Let  $p = \ln(2)$ ,  $q = \ln(3)$  and  $r = \ln(5)$ .

(a) Express each of the following in terms of p, q and/or r.

(i) ln(6)

(2 marks)

(ii) ln(6.25)

(3 marks)

(iii)  $\int_2^3 \frac{d}{dx} \ln(x) \ dx$ 

(2 marks)

(b) Evaluate  $e^{p+q}$ .

(2 marks)

(c) (i) Determine  $\frac{d}{dx}(x \ln(x))$ .

(1 mark)

(ii) Hence show that  $\int \ln(x) dx = x \ln(x) - x + c$  where c is a constant.

(2 marks)

(iii) Evaluate  $\int_1^3 \ln(x) dx$  in terms of p, q and/or r.

(2 marks)