

Assure DeFi™

The Verification **Gold Standard**™



Security Assessment **MOON INU**

August 30, 2023

Audit Status: Pass

Audit Edition: Standard



ASSURE DEFI™
THE VERIFICATION **GOLD STANDARD**

Project Overview

Token Summary

| Parameter | Result |
|---------------|--|
| Address | 0x3d9cff7Dc9A487981B954650604199098e12D2Fd |
| Name | MOON INU |
| Token Tracker | MOON INU (MINU) |
| Decimals | 18 |
| Supply | 420,000,000,000,000 |
| Platform | Binance Smart Chain |
| compiler | v0.8.4+commit.c7e474f2 |
| Contract Name | BABYTOKEN |
| Optimization | Yes with 200 runs |
| LicenseType | MIT |
| Language | Solidity |
| Codebase | https://bscscan.com/ token/0x3d9cff7Dc9A487981B954650604199098e12D2Fd#code |
| Payment Tx | Corporate |

Main Contract Assessed Contract Name

| Name | Contract | Live |
|----------|--|------|
| MOON INU | 0x3d9cff7Dc9A487981B954650604199098e12D2Fd | Yes |

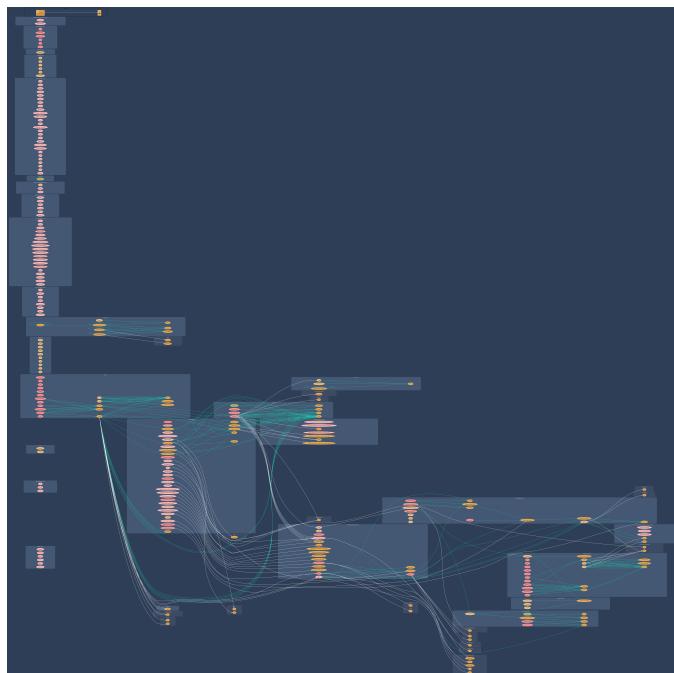
TestNet Contract was Not Assessed

Solidity Code Provided

| SolidID | File Sha-1 | FileName |
|-----------|--|---------------|
| BABYTOKEN | 92da0a3d90eaa321865ffedfc387debf7266d60a | babytoken.sol |
| BABYTOKEN | | |
| BABYTOKEN | | |
| BABYTOKEN | | |

Call Graph

The contract for MOON INU has the following call graph structure.



Smart Contract Vulnerability Checks

The Smart Contract Weakness Classification Registry (SWC Registry) is an implementation of the weakness classification scheme proposed in EIP-1470. It is loosely aligned to the terminologies and structure used in the Common Weakness Enumeration (CWE) while overlaying a wide range of weakness variants that are specific to smart contracts.

| ID | Severity | Name | File | location |
|---------|----------|--|---------------|-----------|
| SWC-100 | Pass | Function Default Visibility | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-101 | Pass | Integer Overflow and Underflow. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-102 | Pass | Outdated Compiler Version file. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-103 | Pass | A floating pragma is set. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-104 | Pass | Unchecked Call Return Value. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-105 | Pass | Unprotected Ether Withdrawal. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-106 | Pass | Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-107 | Pass | Read of persistent state following external call. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-108 | Pass | State variable visibility is not set.. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-109 | Pass | Uninitialized Storage Pointer. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-110 | Pass | Assert Violation. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-111 | Pass | Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-112 | Pass | Delegate Call to Untrusted Callee. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-113 | Pass | Multiple calls are executed in the same transaction. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |

| ID | Severity | Name | File | location |
|-----------|-----------------|--|---------------|--------------------------------------|
| SWC-114 | Pass | Transaction Order Dependence. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-115 | low | Authorization through tx.origin. | BabyToken.sol | L: 3123 C: 12,L: 3223 C: 20 |
| SWC-116 | Pass | A control flow decision is made based on The block.timestamp environment variable. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-117 | Pass | Signature Malleability. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-118 | Pass | Incorrect Constructor Name. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-119 | Pass | Shadowing State Variables. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-120 | Pass | Potential use of block.number as source of randomness. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-121 | Pass | Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-122 | Pass | Lack of Proper Signature Verification. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-123 | Pass | Requirement Violation. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-124 | Pass | Write to Arbitrary Storage Location. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-125 | Pass | Incorrect Inheritance Order. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-126 | Pass | Insufficient Gas Griefing. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-127 | Pass | Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-128 | Pass | DoS With Block Gas Limit. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-129 | Pass | Typographical Error. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-130 | Pass | Right-To-Left-Override control character (U+202E). | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-131 | Pass | Presence of unused variables. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |

| ID | Severity | Name | File | location |
|-----------|-----------------|--|---------------|-----------------|
| SWC-132 | Pass | Unexpected Ether balance. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-133 | Pass | Hash Collisions with Multiple Variable Length Arguments. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-134 | Pass | Message call with hardcoded gas amount. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-135 | Pass | Code With No Effects (Irrelevant/Dead Code). | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-136 | Pass | Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain. | BabyToken.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |

We scan the contract for additional security issues using MYTHX and industry-standard security scanning tools.

Smart Contract Vulnerability Details

SWC-115 - Authorization through tx.origin

CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function

Description:

tx.origin is a global variable in Solidity which returns the address of the account that sent the transaction. Using the variable for authorization could make a contract vulnerable if an authorized account calls into a malicious contract. A call could be made to the vulnerable contract that passes the authorization check since tx.origin returns the original sender of the transaction which in this case is the authorized account.

Remediation:

tx.origin should not be used for authorization. Use msg.sender instead.

References:

Solidity Documentation - tx.origin

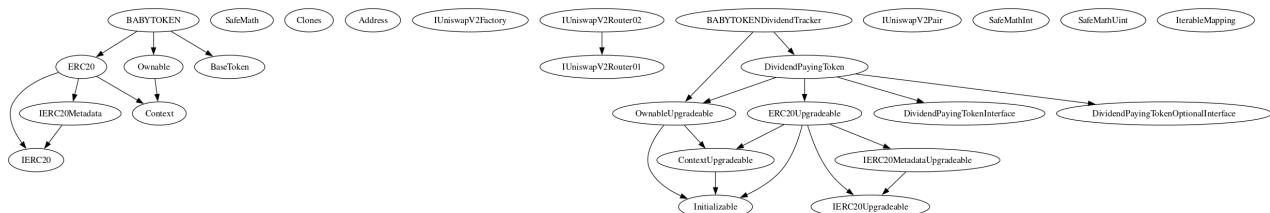
Ethereum Smart Contract Best Practices - Avoid using tx.origin

SigmaPrime - Visibility.

Inheritance

The contract for MOON INU has the following inheritance structure.

The Project has a Total Supply of 420,000,000,000,000



Social Media Checks

| Social Media | URL | Result |
|--------------|---|--------|
| Twitter | https://twitter.com/mooninucoin | Pass |
| Other | https://reddit.com/mooninuofficial | Pass |
| Website | https://moonswap.finance | Pass |
| Telegram | https://t.me/moon_inu_portal | Pass |

We recommend to have 3 or more social media sources including a completed working websites.

Social Media Information Notes:

Auditor Notes: undefined

Project Owner Notes:



Audit Result

Final Audit Score

| Review | Score |
|----------------|-------|
| Security Score | 85 |
| Auditor Score | 80 |

The Following Score System Has been Added to this page to help understand the value of the audit, the maximum score is 100, however to attain that value the project must pass and provide all the data needed for the assessment. Our Passing Score has been changed to 80 Points, if a project does not attain 80% is an automatic failure. Read our notes and final assessment below.

Audit Passed



Assessment Results

Important Notes:

- No issues or vulnerabilities were found.
- This is a Pinksale Generated BabyToken token.
- Please DYOR on the project.

**Auditor Score =80
Audit Passed**



Appendix

Finding Categories

Centralization / Privilege

Centralization / Privilege findings refer to either feature logic or implementation of components that act against the nature of decentralization, such as explicit ownership or specialized access roles in combination with a mechanism to relocate funds.

Gas Optimization

Gas Optimization findings do not affect the functionality of the code but generate different, more optimal EVM opcodes resulting in a reduction on the total gas cost of a transaction.

Logical Issue

Logical Issue findings detail a fault in the logic of the linked code, such as an incorrect notion on how `block.timestamp` works.

Control Flow

Control Flow findings concern the access control imposed on functions, such as owner-only functions being invoke-able by anyone under certain circumstances.

Volatile Code

Volatile Code findings refer to segments of code that behave unexpectedly on certain edge cases that may result in a vulnerability.

Coding Style

Coding Style findings usually do not affect the generated byte-code but rather comment on how to make the codebase more legible and, as a result, easily maintainable.

Inconsistency

Inconsistency findings refer to functions that should seemingly behave similarly yet contain different code, such as a constructor assignment imposing different require statements on the input variables than a setter function.

Coding Best Practices

ERC 20 Coding Standards are a set of rules that each developer should follow to ensure the code meets a set of criteria and is readable by all the developers.

Disclaimer

Assure Defi has conducted an independent security assessment to verify the integrity of and highlight any vulnerabilities or errors, intentional or unintentional, that may be present in the reviewed code for the scope of this assessment. This report does not constitute agreement, acceptance, or advocacy for the Project, and users relying on this report should not consider this as having any merit for financial advice in any shape, form, or nature. The contracts audited do not account for any economic developments that the Project in question may pursue, and the veracity of the findings thus presented in this report relate solely to the proficiency, competence, aptitude, and discretion of our independent auditors, who make no guarantees nor assurance that the contracts are entirely free of exploits, bugs, vulnerabilities or depreciation of technologies.

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