## DATeCH 2017 - PoCoTo Workshop - Profiler

## Florian Fink & Uwe Springmann

Centrum für Informations- und Sprachverarbeitung (CIS) Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München (LMU)



May 30, 2017

- OCR'ed historical Documents contain errors.
- Historical documents contain lots of spelling variation.
- If you want to find errors in OCR'ed documents, you need a fitting historical dictionary.
- If you only have a modern dictionary, you will get a lot of false positives (vnnd, Thurm, ...).

The language Profiler was created to help to find OCR-errors in OCR'ed historical documents and to generate correction candidates for suspected errors<sup>1</sup>.

- The profiler tries to distinguish real OCR-errors from historical spelling variants.
- The profiler can detect OCR-errors in historical patterns.
- The profiler uses various modern dictionaries.
- The profiler uses a (language-dependent) pattern list, that describes historical spelling variations.
- The profiler generates a document-dependent profile (the document) profile).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Ulrich Reffle, Algorithmen und Methoden zur dokumentenspezifischen Analyse historischer und OCR-erfasster Texte, 2011

- The profiler is documented in the profiler manual (included in the workshop's data package).
- Its source is available on github.
- The profiling web service, that is used by PoCoTo is also available on github.
- It needs Linux and different C++ development tools (cmake, make, g++, boost, xerces, ...).
- The profiler contains various tools that compile different forms of dictionaries, perform lookup in different dictionaries and generate correction candidates for unknown words.

The profiler uses a so called *language back-end*, that contains the language dependent resources for the profiler. A minimal language back-end contains at least:

- A configuration file
- A collection of historical and modern compiled dictionaries.
- A historical pattern file
- A frequency list of a historical patterns from a ground truth<sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>This is a bug, since this resource should be purely optional.

- Dictionaries must be compiled from plain text files using the compileFBDic.
- The historical pattern file is a plain text file that lists various spelling variation patterns in the form: modern:historical.
- The frequency list must be compiled from a historical ground truth using the trainFrequencyList tool<sup>3</sup>

Florian Fink & Uwe Springmann

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>You can use a small garbage file if you do not have a appropriate historical ground truth.

- The configuration file sets some variables for the profiler.
- Its main purpose is to set up the profiling process.
- It defines which pattern file to use
- It defines the dictionaries to use and the order of their evaluation.
- There is a simple configuration file on github.

```
# Dictionary and Pattern settings
[language model]
patternFile = "${:PATH}/patterns.txt"
# RANK O
[dict modernExact]
path = "${:PATH}/modern.fbdic"
histPatterns = 0
ocrErrors = 0
ocrErrorsOnHypothetic = 0
cascadeRank = 0
# RANK 2
[dict_modernHypotheticError]
path = "${:PATH}/modern.fbdic"
histPatterns = 3
ocrErrors = 2
ocrErrorsOnHypothetic = 1
cascadeRank = 2
```

- If you work with the profiler you will often recognize missing historical patterns.
- The simplest resource to update is the historical pattern list.
- It is a plain text file that can be edited.
- New patterns can be added easily to the pattern file.
- There are some example pattern files on github.

The pattern file is a plain text file with one pattern per line. Each pattern must be of the form modern:hist. You can use \$ to mark end of words. Lines that start with # are ignored:

```
# patterns.txt
# cases are ignored!
# turm was often spelled thurm
t:th
# teil was often spelled theyl
ei:ey
# $ marks the end of words
lich$:lig$
bar$:lich$
```

- Dictionaries are compiled from plain text files.
- Each token is on its own line.
- The text files must be sorted in ascending order.
- To add entries to a dictionary, you
  - add the dictionary entry to the file
  - sort the file
  - compile the dictionary from the sorted file
- There are some example dictionaries on github.

```
+-- my-language
| +-- freqlist.binfrq
| +-- modern.fbdic
| +-- patterns.txt
| +-- weights.txt
+-- my-language.ini
```

- With the profiler you can now profile your own documents.
- First of all you need a minimal language back-end.
- The language back-end contains at least:
  - A configuration file
  - A compiled modern dictionary
  - A pattern file
  - Two files that describe the historical ground truth (weights.txt, freqlist.binfrq)

- The profiler can profile plain text or DocXML documents.
- The command profiler --config my-language.ini
   --sourceFile my-doc.xml --out\_xml patterns.xml
   --out\_doc my-doc-out.xml starts the profiling.
- The profiler produces two output files:
  - patterns.xml lists the assumed historical and OCR-error patterns and their occurrences in the document.
  - ② my-doc-out.xml contains a DocXML file with correction suggestions for the unknown tokens.
- The profiler has some more command options (profiler --help).

```
<token token id="16" isNormal="true">
             <ext id>16</ext id>
             <wOCR>vber</wOCR>
             <wOCR lc>vber</wOCR lc>
            <wCorr></wCorr>
             \column{2}{cand>vber: {"uber+[("u:v,0)]}+ocr[], voteWeight=0.9503,}
                          levDistance=0</cand>
            \column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{cand}\column{2}{c
                          levDistance=1</cand>
            \c and \c uber + [(\c : u,0)]}+ocr[(u:v,0)], vote Weight=0.00...
                          levDistance=1</cand>
            <!-- ... -->
</token>
```

```
(ocr:vber)
uber:{über+[(ü:u,0)]}+ocr[(u:v,0)]
                               +- error pattern position
                              ---- error pattern (correct:ocr)
                                  hist pattern position
                                  hist pattern (mod:hist)
                                   correct modern version
                                   correction candidate
```

- The profiler web-service is a wrapper around the profiler with various language back-ends.
- It offers a SOAP-based web interface to profile documents.
- Its documentation is in the profiler manual
- Its source code is on github.
- PoCoTo can connect to such a web-service to profile a document.

- You can configure the URL of the web-service going to Tools->Options->Profiler
- The default URL points to a profiling web-service hosted by CLARIN-D.
- The CLARIN-D web-service has language-back-ends for German, Latin and Greek

- You can always profile your current project by clicking
   Profiler->Order document profiler in the menu area.
- You will be ask which language back-end to use
- Select a language and click Order document profile.
- depending on your document and the settings of the profiler the profiling can take some time.
- After the profiling has stopped, you now will have access to the common error pattern tab in the error area and you will get a list of correction suggestions if you try to correct a token.

If the profiler web-service does not support your language or if you want to improve the language resources, you can profile the document manually and import it back into PoCoTo.

- Export your project File->Export->Export as DocXML.
- Run the profiler on the DocXML file.
- Import the two output files of the profiler back into PoCoTo.

## Thanks for your attention!