

# Western Australian Certificate of Education ATAR course examination, 2020

#### **Question/Answer Booklet**

12 PHYS	ICS	Name	
Evaluation -	Gravitation		)
Stud	ent Number: In figu	ures	
<b>Mark:</b> ${30}$	In word	ds	_
	d for this paper fore commencing work	k: five minutes	

fifty minutes

## Materials required/recommended for this paper

To be provided by the supervisor

This Question/Answer Booklet Formulae and Data Booklet

Working time for paper:

#### To be provided by the candidate

Standard items: pens, (blue/black preferred), pencils (including coloured), sharpener, correction fluid/tape, eraser, ruler, highlighters

Special items: non-programmable calculators satisfying the conditions set by the School Curriculum and Standards Authority for this course

### Important note to candidates

No other items may be taken into the examination room. It is **your** responsibility to ensure that you do not have any unauthorised notes or other items of a non-personal nature in the examination room. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand it to the supervisor **before** reading any further.

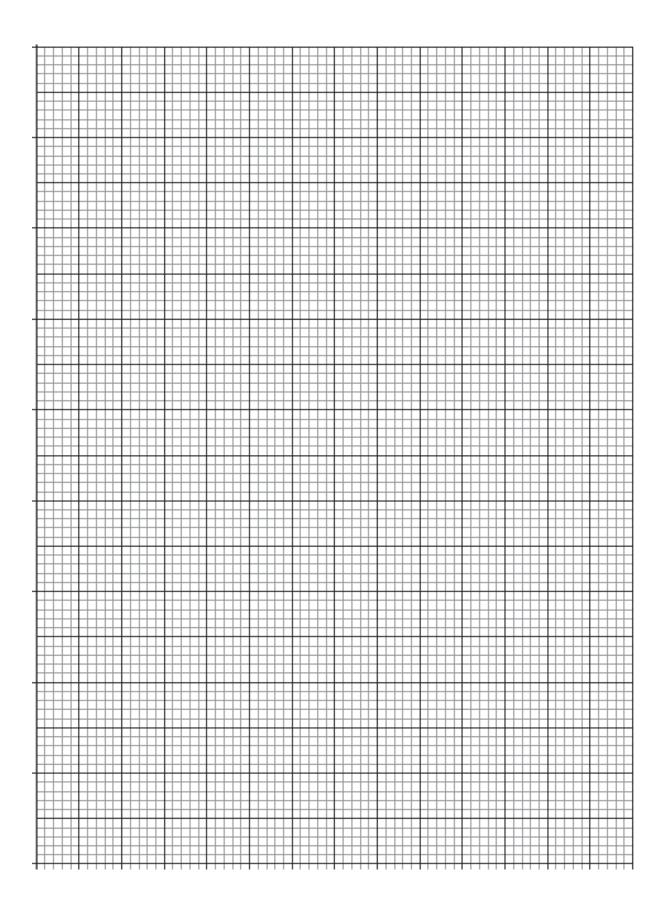
The table below describes the orbital paths of a number of natural and man-made satellites orbiting the Earth.

Name	Mass (kg)	Orbital Radius (x 10 <sup>7</sup> m)	Period (x 10 <sup>4</sup> s)	Acceleration (ms <sup>-2</sup> )	1 r <sup>2</sup> (Units:)
Shuttle	2.95 x 10 <sup>4</sup>	0.671	0.541		
Tiros	1405	0.722	0.612		
Itos	340	0.787	0.667		
Lageos	411	1.23	1.35		
Nato	310	4.22	8.64		
Moon	7.38 x 10 <sup>22</sup>	38.2	242		

1. Using your knowledge of circular motion theory, show working to illustrate that the acceleration of each satellite is related to its orbital radius and its period by the expression:

$$a = \frac{4\pi^2 r}{T^2}$$

(4 marks)



2.	(a)	<ul> <li>Using the expression from Question 1, calculate and fill in the values for the fifth column in the table above. Ensure you display the values to the correct number of significant figures. (2 marks)</li> </ul>							
	(b) Show workings for the calculation you performed to determine the acceleration Lageos.								
3.	3. (a) Fill in the values of uncertainty associated with Lageos in the table below. (4 marks								
		Quantity		Absolute Uncertainty	Percentage Uncertainty (%)				
	Orbital	Radius (x 10 <sup>7</sup> m)	1.23						
		Period (s)	1.35 x 10 <sup>4</sup>						
	(b) Using this information, calculate the percentage uncertainty (%) and absolute uncertainty for the acceleration of Lageos. (3 marks)								
			An	s: % Uncertainty acceleration:					
	Ans: Absolute Uncertainty acceleration:								

4. Complete the **sixth column of the table** on page 1 by calculating the values of **inverse of radius squared**. Clearly show the power of 10 and units by writing them at the top of that column.

(3 marks)

- 5. Plot a graph of gravitational field strength ( $\mathbf{g}$ ) against inverse of the radius squared ( $^{1}I_{r}^{2}$ ) on the grid on page 3. Include a line of best fit. (A spare grid is on page 6.) (5 marks)
- 6. It is known that gravitational field strength due to the Earth can be calculated using the formula:

$$g = \frac{GM_E}{r^2}$$

Use your graph to determine the mass of the Earth. Show all working. (7 marks)

#### Spare grid

