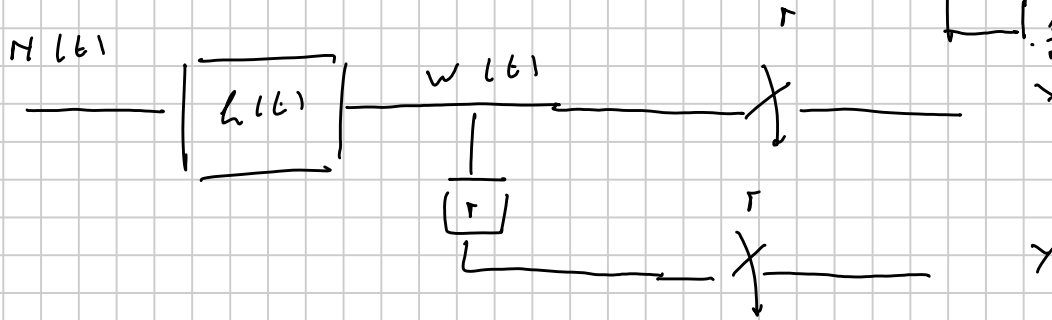
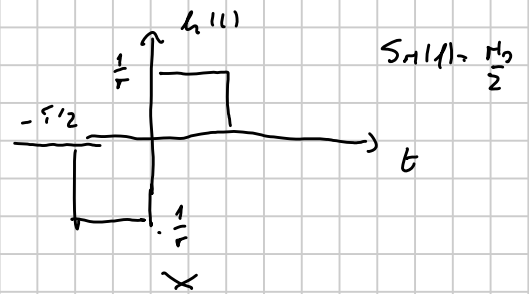


ESERCIZIO 2



$L_{xy}(x, y)$?

$$X = W(\tau)$$

$$\mu_x; \mu_y; \sigma_x^2; \sigma_y^2; \text{cov}(x, y)$$

$$Y = W(0)$$

$$E\{W(t)\} = E\{H(t) H(0)\} = 0 \Rightarrow \mu_x = \mu_y = 0$$

$$E\{x^2\} = E\{y^2\} = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} S_H(f) |H(f)|^2 df = \frac{M_0}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |H(f)|^2 df =$$

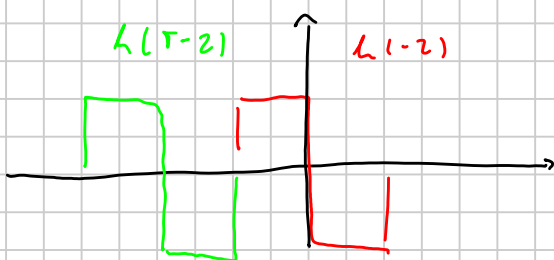
$$= \frac{M_0}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} h^2(t) dt = \frac{M_0}{2} \frac{1}{r^2} \tau = \frac{M_0}{2r} = \sigma_x^2 + \sigma_y^2 = \sigma^2$$

$$\text{cov}(X, Y) = E\{XY\} = E\{W(0) W(\tau)\} = R_W(\tau) =$$

$$= \frac{M_0}{2} \delta(\tau) \otimes L(-\tau) \otimes h(\tau) \Big|_{\tau=\tau}$$

$S_H(f)$

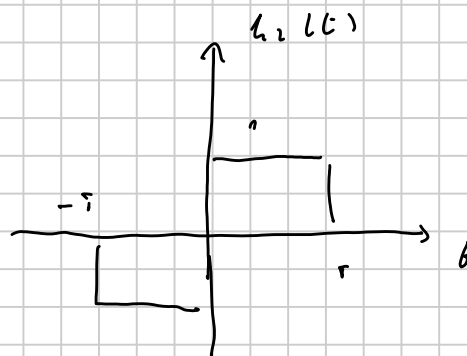
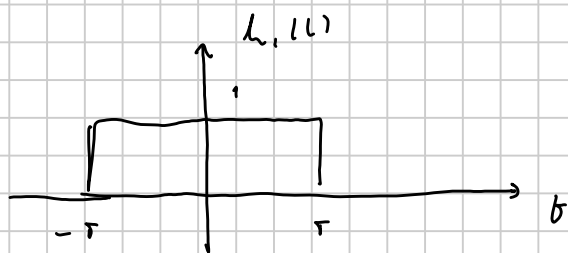
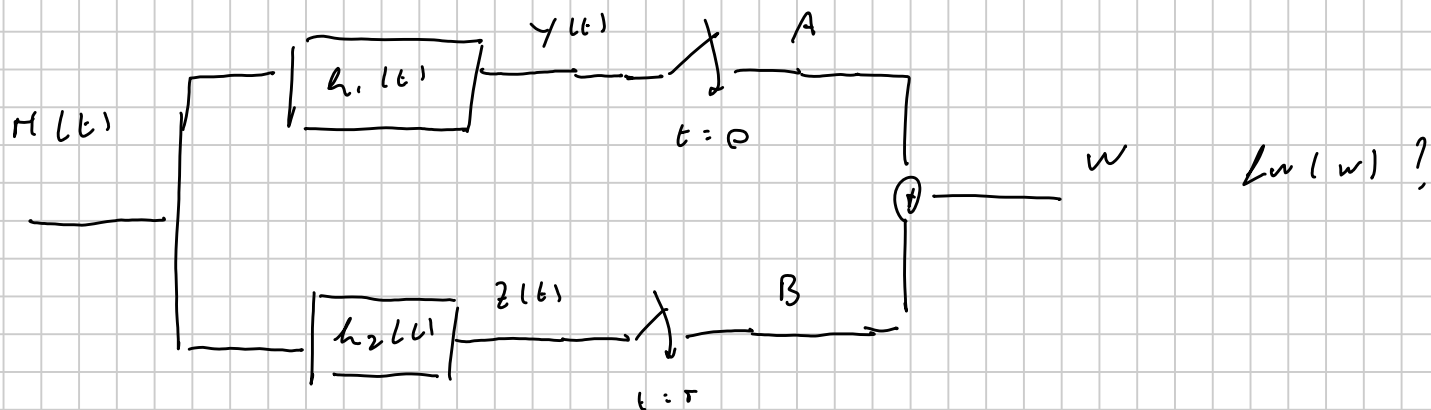
$$= \frac{M_0}{2} h(-\tau) \otimes h(\tau) \Big|_{\tau=\tau} = \frac{M_0}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} h(-z) h(\tau-z) dz = 0$$



$$\text{cov}(X, Y) = 0$$

$$L_{xy}(x, y) = \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma^2} e^{-\frac{x^2 + y^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$

ESERCIZIO 3



$M(t)$ GAUSSIANO BIANCO

$$E\{M(t)\} = 0$$

$$R_M(z) = \frac{N_0}{2} \delta(z)$$

$$S_M(\omega) = \frac{N_0}{2}$$

$Y(t)$ e $Z(t)$ SONO PROCESSI ALEATORI
GAUSSIANI S. S. L.

A e B SONO V. A. CON C. GAUSSIANE

$$A = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} M(z) h_1(t-z) dz \Big|_{t=0}$$

$$E\{A\} = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} E\{M(z)\} h_1(-z) dz = 0$$

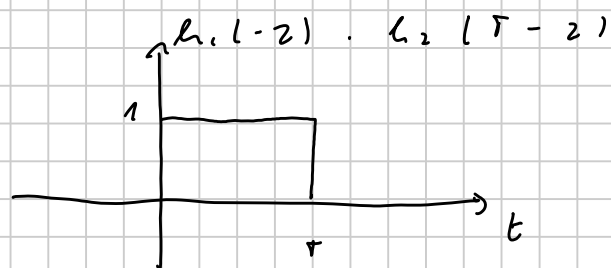
$$B = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} M(z) h_2(t-z) dz \Big|_{t=T}$$

$$E\{B\} = 0$$

$$E\{AB\} = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} E\{H(z_1) H(z_2) h(-z_1) h(\tau - z_2)\} dz_1 dz_2$$

$$R_H(z_1, -z_2) = \frac{N_0}{2} \delta(z_1 - z_2)$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{N_0}{2} h_1(1-z) h_2(\tau - z) dz$$



$$E\{AB\} = \frac{N_0}{2} \tau \neq \sigma_A \sigma_B$$

A < B SOME CORRELATE

$$A \in W(0, \tau_A^2)$$

$$B \in W(0, \tau_B^2)$$

$$\text{cov}\{AB\} = \frac{N_0}{2} \tau$$

$$E\{A^2\} = E\{Y^2(t)\} = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{N_0}{2} |H_1(f)|^2 df =$$

$$= \frac{N_0}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} h_1^2(t) dt = \frac{N_0}{2} \cdot 2\tau = N_0 \tau = \sigma_A^2$$

$$E\{B^2\} = \frac{N_0}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} h_2^2(t) dt = N_0 \tau$$

$$\rho = \frac{\text{cov}(A, B)}{\sigma_A \sigma_B} = \frac{N_0 \tau / 2}{N_0 \tau} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$w \in \mathcal{W} \mid \mu_w, \sigma^2_w)$$

$$w = A + B$$

$$\mu_w = E\{A + B\} = E\{A\} + E\{B\} = 0$$

$$\sigma^2_w = E\{(w - \mu_w)^2\} = E\{w^2\} =$$

$$= E\{(A + B)^2\} = E\{A^2\} + E\{B^2\} + 2E\{AB\} =$$

$$= \mu_0 \Gamma + \mu_0 \Gamma + 2 \frac{\mu_0 \Gamma}{2} = 3 \mu_0 \Gamma$$

$$f_w(w) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi \cdot 3\mu_0 \Gamma}} e^{-\frac{w^2}{6\mu_0 \Gamma}}$$

ESERCIZIO 4

X e Y v. r. i. i. d. $\in \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$

$$\begin{cases} V = 5X + 3Y \\ Z = -3X + 5Y \end{cases}$$

Z e V SONO INCORRELATE \Rightarrow INDIPENDENTI

$$C_{ZV} \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \sigma_{ZV} - \mu_Z \mu_V = \sigma_{ZV}$$

$$\mu_Z = E\{-3X + 5Y\} = -3\mu_X + 5\mu_Y = 0$$

$$\mu_V = 5\mu_X + 3\mu_Y = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} C_{ZV} &= E\{ZV\} = E\{(5X + 3Y)(-3X + 5Y)\} = \\ &= E\{-15X^2 + 25XY - 9XY + 15Y^2\} = \\ &= -15 E\{X^2\} + 16 E\{XY\} + 15 E\{Y^2\} \end{aligned}$$

$$E\{X^2\} = \sigma_X^2 + \mu_X^2 = 1$$

$$E\{Y^2\} = \sigma_Y^2 + \mu_Y^2 = 1$$

$$E\{XY\} = \sigma_{XY} = C_{XY} = 0$$

\uparrow
 X e Y INDIPENDENTI

$$C_{ZV} = -15 + 15 = 0 \Rightarrow \text{INCORRELATE} \text{ e QUINDI INDIPENDENTI}$$

$$f_{2v}(2,v) = f_2(2) \cdot f_v(v)$$

$$\begin{cases} v = 5x + 3y \\ z = -3x + 5y \end{cases}$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{5v - 3z}{34}$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{3v + 5z}{34}$$

$$\underline{J} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \\ \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 \\ -3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|\underline{J}| = 34$$

$$f_{2v}(v, z) = \frac{1}{34} \cdot L_{xy}(x, y) \Big|_{\substack{x=\bar{x} \\ y=\bar{y}}} =$$

$$= \underbrace{\frac{1}{34}}_{L_x(x)} \underbrace{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}}}_{L_y(y)} \Big|_{\substack{x=\bar{x} \\ y=\bar{y}}} =$$

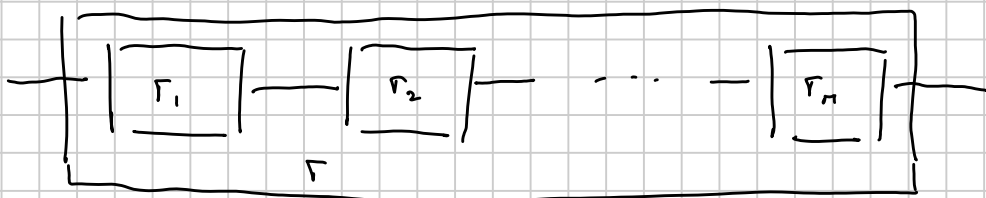
$$L_{xy}(x, y) = L_x(x) \cdot f_y(y)$$

$$= \frac{1}{34 \cdot 2\pi} e^{-\frac{1}{34^2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} (25v^2 + 9z^2 - 30vz + 9v^2 + 25z^2 + 30vz)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot 34} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{34v^2}{34^2} + \frac{34z^2}{34^2} \right)} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \cdot 34} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \frac{v^2}{34}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \cdot 34} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \frac{z^2}{34}}$$

v & $z \Rightarrow$ INDEPENDENT.



τ_i = TEMPO DI VITA DELLA i -esima LAMPADINA

$$E\{\tau\} \quad \tau = \min\{\tau_1, \tau_2, \dots, \tau_n\} \quad E\{\tau\}$$

$$f_{\tau_i}(t_i) = \frac{1}{\tau} e^{-t_i/\tau} \quad t_i \geq 0$$

$$E\{\tau_i\} = \tau$$

$$P_n\{i\text{-esima lampadina accesa al tempo } t\} =$$

$$= P_n\{\tau_i > t\} = \int_t^{+\infty} \frac{1}{\tau} e^{-t_i/\tau} dt_i = \left[-e^{-t_i/\tau} \right]_t^{+\infty} =$$

$$= e^{-t/\tau}$$

$$P_n\{\tau > t\} = P_n\left\{\bigcap_{i=1}^n \tau_i > t\right\} = \prod_{i=1}^n P_n\{\tau_i > t\} =$$

$$= e^{-nt/\tau}$$

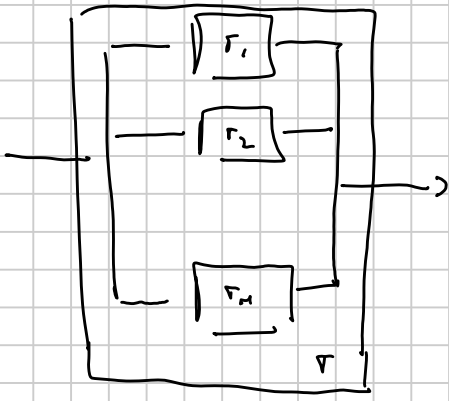
$$F_r(t) = P_n\{\tau \leq t\} = 1 - P_n\{\tau > t\} =$$

$$= 1 - e^{-nt/\tau}$$

$$f_r(t) = \frac{n}{\tau} e^{-nt/\tau}$$

$$E\{\tau\} = \frac{\tau}{n} < \tau$$

PARALLELO



$$\Gamma = \max \{ \Gamma_1, \dots, \Gamma_M \}$$

$$E \{ \Gamma \}$$

$$P_n \{ \Gamma_i \leq t \} = 1 - e^{-t/\tau_i}$$

$$P_n \{ \Gamma \leq t \} = P_n \left\{ \bigcap_{i=1}^M \Gamma_i \leq t_i \right\} = \prod_{i=1}^M P_n \{ \Gamma_i \leq t \} =$$

$$= \left(1 - e^{-t/\tau} \right)^M = F_\Gamma(t)$$

$$f_\Gamma(t) = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} F_\Gamma(t) = \frac{M}{\tau} \left(1 - e^{-t/\tau} \right)^{M-1} e^{-t/\tau} \quad \text{for } t > 0$$

$$E \{ \Gamma \} = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} t f_\Gamma(t) dt$$

$$M=2$$

$$f_\Gamma(t) = \frac{2}{\tau} \left(e^{-t/\tau} - e^{-2t/\tau} \right) = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{\tau} e^{-t/\tau} - \frac{1}{\tau/2} e^{-t/(\tau/2)}$$

$$E \{ \Gamma \} = 2\tau - \frac{\tau}{2} = \frac{3}{2} \tau > \tau$$

ESERCIZIO 6

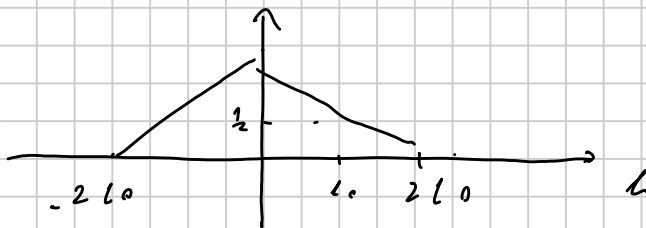
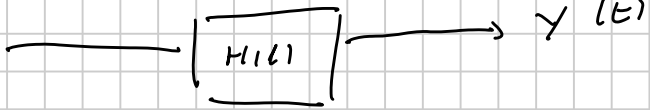
Prova di normalizzazione

$$x(t) = A \cos(2\pi \cdot 10^6 t) + B \sin(2\pi \cdot 10^6 t)$$

$$A, B \in \mathcal{W}(0, \tau^2)$$

$$\tau^2 = 4$$

$x(t)$



$y(x; t)$

$$x_n(t) \Rightarrow x_n(t) = \frac{A}{2} \left(\delta(t - 1) + \delta(t + 1) \right) + \frac{B}{2} \left(\delta(t - 1) - \delta(t + 1) \right)$$

$$y_n(t) = x_n(t) h(t) = \frac{1}{2} x_n(t) \Rightarrow$$

$$y_n(t) = \frac{1}{2} x_n(t)$$

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{2} x(t)$$

$$y = y(\bar{t}) = \frac{A}{2} \cos(2\pi \cdot 10^6 \bar{t}) + \frac{B}{2} \sin(2\pi \cdot 10^6 \bar{t}) =$$

$$= \kappa_1 \frac{A}{2} + \kappa_2 \frac{B}{2} = \quad \kappa_1 = \cos(2\pi \cdot 10^6 \bar{t})$$

$$\kappa_2 = \sin(2\pi \cdot 10^6 \bar{t})$$

$$= y_A + y_B$$

$Y \in \text{U. A. GAUSSIANA}$

$A \perp B \quad \text{IND.} \Rightarrow Y_A \text{ e } Y_B \text{ INDIPENDENTI} \Rightarrow \text{INCORRELATE}$

$$\mu_{Y_A} = E \left\{ \kappa_1 \frac{A}{2} \right\} = 0$$

$$\mu_{Y_B} = E \left\{ \kappa_2 \frac{B}{2} \right\} = 0$$

$$\sigma_A^2 = E \left\{ \left(\kappa_1 \frac{A}{2} \right)^2 \right\} = \frac{\kappa_1^2}{4} \sigma^2$$

$$\sigma_B^2 = E \left\{ \left(\kappa_2 \frac{B}{2} \right)^2 \right\} = \frac{\kappa_2^2}{4} \sigma^2$$

$$\mu_Y = 0$$

$$\sigma_Y^2 = E \left\{ (Y_A + Y_B)^2 \right\} = E \left\{ Y_A^2 \right\} + E \left\{ Y_B^2 \right\} + \underbrace{2E \left\{ Y_A Y_B \right\}}_0 =$$

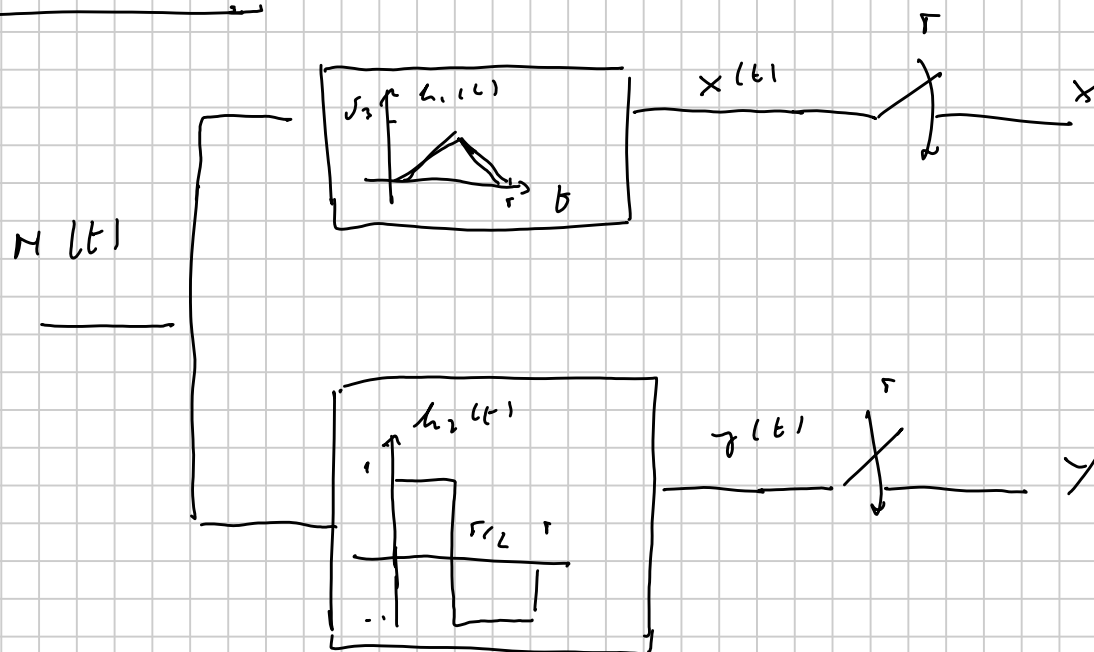
$$= \frac{1}{4} \left(\underbrace{\kappa_1^2 + \kappa_2^2}_1 \right) \sigma^2 =$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left(\cos^2(2\psi \angle \vec{G}) + \sin^2(2\psi \angle \vec{G}) \right) \sigma^2 = 1$$

$$Y \in \mathcal{W}(0, 1)$$

$$f_Y(y) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{y^2}{2}}$$

ESERCIZIO 2



$M(t)$ GAUSSIANO BIANCO

$$S_M(f) = \frac{N_0}{2}$$

$$P_n \{ x > y \}$$

$$E \{ x y \}$$

$$x(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} M(\tau) h_1(t-\tau) d\tau$$

$$y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} M(\tau) h_2(t-\tau) d\tau$$

$$x = x(\tau)$$

$$y = y(\tau)$$

$$m_x(t) = 0$$

$$m_x(t) = m_M(t) \otimes h_1(t) = 0$$

$$m_y(t) = 0$$

$$S_x(t) = S_x(1) |H_1(t)|^2$$

$$P_x = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} S_x(t) |H_1(t)|^2 dt = \frac{\mu_0}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} h_1^2(t) dt = \frac{\mu_0}{2} \cdot 3 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{\tau}{2} = \frac{\mu_0 \tau}{2}$$

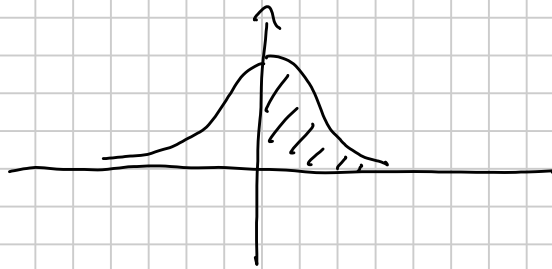
$$= \sigma_x^2$$

$$P_y = \sigma_y^2 = \frac{\mu_0}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |h_2(t)|^2 dt = \mu_0 \frac{\tau}{2}$$

$$X, Y \in \mathcal{W}\left(0, \frac{\mu_0 \tau}{2}\right)$$

$$P_1\{X > Y\} = P_2\{X - Y > 0\} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$Z = X - Y \in \mathcal{W}\left(0, \sigma_z^2\right)$$



$$E\{XY\} = E\left\{ \underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} H(z) L_1(\tau - z) dz}_{\text{X}} \underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} H(u) L_2(\tau - u) du}_{\text{Y}} \right\}$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \underbrace{E\{H(z)H(u)\}}_{\mu_0 \delta(z-u) \neq 0 \text{ for } z=u} L_1(\tau - z) L_2(\tau - u) dz du =$$

$$\mu_0 \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(z-u) L_1(\tau - z) L_2(\tau - u) dz du =$$

$$\therefore \frac{M_0}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} h_1(\tau - \alpha) h_2(\tau - \alpha) d\alpha = 0$$

