

PHYSICS X0323: Scientific Analysis & Modeling - Fall 2024
by: Anahid Vicente

1: An electron is found to be in the spin state (in the z-basis):

(a) (5 points) Determine the possible values of A such as that the state is normalized.

(b) (5 points) Find the expectation values of the operators, $\langle S_x \rangle$, $\langle S_y \rangle$, $\langle S_z \rangle$, and $\langle \vec{S}^2 \rangle$.

$$\chi = A \begin{pmatrix} 3i \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

The Matrix representation in the z-basis for the components of electron spin operators are given by:

$$S_x = \frac{\hbar}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad S_y = \frac{\hbar}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad S_z = \frac{\hbar}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

2. The average electrostatic field in the earth's atmosphere in fair weather is approximately given:

$$\mathbf{E} = E_0 \left(A e^{-\alpha z} + B e^{-\beta z} \right) \hat{z}$$

Where A, B, α , β are positive constants and z is the height above the (locally flat) earth surface.

(a) (5 points) Find the average charge density in the atmosphere as a function of height

(b) (5 points) Find the electric potential as a function height above the earth

3. The following questions refer to stars in the Table below.

Note: There may be multiple answers.

Name	Mass	Luminosity	Lifetime	Temperature	Radius
β Cyg.	$1.3 M_{\odot}$	$3.5 L_{\odot}$			
α Cen.	$1.0 M_{\odot}$				$1 R_{\odot}$
η Car.	$60 M_{\odot}$	$60 M$	8.0×10^5	20,000 K	
ε Eri.	$6.0 M_{\odot}$				
δ Scu.	$2.0 M_{\odot}$		5.0×10^8		$2 R_{\odot}$
γ Del.	$0.7 M_{\odot}$		4.5×10^{10}	5000 K	

(a) (4 points) Which of these stars will produce a planetary nebula?

(b) (4 points) Elements heavier than Carbon will be produced in which stars?

Latex Example