

Name ANSWERS

**Year 10 Chemistry Extension End of Unit Test.** 

## **Answer Booklet**

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1	'à/	b	С	
2	а	<b>M</b>	С	d
3	а	<u>B</u>	С	d
4	а	b	\S	ď
5	a	b	С	d
6	à (	b	С	d
7	а	b	\$	d
8	а	<b>b</b>	С	d
9	а	<b>b</b>	С	d
10	3	b	С	d
11	а	b	8	d
12	a	b	С	d
13	а	b	С	d
14	а	b	С	d
15	а	b		d

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1. Draw the electron dot diagram showing the bond for  $N_2$ .

(2 marks)



2. Give the name or chemical formula for the following.

(4 marks)

- (a) calcium bromide  $a B f_2$
- (b) FePO4 Iron (III) Phosphate
- (c) sodium sulfite  $\sqrt{a_2 s_3}$
- (d) Mg (NO3)2 Magnesium Nitrate
- 3. Balance the following equations.

(3 marks)

(a) 
$$2Mg + O_2 \longrightarrow MgO$$

(b) 
$$ZrO_2 + 2C + Br_2 \longrightarrow ZrBr_2 + 2CO$$

(c) 
$$2AI + 3CI_2 \longrightarrow 2AICI_3$$

$$(d) \quad Zn + Cl_2 \longrightarrow H_2 + ZnCl_2$$

- 4. Below are general equations showing reactions between chemicals. (10 marks)
- 1) Acid + Metal hydroxide produces a salt + water.
- 2) Acid + metal oxide produces a salt and water.
- 3) Acid + Carbonate produces a salt + water + carbon dioxide
- 4) Acid and Hydrogen carbonate produces salt + water + carbon dioxide.

	Write a word equation and then a balanced equation using formulae for the following.
	(a) Magnesium and sulphuric acid producing hydrogen gas and magnesium sulfate.
	Word Magnesium + Silyani acid -> hydrogen gas + magnesium  Balanced equation. Mg + H2SO4 -> H2 + MgSO4  Balanced equation.
	(b) Nitric acid and sodium hydroxide
	Word Nitric acidi Sodium hydroxide -> Sodium nitrate + wate
	Word <u>Nitric acidi</u> Sodium hydroxide - Sodium nitrate + wate Balanced equation. <u>HNO3 + NaOH &gt; NaNO3 + H2O</u>
	(c) Sulfuric acid and copper (II) oxide
	Word Hos Sulpine acid + copper oxide -> Copper sulfate + h
	Balanced equation. H2SO4 + CuO -> CuSO4 + H2O
	(d) Phosphoric acid and potassium hydroxide producing potassium phosphate and water.
	Word prosphore and + polasium hydroxide - polassium phosphak + witer
	Balanced equation. $H_3 po_4 + 3 koH \rightarrow K_3 po_4 + 3H_2 O$
	Word hydrochlore and + magnesium cartenate > magnesium chloride + + God
	Word Mydrochloric and + Magresium Carbonate > Magresium chloride + + Green Balanced equation. 2HC/+ MgCO, > MgC/2 + H, O + CO2
7	
< \	Word Charoic and t sot cash - Pot acetate + water t capitable
	Word Chance and potassium carbonate.  Word Chance and pot carb. > Pot acetate + water + continued  Balanced equation. 2 (45,000 H + K2 (03 + 3) (45,000 K + H20)
	7 (02

5) An acid and a metal produce a salt and hydrogen gas

Below is solubility table.

Type of compound	Solubilty	Exceptions
Nitrates NO <sub>3</sub>	Soluble	None
Chlorides Cl	Soluble	
Bromides Br		Ag <sup>+</sup> , Hg <sup>+</sup> , Pb <sup>+</sup>
lodide l		
Sulfates SO <sub>4</sub> -2	Solsble	Ca <sup>2+</sup> , <u>Ba</u> <sup>2+</sup> , Pb <sup>2+</sup> , Ag <sup>+</sup>
Carbonates CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-2</sup>	Insoluble	Li <sup>+</sup> , Na <sup>+</sup> , K <sup>+</sup> , NH <sub>3</sub> <sup>+</sup>
Phosphates PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>-3</sup>	Insoluble	Li <sup>+</sup> , Na <sup>+</sup> , K <sup>+</sup> , NH <sub>3</sub> <sup>+</sup>

Use the table to work out if a precipitate would be formed when the following solutions are mixed.

(a) sodium chloride and lead (III) nitrate forming lead (III) chloride and sodium nitrate.

YES

(b) barium nitrate and potassium sulfate

Basoly

(c) lead (III) nitrate and sodium lodide

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