#### Year 7 Angle Properties

Non Calculator Section

Name

#### Skills and Knowledge Assessed:

- Use the language, notation and conventions of geometry.
- Recognise the geometric properties of angles at a point.
- Identify corresponding, alternate and co-interior angles when two straight lines are crossed by a transversal (ACMMG163)
- Investigate conditions for two lines to be parallel and solve simple numerical problems using reasoning (ACMMG164)

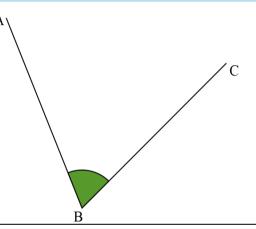
Answer all questions in the spaces provided on this test paper by:

Writing the answer in the box provided.

or

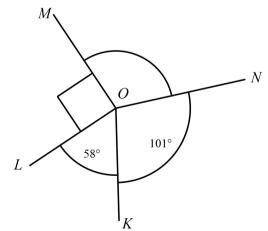
Shading in the bubble for the correct answer from the four choices provided. Show any working out on the test paper. Calculators are **not** allowed.

1. Use a protractor to measure the angle ABC.



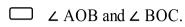
2. Four angles are marked, around a point *O*.

What is the size of  $\angle$  MON.



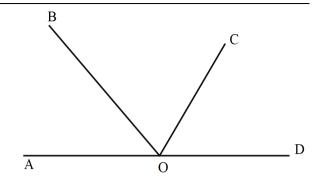
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3. Which pair of angles are **not** adjacent angles?



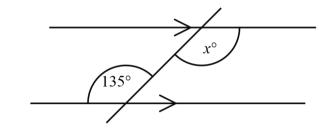
$$\square$$
  $\angle$  AOB and  $\angle$  COD.

$$\square$$
  $\angle$  AOB and  $\angle$  BOD.



4. What is the value of *x*?

$$x =$$



5. Use a protractor to draw  $\angle PQR = 85^{\circ}$ .

P Q

6. Which of the angles below would be described as a reflex angle?

$$\square$$
  $\angle$  JNK = 120°

$$\square$$
  $\angle$  JNL = 180°

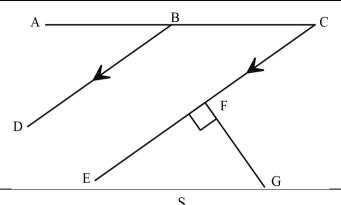
$$\square$$
  $\angle$  JNM = 300°

$$\square$$
  $\angle$  KNK = 360°

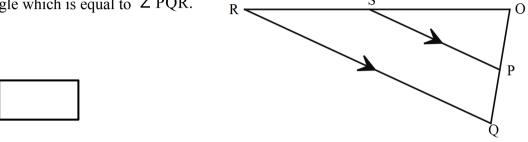
7. What is the complement of 65°?

25°

8. Which line segment is parallel to BD and perpendicular to FG?



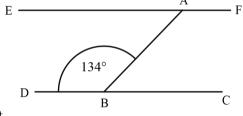
9. Name an angle which is equal to  $\angle PQR$ .



10. Maree correctly worked out that  $\angle ABC = 46^{\circ}$ .

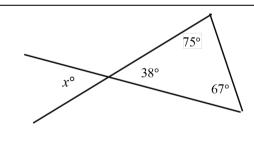
What type of angles allowed her to work this out?

- Alternate angles on parallel lines.
- Cointerior angles on parallel lines.
- Supplementary angles on a straight line.
- Vertically opposite angles meeting at a point.



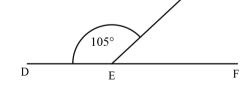
11. What is the value of x?

- ☐ 38°
- \_\_\_\_ 75°
- 142°

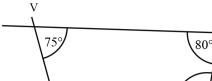


12. What is the size of  $\angle$  GEF?

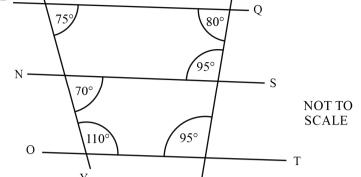




Name an interval which is || to OT. 13.

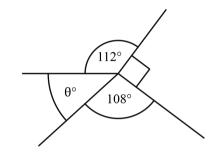


- ☐ LQ
- NS
- VY
- WX



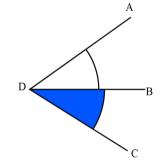
14. What is the value of  $\theta$ ?





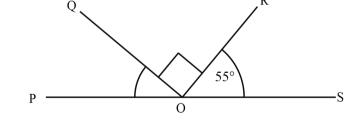
15. How could you describe the shaded angle?

- □ ∠ ADC
  - □ ∠ ADB
  - ☐ ∠ BDC
  - $\square \angle D$



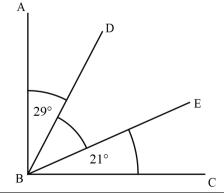
What is the size of  $\angle$  QOP? 16.





∠ ABC is a right angle. 17.

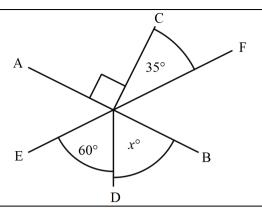
What is the size of  $\angle$  DBE ?



AB and EF are straight lines.

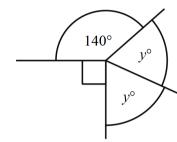
What is the value of x?

- □ 25°
- □ 35°



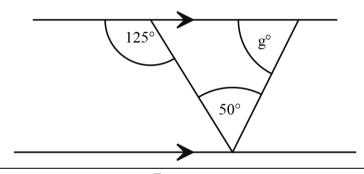
19. What is the value of y?

- □ 55°
- ☐ 65°
- ☐ 75°
- ☐ 130°



What is the value of g?

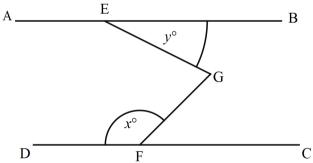




21.  $AB \parallel DC$ .

∠ EGF = ?

- $\Box$   $(x+y)^{\circ}$
- $\square$   $(x-y)^{\circ}$
- $180^{\circ} (x + y)^{\circ}$



Year 7

Angle Properties

Calculator Allowed Short Answer Section

Answer all questions in the spaces provided on this test paper by:

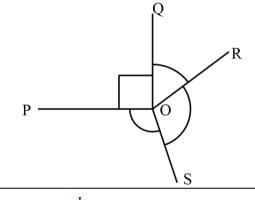
Writing the answer in the box provided.

or

Shading in the bubble for the correct answer from the four choices provided. Show any working out on this test paper. Calculators are allowed.

- 1. Name an acute angle in the diagram.
  - □ ∠ POQ

- □ ∠ SOP



- 2. Which angle in the shape is a right angle?
  - □ ∠ JKL
  - □ ∠ KLM
  - $\square$   $\angle$  LMN
  - □ ∠ NJK

- N 108° K

  108° L

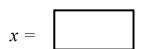
  112° L
- 3. Which of the angles in the diagram is obtuse?
  - □ ∠ JNK

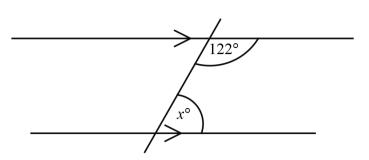
∠ JNM

- □ ∠ JNL
  □ ∠ KNM
- 54° N M

4.	Which statement is true?
	<ul> <li>65° and 25° are supplementary angles.</li> <li>65° and 35° are supplementary angles.</li> <li>65° and 115° are supplementary angles.</li> <li>65° and 45° are supplementary angles.</li> </ul>
5.	Which angles are a pair of vertically opposite angles?
	B
6.	What is the size of angle RST?
	Q $Q$ $Q$ $Q$ $Q$ $Q$ $Q$ $Q$ $Q$ $Q$
7.	Which is correct?
	□ CB ⊥ AB □ GH ⊥ EF □ HA    BA □ HA ⊥ BA

8. What is the value of x?





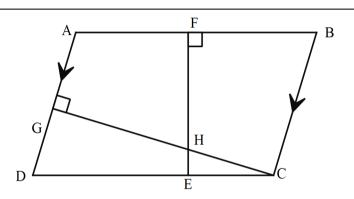
9. Which line segment is parallel to BC and perpendicular to GC?



AD

DC

☐ FE

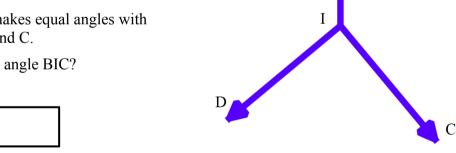


10. Three roads going to B, C and D, start from an intersection I.

> The roads going to D and C meet at right angles.

The road going to B makes equal angles with the roads going to D and C.

What is the size of the angle BIC?



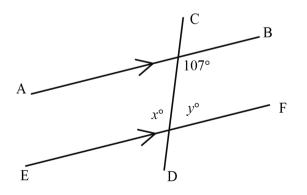
11. The lines AB and EF are parallel.

Which is true?

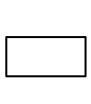
$$x = 107^{\circ}$$
 and  $y = 73^{\circ}.$ 

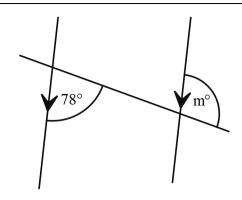
$$x = 73^{\circ} \text{ and } y = 107^{\circ}.$$

$$x = 107^{\circ} \text{ and } y = 107^{\circ}.$$



12. Find the value of m.

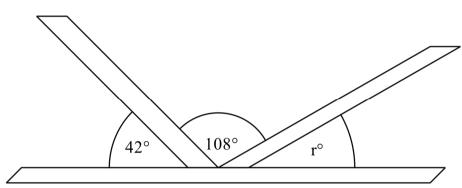




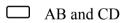
13. Three rafters join as shown in the diagram.

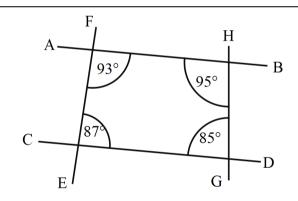
What is the value of r?





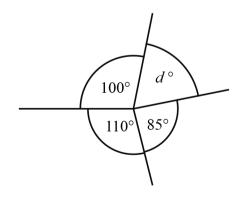
14. Which lines are parallel?

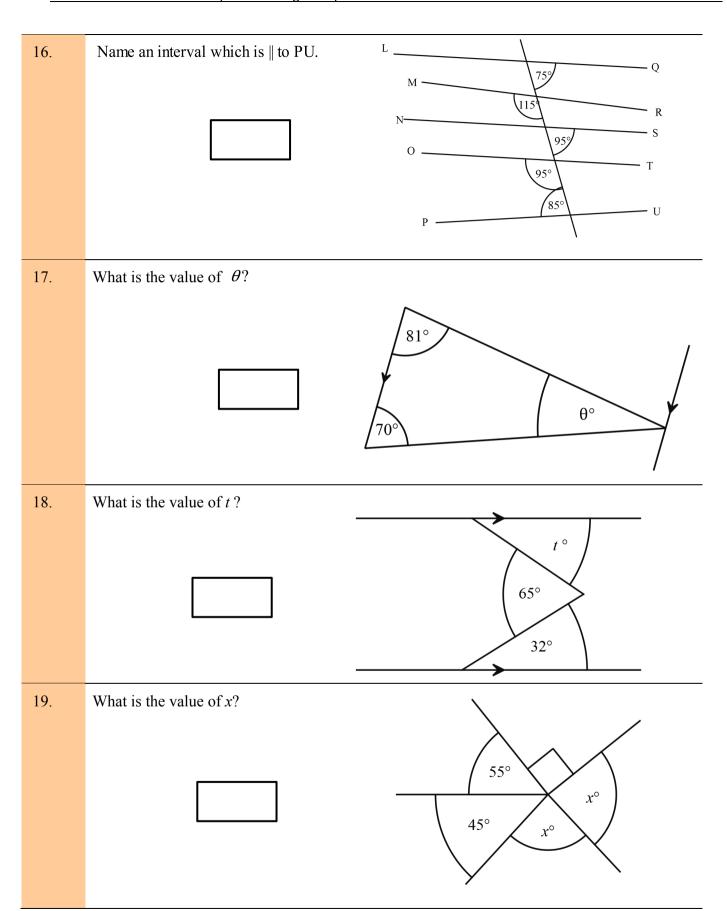




15. What is the value of d?







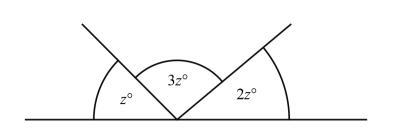
20. z = ?

□ 25°

□ 30°

☐ 36°

□ 60°



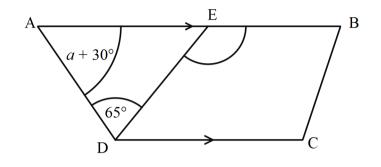
What is the size of  $\angle$  DEB?

 $\square$  85 – a

 $\square$  85 + a

 $\square$  95 – a

 $\bigcirc$  95 + a



Ye	ar 7 Angle Properties	Non Calculator Section
ANSWERS		
No.	WORKING	ANSWER
1.	Using protractor angle = 67°	67° (allow 2° either side)
2.	∠ MON = 111°	111º
3.	∠ AOB and ∠ COD have no common arm.	2 <sup>nd</sup> Answer
4.	The two angles are alternate on parallel lines so are equal.	135
	85°	
	P	Q
6.	Reflex is between 180° and 360°, so ∠ JNM = 300°	3 <sup>rd</sup> Answer
7.	Compliment adds to form right angle so $=90 - 65 = 25^{\circ}$	1 <sup>st</sup> Answer
8.	CE is parallel to BD and perpendicular to FG	Any of CE, EC, FC or FE
9.	∠ PQR and ∠ OPS are corresponding angles on    lines so are equal.	∠ OPS
10.	$\angle$ ABC and $\angle$ ABD are supplementary angles so $\angle$ ABC = 46°.	3 <sup>rd</sup> Answer
11.	$x = 38^{\circ}$ (vertically Opposite angles )	1 <sup>st</sup> answer
12.	∠ GEF = 180 − 105° = 75°	75°
13.	Need either equal corresponding angles or supplementary cointerior angles. NS gives both as $110 + 70 = 180$	2 <sup>nd</sup> answer

14.	$\theta = 360 - (108 + 112 + 90) = 360 - 310 = 50$	50
15.	∠ BDC is the only unambiguous label.	3 <sup>rd</sup> Answer
16.	$\angle QOP = 180 - (90 + 55) = 180 - 145 = 35^{\circ}$	35°
17.	$\angle DBE = 90 - (29 + 21) = 90 - 50 = 40^{\circ}$	40°
18.	AB and EF form vertically opposite angles which are equal. so $x + 60 = 90 + 35$ x = 125 - 60 = 65	4 <sup>th</sup> Answer
19.	y+y+140+90 = 360 (revolution) 2y+230 = 360 2y = 360-230 = 130 $y = \frac{130}{2} = 65$	2 <sup>nd</sup> Answer
20.	x = 180 - 125 = 55 $g = 180 - (55 + 50) = 180 - 105 = 75$ Different working is possible.	75°
21.	A $\frac{E}{180 - x^{\circ}}$ B  H $\frac{y^{\circ}}{180 - x^{\circ}}$ G  Draw $HG$ parallel to $AB$ and $DC$ $\angle EGH = y$ (alternate angles) $\angle HGF = 180 - x$ (cointerior angles) $\angle EGF = y + 180 - x$ $= 180 - x + y$ $= 180 - (x - y)$	4 <sup>th</sup> Answer

Year 7

#### Angle Properties

Calculator Allowed Short Answer Section

#### **ANSWERS**

No.	WORKING	ANSWER
1.	∠ QOR is the only acute angle	2 <sup>nd</sup> Answer
2.	∠ JKL is a right angle	1st Answer
3.	$\angle$ KNM = 54° + 90° = 144° which is obtuse.	4 <sup>th</sup> Answer
4.	65° and 115° are supplementary angles. (add to 180°)	3 <sup>rd</sup> Answer
5.	$\angle$ <i>BEC</i> and $\angle$ <i>AED</i> are vertically opposite angles.	3 <sup>rd</sup> Answer
6.	∠ RST = 180° - 72° = 108°	108°
7.	$HA \perp BA \text{ since}  \angle BAH = 90^{\circ}$	4 <sup>th</sup> Answer
8.	$x = 180 - 122 = 58^{\circ} \text{ (cointerior angles)}$	58°
9.	AD is parallel to BC and perpendicular to GC	2 <sup>nd</sup> Answer
10.	D $x^{\circ} I \qquad x^{\circ}$ $2x + 90 = 360$ $2x = 270$ $x = \frac{270}{2} = 135$	135°
11.	x=107 (alternate angles) $y=73$ (cointerior angles)	2 <sup>nd</sup> Answer

12.	x = 78 (alt angles) m = 180 - 78 (st line) $m = 102^{\circ}$	102
13.	r = 180 - (42 + 108) = 180 - 150 = 30	2 <sup>nd</sup> Answer
14.	All pairs of cointerior angles. The pairs between AB and CD are supplementary, so they are parallel.	1 <sup>st</sup> Answer
15.	d = 360 - (100 + 110 + 85) = 360 - 295 = 65	2 <sup>nd</sup> Answer
16.	Need either equal alternate angles or supplementary cointerior angles. OT gives the latter as 95 + 85 = 180	ОТ
17.	x = 81 (alt angles) y = 70 x = 81 (alt angles) y = 70 (alt angles) $\theta = 180 - 81 - 70$ (st line) $\theta = 29$ Can do by angle sum triangle if they have learnt it.	290
18.	Pairs of equal alternate angles are t' and $32^{\circ}$ so $t + 32 = 65$ $t = 65 - 32 = 33^{\circ}$	330

19.	2x + 45 + 55 + 90 = 360 (angles at a point) 2x + 190 = 360 2x = 360 - 190 = 170 $x = \frac{170}{2} = 85$	85°
20.	$z + 2z + 3z = 180$ $6z = 180$ $z = \frac{180}{6} = 30$	2 <sup>nd</sup> Answer
21.	$\angle ADC = 180 - (a + 30) = 150 - a$ $\angle EDC = 150 - a - 65 = 85 - a$ $\angle DEB = 180 - (85 - a) = 180 - 85 + a = 95 + a$	4 <sup>th</sup> Answer