



## Fancy Indexing

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website running.

**Summary:** in this tutorial, you'll learn about the fancy indexing technique to select elements of a numpy array.

### Introduction to fancy indexing

In the previous tutorial, you learned how to select elements from a numpy array using [indexing](https://www.pythontutorial.net/python-numpy/numpy-array-indexing/) (<https://www.pythontutorial.net/python-numpy/numpy-array-indexing/>) and [slicing](https://www.pythontutorial.net/python-numpy/numpy-array-slicing/) (<https://www.pythontutorial.net/python-numpy/numpy-array-slicing/>) techniques.

Besides using indexing & slicing, NumPy provides you with a convenient way to index an array called *fancy indexing*.

Fancy indexing allows you to index a numpy array using the following:

- Another numpy array
- A Python [list](https://www.pythontutorial.net/python-basics/python-list/) (<https://www.pythontutorial.net/python-basics/python-list/>)
- A [sequence](https://www.pythontutorial.net/advanced-python/python-sequences/) (<https://www.pythontutorial.net/advanced-python/python-sequences/>) of integers

Let's see the following example:

```
import numpy as np

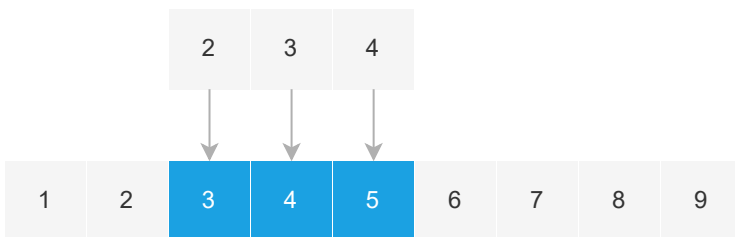
a = np.arange(1, 10)
print(a)

indices = np.array([2, 3, 4])
print(a[indices])
```

Output:

```
[1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]
[3 4 5]
```

How it works.



First, use the `arange()` (<https://www.pythontutorial.net/python-numpy/numpy-arange/>) function to create a numpy array that includes numbers from 1 to 9:

```
[1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]
```

Second, create a second numpy array for indexing:

```
indices = np.array([2, 3, 4])
```

Third, use the `indices` array for indexing the `a` array:

```
print(a[indices])
```

## Summary

- Fancy indexing allows you to index an array using another array, a list, or a sequence of integers.