

SOLUZIONI

PROVA DI COM. UNIV.

DEL 07/02/2019

Es (1)

$$x_1(t) = x(t) \cos(2\pi f_0 t + \varphi)$$

$$x_2(t) = x(t) \sin(2\pi f_0 t + \varphi)$$

$$\begin{aligned} X_1(f) &= B \operatorname{sinc}(Bt) \cos(2\pi f_0 t) \cos(2\pi f_0 t + \varphi) = \\ &= \frac{B}{2} \operatorname{sinc}(Bt) \left[\cos(4\pi f_0 t + \varphi) + \cos \varphi \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} X_2(f) &= B \operatorname{sinc}(Bt) \cos(2\pi f_0 t) \sin(2\pi f_0 t + \varphi) = \\ &= \frac{B}{2} \operatorname{sinc}(Bt) \left[\sin(4\pi f_0 t + \varphi) + \sin \varphi \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$y_1(t) = x_1(t) \otimes h(t)$$

$$y_2(t) = x_2(t) \otimes h(t)$$

$$Y_1(f) = X_1(f) H(f)$$

$$Y_2(f) = X_2(f) H(f), \quad H(f) = \left(1 - \frac{|f|}{B}\right) \operatorname{rect}\left(\frac{f}{2B}\right)$$

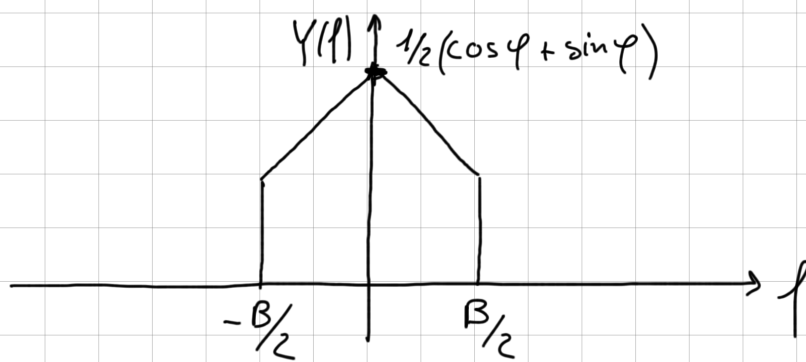
Le componenti di $X_1(f)$ e $X_2(f)$ ad alta frequenza ($2f_0$) vengono cancellate, rimangono pertanto solo le comp in banda base

$$Y_1(f) = \frac{1}{2} \text{rect}\left(\frac{f}{B}\right) \cos \varphi \cdot \left(1 - \frac{|f|}{B}\right) \text{rect}\left(\frac{f}{2B}\right)$$

$$Y_2(f) = \frac{1}{2} \text{rect}\left(\frac{f}{B}\right) \sin \varphi \cdot \left(1 - \frac{|f|}{B}\right) \text{rect}\left(\frac{f}{2B}\right)$$

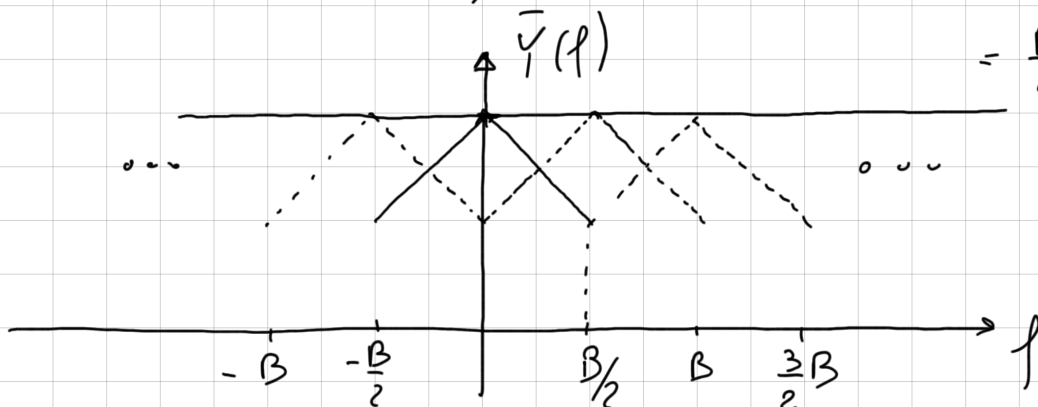
$$y(t) = y_1(t) + y_2(t)$$

$$Y(f) = Y_1(f) + Y_2(f) = \frac{1}{2} (\cos \varphi + \sin \varphi) \left(1 - \frac{|f|}{B}\right) \text{rect}\left(\frac{f}{B}\right)$$



$$y[n] = y(nT) = y\left(\frac{2n}{B}\right)$$

$$\bar{Y}(f) = \frac{B}{2} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} Y\left(f - \frac{nB}{2}\right) = \frac{B}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} (\cos \varphi + \sin \varphi) = \frac{B}{4} (\cos \varphi + \sin \varphi)$$



$$Z(f) = \bar{Y}(f) P(f) = \frac{B}{4} (\cos \varphi + \sin \varphi) \text{rect}\left(\frac{f}{B}\right)$$

$$z(t) = \frac{B}{4} (\cos \varphi + \sin \varphi) \text{sinc}(Bt)$$

$$E_2 = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |Z(l)|^2 dl = \frac{B^5}{16} (\cos \varphi + \sin \varphi)^2$$

$$\max_{\varphi} E_2 \Rightarrow (\cos \varphi + \sin \varphi)^2 \text{ deve essere max}$$

$$K(\varphi) = (\cos \varphi + \sin \varphi)^2$$

$$\frac{d}{d\varphi} K(\varphi) = 0 \Rightarrow 2(\cos \varphi + \sin \varphi)(-\sin \varphi + \cos \varphi) = 0$$

$$\cos^2 \varphi - \sin^2 \varphi = 0 \Rightarrow \cos^2 \varphi = \sin^2 \varphi$$

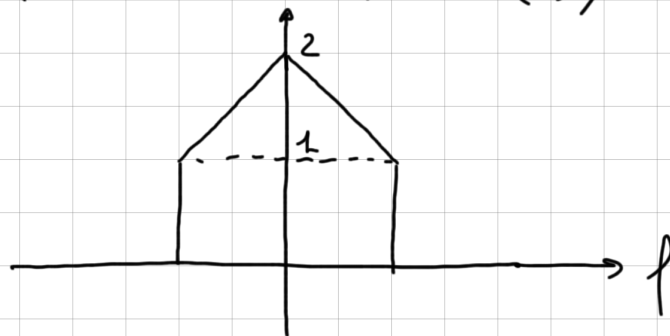
$$\Rightarrow |\cos \varphi| = |\sin \varphi| \Rightarrow \varphi = \frac{\pi}{4} + k\pi$$

Es. (2)

$$E_s = \frac{1}{2} E[x^2] E_p$$

$$E[x^2] = \frac{1}{2} (-1)^2 + \frac{1}{2} (2)^2 = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$P(l) = \text{rect}\left(\frac{l}{2B}\right) + \left(1 - \frac{|l|}{B}\right) \text{rect}\left(\frac{l}{2B}\right)$$



$$P(f) = \text{rect}\left(\frac{f}{2B}\right) + \left(1 - \frac{|f|}{B}\right)^2 \text{rect}\left(\frac{f}{2B}\right) + 2\left(1 - \frac{|f|}{B}\right) \text{rect}\left(\frac{f}{2B}\right)$$

$$E_p = 2B + \frac{2}{3}B + 2B = \frac{14}{3}B$$

$$E_s = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{5}{2} \cdot \frac{14}{3}B = \frac{35}{6}B$$

$$P_{n_u} = N_0 \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |H_R(f)|^2 df = 2N_0B$$

Calcolo della $h(t)$

⇒ attenzione all'errore di sincronizzazione di

$$\text{fase } \varphi = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

⇒ dopo la demodulazione rimane un $\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$

$$h(t) = p(t) \otimes c(t) \otimes h_n(t) \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) p(t)$$

$$h(nT) = h\left(\frac{n}{B}\right) = \left[2B \text{sinc}(2n) + B \text{sinc}^2(n) \right] \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$$

$$= \begin{cases} 3B \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \frac{3}{2}B & n=0 \\ 0 & n \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

.) COND. DI NYQUIST VERIFICATA

$$.) h(0) = \frac{3}{2}B$$

$$P_E(b) = \frac{1}{2} Q\left(\frac{\frac{3B}{2}}{\sqrt{2N_0B}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} Q\left(\frac{3B}{\sqrt{2N_0B}}\right)$$