            text='C to F',
            value=1,
            variable=self.selected_value,
            command=self.change_frame).grid(column=1, row=0, padx=5, pady=5)
        self.grid(column=0, row=1, padx=5, pady=5, sticky='ew')
        # initialize frames
        self.frames = {}
        self.frames[0] = ConverterFrame(
            container,
            'Fahrenheit',
            TemperatureConverter.fahrenheit_to_celsius)
        self.frames[1] = ConverterFrame(
            container,
```

```
'Celsius',
    TemperatureConverter.celsius_to_fahrenheit)

self.change_frame()

def change_frame(self):
    frame = self.frames[self.selected_value.get()]
    frame.reset()
    frame.tkraise()
```

How it works.

- Each radio button holds a value 0 or 1.
- Create two instances of the ConverterFrame class, one is in charge of converting a temperature from Fahrenheit to Celsius, and the other converts a temperature from Celsius to Fahrenheit. Also, define a dictionary to store these frames. The keys of frames are the same as the values of the radio buttons.
- When a radio button is clicked, the change_frame() method is called to select the corresponding frame from the dictionary based on the value of the selected button.
- Call the reset() method of the frame to reset the entry field and result label. And also invoke the tkraise() method to display the frame.

Fourth, define the App class that subclasses from the tk.Tk class:

```
class App(tk.Tk):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__()

        self.title('Temperature Converter')
        self.geometry('300x120')
        self.resizable(False, False)
```

Finally, bootstrap the application from the if __name__ == "__main__" block:

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    app = App()
    ControlFrame(app)
    app.mainloop()
```

```
Put it all together.
 import tkinter as tk
 from tkinter import ttk
 from tkinter.messagebox import showerror
 class TemperatureConverter:
     @staticmethod
     def fahrenheit to celsius(f, format=True):
          result = (f - 32) * 5/9
          if format:
              return f'{f} Fahrenheit = {result:.2f} Celsius'
          return result
     @staticmethod
     def celsius to fahrenheit(c, format=True):
          result = c * 9/5 + 32
          if format:
              return f'{c} Celsius = {result:.2f} Fahrenheit'
          return result
 class ConverterFrame(ttk.Frame):
     def init (self, container, unit from, converter):
          super().__init__(container)
          self.unit_from = unit_from
          self.converter = converter
```

```
# field options
    options = {'padx': 5, 'pady': 0}
    # temperature label
    self.temperature label = ttk.Label(self, text=self.unit from)
    self.temperature label.grid(column=0, row=0, sticky='w', **options)
    # temperature entry
    self.temperature = tk.StringVar()
    self.temperature entry = ttk.Entry(self, textvariable=self.temperature
    self.temperature entry.grid(column=1, row=0, sticky='w', **options)
    self.temperature entry.focus()
    # button
    self.convert button = ttk.Button(self, text='Convert')
    self.convert button.grid(column=2, row=0, sticky='w', **options)
    self.convert button.configure(command=self.convert)
    # result label
    self.result label = ttk.Label(self)
    self.result label.grid(row=1, columnspan=3, **options)
    # add padding to the frame and show it
    self.grid(column=0, row=0, padx=5, pady=5, sticky="nsew")
def convert(self, event=None):
        Handle button click event
    11 11 11
    try:
        input value = float(self.temperature.get())
        result = self.converter(input value)
        self.result label.config(text=result)
    except ValueError as error:
        showerror(title='Error', message=error)
def reset(self):
```

```
self.temperature entry.delete(0, "end")
        self.result label.text = ''
class ControlFrame(ttk.LabelFrame):
    def init (self, container):
        super(). init (container)
        self['text'] = 'Options'
        # radio buttons
        self.selected value = tk.IntVar()
        ttk.Radiobutton(
            self,
            text='F to C',
            value=0,
            variable=self.selected value,
            command=self.change frame).grid(column=0, row=0, padx=5, pady=5)
        ttk.Radiobutton(
            self,
            text='C to F',
            value=1,
            variable=self.selected value,
            command=self.change_frame).grid(column=1, row=0, padx=5, pady=5)
        self.grid(column=0, row=1, padx=5, pady=5, sticky='ew')
        # initialize frames
        self.frames = {}
        self.frames[0] = ConverterFrame(
            container,
            'Fahrenheit',
            TemperatureConverter.fahrenheit to celsius)
        self.frames[1] = ConverterFrame(
```

```
container,
            'Celsius',
            TemperatureConverter.celsius to fahrenheit)
        self.change frame()
    def change frame(self):
        frame = self.frames[self.selected value.get()]
        frame.reset()
        frame.tkraise()
class App(tk.Tk):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__()
        self.title('Temperature Converter')
        self.geometry('300x120')
        self.resizable(False, False)
if name == " main ":
    app = App()
    ControlFrame(app)
    app.mainloop()
```

• Use tkraise() method to bring a frame on top a list of frames.