

15. Which one of the following is the dominant form of glycine in basic solution?

- (a) $\text{NH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{COOH}$
- (b) $\text{NH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{COO}^-$
- (c) $\text{NH}_3^+ - \text{CH}_2 - \text{COO}^-$
- (d) $\text{NH}_3^+ - \text{CH}_2 - \text{COOH}$