

# Western Australian Certificate of Education ATAR course examination, 2020

### **Question/Answer Booklet**

12 P	HYSICS		Name			
Practio	cal Test - Circula	r Motion				
	Student Number:	In figures				
Mark:	<del>25</del>	In words				

## Time allowed for this paper

Reading time before commencing work: five minutes Working time for paper: fifty minutes

# Materials required/recommended for this paper

To be provided by the supervisor

This Question/Answer Booklet Formulae and Data Booklet

### To be provided by the candidate

Standard items: pens, (blue/black preferred), pencils (including coloured), sharpener, correction fluid/tape, eraser, ruler, highlighters

Special items: non-programmable calculators satisfying the conditions set by the School Curriculum and Standards Authority for this course

## Important note to candidates

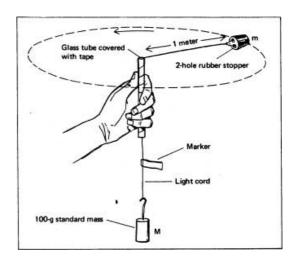
No other items may be taken into the examination room. It is **your** responsibility to ensure that you do not have any unauthorised notes or other items of a non-personal nature in the examination room. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand it to the supervisor **before** reading any further.

#### **Experimental outline**

When the plastic tube is moved in a small circle above your head, the rubber cork moves around in a horizontal circle at the end of a string that passes through the tube and has a mass hanger with slotted masses suspended from its lower end.

Mass of slotted weights (M) used = 0.100 kg

The following results were obtained.

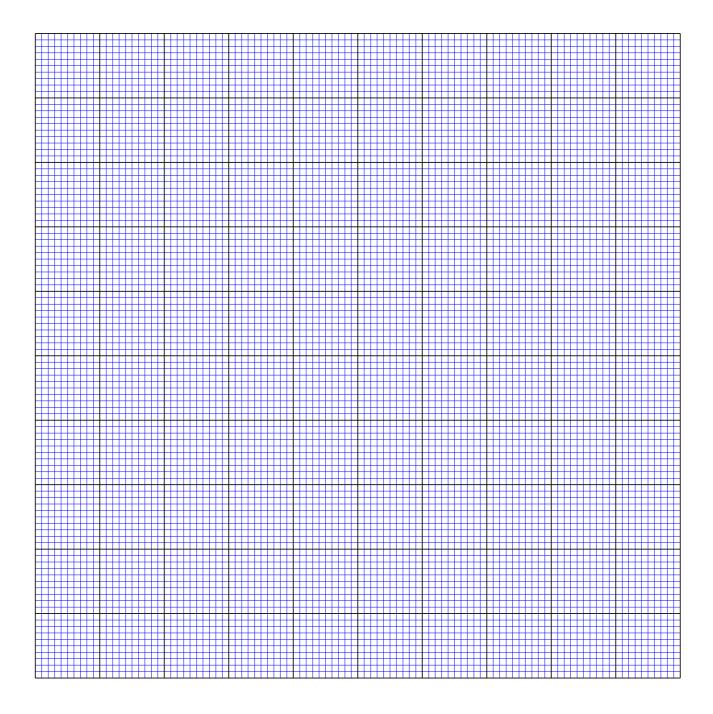


	Time for 20 swings (s)		Average	$V_{-}^{2\pi r}$	V <sup>2</sup>	
Radius r (m)	Trial 1	Trial 2	period T ( )	$V = \frac{2\pi r}{T}$ (ms <sup>-1</sup> )	( )	
0.30 ± 0.02	15.1 ± 0.5	15.2 ± 0.5	0.76 ± 0.05			
0.40 ± 0.02	16.9 ± 0.5	17.0 ± 0.5	0.85 ± 0.05			
0.50 ± 0.02	18.5 ± 0.5	18.9 ± 0.5	0.94 ± 0.05			
0.60 ± 0.02	21.4 ± 0.5	21.20 ± 0.5	1.07 ± 0.05			
0.70 ± 0.02	22.9 ± 0.5	22.8 ± 0.5	1.14 ± 0.05			

1. Complete the table, remembering to complete unfinished units that should appear and expressing data to an appropriate number of significant figures.

(Do not include the absolute uncertainties - that will be tested later.) (5 marks)

2. Graph the **speed squared** ( $v^2$ ) versus the **radius** (r) on the grid provided. (Plot  $v^2$  on the y-axis and radius, r on the x-axis) (4 marks)



3.	Determine the gradient of the graph. Be sure to indicate on the graph which point used.	s were (4 marks)
4.	Use the gradient to determine the mass of the rubber stopper. Show all working.	(4 marks)
5.	Consider the magnifement: $r = 0.60 \pm 0.02$ . Calculate the percentage error in the	
J.	Consider the measurement: $r = 0.60 \pm 0.02$ . Calculate the percentage error in the measurement and therefore the absolute error in the measurement for the velocit column.	y (v) (4 marks)

6.	Describe <b>two</b> errors affecting the results of the experiment above.	(2 marks)
7.	Give two reasons why it is desirable to use 20 swings to calculate a value for the	
1.	Give <b>two</b> reasons why it is desirable to use 20 swings to calculate a value for the period (T). Consider aspects of error and measuring difficulties.	(2 marks)