

Problem A. 75870. Degree

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output
Time limit: 1 second
Memory limit: 256 megabytes

Find n -th degree of 2.

Input

($0 \leq n \leq 30$).

Output

Find n -th degree of 2.

Examples

standard input	standard output
0	1
30	1073741824

Problem B. 75878. To binary

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output
Time limit: 1 second
Memory limit: 256 megabytes

You should convert a number n from decimal system to binary system.

Input

You are given a natural number n . It is enough to use int type for n .

Output

Print in binary view a given number n .

Examples

standard input	standard output
8	1000
1	1
15	1111
9	1001

Problem C. 75883. Binary search

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output
Time limit: 1 second
Memory limit: 256 megabytes

You are given an sorted array. Try to find number x from this array.

Input

You are given n and n elements. After that, in the next line you are given a number x .

Output

If the given number x is in this array, print Yes, else print No.

Examples

standard input	standard output
5 1 2 3 4 5 1	Yes
5 1 2 3 4 5 2	Yes
5 1 2 3 4 5 7	No
5 1 2 3 4 5 10	No
5 1 2 3 4 5 5	Yes

Problem D. 75880. Sum of digits

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output
Time limit: 1 second
Memory limit: 256 megabytes

Find sum of digits of given number.

Input

You are given number n . It is not enough to use long long type.

Output

Print sum of digits.

Examples

standard input	standard output
45651	21
12345	15
123	6
9999	36
88888	40

Problem E. 75879. Unique divider

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output
Time limit: 1 second
Memory limit: 256 megabytes

Check the given number is 2-th degree.

Input

You are given natural number n . n is less than 2-th 63 degree.

Output

Print Yes, if given number is a 2-th degree. Else, print No.

Examples

standard input	standard output
32	Yes
15	No
24	No
8	Yes
1	Yes

Problem F. 75875. Even

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output
Time limit: 1 second
Memory limit: 256 megabytes

Print a count of even digits in a given number.

Input

A number n which consists from maximum 100 digits.

Output

Count of even digits.

Examples

standard input	standard output
11111111111111111111	0
23456	3
23458	3
987456123	4

Note

You should use string. Because int and long long cannot accept maximum value of n .

Problem G. 75872. Factorial

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output
Time limit: 1 second
Memory limit: 256 megabytes

Find n factorial.

Input

$(0 \leq n \leq 25)$.

Output

Print a n factorial.

Examples

standard input	standard output
5	120
3	6
0	1

Problem H. 75874. Fibonacci

Input file: **standard input**
Output file: **standard output**
Time limit: 1 second
Memory limit: 256 megabytes

Find n -th fibonacci number. The Fibonacci sequence is a series of numbers where a number is found by adding up the two numbers before it. Starting with 0 and 1, the sequence goes 0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, and so forth.

Input

($1 \leq n \leq 40$).

Output

Print a n -th fibonacci number.

Examples

standard input	standard output
1	0
2	1
3	1
4	2
5	3

Problem I. 75882. Infinite

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output
Time limit: 1 second
Memory limit: 256 megabytes

You are given a sequence of numbers. It is a too long sequence. It will stop when user enters 0. Print sum of entered numbers.

Input

You are given a sequence which finishes with 0. Sum can be larger than int type.

Output

Print sum of entered numbers.

Examples

standard input	standard output
1 2 3 4 5 6 0	21
-1 -2 -3 4 5 -2 0	1
-2 2 -2 2 -2 2 0	0
100 100 12 100 -312 0	0
1 1 1 1 1 1 0	6

Problem J. 75863. Heater Almat

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output
Time limit: 1 second
Memory limit: 256 megabytes

Almat does not love digits. Therefore, he always divides digits to two and takes one part for himself. For example, yesterday he noticed a number 865 in the street. At first, he took the half of first digit ($8/2 = 4$), then second digit's part ($6/2 = 3$), then third digit's part ($5/2 = 2$).

Input

You are given a natural number n .

Output

Print a sum of digits which Almat takes for himself when he will notice the number n .

Example

standard input	standard output
865	9

Note

$$8/2 + 6/2 + 5/2 = 9$$

Problem K. 75876. Maximum digit

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output
Time limit: 1 second
Memory limit: 256 megabytes

You are given a big number n . You should find a maximum digit of this big number.

Input

A number n which consists from maximum 100 digits.

Output

Print a maximum digit.

Examples

standard input	standard output
123444	4
123456	6
1234568	8
10000	1
0	0

Note

You should use string. Because int and long long cannot accept maximum value of n .

Problem L. 75881. Is it Palindrome?

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output
Time limit: 1 second
Memory limit: 256 megabytes

You are given a string. Check is it palindrome or not?

Input

string s .

Output

Print Yes, if s is palindrome. Otherwise, print No.

Examples

standard input	standard output
m	Yes
ma	No
mam	Yes
mama	No
mamam	Yes

Problem M. 75858. Simple Recursion

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output
Time limit: 1 second
Memory limit: 256 megabytes

Print all natural numbers until n with help of recursion (n is inclusive).

Input

Given a natural number n .

Output

Print all natural numbers until n with help of recursion (n is inclusive).

Examples

standard input	standard output
4	1 2 3 4
1	1

Note

The solving an above exercise without recursion is a meaningless job.

Problem N. 75867. Cheater

Input file: **standard input**
Output file: **standard output**
Time limit: **1 second**
Memory limit: **256 megabytes**

There were n problems in second quiz. Teachers wanted to define who is a cheater. If student solves a two or more exercise in k minutes it is a obvious that he is a cheater.

Input

You are given natural numbers n and k . Second line consists from n numbers. i -th element is a time when a student solved i -th problem. ($2 \leq n \leq 100$, $1 \leq k \leq 10$).

Output

Print "cheater" if a student is a cheater, "no" otherwise.

Examples

standard input	standard output
5 3 1 22 12 35 20	cheater
6 5 1 7 16 29 35 45	no

Problem O. 75877. To k-inary

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output
Time limit: 1 second
Memory limit: 256 megabytes

I hope that previous exercise was easy for you. Now we will solve something new. A system called as decimal because we use 10 digits. But also we have 26 letters. Now your task is a printing a number n in k -inary system.

Input

You are given a natural number n and k . It is enough to use int type for n . k can be maximum 36.

Output

Print n in k -th number system.

Examples

standard input	standard output
15 16	F
7 3	21
1000 30	13A
1000 32	V8
100 15	6A