EECS 203A: HOMEWORK #3

Due: April 22, 2021

1. Let f(x,y) be the 4×4 digital image

```
f(0,0) f(0,1) f(0,2) f(0,3)
                                     12
                                          10
                                               8
                                                    6
f(1,0) f(1,1) f(1,2) f(1,3)
                                     10
                                           8
                                               10
                                                    4
f(2,0) f(2,1) f(2,2) f(2,3)
                                                    2
                                      8
                                          10
                                                4
f(3,0) f(3,1) f(3,2) f(3,3)
                                      6
                                                2
                                                    0
```

- a) Let g(x,y) be the digital image that results after filtering f(x,y) with the Laplacian mask with -8 in the center. Find g(1,1), g(1,2), g(2,1), g(2,2).
- b) Let h(x,y) be the digital image that results after filtering f(x,y) with a 3×3 median filter. Find h(1,1), h(1,2), h(2,1), h(2,2).
- 2. Consider the 50×50 digital image f(x,y) defined by

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } 0 \le x \le 10 \text{ and } 0 \le y \le 10 \\ 100 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- a) Draw the image.
- b) Let g(x,y) be the output image that results after processing f(x,y) with a 3×3 median filter? Ignore boundary cases. Is g(x,y) the same as f(x,y)? Explain.
- 3. Consider two images. Image1 is 512×512 pixels where the first 256 columns have brightness 0 and the last 256 columns have brightness 200. Image2 is 512×512 pixels with the pattern of a chess board with an 8×8 pattern of 64×64 pixel squares that are alternatively brightness 0 and brightness 200. The histograms of Image1 and Image2 are the same. Suppose that each image is filtered by a 3×3 averaging mask where each weight in the mask is 1/9. Use pixel replication for the boundaries.
- a) Is the histogram of filtered Image1 the same as the histogram of filtered Image2? Explain.
- b) If your answer is no, submit a plot of the two histograms.
- 4. Let f(x,y) be the 3×3 smoothing filter with nine elements each having a value of 1/9.
- a) Suppose that we filter an input image using f(x,y) and then filter the result with f(x,y) again. Is this double filtering process a linear operation on the input image? Explain.
- b) If you answered yes to part a, derive the filter mask that corresponds to the double filtering process. If you answered no to part a, explain why not.
- c) What will be the difference in the appearance of the filtered image when using f(x, y) versus using the double filtering process?

Computer Problems:

- a) Apply an 11×11 linear averaging filter to the triangle image and the cat image. For this filter, you can let all 121 coefficients be 1 and scale the result by 1/121. Use pixel replication for the boundaries so that the input and output images are the same size. Submit your code and the two displayable filtered images. Also submit a plot of the gray level histogram for the triangle and the cat image and the gray level histogram for the two filtered images.
- b) Repeat part a) for an 11×11 median filter. Thus, for parts a) and b), you should generate a total of four displayable images and a total of six distinct plots.