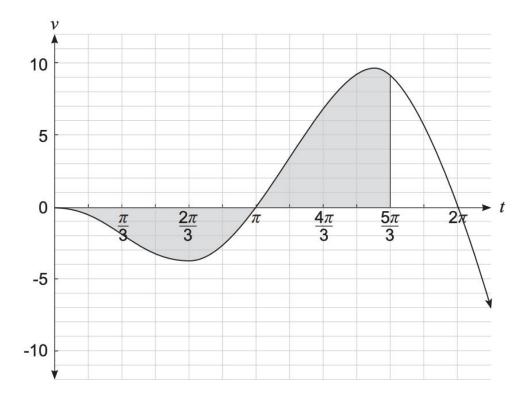
An oscillating mass has a velocity, v, given by

$$v(t) = 2t \cos\left(t + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$
 for $t \ge 0$.

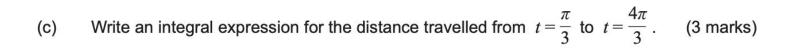
(12 marks)

The velocity is given in metres per second, and the time, t, is given in seconds. A graph of the velocity of the mass' motion is shown below.



(a) Determine the first two times, t > 0, at which the mass changes direction. State your answers exactly. (2 marks)

(b) What does the signed area of the shaded region in the figure represent? (2 marks)



(d) Determine the first time after
$$t = \pi$$
 that the acceleration of the object will be 0 m/s². (2 marks)

(e) The displacement of the mass is given by

$$x(t) = A \sin\left(t + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + B \cos\left(t + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 2t \sin\left(t + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

where A and B are constants. Determine the value of A and B. (3 marks)