

# ESERCIZIO 1

$$s(t) = \sum_n x[n] p(t - nT)$$

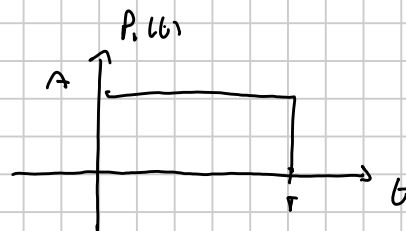
$$x[n] \in A_s = \{0, 1\}$$

SEGNALE BLOCCO

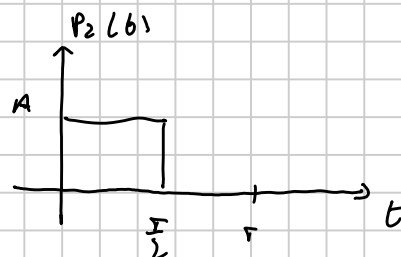
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Calcolare  $S_s(f)$  e  $P_s$  nel caso in cui:

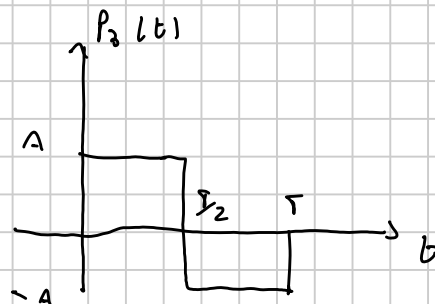
$$1) p(t) = \begin{cases} A & 0 \leq t \leq T \\ 0 & \text{altrove} \end{cases}$$



$$2) p(t) = \begin{cases} A & 0 \leq t \leq \frac{T}{2} \\ 0 & \text{altrove} \end{cases}$$



$$3) p(t) = \begin{cases} A & 0 \leq t \leq \frac{T}{2} \\ -A & \frac{T}{2} \leq t \leq T \\ 0 & \text{altrove} \end{cases}$$



$$S_s(f) = \frac{1}{T} S_x(f) |P(f)|^2$$

$$S_x(f) = TFS [R_x[n]]$$

$$R_x[n] = E \{ x[n+m] x[n] \} = \begin{cases} E \{ x^2[n] \} = \frac{1}{2} & n=0 \\ E \{ x^2[n] \} = \frac{1}{4} & n \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$R_x[n] = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \delta[n]$$

$$S_x(f) = \frac{1}{4} + \sum_k \frac{1}{4T} \delta(f - \frac{k}{T})$$

$$S_s(f) = \frac{1}{T} \left( \frac{1}{4} + \sum_k \frac{1}{4T} \delta(f - \frac{k}{T}) \right) A^2 T^2 \text{sinc}^2(fT) =$$

$$= A^2 \frac{\tau}{\zeta} \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\frac{\ell}{\tau}\right) + A^2 \tau \sum_k \frac{1}{\zeta \tau} \delta\left(\ell - \frac{k}{\tau}\right) \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\frac{k}{\tau}\right) =$$

$$= A^2 \frac{\tau}{\zeta} \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\frac{\ell}{\tau}\right) + \frac{A^2}{\zeta} \delta(\ell)$$

$$P_S = \frac{A^2}{\zeta} + \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} A^2 \frac{\tau}{\zeta} \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\frac{\ell}{\tau}\right) d\ell = \frac{A^2}{\zeta} + A^2 \frac{\tau}{\zeta} \int_{-\frac{\tau}{2}}^{\frac{\tau}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{\tau} \operatorname{sinc}\left(\frac{\ell}{\tau}\right)\right)^2 d\ell =$$

$$= \frac{A^2}{\zeta} + \frac{A^2}{\zeta} = \frac{A^2}{2}$$

2)

$$|P_2(\ell)|^2 = A^2 \frac{\tau^2}{\zeta} \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\ell \frac{\tau}{2}\right)$$

$$S_S(\ell) = \frac{1}{\tau} \left( \frac{1}{\zeta} + \frac{1}{\zeta \tau} \sum_k \delta\left(\ell - \frac{k}{\tau}\right) \right) A^2 \frac{\tau^2}{\zeta} \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\ell \frac{\tau}{2}\right) =$$

$$= \frac{A^2 \tau}{16} \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\ell \frac{\tau}{2}\right) + \frac{A^2}{16} \sum_k \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\frac{k}{\tau} \frac{\tau}{2}\right) \delta\left(\ell - \frac{k}{\tau}\right)$$

$$P_S = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} S_S(\ell) d\ell = \frac{A^2 \tau}{\zeta} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\ell \frac{\tau}{2}\right) d\ell + \frac{A^2}{16} \sum_k \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\frac{k}{2}\right) =$$

$$= \frac{A^2}{8} + \frac{A^2}{8} = \frac{A^2}{4}$$

3)  $|P_3(\ell)|^2 = A^2 \tau^2 \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\ell \frac{\tau}{2}\right) \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(k \ell \frac{\tau}{2}\right)$

$$S_S(\ell) = A^2 \tau \left( \frac{1}{\zeta} + \frac{1}{\zeta \tau} \sum_k \delta\left(\ell - \frac{k}{\tau}\right) \right) \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\ell \frac{\tau}{2}\right) \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(k \ell \frac{\tau}{2}\right) =$$

$$= A^2 \frac{\tau}{\zeta} \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\ell \frac{\tau}{2}\right) \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(k \ell \frac{\tau}{2}\right) + \frac{A^2}{\zeta} \sum_k \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\frac{k}{2}\right) \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\frac{k}{2}\right) \delta\left(\ell - \frac{k}{\tau}\right)$$

$$P_S = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} S_S(\ell) d\ell = \frac{A^2}{\zeta} + \frac{A^2}{\zeta} \sum_k \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\frac{k}{2}\right) \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\frac{k}{2}\right) = \frac{A^2}{\zeta} + \frac{A^2}{\zeta} = \frac{A^2}{2}$$