

# Assure DeFi™

The Verification **Gold Standard**™



## Security Assessment **Snoopy Token**

August 2, 2023

Audit Status: Pass

Audit Edition: Advanced

# Risk Analysis

## Classifications of Manual Risk Results

| Classification   | Description                      |
|--|----------------------------------|
| <span style="color: red;">●</span> Critical            | Danger or Potential Problems.    |
| <span style="color: orange;">●</span> High             | Be Careful or Fail test.         |
| <span style="color: yellow;">●</span> Low              | Pass, Not-Detected or Safe Item. |
| <span style="color: lightblue;">●</span> Informational | Function Detected                |

## Manual Code Review Risk Results

| Contract Privilege                                    | Description                           |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| <span style="color: green;">●</span> Buy Tax          | 0%                                    |
| <span style="color: green;">●</span> Sale Tax         | 0%                                    |
| <span style="color: green;">●</span> Cannot Sale      | Pass                                  |
| <span style="color: green;">●</span> Cannot Sale      | Pass                                  |
| <span style="color: green;">●</span> Max Tax          | 0%                                    |
| <span style="color: green;">●</span> Modify Tax       | No                                    |
| <span style="color: green;">●</span> Fee Check        | Pass                                  |
| <span style="color: green;">●</span> Is Honeypot?     | Not Detected                          |
| <span style="color: green;">●</span> Trading Cooldown | Not Detected                          |
| <span style="color: red;">●</span> Can Pause Trade?   | Detected, Owner need to enable trade. |
| <span style="color: red;">●</span> Pause Transfer?    | Detected, Owner need to Enable Trade. |
| <span style="color: orange;">●</span> Max Tx?         | Fail                                  |
| <span style="color: orange;">●</span> Is Anti Whale?  | Detected                              |
| <span style="color: orange;">●</span> Is Anti Bot?    | Detected                              |

| Contract Privilege    | Description                                |
|-----------------------|--|
| ● Is Blacklist?       | Not Detected                               |
| ● Blacklist Check     | Pass                                       |
| ● is Whitelist?       | Not Detected                               |
| ● Can Mint?           | Pass                                       |
| ● Is Proxy?           | Not Detected                               |
| ● Can Take Ownership? | Not Detected                               |
| ● Hidden Owner?       | Not Detected                               |
| ● Owner               | 0x51afdbc5972506d8a6e7455d4e32ec4fdae6e603 |
| ● Self Destruct?      | Not Detected                               |
| ● External Call?      | Not Detected                               |
| ● Other?              | Not Detected                               |
| ● Holders             | 1  |
| ● Auditor Confidence  | low  |

The following quick summary it's added to the project overview; however, there are more details about the audit and its results. Please read every detail.

# Project Overview

## Token Summary

| Parameter     | Result  |
|---------------|---|
| Address       | 0x42451D82cF0cCd3D1d32b0D9F8F5021AB3c914E8  |
| Name          | Snoopy  |
| Token Tracker | Snoopy (S)  |
| Decimals      | 18  |
| Supply        | 1,000,000,000,000   |
| Platform      | Binance Smart Chain   |
| compiler      | v0.8.10+commit.fc410830   |
| Contract Name | Snoopy  |
| Optimization  | Yes with 200 runs   |
| LicenseType   | MIT   |
| Language      | Solidity  |
| Codebase      | <a href="https://bscscan.com/token/0x42451D82cF0cCd3D1d32b0D9F8F5021AB3c914E8#code">https://bscscan.com/token/0x42451D82cF0cCd3D1d32b0D9F8F5021AB3c914E8#code</a> |
| Payment Tx    | Corporate   |

# Project Overview

## Simulation Summary

| Parameter             | Result   |
|-----------------------|----------|
| Transfer From Owner   | Pass     |
| Transfer From Holder  | Pass     |
| Add Liquidity         | Pass     |
| RemoveLiquidity       | Pass     |
| Buy from Owner        | Pass     |
| Buy from Holder       | Pass     |
| Sale from Owner       | Pass     |
| Sale from Holder      | Pass     |
| Remove Liquidity      | Pass     |
| SwapAndLiquify        | Pass     |
| SwapAndSale w/Fee     | Pass     |
| SwapAndSale TX        |          |
| SwapAndSaleNoFee      | Pass     |
| SwapAndSale No/Fee TX |          |
| ExcludeFromFees       | Pass     |
| LaunchPad             | PinkSale |
| Pool Creation         | Pass     |
| Pool Creation TX      |          |
| Pool Finalize         | Pass     |

| Parameter        | Result |
|------------------|--------|
| Pool Finalize TX |        |
| Enable           | Pass   |

The following quick summary it's added to the project overview; however, there are more details about the audit and its results. Please read every detail.

## Main Contract Assessed

### Contract Name

| Name   | Contract                                   | Live |
|--------|--|------|
| Snoopy | 0x42451D82cF0cCd3D1d32b0D9F8F5021AB3c914E8 | Yes  |

## TestNet Contract Assessed

### Contract Name

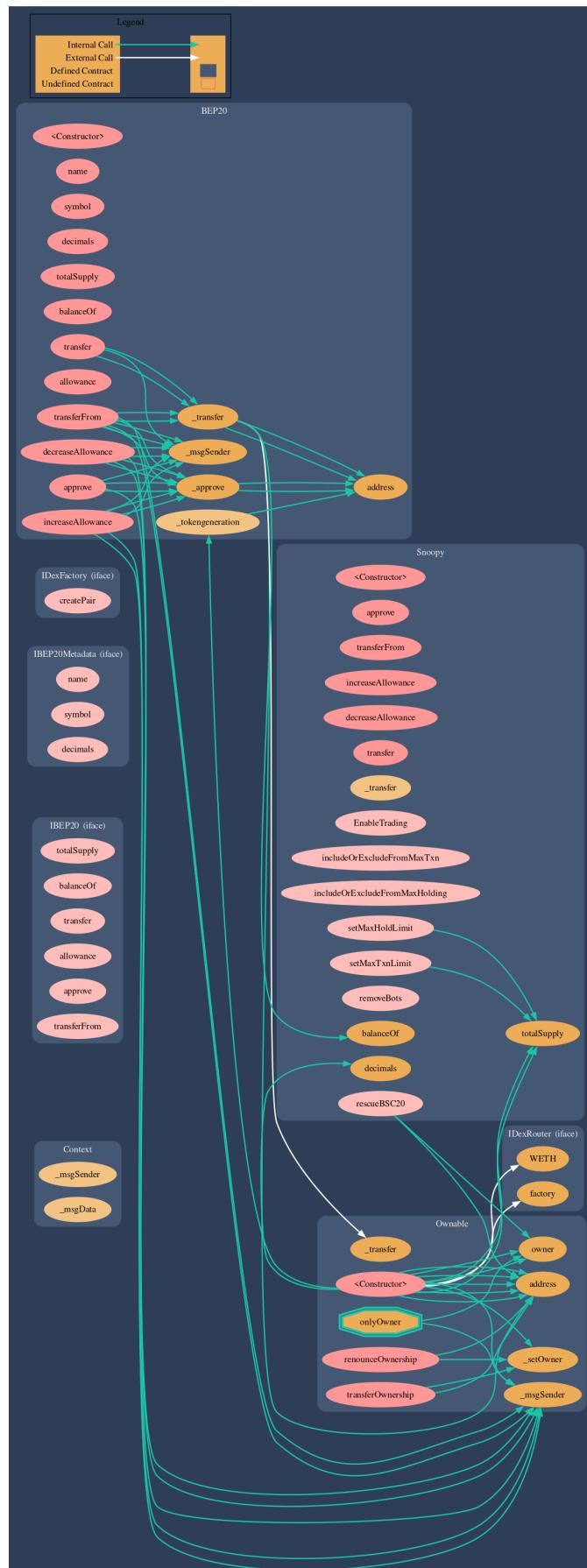
| Name   | Contract                                   | Live |
|--------|--|------|
| Snoopy | 0x8f8C3d6F67ce626C63560DCeB928f27Ba087329A | Yes  |

## Solidity Code Provided

| Solid ID | File Sha-1                                | FileName   |
|----------|---|------------|
| Snoopy   | b76da9cd983ecd22f15740b4d5bd2253caeae601f | Snoopy.sol |
| Snoopy   |   |            |
| Snoopy   |   |            |
| Snoopy   |   |            |

# Call Graph

The contract for Snoopy has the following call graph structure.



# Smart Contract Vulnerability Checks

The Smart Contract Weakness Classification Registry (SWC Registry) is an implementation of the weakness classification scheme proposed in EIP-1470. It is loosely aligned to the terminologies and structure used in the Common Weakness Enumeration (CWE) while overlaying a wide range of weakness variants that are specific to smart contracts.

| ID      | Severity | Name   | File       | location  |
|---------|----------|--|------------|-----------|
| SWC-100 | Pass     | Function Default Visibility                          | Snoopy.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-101 | Pass     | Integer Overflow and Underflow.                      | Snoopy.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-102 | Pass     | Outdated Compiler Version file.                      | Snoopy.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-103 | Low      | A floating pragma is set.                            | Snoopy.sol | L: 5 C: 0 |
| SWC-104 | Pass     | Unchecked Call Return Value.                         | Snoopy.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-105 | Pass     | Unprotected Ether Withdrawal.                        | Snoopy.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-106 | Pass     | Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction                 | Snoopy.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-107 | Pass     | Read of persistent state following external call.    | Snoopy.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-108 | Pass     | State variable visibility is not set..               | Snoopy.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-109 | Pass     | Uninitialized Storage Pointer.                       | Snoopy.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-110 | Pass     | Assert Violation.                                    | Snoopy.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-111 | Pass     | Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions.                | Snoopy.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-112 | Pass     | Delegate Call to Untrusted Callee.                   | Snoopy.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-113 | Pass     | Multiple calls are executed in the same transaction. | Snoopy.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |

| <b>ID</b> | <b>Severity</b> | <b>Name</b>  | <b>File</b> | <b>location</b> |
|-----------|-----------------|--|-------------|-----------------|
| SWC-114   | Pass            | Transaction Order Dependence.  | Snoopy.sol  | L: 0 C: 0       |
| SWC-115   | Pass            | Authorization through tx.origin.   | Snoopy.sol  | L: 0 C: 0       |
| SWC-116   | Pass            | A control flow decision is made based on The block.timestamp environment variable. | Snoopy.sol  | L: 0 C: 0       |
| SWC-117   | Pass            | Signature Malleability.  | Snoopy.sol  | L: 0 C: 0       |
| SWC-118   | Pass            | Incorrect Constructor Name.  | Snoopy.sol  | L: 0 C: 0       |
| SWC-119   | Pass            | Shadowing State Variables.   | Snoopy.sol  | L: 0 C: 0       |
| SWC-120   | Low             | Potential use of block.number as source of randomness.                             | Snoopy.sol  | L: 395 C: 24    |
| SWC-121   | Pass            | Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks.                               | Snoopy.sol  | L: 0 C: 0       |
| SWC-122   | Pass            | Lack of Proper Signature Verification.   | Snoopy.sol  | L: 0 C: 0       |
| SWC-123   | Pass            | Requirement Violation.   | Snoopy.sol  | L: 0 C: 0       |
| SWC-124   | Pass            | Write to Arbitrary Storage Location.   | Snoopy.sol  | L: 0 C: 0       |
| SWC-125   | Pass            | Incorrect Inheritance Order.   | Snoopy.sol  | L: 0 C: 0       |
| SWC-126   | Pass            | Insufficient Gas Griefing.   | Snoopy.sol  | L: 0 C: 0       |
| SWC-127   | Pass            | Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable.  | Snoopy.sol  | L: 0 C: 0       |
| SWC-128   | Pass            | DoS With Block Gas Limit.  | Snoopy.sol  | L: 0 C: 0       |
| SWC-129   | Pass            | Typographical Error.   | Snoopy.sol  | L: 0 C: 0       |
| SWC-130   | Pass            | Right-To-Left-Override control character (U+202E).                                 | Snoopy.sol  | L: 0 C: 0       |
| SWC-131   | Pass            | Presence of unused variables.  | Snoopy.sol  | L: 0 C: 0       |

| <b>ID</b> | <b>Severity</b> | <b>Name</b>  | <b>File</b> | <b>location</b> |
|-----------|-----------------|--|-------------|-----------------|
| SWC-132   | Pass            | Unexpected Ether balance.                                | Snoopy.sol  | L: 0 C: 0       |
| SWC-133   | Pass            | Hash Collisions with Multiple Variable Length Arguments. | Snoopy.sol  | L: 0 C: 0       |
| SWC-134   | Pass            | Message call with hardcoded gas amount.                  | Snoopy.sol  | L: 0 C: 0       |
| SWC-135   | Pass            | Code With No Effects (Irrelevant/Dead Code).             | Snoopy.sol  | L: 0 C: 0       |
| SWC-136   | Pass            | Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain.                       | Snoopy.sol  | L: 0 C: 0       |

We scan the contract for additional security issues using MYTHX and industry-standard security scanning tools.

# **Smart Contract Vulnerability Details**

## **SWC-103 - Floating Pragma.**

### **CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime.**

#### **References:**

#### **Description:**

Contracts should be deployed with the same compiler version and flags that they have been tested with thoroughly. Locking the pragma helps to ensure that contracts do not accidentally get deployed using, for example, an outdated compiler version that might introduce bugs that affect the contract system negatively.

#### **Remediation:**

Lock the pragma version and also consider known bugs (<https://github.com/ethereum/solidity/releases>) for the compiler version that is chosen.

Pragma statements can be allowed to float when a contract is intended for consumption by other developers, as in the case with contracts in a library or EthPM package. Otherwise, the developer would need to manually update the pragma in order to compile locally.

#### **References:**

Ethereum Smart Contract Best Practices - Lock pragmas to specific compiler version.

# **Smart Contract Vulnerability Details**

## **SWC-120 - Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes**

### **CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values**

#### **Description:**

Solidity allows for ambiguous naming of state variables when inheritance is used. Contract A with a variable x could inherit contract B that also has a state variable x defined. This would result in two separate versions of x, one of them being accessed from contract A and the other one from contract B. In more complex contract systems this condition could go unnoticed and subsequently lead to security issues.

Shadowing state variables can also occur within a single contract when there are multiple definitions on the contract and function level.

#### **Remediation:**

Using commitment scheme, e.g. RANDAO. Using external sources of randomness via oracles, e.g. Oraclize. Note that this approach requires trusting in oracle, thus it may be reasonable to use multiple oracles. Using Bitcoin block hashes, as they are more expensive to mine.

#### **References:**

How can I securely generate a random number in my smart contract?)

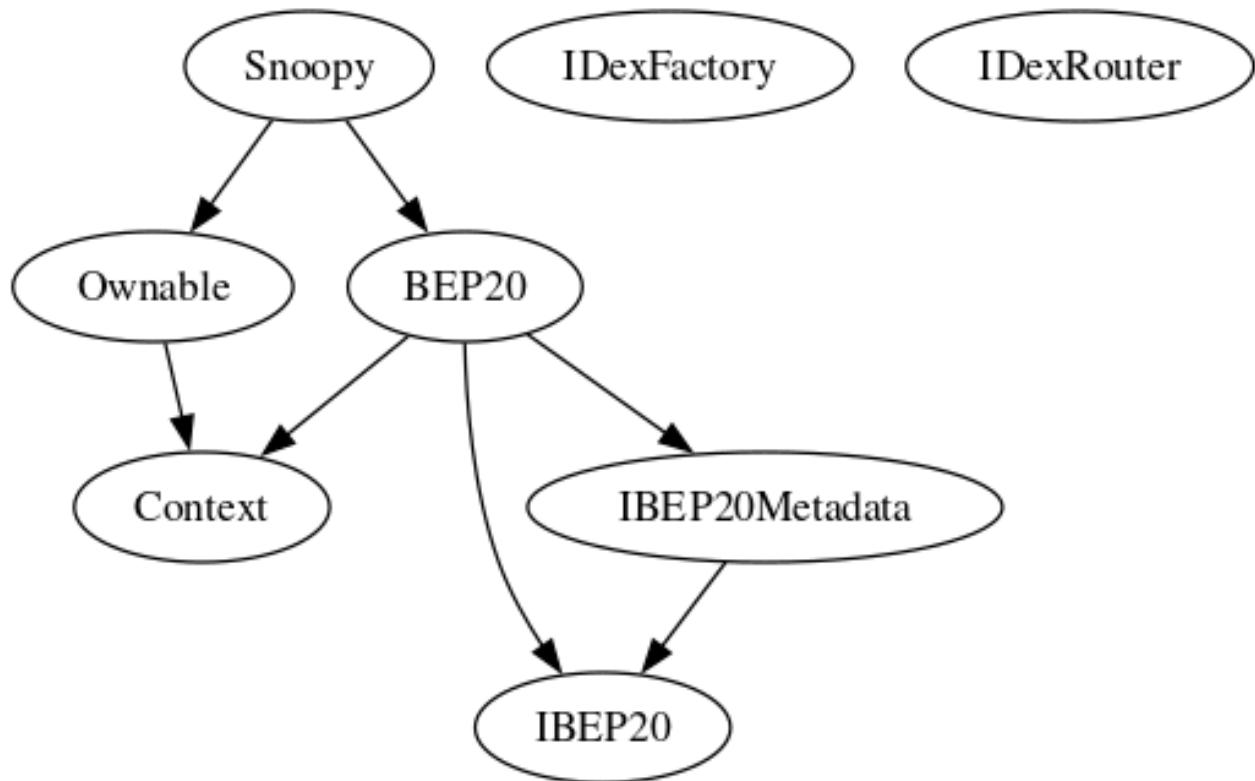
When can BLOCKHASH be safely used for a random number? When would it be unsafe?

The Run smart contract.

# Inheritance

The contract for Snoopy has the following inheritance structure.

The Project has a Total Supply of 1,000,000,000,000



# Privileged Functions (onlyOwner)

Please Note if the contract is Renounced none of this functions can be executed.

| Function Name             | Parameters       | Visibility |
|---------------------------|------------------|------------|
| renounceOwnership         |                  | Public     |
| transferOwnership         | address newOwner | Public     |
| claimStuckTokens          |                  | External   |
| excludeFromFees           |                  | External   |
| changeMarketingWalle<br>t |                  | Public     |
| disableTax                |                  | public     |
| setBuyTax                 |                  | External   |
| setSellTax                |                  | External   |

# Smart Contract Advance Checks

| ID   | Severity      | Name   | Result | Status       |
|------|---------------|--|--------|--------------|
| S-01 | Low           | Potential Sandwich Attacks.                                | Pass   | Not-Found    |
| S-02 | Informational | Function Visibility Optimization                           | Pass   | Not Detected |
| S-03 | Low           | Lack of Input Validation.                                  | Fail   | Detected     |
| S-04 | High          | Centralized Risk In addLiquidity.                          | Pass   | Not-Found    |
| S-05 | Low           | Missing Event Emission.                                    | Fail   | Detected     |
| S-06 | Low           | Conformance with Solidity Naming Conventions.              | Pass   | Not-Found    |
| S-07 | Low           | State Variables could be Declared Constant.                | Pass   | Not-Found    |
| S-08 | Low           | Dead Code Elimination.                                     | Pass   | Not-Found    |
| S-09 | High          | Third Party Dependencies.                                  | Pass   | Not-Found    |
| S-10 | High          | Initial Token Distribution.                                | Pass   | Not-Found    |
| S-11 | High          |  | Pass   | Not Detected |
| S-12 | High          | Centralization Risks In The X Role                         | Pass   | Not-Found    |
| S-13 | Informational | Extra Gas Cost For User..                                  | Pass   | Not Detected |
| S-14 | Medium        | Unnecessary Use Of SafeMath                                | Pass   | Not Detected |
| S-15 | Medium        | Symbol Length Limitation due to Solidity Naming Standards. | Pass   | Not-Found    |
| S-16 | Medium        | Taxes can be up to 100%                                    | Pass   | Not Detected |
| S-17 | Informational | Conformance to numeric notation best practice.             | Pass   | Not-Found    |
| S-18 | Critical      | Stop Transactions by using Enable Trade.                   | Fail   | Detected     |

## S-03 | Lack of Input Validation.

| Category      | Severity  | Location                 | Status   |
|---------------|---|--------------------------|--|
| Volatile Code |  Low | Snoopy.sol: L: 399 C: 14 |  Detected |

### Description

The given input is missing the check for the non-zero address.

The given input is missing the check for the .

### Remediation

We advise the client to add the check for the passed-in values to prevent unexpected errors as below:

```
...
require(receiver != address(0), "Receiver is the zero address");
...
...
require(value X limitation, "Your not able to do this function");
...
```

We also recommend customer to review the following function that is missing a required validation. .

## S-05 | Missing Event Emission.

| Category      | Severity  | Location                 | Status   |
|---------------|---|--------------------------|--|
| Volatile Code |  Low | Snoopy.sol: L: 399 C: 14 |  Detected |

### Description

Detected missing events for critical arithmetic parameters. There are functions that have no event emitted, so it is difficult to track off-chain changes. The linked code does not create an event for the transfer.

### Remediation

Emit an event for critical parameter changes. It is recommended emitting events for the sensitive functions that are controlled by centralization roles.

## S-18 | Stop Transactions by using Enable Trade.

| Category      | Severity   | Location                | Status   |
|---------------|--|-------------------------|--|
| Logical Issue |  Critical | Snoopy.sol: L: 392 C: 0 |  Detected |

### Description

Enable Trade is present on the following contract and when combined with Exclude from fees it can be considered a whitelist process, this will allow anyone to trade before others and can represent and issue for the holders.

### Remediation

We recommend the project owner to carefully review this function and avoid problems when performing both actions.

### Project Action

# Technical Findings Summary

## Classification of Risk

| Severity  | Description  |
|---|--|
| <span style="color: red;">●</span> Critical       | Risks are those that impact the safe functioning of a platform and must be addressed before launch. Users should not invest in any project with outstanding critical risks.            |
| <span style="color: orange;">●</span> High        | Risks can include centralization issues and logical errors. Under specific circumstances, these major risks can lead to loss of funds and/or control of the project.                   |
| <span style="color: yellow;">●</span> Medium      | Risks may not pose a direct risk to users' funds, but they can affect the overall functioning of a platform  |
| <span style="color: green;">◆</span> Low          | Risks can be any of the above but on a smaller scale. They generally do not compromise the overall integrity of the Project, but they may be less efficient than other solutions.      |
| <span style="color: blue;">ℹ</span> Informational | Errors are often recommended to improve the code's style or certain operations to fall within industry best practices. They usually do not affect the overall functioning of the code. |

## Findings

| Severity  | Found | Pending | Resolved |
|---|-------|---------|----------|
| <span style="color: red;">●</span> Critical       | 1     | 0       | 0        |
| <span style="color: orange;">●</span> High        | 0     | 0       | 0        |
| <span style="color: yellow;">●</span> Medium      | 0     | 0       | 0        |
| <span style="color: green;">◆</span> Low          | 2     | 0       | 0        |
| <span style="color: blue;">ℹ</span> Informational | 0     | 0       | 0        |
| Total   | 3     | 0       | 0        |

# Social Media Checks

| Social Media | URL | Result |
|--------------|-----|--------|
| Twitter      |     | Fail   |
| Other        |     | Fail   |
| Website      |     | Fail   |
| Telegram     |     | Fail   |

We recommend to have 3 or more social media sources including a completed working websites.

**Social Media Information Notes:**

**Auditor Notes:** undefined

**Project Owner Notes:**



# Assessment Results

## Score Results

| Review              | Score  |
|---------------------|--------|
| Overall Score       | 85/100 |
| Auditor Score       | 85/100 |
| Review by Section   | Score  |
| Manual Scan Score   | 22/53  |
| SWC Scan Score      | 33 /37 |
| Advance Check Score | 30 /19 |

The Following Score System Has been Added to this page to help understand the value of the audit, the maximum score is 100, however to attain that value the project must pass and provide all the data needed for the assessment. Our Passing Score has been changed to 80 Points, if a project does not attain 80% is an automatic failure. Read our notes and final assessment below.

## Audit Passed



# **Assessment Results**

## **Important Notes:**

- No issues or vulnerabilities were found at the time of the assessment.
- The owner needs to enable trade.
- The contract has antibot and anti-whale methods.
- Please DYOR on the project.

**Auditor Score =85  
Audit Passed**



# Appendix

## Finding Categories

### Centralization / Privilege

Centralization / Privilege findings refer to either feature logic or implementation of components that act against the nature of decentralization, such as explicit ownership or specialized access roles in combination with a mechanism to relocate funds.

### Gas Optimization

Gas Optimization findings do not affect the functionality of the code but generate different, more optimal EVM opcodes resulting in a reduction on the total gas cost of a transaction.

### Logical Issue

Logical Issue findings detail a fault in the logic of the linked code, such as an incorrect notion on how `block.timestamp` works.

### Control Flow

Control Flow findings concern the access control imposed on functions, such as owner-only functions being invoke-able by anyone under certain circumstances.

### Volatile Code

Volatile Code findings refer to segments of code that behave unexpectedly on certain edge cases that may result in a vulnerability.

### Coding Style

Coding Style findings usually do not affect the generated byte-code but rather comment on how to make the codebase more legible and, as a result, easily maintainable.

### Inconsistency

Inconsistency findings refer to functions that should seemingly behave similarly yet contain different code, such as a constructor assignment imposing different require statements on the input variables than a setter function.

### Coding Best Practices

ERC 20 Coding Standards are a set of rules that each developer should follow to ensure the code meets a set of criteria and is readable by all the developers.

# Disclaimer

Assure Defi has conducted an independent security assessment to verify the integrity of and highlight any vulnerabilities or errors, intentional or unintentional, that may be present in the reviewed code for the scope of this assessment. This report does not constitute agreement, acceptance, or advocacy for the Project, and users relying on this report should not consider this as having any merit for financial advice in any shape, form, or nature. The contracts audited do not account for any economic developments that the Project in question may pursue, and the veracity of the findings thus presented in this report relate solely to the proficiency, competence, aptitude, and discretion of our independent auditors, who make no guarantees nor assurance that the contracts are entirely free of exploits, bugs, vulnerabilities or depreciation of technologies.

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