Consider the function $f(x) = \frac{(x-1)^2}{e^x}$.

(a) Show that the first derivative is $f'(x) = \frac{-x^2 + 4x - 3}{e^x}$. (2 marks)

(b) Use your result from part (a) to explain why there are stationary points at x = 1 and x = 3. (2 marks)

It can be shown that the second derivative is $f''(x) = \frac{x^2 - 6x + 7}{e^x}$.

(c) Use the second derivative to describe the type of stationary points at x = 1 and x = 3. (3 marks)