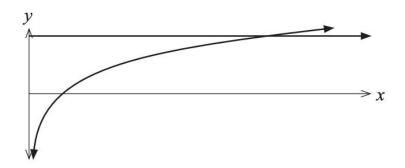
(a) Determine a simplified expression for  $\frac{d}{dx}(x \ln(x))$ .

(2 marks)

(b) Use your answer from part (a) to show that  $\int \ln(x) dx = x \ln(x) - x + c$ , where c is a constant. (4 marks)

The graphs of the functions f(x) = 5 and  $g(x) = \ln(x)$  are shown below.



(c) Determine the exact area enclosed between the x axis, the y axis and the functions f(x) and g(x). (4 marks)