9 SCIENCE BIOLOGY ASSIGNMENT

Name:_	TEACHER		Teacher:
Form:		(P.6)	Due date:
	l		

Aim: This assignment will allow you to find out about touch receptors and how the nervous system works in the human body.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Plagiarism

- •You must write in your own words not copy sentences word for word from another student or another source.
- •Plagiarising = instant zero on assignment and you will have to re-do it.

How to reference a book:

Tsutaya, K. (2011). Crafting with Cat Hair: Cute Handicrafts to Make with Your Cat. Philadelphia: Quirk Books.

Author's last name, first letter of first name. (Year of publication). Title of book. Place of publication: name of publisher.

How to reference a web site:

Rice, C. (2013). Cute cats could be key to learning new languages. Retrieved February 8, 2014 from www.bbc.co.uk/news/technology-25103362

Author's last name, first letter of first name. (Year of publication). Title of website. Date you retrieved the information, website

Assessment policy

Have sick note/legitimate reason from parent = new negotiated due date. Assignment not submitted on due date and no sick note from parents = -20% mark Assignment not submitted on new negotiated due date = -40% mark

- + Letter home to parents
- + Must attend academic completion to complete assignment

OR

Submit assignment to student services before academic completion date and academic completion not necessary.

Academic completion not attended = zero on assignment + Saturday detention

If you know that you cannot submit your assignment on the due date, let your teacher know BEFORE the due date (email them if you are not in school) or just email them your assignment the night before.

PART ONE: BACKGROUND RESEARCH

 Explain what touch (Minimum of two se 		what they	do.				(2 marks)
Nerve out	that	tell	the	brain	about	tach	12
sensat	3005.	<u> </u>		737-1-2-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	THE RESIDENCE OF SALES AND ADDRESS AND ADD	***************************************	737-1011-1010
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	THE PARTY OF THE P					A B A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	1
				W. C.		***************************************	
2. State one area of the the case. (Minimum of two se			,			s and explain	why this is (2 marks)
g) Hard.	ntences). - 1+ is	useal	40	touch	, uhat		
is aro	und yo	<u> </u>	so ne	eds.	6 be		
veru	y sensi	tive	as	a va	y 6		1000
<u> </u>	rotect	the	body)			

eg) Fingerti	0 2					***************************************	77777 1044
				PARTITION IN A 11	,	**************************************	
3. State one area of the the case. (Minimum of two se		would find	d a low con	centration of t	ouch receptors	and explain v	why this is (2 marks)
og) bach.	_ not	· 151 ~	5 av	ea to	expl.	ore	
	ndings.	ect.	•				
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	1000000						
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4. List three stimuli that your touch receptors can detect.	(2 marks)
Hotsurdace, sharp surface, cold surfa	Ce
pressure on skin, vibration	
pressure on skin, vibration pain, rough, tickle pain, rough, tickle nud 3 in total	1)
There are two main groups of touch receptors. List them and state what each type detects. - Mechanoreceptors: sensations of pushing, pulling or	(2 marks)
- The imoceceptors: sensations of temperature.	
References (minimum two references)	
	•

PART TWO: EXPERIMENT

Title:
Aim: To investigate what parts of the body have a greater concentration of touch receptors.
Note: when the subject feels two pin pricks from two pins placed 2mm apart, two nerves have been stimulated. This means that the receptors are no more than 2mm apart. Feeling only one pin prick indicates fewer receptors, spaced more widely.
Hypothesis
Materials A X O Y C S
2x pins Ruler
Independent variable: AIRA Of the body
Dependent variable: Distance between pins when two pricks are felt.
·
Two controlled variables:

1. Student held out hand.
2. Other Student holds ruler
on hand.
3. Third student puts two
pins on hand & moves pins
apart mm by millimetre
until test subject feels tuo
pricus
4. The distance is recorded.
ち .

Results: Table (show results taken from students in group).

	Distance between pi'ns when pricks are felt (mm)					
Area of body.	student 1	student 2 (mm)	Student3 (mm)	distance		
Back of hand						
Top of foot						
Back of nech						
Acm				-		
Fingertip						
	0					

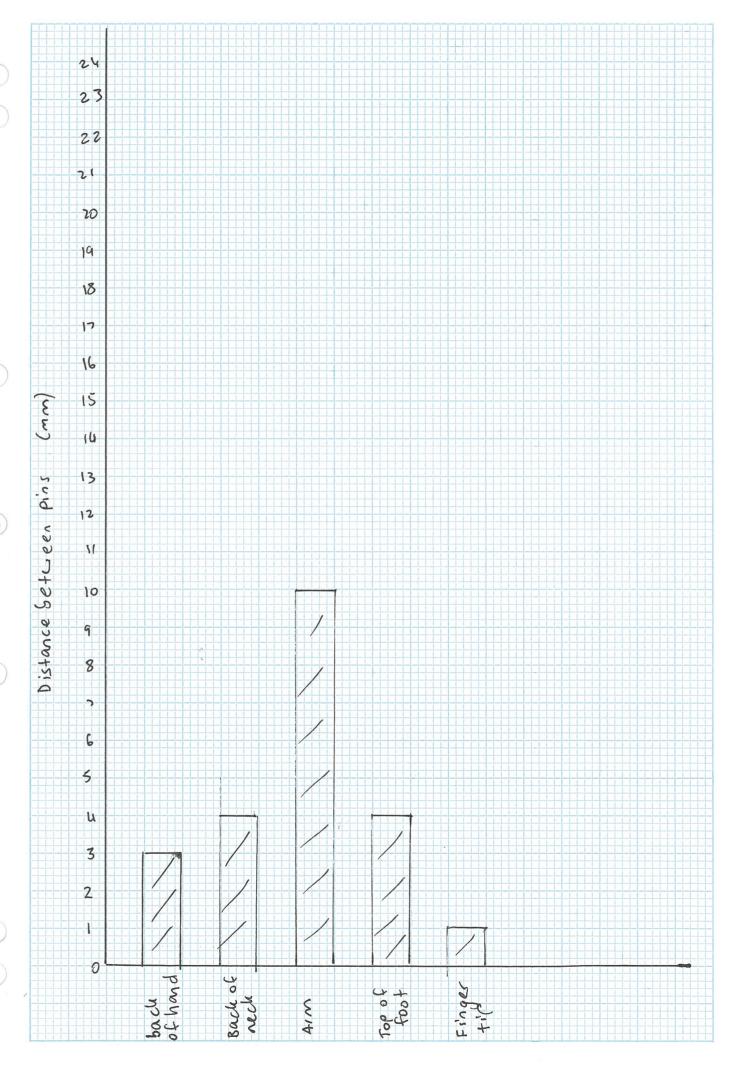
example

Gr	Graph (graph the average results from your group on a piece of graph paper and attach to the booklet).				
Dis	scussion (describe one mistake/error that occurred, explain how this affected the results and how it coxt time).	uld be avoided			

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		100 CO			
1.	State the areas of the body you tested that had the greatest concentration of touch receptors.	(1 mark)			
2.	State the area of the body you tested that had the lowest concentration of touch receptors.	(1 mark)			



Conclusion (State general result, whether hypothesis was proven or disproven and use scientific reasons to explain why you got the results you did **or** why you would have expected different results). (Minimum of 5 sentences)

Name:			

MARKING KEY

Content	Description		Your
			mark
Background	Questions	10	
research			
Referencing	Minimum of 2 references.	1	
_	Minimum 2 types of sources.	1	
	Referenced in correct format as shown in student diary	1	
Title	Explains what the investigation is about - NOT 'Biology Investigation'	1	
Materials	Listed all materials used.	0.5	
TIG COL TGID	Is specific - has number of items used. Eg 5g of salt	0.5	
Hypothesis	Clear statement predicting one variable changing.	1	
7	Does not use 'I', 'we' etc.	1	
Independent	Listed the independent variable.	1	
Variable	The sea the independent variable.	1	
Dependent	Listed the dependent variable.	1	
Variable		-	
Controlled	Listed at least two controlled variables.	2	
Variables			
Method	Is written in past tense.	1	
	Is written in numbered step-by-step.	1	
	Includes all the steps completed in experiment.	1	
Results	Drawn neatly in pencil and using a ruler.	1	
table	Includes the headings and units of measurement.	1	
	Includes all the data collected during the experiment.	1	:
Graph		5	
Discussion	Describes at least one mistake/error that occurred.	1	
	Explains how this mistake/error affected the results.	1	
	Explains how this mistake/error could be avoided.	1	
Discussion		2	
Questions			
Conclusion	One sentence stating the result of the experiment.	1	
	One sentence stating whether the hypothesis was supported	1	
	or disproved.	-	
	Scientific reasons to explain results.	3	
Presentation	Correct spelling, grammar, full sentences.	1	
	Written neatly or typed up neatly.	1	
	Total mark	44	

	Mark	as	percentage	90
Teacher's comments:				
