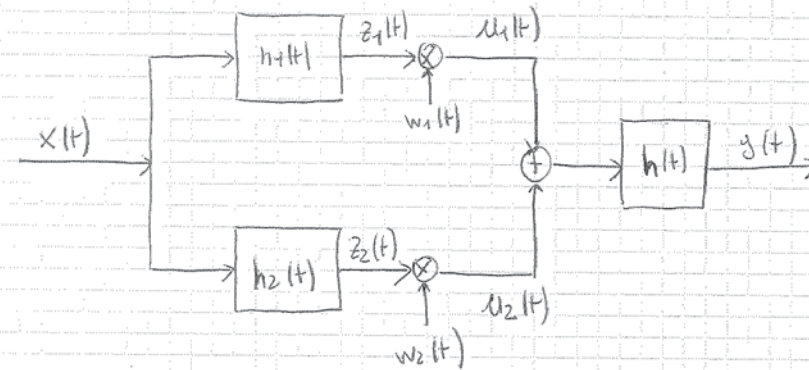


Esercizio 1



$$x(t) = B \operatorname{sinc}(Bt) e^{j\pi Bt} + \frac{B}{2} \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\frac{B}{2}t\right) e^{-j\pi Bt}$$

$$h_1(t) = B \operatorname{sinc}(Bt) e^{j\pi Bt}$$

$$h_2(t) = B \operatorname{sinc}(Bt) e^{-j\pi Bt}$$

$$w_1(t) = 2 \cos(\pi Bt)$$

$$w_2(t) = -2 \sin(\pi Bt)$$

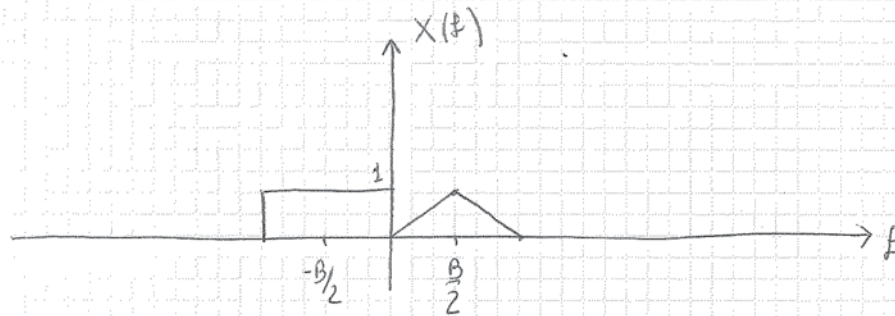
$$h(t) = B \operatorname{sinc}(Bt)$$

teorema del ricalco e teorema di dualità

$$X(f) = X_1(f) + X_2(f)$$

$$X_1(t) = B \operatorname{sinc}(Bt) e^{i\pi Bt} \Leftrightarrow X_1(f) = \operatorname{rect}\left(\frac{f+B/2}{B}\right)$$

$$X_2(t) = \frac{B}{2} \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\frac{B}{2}t\right) e^{-i\pi Bt} \Leftrightarrow X_2(f) = \left(1 - \frac{|f-B/2|}{B/2}\right) \operatorname{rect}\left(\frac{f-B/2}{B}\right)$$



$$Z_1(f) = X(f) \cdot H_1(f)$$

$$H_1(f) = X_1(f)$$

quindi

$$Z_1(f) = X_1(f)$$

$$z_2(f) = x_1(f) \cdot H_2(f)$$

$$H_2(f) = \text{rect}\left(\frac{f - B/2}{B}\right)$$

quindi:

$$z_2(f) = x_2(f)$$

$$u_1(t) = z_1(t) \cdot w_1(t) = x_1(t) \cdot w_1(t) =$$

$$= B \text{sinc}(Bt) e^{j\pi Bt} \cdot \left(e^{j\pi Bt} + e^{-j\pi Bt} \right) =$$

$$= B \text{sinc}(Bt) e^{j2\pi Bt} + B \text{sinc}(Bt)$$

$$u_2(t) = z_2(t) \cdot w_2(t) = x_2(t) \cdot w_2(t) =$$

$$= \frac{B}{2} \text{sinc}^2\left(\frac{B}{2}t\right) e^{-j\pi Bt} \left(j e^{j\pi Bt} - j e^{-j\pi Bt} \right) =$$

$$= j \frac{B}{2} \text{sinc}^2\left(\frac{B}{2}t\right) e^{-j2\pi Bt} - j \frac{B}{2} \text{sinc}^2\left(\frac{B}{2}t\right) e^{-j2\pi Bt}$$

$$H(f) = \text{rect}\left(\frac{f}{B}\right)$$

$$y(t) = (u_1(t) + u_2(t)) \otimes h(t) =$$

$$= B \text{sinc}(Bt) + j \frac{B}{2} \text{sinc}^2\left(\frac{B}{2}t\right) = y_1(t) + j y_2(t)$$

$$E_y = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |y(t)|^2 dt = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} y(t) \cdot y^*(t) dt =$$

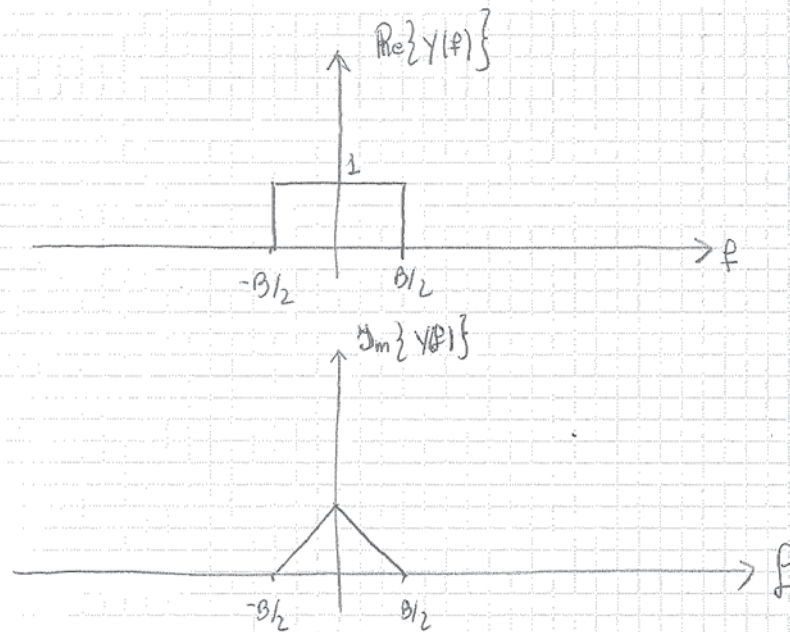
$$= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} (y_1^2(t) + y_2^2(t)) dt = E_{y1} + E_{y2}$$

$$E_{y1} = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} y_1^2(t) dt = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} y_1^2(f) df = B$$

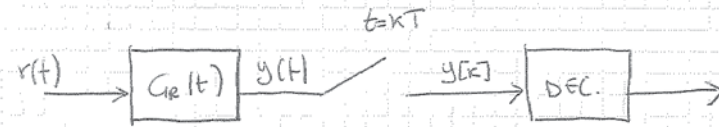
$$E_{y2} = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} y_2^2(t) dt = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} y_2^2(f) df = 2 \cdot \int_0^{B/2} \left(1 - \frac{f}{B/2}\right)^2 df = \frac{B}{3}$$

$$E_y = B + \frac{B}{3} = \frac{4B}{3}$$

$$Y(f) = \text{rect}\left(\frac{f}{B}\right) + j\left(1 - \frac{|f|}{B/2}\right) \text{rect}\left(\frac{f}{B}\right)$$



Esercizio 2



$$r(t) = a(t) + n(t)$$

$$a(t) = \sum_k x[k] p(t - kT)$$

$$x[k] \in \{-1, 3\}$$

$$P\{x = -1\} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$P\{x = 3\} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$P(f) = \sqrt{1 - 18T} \operatorname{rect}\left(\frac{fT}{2}\right)$$

$$S_n = \frac{N_0}{2}$$

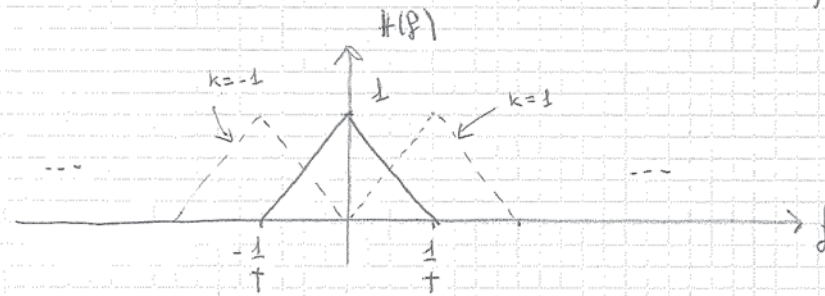
$$G_R(f) = P(f)$$

$$1) E_S = \frac{1}{3} (1)^2 \cdot E_P + \frac{2}{3} (3)^2 \cdot E_P = \left(\frac{1}{3} + 6\right) E_P = \frac{19}{3} E_P$$

$$E_P = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} P(f)^2 df = \frac{2}{T} \cdot 1 \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{T}$$

$$E_S = \frac{19}{3T}$$

$$2) \quad H(f) = P(f) \cdot G_R(f) = (1 - |fT|) \cdot \text{rect}\left(\frac{fT}{2}\right)$$



$$\sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} H(f - k/T) = 1$$

la condizione di Nyquist è verificata.

$$h(0) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} H(f) df = \frac{1}{T}$$

$$3) \quad S_w(f) = S_n(f) \cdot |G_R(f)|^2$$

$$P_w = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} S_w(f) df = \frac{N_0}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} G_R^2(f) df = \frac{N_0}{2T}$$

$$4) \quad y[k] = h(0) x[k] + w_k \quad w_k \in \mathcal{CP}\left(0, \frac{N_0}{2T}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_E(b) &= \frac{1}{3} Q\left(\frac{2/T}{\sqrt{N_0/2T}}\right) + \frac{2}{3} Q\left(\frac{2/T}{\sqrt{N_0/2T}}\right) = Q\left(\frac{2}{T} \sqrt{\frac{2T}{N_0}}\right) = \\ &= Q\left(\sqrt{\frac{8}{N_0 T}}\right) \end{aligned}$$