

Security Assessment: Cate TOKEN

September 18, 2024

• Audit Status: **Pass**

• Audit Edition: **Advance**





Risk Analysis

Classifications of Manual Risk Results

Classification	Description
Critical	Danger or Potential Problems.
High	Be Careful or Fail test.
Medium	Pass, Not-Detected or Safe Item.
Low	Function Detected

Manual Code Review Risk Results

Contract Privilege	Description
Buy Tax	0%
Sale Tax	0%
Cannot Buy	Pass
Cannot Sale	Pass
Max Tax	20%
Modify Tax	Yes
Fee Check	Pass
	Not Detected
Trading Cooldown	Not Detected
Can Pause Trade?	Pass
Pause Transfer?	Not-Detected
Max Tx?	Pass
Is Anti Whale?	Not-Detected
Is Anti Bot?	Not-Detected

Contract Privilege	Description
	Detected
Blacklist Check	Fail
is Whitelist?	Detected
Can Mint?	Pass
	Not Detected
Can Take Ownership?	Not Detected
Hidden Owner?	Not-Detected
(i) Owner	No
Self Destruct?	Not Detected
External Call?	Not-Detected
Other?	Not Detected
Holders	7,282
Auditor Confidence	Medium
	No
→ KYC URL	

The following quick summary it's added to the project overview; however, there are more details about the audit and its results. Please read every detail.

Project Overview

Token Summary

Parameter	Result
Address	0xa00453052A36D43A99Ac1ca145DFe4A952cA33B8
Name	Cate
Token Tracker	Cate (CATE)
Decimals	9
Supply	1,000,000,000
Platform	ETHEREUM
compiler	v0.8.23+commit.f704f362
Contract Name	CATE
Optimization	Yes with 200 runs
LicenseType	MIT
Language	Solidity
Codebase	https://etherscan.io/address/0xa00453052A36D43A99Ac1ca145DFe4A952cA33B8#codee
Payment Tx	Corporate

Main Contract Assessed Contract Name

Name	Contract	Live
Cate	0xa00453052A36D43A99Ac1ca145DFe4A952cA33B8	Yes

TestNet Contract Assessed Contract Name

Name	Contract	Live
Cate	0x51694ebeb32eC73FbA1176cc6de185b34ED7aFAD	Yes

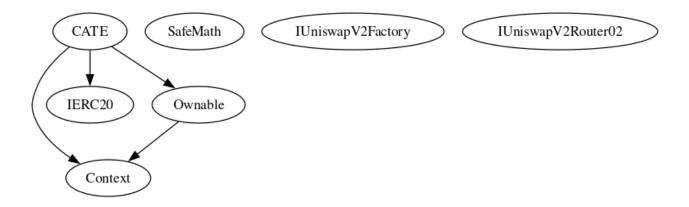
Solidity Code Provided

File Sha-1	FileName
1dc92836f904ceafa4324f7025f2239a480d22eb	CATE.sol
	.sol

Inheritance

The contract for Cate has the following inheritance structure.

The Project has a Total Supply of 1,000,000,000



CATE-03 | Lack of Input Validation.

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Volatile Code	Low	CATE.sol: L: 87 C: 12, L: 291 C: 12, L: 301 C: 12, L: 307 C: 12, L: 317 C: 12	Detected

Description

The given input is missing the check for the non-zero address.

The given input is missing the check for the onlyOwners need to be revisited for require..

Remediation

We advise the client to add the check for the passed-in values to prevent unexpected errors as below:

```
require(receiver != address(0), "Receiver is the zero address");
...
require(value X limitation, "Your not able to do this function");
```

We also recommend customer to review the following function that is missing a required validation. onlyOwners need to be revisited for require..

CATE-05 | Missing Event Emission.

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Volatile Code	Low	CATE.sol: L: 301 C: 12, L: 307 C: 12, L: 317 C: 12	Detected

Description

Detected missing events for critical arithmetic parameters. There are functions that have no event emitted, so it is difficult to track off-chain changes. The linked code does not create an event for the transfer.

Remediation

Emit an event for critical parameter changes. It is recommended emitting events for the sensitive functions that are controlled by centralization roles.

CATE-14 | Unnecessary Use Of SafeMath

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Logical Issue	Medium	CATE.sol: L: 0 C: 0	Detected

Description

The SafeMath library is used unnecessarily. With Solidity compiler versions 0.8.0 or newer, arithmetic operations

will automatically revert in case of integer overflow or underflow.

library SafeMath {

An implementation of SafeMath library is found.

using SafeMath for uint256;

SafeMath library is used for uint256 type in contract.

Remediation

We advise removing the usage of SafeMath library and using the built-in arithmetic operations provided by the

Solidity programming language

Project Action

CATE-19 | Centralization Privileges of.

Category	Severity	Location	Status
	Medium	CATE.sol: L: 393 C: 14,L: 385 C: 14,L: 341 C: 14,L: 306 C: 14,L: 299 C: 14,L: 269 C: 14	Detected

Description

Centralized Privileges are found on the following functions.

Remediation

undefined

Project Action

Technical Findings SummaryClassification of Risk

Severity	Description
Critical	Risks are those that impact the safe functioning of a platform and must be addressed before launch. Users should not invest in any project with outstanding critical risks.
High	Risks can include centralization issues and logical errors. Under specific circumstances, these major risks can lead to loss of funds and/or control of the project.
Medium	Risks may not pose a direct risk to users' funds, but they can affect the overall functioning of a platform
○ Low	Risks can be any of the above but on a smaller scale. They generally do not compromise the overall integrity of the Project, but they may be less efficient than other solutions.
Informational	Errors are often recommended to improve the code's style or certain operations to fall within industry best practices. They usually do not affect the overall functioning of the code.

Findings

Severity	Found	Pending	Resolved
Critical	0	0	0
High	0	0	0
Medium	2	2	0
O Low	2	2	0
Informational	0	0	0
Total	4	4	0

Social Media Checks

Social Media	URL	Result
Twitter	https://x.com/cateonethereum	Pass
Other		N/A
Website	https://cateoneth.com/	Pass
Telegram	https://t.me/cateoneth	Pass

We recommend to have 3 or more social media sources including a completed working websites.

Social Media Information Notes:

Auditor Notes: undefined Project Owner Notes:



Assessment Results

Score Results

Review	Score
Overall Score	86/100
Auditor Score	88/100
Review by Section	Score
Manual Scan Score	29
Auto Scan Score	37
Advance Check Score	20

The Following Score System Has been Added to this page to help understand the value of the audit, the maximum score is 100, however to attain that value the project most pass and provide all the data needed for the assessment. Our Passing Score has been changed to 84 Points for a higher standard, if a project does not attain 85% is an automatic failure. Read our notes and final assessment below.

Audit Passed



Assessment Results Important Notes:

- Centralization and Control: The owner has significant control, including the ability to open trading, manage bot lists, and adjust transaction limits. Consider implementing a decentralized governance mechanism to reduce centralization risks.
- Trading Restrictions: Trading is initially closed and must be opened by the owner. Ensure there's a clear plan for when and how trading will be opened. The restriction of only 3 sells per block could cause issues for users and liquidity providers.
- Tax and Fee Structure: High initial buy/sell taxes (20%) could deter users. Ensure transparency about tax reductions over time. Taxes are sent to a specific wallet, which could be a centralization risk. Consider multi-signature wallets for added security.
- Bot Protection: The contract includes a bot list to restrict certain addresses. Ensure this mechanism is used fairly and transparently.
- Liquidity Management: The owner can add liquidity and remove limits, impacting market dynamics. Ensure these actions are well-documented and communicated to users.
- Manual Functions: Functions like manualUnclog and manualSend can be called by the tax wallet, affecting the contract's ETH balance. Ensure these are used responsibly.
- Code Quality and Best Practices: Consider adding more

comments and documentation to improve code readability.

- Gas Optimization: Review the contract for potential gas optimizations, such as minimizing storage reads/writes and using efficient data structures.
- Event Emissions: Ensure all critical state changes, especially those affecting user balances and trading status, are accompanied by event emissions for transparency.
- Upgradeability: The contract is not designed to be upgradeable. Consider whether this aligns with the project's long-term goals.
- User Communication: Clearly communicate any changes in trading status, tax rates, or other critical parameters to users to maintain trust and transparency.

Auditor Score =88 Audit Passed



Appendix

Finding Categories

Centralization / Privilege

Centralization / Privilege findings refer to either feature logic or implementation of components that actagainst the nature of decentralization, such as explicit ownership or specialized access roles incombination with a mechanism to relocate funds.

Gas Optimization

Gas Optimization findings do not affect the functionality of the code but generate different, more optimalEVM opcodes resulting in a reduction on the total gas cost of a transaction.

Logical Issue

Logical Issue findings detail a fault in the logic of the linked code, such as an incorrect notion on howblock.timestamp works.

Control Flow

Control Flow findings concern the access control imposed on functions, such as owner-only functionsbeing invoke-able by anyone under certain circumstances.

Volatile Code

Volatile Code findings refer to segments of code that behave unexpectedly on certain edge cases that mayresult in a vulnerability.

Coding Style

Coding Style findings usually do not affect the generated byte-code but rather comment on how to makethe codebase more legible and, as a result, easily maintainable.

Inconsistency

Inconsistency findings refer to functions that should seemingly behave similarly yet contain different code, such as a constructor assignment imposing different require statements on the input variables than a setterfunction.

Coding Best Practices

ERC 20 Conding Standards are a set of rules that each developer should follow to ensure the code meet a set of creterias and is readable by all the developers.

Disclaimer

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