

Security Assessment: More Pad STAKING



December 23, 2024

• Audit Status: Fail

• Audit Edition: Advance



Project Overview

Token Summary

Parameter	Result
Address	
Name	More Pad
Token Tracker	More Pad (MPAD)
Decimals	18
Supply	
Platform	BNBCHAIN
compiler	0.8.22+commit.4fc1097e
Contract Name	MOREPAD
Optimization	Yes with 200 runs
LicenseType	MIT
Language	Solidity
Codebase	
Payment Tx	Corporate

Main Contract Assessed Contract Name

Name	Contract	Live
More Pad		Yes

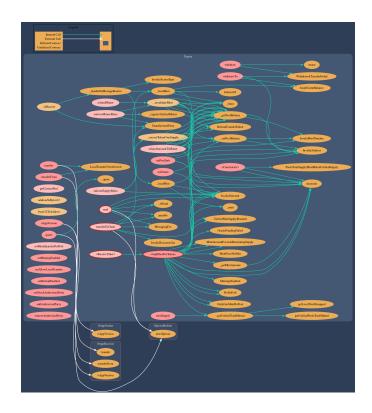
TestNet Contract was Not Assessed

Solidity Code Provided

SolID	File Sha-1	FileName
MOT_1	13fa00fd790e769e7c523df5df60ac04cfc0148d	MOT_1.sol
MOT_1		.sol

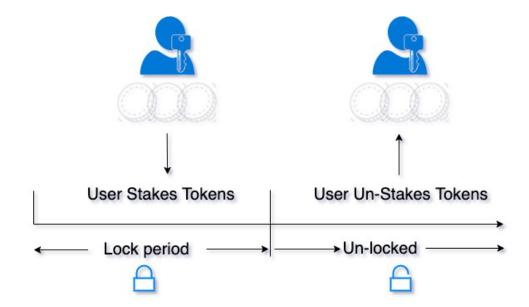
Call Graph

The contract for More Pad has the following call graph structure.



What is a Staking Contract

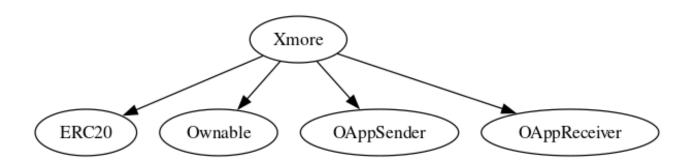
A smart contract which allows users to stake and un-stake a specified ERC20 token. Staked tokens are locked for a specific length of time (set by the contrat owner at the outset). Once the time period has elapsed, the user can remove their tokens again.



Inheritance

The contract for More Pad has the following inheritance structure.

The Project has a Total Supply of



Privileged Functions (onlyOwner)

Please Note if the contract is Renounced none of this functions can be executed. Visibility **Function Name Parameters** refuncdMinter External refundAmountToMinter External setMintQuantityPerPoo External setOracle **Public** setPoolInfo **Public** setMintingEnabled **Public** setAllowLocalTransfer **Public** setRefundEnabled **Public** withdraw **Public** withdrawTo **Public** setCheckAuthorizedPa **Public** rty addAuthorizedParty **Public** removeAuthorizedParty **Public**

MPAD-19 | Centralization Privileges of onlyOwner.

Category	Severity	Location	Status
	Medium	MOT_1.sol:	■ Detected

Description

Centralized Privileges are found on the functions outlined in the OnlyOwner Section.

Remediation

Inheriting from Ownable and calling its constructor on yours ensures that the address deploying your contract is registered as the owner. The onlyOwner modifier makes a function revert if not called by the address registered as the owner.

Project Action

MPAD-22 | Unauthorized Access to Oracle Functions.

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Access Control	High	MOT_1.sol:	Detected

Description

Oracle-related functions can be called by unauthorized addresses.

Remediation

Ensure only the designated oracle address can call these functions.

Project Action

MPAD-24 | Refund Transfer Failure.

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Error Handling	Informational	MOT_1.sol:	Detected

Description

Refunds may fail due to insufficient gas or balance.

Remediation

Implement a more robust refund mechanism with event logging for failures.

Project Action

Technical Findings SummaryClassification of Risk

Severity	Description	
Critical	Risks are those that impact the safe functioning of a platform and must be addressed before launch. Users should not invest in any project with outstanding critical risks.	
High	Risks can include centralization issues and logical errors. Under specific circumstances, these major risks can lead to loss of funds and/or control of the project.	
Medium	Risks may not pose a direct risk to users' funds, but they can affect the overall functioning of a platform	
	Risks can be any of the above but on a smaller scale. They generally do not compromise the overall integrity of the Project, but they may be less efficient than other solutions.	
1 Informational	Errors are often recommended to improve the code's style or certain operations to fall within industry best practices. They usually do not affect the overall functioning of the code.	

Findings

Severity	Found	Pending	Resolved
Critical	0	0	1
High	1	1	0
Medium	1	1	2
O Low	0	0	2
Informational	1	1	0
Total	3	3	5

Social Media Checks

Social Media	URL	Result
Twitter	https://x.com/morepad404	Pass
Other		N/A
Website	https://www.morepad.io/	Pass
Telegram		Fail

We recommend to have 3 or more social media sources including a completed working websites.

Social Media Information Notes:

Auditor Notes: undefined Project Owner Notes:



Assessment Results

Score Results

Review	Score
Overall Score	81/100
Auditor Score	80/100
Review by Section	Score
Manual Scan Score	19
Auto Scan Score	37
Advance Check Score	25

The Following Score System Has been Added to this page to help understand the value of the audit, the maximum score is 100, however to attain that value the project most pass and provide all the data needed for the assessment. Our Passing Score has been changed to 84 Points for a higher standard, if a project does not attain 85% is an automatic failure. Read our notes and final assessment below.

Audit Fail



Assessment Results Important Notes:

- Access Control: The contract relies heavily on the oracle for critical functions, which poses a risk if the oracle is compromised. Implementing multi-signature controls or additional authorization checks is recommended.
- Reentrancy: Although the contract uses ReentrancyGuard, the refund mechanism in certain functions could still be vulnerable. Ensure state changes are made before external calls.
- Arithmetic Safety: While Solidity 0.8 includes overflow checks, ensure all arithmetic operations are safe, especially when dealing with large values.
- State Management: Functions like _correctTokenOverSupply may not consistently update state variables, leading to potential discrepancies. Ensure atomic and consistent state updates.
- Gas Optimization: The contract contains loops that could hit gas limits, particularly in functions handling large datasets. Consider optimizing these loops or implementing batch processing.
- External Calls: Unchecked return values from external calls can lead to silent failures. Implement checks and handle failures appropriately.
- Fallback Handling: The absence of a fallback function could lead to unexpected Ether transfers. Implement a fallback function to handle such cases.

- Overall Risk Classification.
- Risk Level: Medium to High
- Rationale: The contract has several critical issues, particularly around access control and input validation, which could lead to significant vulnerabilities if exploited.
- Audit Scorei

• Score: 80/100i

• Passing Threshold: 85/100i

• The contract currently does not meet the passing threshold due to the identified issues. Addressing these concerns will improve the score and enhance the contract's security and robustness.

Auditor Score =80 Audit Fail



Appendix

Finding Categories

Centralization / Privilege

Centralization / Privilege findings refer to either feature logic or implementation of components that actagainst the nature of decentralization, such as explicit ownership or specialized access roles incombination with a mechanism to relocate funds.

Gas Optimization

Gas Optimization findings do not affect the functionality of the code but generate different, more optimalEVM opcodes resulting in a reduction on the total gas cost of a transaction.

Logical Issue

Logical Issue findings detail a fault in the logic of the linked code, such as an incorrect notion on howblock.timestamp works.

Control Flow

Control Flow findings concern the access control imposed on functions, such as owner-only functionsbeing invoke-able by anyone under certain circumstances.

Volatile Code

Volatile Code findings refer to segments of code that behave unexpectedly on certain edge cases that mayresult in a vulnerability.

Coding Style

Coding Style findings usually do not affect the generated byte-code but rather comment on how to makethe codebase more legible and, as a result, easily maintainable.

Inconsistency

Inconsistency findings refer to functions that should seemingly behave similarly yet contain different code, such as a constructor assignment imposing different require statements on the input variables than a setterfunction.

Coding Best Practices

ERC 20 Conding Standards are a set of rules that each developer should follow to ensure the code meet a set of creterias and is readable by all the developers.

Disclaimer

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