

The Great Barrier Reef

Score: ____

- 1. Where is Great Barrier Reef (GBR) located in Australia?
- (A) South of Queensland off the Eastern coastline of Australia
- B The Great Barrier Reef is in the Coral Sea, on Australia's north-eastern coast.
- (c) The Northern Territory of Australia
- D Western Australia



- 2. Do you know who made the first recorded "discovery" of the Great Barrier Reef?
- (A) Captain James Cook
- (B) Captain William Bligh
- (c) Matthew Flinders



- 3. What does the Great Barrier Reef contain that makes it a popular site for millions of tourists every year?
- (A) magnificent whale populations
- (B) fantastic shipwreck artifacts
- (c) spectacular coral reefs



- 4. The more south you head from the Great Barrier Reef, the more the shelf narrows and the reefs disappear. Why doesn't coral grow in these parts?
- (A) because the low temperature is unsuited to coral growth
- (B) because there is too much water pollution in these areas
- (c) because it keeps getting eaten away by predatory schools of fish



- 5. How many species of fish live in the Great Barrier Reef?
- (A) 100
- (B) 500
- (c) 1000
- (D) over 1625



6. The Great Barrier Reef is so big that astronauts can see i space?	t while they are in
A True B False	
7. The Great Barrier Reef is greater in size than Tasmania a is about the same size as Japan, Italy or Germany!	nd Victoria combined. It
A True B False	The Great Barrier Reef Queensland, Australia
8. That Great Barrier Reef consists of coral reefs and _	continental islands.
A) 200 and 400 B) 3000 and 600 C) 100 and 50 D) 1000 and 500	The Great Barrier Reef Queensland, Australia
9. How many kilometers long is the Great Barrier Reef?	
A 2300km B 640km C 3200km D 100 km	
10. The Great Barrier Reef is the largest coral reef ecosyste and also the world's largest living structure?	m in the entire world
A True B False	
11. What body of water surrounds the Great Barrier Reef?	
A South Pacific Ocean	
B Tasman Sea	ZE
C Gulf of Carpentaria D Coral Sea	
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12. What do most scientists agree is the biggest threat to cworld?	oral reefs around the
A Water quality	The state of the state of
B) Climate change	The Shape of Section of Section 1995
C Tourism	
D Fishing	
13. What phenomenon occurs to coral when water temper salinity conditions change?	ature, sunlight and
(A) Coral bleaching	BEFORE AFTER
B) White plague disease	1
C Coral breakdown	
D Coralline lethal disease	
14. The outbreak of which creature has been considered a Barrier Reef?	threat to the Great
A Northern Pacific seastar	
B Black striped mussel	
C Crown-of-thorns starfish	
D Box jellyfish	
	建筑的地位的
15. What marine mammal has the majority of its population Reef?	on on the Great Barrier
A Humpback Whale	1 1 1 1 1 de
B Dugong	
C Australian Sea Lion	
D Great White Shark	
16. Fill the Gap:	
Corals are very sensitive to, evidenced known as,	by the dying of coral,
A cooler temperatures, coral bleaching.	1980 2015 2050
B increasing water temperatures, coral bleaching	GRAVE BARRIER REEF

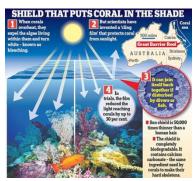
17. Qu	Pesticide or fertiliser runoff, especially after extensive flooding, as happened in eensland over January, can impact the reef ecosystem. These impacts include;-
A	chemical and pesticide pollution
\bigcirc B	increase in algae as a result of increased nutrients in water
$\left(C \right)$	litter (plastics and other debris which affect sea animals)
D	All of the Above
18.	What is the major impact that unmonitored tourism can have on the reef?
\bigcirc A	Water pollution - litter, diesel from boats
B	Trampelling and direct damage to the coral
$\overline{(c)}$	Destruction of sensitive areas though overfishing
D	All of the above
19.	Which of the following are both natural threats to coral reefs?
A	Cyclones and agriculture.
\bigcirc B	Tourism and the crown-of-thorns starfish.
	Cyclones and tourism.
D	Cyclones and the crown-of-thorns starfish.
20.	Which of the following are both human threats to the Great Barrier Reef?
A	Cyclones and tourism.
B	Fishing and tourism.
<u>C</u>	Tsunamis and cyclones.
D	Cyclones and fishing.
21. Ba coi	The Crown of Thorns Starfish (COTS), is a major problem facing the Great rrier Reef, as the star fish feed off coral. List two new ways scientists are trying to atrol the numbers of Crown of Thorn Starfish.
\bigcirc A	physically removing the COTS by employing more divers
B	robot starfish terminators (COTBOTS) and giant underwater snails (Tritans)
\bigcirc	protective sun sunscreens to shield coral from bleaching
D	All of the Above

22.	This new	technolo	gy is only	in the d	evelopm	ent stages	s, but is sho	wing promis	56
		weapon	in the figh	nt to pro	tect the (GBR from 1	the impacts	s of coral	
blea	ching.			_			_		

(A) Robot starfish terminators and giant underwater snails.

B A protective film that can be sprayed on water to shield coral against the sun.

C Both of the above



23. How do humans damage coral reefs?

(A) Pollution

(B) Overfishing

C Bumping into them with boats

D Touching them

E All of the above



24. What is/are the benefit(s) of coral reefs?

A Protecting coastal areas from erosion

B Its porous limestone skeleton is used as a material for human bone grafts

(c) Treatment of HIV, cardiovascular diseases and other diseases

D All of the above



25. Coral reefs often known as the "rainforests of the seas" – are one of the most bio-diverse habitats on the planet.

(A) True

B False

