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**GitHub Link:** <https://github.com/Assbomber/OS-Project>

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#### The Code

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<conio.h>

void function1();
static int Total_wait_time,Average_wait_time;
void main()
{
    function1();
    printf("Total    Waiting    Time=%d    and    Average    Waiting
Time=%f",Total_wait_time,Average_wait_time);
    getch();
}

void function1(){
    char p[10][5],temp[5];
    int i,j,pt[10],wt[10],totwt=0,pr[10],temp1,n;
    float avgwt;
    printf("Please enter the number of processes to create:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        printf("Enter the NAME of process >> %d <<:",i+1);
        scanf("%s",&p[i]);
        printf("Enter the TIME for process >> %d <<:",i+1);
        scanf("%d",&pt[i]);
        printf("Enter the PRIORITY for process >> %d
<<:",i+1);
        scanf("%d",&pr[i]);

    }
    for(i=0;i<n-1;i++){
        for(j=i+1;j<n;j++){
            if(pr[i]>pr[j]){
                temp1=pr[i];
                pr[i]=pr[j];
                pr[j]=temp1;
                temp1=pt[i];
                pt[i]=pt[j];
```

```

        pt[j]=temp1;
        strcpy(temp,p[i]);
        strcpy(p[i],p[j]);
        strcpy(p[j],temp);
    }
}
}
wt[0]=0;
for(i=1;i<n;i++){
    wt[i]=wt[i-1]+pt[i-1];
    totwt=totwt+wt[i];
}
avgwt=(float)totwt/n;
printf("p_name\t p_time\t priority\t w_time\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
    printf("        %s\t        %d\t        %d\t\t        %d\n"
,p[i],pt[i],pr[i],wt[i]);
}
Total_wait_time=totwt;
Average_wait_time=avgwt;

}

```

#### Description

CPU schedules N processes which arrive at different time intervals and each process is allocated the CPU for a specific user input time unit, processes are scheduled using a preemptive round robin scheduling algorithm. Each process must be assigned a numerical priority, with a higher number indicating a higher relative priority. In addition to the processes one task has priority 0. The length of a time quantum is T units, where T is the custom time considered as time quantum for processing. If a process is preempted by a higher-priority process, the preempted process is placed at the end of the queue. Design a scheduler so that the task with priority 0 does not starve for resources and gets the CPU at some time unit to execute. Also compute waiting time, turn around.

#### Algorithm

1. Completion Time: Time at which process completes its execution.
2. Turn Around Time: Time Difference between completion time and arrival time. Turn Around Time = Completion Time – Arrival Time
3. Waiting Time(W.T): Time Difference between turn around time and burst time. Waiting Time = Turn Around Time – Burst Time

### ***Calculating Waiting time:***

- 1- Create an array **rem\_bt[]** to keep track of remaining burst time of processes. This array is initially a copy of bt[] (burst times array)
  - 2- Create another array **wt[]** to store waiting times of processes. Initialize this array as 0.
  - 3- Initialize time :  $t = 0$
  - 4- Keep traversing the all processes while all processes are not done. Do following for i'th process if it is not done yet.
    - a- If  $\text{rem\_bt}[i] > \text{quantum}$ 
      - (i)  $t = t + \text{quantum}$
      - (ii)  $\text{bt\_rem}[i] -= \text{quantum};$
    - c- Else // Last cycle for this process
      - (i)  $t = t + \text{bt\_rem}[i];$
      - (ii)  $\text{wt}[i] = t - \text{bt}[i]$
      - (ii)  $\text{bt\_rem}[i] = 0;$  // This process is over
- 

#### Constraints

- 1)  $1 \leq \text{Char\_Length} \leq 5$
  - 2)  $0 \leq \text{Priority}[ ] < 10$
  - 3)  $0 \leq \text{time}[ ] < 10$
  - 4)  $0 \leq \text{wait\_time}[ ] < 10$
- 

#### Complexity

```
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
    printf("Enter the NAME of process >> %d <<:",i+1);
    scanf("%s",&p[i]);
    printf("Enter the TIME for process >> %d <<:",i+1);
    scanf("%d",&t[i]);
    printf("Enter the PRIORITY for process >> %d <<:",i+1);
    scanf("%d",&pr[i]);
}
```

The above piece of code throws a complexity of **O(n)**.

```
for(i=0;i<n-1;i++){
    for(j=i+1;j<n;j++){
        if(pr[i]>pr[j]){
            temp1=pr[i];
```

```

        pr[i]=pr[j];
        pr[j]=temp1;
        temp1=pt[i];
        pt[i]=pt[j];
        pt[j]=temp1;
        strcpy(temp,p[i]);
        strcpy(p[i],p[j]);
        strcpy(p[j],temp);
    }
}
}

```

The above piece of code throws complexity of  $O(n^2)$ .

```

for(i=1;i<n;i++){
    wt[i]=wt[i-1]+pt[i-1];
    totwt=totwt+wt[i];
}

```

The above piece of code throws complexity of  $O(n)$ .

```

for(i=0;i<n;i++){
    printf(" %s\t %d\t %d\t\t %d\n" ,p[i],pt[i],pr[i],wt[i]);
}

```

The above piece of code throws complexity of  $O(n)$ .

**The Total Complexity of Algorithm hence becomes=  $O(n^2)$ .**

### Test-Cases

The First line takes the Input “n” as the number of TestCases.

INPUT	OUTPUT
enter no of processes: 5	p_name P_time priority w_time
enter process1 name: aaa	
enter process time: 4	eee 1 1 0
enter priority:5	ddd 5 2 1
enter process2 name: bbb	ccc 2 3 6
enter process time: 3	bbb 3 4 8
enter priority:4	aaa 4 5 11
enter process3 name: ccc	total waiting time=26
enter process time: 2	avg waiting time=5.20
enter priority:3	
enter process4 name: ddd	
enter process time: 5	
enter priority:2	

enter process5 name: eee enter process time: 1 enter priority:1	
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