



Cod3x LEND 3 Fuzzing - Beirao audit 01/12/2024

Introduction

A time-boxed security review of the Granary V2 protocol was done by [Beirao](#), with a focus on the security aspects of the application's smart contracts implementation.

Disclaimer

A smart contract security review can never verify the complete absence of vulnerabilities. This is a time, resource and expertise bound effort where I try to find as many vulnerabilities as possible. I can not guarantee 100% security after the review or even if the review will find any problems with your smart contracts. Subsequent security reviews, bug bounty programs and on-chain monitoring are strongly recommended.

About Beirao

I'm an independent smart contract security researcher. I extend my skills as a contractor specializing in EVM smart contracts security. If you're in need of robust code review, I'm here to help. We can get in touch via [Twitter](#) or [Email](#).

About Cod3x Lend

The purpose of this audit is to highlight high level errors due to the new rehypothecation and minipool mechanism. This is not a line-by-line review, so some hidden errors may remain.

Observations

Cod3x lend is a AAVE V2 fork that adds:

- Updated pragmas (^0.8.0)
- Lending pool external rehypothecation
- The concept of minipools. Minipools are sub-markets that have a privileged borrowing capacity on the main lending pool.

Scope

The following smart contracts were in scope of the audit: (total : **8056** SLoC)

- `contracts/protocol/**`

Previous audits

Trail of Bits:

[Cod3x Foundation - Cod3x Lend - Comprehensive Security Assessment.pdf](#)

Beirao:

https://www.beirao.xyz/blog/SR10-Cod3x_Lend_1

Zigtur:

[Cod3x-Lend_Zigtur_Audit_V1.1.pdf](#)

Severity classification

Severity	Impact: High	Impact: Medium	Impact: Low
Likelihood: High	Critical	High	Medium
Likelihood: Medium	High	Medium	Low
Likelihood: Low	Medium	Low	Low

Impact - the technical, economic and reputation damage of a successful attack

Likelihood - the chance that a particular vulnerability gets discovered and exploited

Severity - the overall criticality of the risk

Security Assessment Summary

review commit hash - [bb2a3c08](#)

fixes review commit hash - [b984420c](#)

Deployment chains

- All EVMs.

Scope

The following smart contracts were in scope of the audit: (total : **8056** SLoC)

- `contracts/protocol/**`

Findings Summary

Summary :

- **2** High(s)
- **3** Medium(s)

ID	Title	Status
H-01	<code>AToken6909.totalSupply()</code> doesn't return the correct answer if debtToken.	Fix
H-02	Rebalance rehypothecation DOS	Fix
M-01	Rounding issue in <code>ValidationLogic.validateWithdraw()</code>	Fix
M-02	Rounding issue in <code>ValidationLogic.validateBorrow()</code>	Fix
M-03	<code>userConfig</code> inconsistency	Fix

Properties

✓ : Passing

✗ : Failing

General (same for the LendingPool and MiniPools)

100. ✓ To be liquidated on a given collateral asset, the target user must own the associated `aTokenColl`.

- 101. ✓ To be liquidated on a given token, the target user must own the associated `vTokenDebt`.
- 102. ✓ `liquidationCall()` must only be callable when the target health factor is < 1 .
- 103. ✓ `liquidationCall()` must decrease the target `vTokenDebt` balance by `amount`.
- 104. ✓ `liquidationCall()` must increase the liquidator `aTokenColl` (or `collAsset`) balance.
- 105. ✓ `liquidationCall()` must decrease the liquidator debt asset balance if `randReceiveAToken` is true or `collAsset` is n
- 106. ✓ `setFlowLimit()` must correctly decrease the flow.

LendingPool

- 200. ✓ Users must always be able to deposit in normal condition.
- 201. ✓ `deposit()` must increase the user aToken balance by `amount`.
- 202. ✓ `deposit()` must decrease the user asset balance by `amount`.
- 203. ✓ `withdraw()` must decrease the user aToken balance by `amount`.
- 204. ✓ `withdraw()` must increase the user asset balance by `amount`.
- 205. ✓ A user must not be able to `borrow()` if they don't own aTokens.
- 206. ✓ `borrow()` must only be possible if the user health factor is greater than 1.
- 207. ✗ `borrow()` must not result in a health factor of less than 1.
- 208. ✓ `borrow()` must increase the user debtToken balance by `amount`.
- 209. ✓ `borrow()` must decrease `borrowAllowance()` by `amount` if `user != onBehalf`.
- 210. ✓ `repay()` must decrease the onBehalfOf debtToken balance by `amount`.
- 211. ✓ `repay()` must decrease the user asset balance by `amount`.
- 212. ✓ `healthFactorAfter` must be greater than `healthFactorBefore` as long as liquidations are done in time.
- 213. ✓ `setUseReserveAsCollateral` must not reduce the health factor below 1.
- 214. ✓ Users must not be able to steal funds from flashloans.
- 215. ✓ The total value borrowed must always be less than the value of the collaterals.
- 216. ✓ The `liquidityIndex` should monotonically increase when there is collateral.
- 217. ✓ The `variableBorrowIndex` should monotonically increase when there is debt.
- 218. ✓ A user with debt should have at least an aToken balance `setUsingAsCollateral`.
- 219. ✓ Integrity of Deposit Cap - aToken supply should never exceed the cap.
- 220. ✓ `UserConfigurationMap` integrity: If a user has a given aToken then `isUsingAsCollateralOrBorrowing` and `isUsing`
- 221. ✓ `UserConfigurationMap` integrity: If a user has a given debtToken then `isUsingAsCollateralOrBorrowing`, `isBorrow`
- 222. ✓ Rehypothecation: farming percentage must be respected (+/- the drift) after a rebalance occurred.
- 223. ✓ Rehypothecation: The profit handler address must see its balance increase after reaching the claiming threshold.
- 224. ✓ `withdraw()` must not result in a health factor of less than 1.
- 225. ✗ Rehypothecation: farming percentage must be respected (+/- the drift) after any operation.

ATokens/ATokenNonRebasing

- 300. ✓ Zero amount transfers should not break accounting.
- 301. ✓ Once a user has a debt, they must not be able to transfer aTokens if this results in a health factor less than 1.
- 302. ✓ Transfers for more than available balance should not be allowed.
- 303. ✓ Transfers should update accounting correctly.
- 304. ✓ Self transfers should not break accounting.
- 305. ✓ Zero amount transfers must not break accounting.
- 306. ✓ Once a user has a debt, they must not be able to transfer aTokens if this results in a health factor less than 1.
- 307. ✓ Transfers for more than available balance must not be allowed.
- 308. ✓ `transferFrom()` must only transfer if the sender has enough allowance from the `from` address.
- 309. ✓ Transfers must update accounting correctly.
- 310. ✓ Self transfers must not break accounting.
- 311. ✓ `transferFrom()` must decrease allowance.
- 312. ✓ `approve()` must never revert.
- 313. ✓ Allowance must be modified correctly via `approve()`.
- 314. ✓ `increaseAllowance()` must never revert.
- 315. ✓ Allowance must be modified correctly via `increaseAllowance()`.

- 316. ✓ `'decreaseAllowance()'` must revert when the user tries to decrease more than currently allowed.
- 317. ✓ Allowance must be modified correctly via `'decreaseAllowance()'`.
- 318. ✓ Force feeding assets in LendingPool, ATokens, debtTokens, MiniPools or AToken6909 must not change the final r
- 319. ✓ Force feeding aToken in LendingPool, ATokens, debtTokens, MiniPools or AToken6909 must not change the final r
- 320. ✓ A user must not hold more than total supply.
- 321. ✓ Sum of users' balances must not exceed total supply.
- 322. ✓ `'ATokenNonRebasing' balanceOf()'` should be equivalent to `'ATokens'` adjusted to the conversion rate.
- 323. ✓ `'ATokenNonRebasing' transfer()'` should be equivalent to `'ATokens'` adjusted to the conversion rate.
- 324. ✗ `'ATokenNonRebasing' transferFrom()'` should be equivalent to `'ATokens'` adjusted to the conversion rate.
- 325. ✓ Allowance must be modified correctly via `'ATokenNonRebasing.approve()'`.
- 326. ✓ `'ATokenNonRebasing.approve()'` must not modify `'AToken.allowance()'`.

DebtTokens

- 400. ✓ `'approveDelegation()'` must never revert.
- 401. ✓ Allowance must be modified correctly via `'approve()'`.

MiniPool

- 500. ✓ Users must always be able to deposit in normal condition.
- 501. ✓ `'deposit()'` must increase the user AToken6909 balance by `'amount'`.
- 502. ✓ `'deposit()'` must decrease the user asset balance by `'amount'`.
- 503. ✓ `'withdraw()'` must decrease the user AToken6909 balance by `'amount'`.
- 504. ✓ `'withdraw()'` must increase the user asset balance by `'amount'`.
- 505. ✗ `'withdraw()'` must not result in a health factor of less than 1.
- 506. ✓ A user must not be able to `'borrow()'` if they don't own AToken6909.
- 507. ✓ `'borrow()'` must only be possible if the user health factor is greater than 1.
- 508. ✗ `'borrow()'` must not result in a health factor of less than 1.
- 509. ✓ `'borrow()'` must increase the user debtToken balance by `'amount'` when flow borrowing is disabled.
- 510. ✓ `'borrow()'` must decrease `'borrowAllowance()'` by `'amount'` if `'user != onBehalf'`.
- 511. ✓ `'repay()'` must decrease the onBehalfOf debtToken balance by `'amount'`.
- 512. ✓ `'repay()'` must decrease the user asset balance by `'amount'`.
- 513. ✓ `'healthFactorAfter'` must be greater than `'healthFactorBefore'` as long as liquidations are done in time.
- 514. ✓ `'setUseReserveAsCollateral'` must not reduce the health factor below 1.
- 515. ✓ Users must not be able to steal funds from flashloans.
- 516. ✓ The total value borrowed must always be less than the value of the collateral when flow borrowing is disabled.
- 517. ✓ The `'liquidityIndex'` should monotonically increase when there is collateral.
- 518. ✓ The `'variableBorrowIndex'` should monotonically increase when there is debt.
- 519. ✓ A user with debt should have at least an AToken6909 balance `'setUsingAsCollateral'`.
- 520. ✓ Integrity of Deposit Cap - aToken supply should never exceed the cap.
- 521. ✗ `'UserConfigurationMap'` integrity: If a user has a given aToken then `'isUsingAsCollateralOrBorrowing'` and `'isUsing`
- 522. ✓ `'UserConfigurationMap'` integrity: If a user has a given debtToken then `'isUsingAsCollateralOrBorrowing'`, `'isBorro`
- 523. ✓ If a minipool is flow borrowing, for a given reserve, the Lendingpool liquidity interest rate remain lower than the mi
- 524. ✓ The aToken remainder of each assets with flow borrowing activated should remain greater than `ERROR_REMAIND`
- 525. ✓ If a minipool is flow borrowing then its address must be included in `'LendingPool._minipoolFlowBorrowing'`.
- 526. ✓ If a minipool is not flow borrowing then its address must not be included in `'LendingPool._minipoolFlowBorrowing'`

AToken6909

- 600. ✓ Zero amount transfers should not break accounting.
- 601. ✓ Once a user has a debt, they must not be able to transfer aTokens if this results in a health factor less than 1.
- 602. ✓ Transfers for more than available balance should not be allowed.
- 603. ✓ Transfers should update accounting correctly.
- 604. ✓ Self transfers should not break accounting.

- 605. ✓ Zero amount transfers must not break accounting.
- 606. ✓ Once a user has a debt, they must not be able to transfer AToken6909s if this results in a health factor less than 1.
- 607. ✓ Transfers for more than available balance must not be allowed.
- 608. ✓ `transferFrom()` must only transfer if the sender has enough allowance from the `from` address.
- 609. ✓ Transfers must update accounting correctly.
- 610. ✓ Self transfers must not break accounting.
- 611. ✓ `transferFrom()` must decrease allowance.
- 612. ✓ `approve()` must never revert.
- 613. ✓ Allowance must be modified correctly via `approve()`.
- 614. ✓ Force feeding AToken6909 in MiniPools or AToken6909 must not change the final result.
- 615. ✓ `approveDelegation()` must never revert.
- 616. ✓ Allowance must be modified correctly via `approve()`.
- 617. ✗ A user must not hold more than total supply.
- 618. ✓ Sum of users' balances must not exceed total supply.

Entry points

Admin entry points

LendingPoolAddressesProvider

- `setAddressAsProxy(bytes32 id, address implementationAddress)`
- `setLendingPoolImpl(address pool)`
- `setLendingPoolConfiguratorImpl(address configurator)`
- `setAddress(bytes32 id, address newAddress)`
- `setPoolAdmin(address admin)`
- `setPriceOracle(address priceOracle)`
- `setMiniPoolAddressesProvider(address provider)`
- `setFlowLimiter(address flowLimiter)`
- `setEmergencyAdmin(address emergencyAdmin)`
- `setPoolAdmin(address admin)`

LendingPoolConfigurator

- `batchInitReserve(InitReserveInput[] calldata input)`
- `updateAToken(UpdateATokenInput calldata input)`
- `updateVariableDebtToken(UpdateDebtTokenInput calldata input)`
- `enableBorrowingOnReserve(address asset, bool reserveType)`
- `disableBorrowingOnReserve(address asset, bool reserveType)`
- `configureReserveAsCollateral(address asset, bool reserveType, uint256 ltv, uint256 liquidationThreshold, uint256 liquidationPriorityFee)`
- `activateReserve(address asset, bool reserveType)`
- `deactivateReserve(address asset, bool reserveType)`
- `freezeReserve(address asset, bool reserveType)`
- `unfreezeReserve(address asset, bool reserveType)`
- `setCod3xReserveFactor(address asset, bool reserveType, uint256 reserveFactor)`
- `setDepositCap(address asset, bool reserveType, uint256 depositCap)`
- `setReserveInterestRateStrategyAddress(address asset, bool reserveType, address rateStrategyAddress)`
- `setPoolPause(bool val)`
- `setFarmingPct(address aTokenAddress, uint256 farmingPct)`
- `setClaimingThreshold(address aTokenAddress, uint256 claimingThreshold)`

```

- `setFarmingPctDrift(address aTokenAddress, uint256 _farmingPctDrift)`
- `setProfitHandler(address aTokenAddress, address _profitHandler)`
- `setVault(address aTokenAddress, address _vault)`
- `rebalance(address aTokenAddress)`
- `setRewarderForReserve(address asset, bool reserveType, address rewarder)`
- `setTreasury(address asset, bool reserveType, address rewarder)`
- `updateFlashloanPremiumTotal(uint128 newFlashloanPremiumTotal)`
- `enableFlashloan(address asset, bool reserveType)`
- `disableFlashloan(address asset, bool reserveType)`

```

MiniPoolAddressProvider

```

- `deployMiniPool(address miniPoolImpl, address aTokenImpl)`
- `setFlowLimit(address asset, address miniPool, uint256 limit)`
- `setMiniPoolImpl(address impl, uint256 miniPoolId)`
- `setAToken6909Impl(address impl, uint256 miniPoolId)`
- `setAddress(bytes32 id, address newAddress)`
- `setMiniPoolConfigurator(address configuratorImpl)`
- `setCod3xTreasury(uint256 id, address treasury)`

```

MiniPoolConfiguration

```

- `batchInitReserve(InitReserveInput[] calldata input, IMiniPool pool)`
- `enableBorrowingOnReserve(address asset, IMiniPool pool)`
- `disableBorrowingOnReserve(address asset, IMiniPool pool)`
- `configureReserveAsCollateral(address asset, uint256 ltv, uint256 liquidationThreshold, uint256 liquidationBonus, IMiniPool pool)`
- `activateReserve(address asset, IMiniPool pool)`
- `deactivateReserve(address asset, IMiniPool pool)`
- `freezeReserve(address asset, IMiniPool pool)`
- `unfreezeReserve(address asset, IMiniPool pool)`
- `enableFlashloan(address asset, IMiniPool pool)`
- `disableFlashloan(address asset, IMiniPool pool)`
- `setCod3xReserveFactor(address asset, uint256 reserveFactor, IMiniPool pool)`
- `setMinipoolOwnerReserveFactor(address asset, uint256 reserveFactor, IMiniPool pool)`
- `setDepositCap(address asset, uint256 depositCap, IMiniPool pool)`
- `setReserveInterestRateStrategyAddress(address asset, address rateStrategyAddress, IMiniPool pool)`
- `setPoolPause(bool val, IMiniPool pool)`
- `setRewarderForReserve(address asset, address rewarder, IMiniPool pool)`
- `updateFlashloanPremiumTotal(uint128 newFlashloanPremiumTotal, IMiniPool pool)`

```

Oracle

```

- `setAssetSources(address[] calldata assets, address[] calldata sources, uint256[] calldata timeouts)`
- `setFallbackOracle(address fallbackOracle)`

```

BasePiReserveRateStrategy

```

- `setOptimalUtilizationRate(uint256 optimalUtilizationRate)`
- `setMinControllerError(int256 minControllerError)`
- `setPidValues(uint256 kp, uint256 ki, int256 maxTimeAmp)`

```

User entry points

LendingPool

```

- `deposit(address asset, bool reserveType, uint256 amount, address onBehalfOf)`
- `withdraw(address asset, bool reserveType, uint256 amount, address onBehalfOf)`
- `borrow(address asset, bool reserveType, uint256 amount, address onBehalfOf)`
- `repay(address asset, bool reserveType, uint256 amount, address onBehalfOf)`
- `repayWithATokens(address asset, bool reserveType, uint256 amount)`
- `setUserUseReserveAsCollateral(address asset, bool reserveType, bool useAsCollateral)`
- `liquidationCall(address collateralAsset, bool collateralAssetType, address debtAsset, bool debtAssetType, address user,
- `flashLoan(FlashLoanParams memory flashLoanParams, uint256[] calldata amounts, uint256[] calldata modes, bytes cal

```

AToken

```

- `transfer(address recipient, uint256 amount)`
- `transferFrom(address sender, address recipient, uint256 amount)`
- `approve(address spender, uint256 amount)`
- `increaseAllowance(address spender, uint256 addedValue)`
- `decreaseAllowance(address spender, uint256 subtractedValue)`
- `permit(address owner, address spender, uint256 value, uint256 deadline, uint8 v, bytes32 r, bytes32 s)`

```

ATokenNonRebasing

```

- `transfer(address recipient, uint256 amountShare)`
- `transferFrom(address sender, address recipient, uint256 amountShare)`
- `approve(address spender, uint256 amountShare)`
- `increaseAllowance(address spender, uint256 addedValue)`
- `decreaseAllowance(address spender, uint256 subtractedValue)`

```

VariableDebtToken

```

- `approveDelegation(address delegatee, uint256 amount)`

```

Minipool

```

- `deposit(address asset, bool wrap, uint256 amount, address onBehalfOf)`
- `withdraw(address asset, bool unwrap, uint256 amount, address to)`
- `borrow(address asset, bool unwrap, uint256 amount, address onBehalfOf)`
- `repay(address asset, bool wrap, uint256 amount, address onBehalfOf)`
- `setUserUseReserveAsCollateral(address asset, bool useAsCollateral)`
- `liquidationCall(address collateralAsset, address debtAsset, address user, uint256 debtToCover, bool receiveAToken)`
- `flashLoan(FlashLoanParams memory flashLoanParams, uint256[] calldata amounts, uint256[] calldata modes, bytes cal

```

AToken6909

```

- `transfer(address to, uint256 id, uint256 amount)`
- `transferFrom(address from, address to, uint256 id, uint256 amount)`
- `approve(address spender, uint256 id, uint256 amount)`
- `setOperator(address operator, bool approved)`
- `approveDelegation(address delegatee, uint256 id, uint256 amount)`

```

[H-01] `AToken6909.totalSupply()` doesn't return the correct answer if debtToken.

PropertiesMain.randForceFeedAssetLP((78, 207, 202, 243, 13, 25, 164, 65, 207, 194, 154, 77, true),51,3252853869160!
 PropertiesMain.randATokenNonRebasingApproveLP((0, 103, 72, 45, 117, 46, 48, 10, 0, 11, 1, 22695645027553496403!
 PropertiesMain.userDebtIntegrityMP()
 wait Time delay: 48 seconds Block delay: 2971
 wait Time delay: 74283 seconds Block delay: 4045
 PropertiesMain.randRehypothecationRebalanceLP((159, 235, 3, 80, 54, 44, 48, 35, 97, 207, 57, 192481140412600448!
 PropertiesMain.randApproveLP((79, 23, 63, 21, 59, 39, 216, 253, 87, 159, 171, 3082701675834598909748566082563!
 PropertiesMain.randApproveLP((231, 63, 155, 165, 132, 164, 249, 228, 11, 253, 5, 47, true),254,16,161,66744571139551!
 PropertiesMain.randRehypothecationRebalanceLP((108, 19, 8, 6, 0, 9, 92, 32, 11, 79, 41, 10499, false),0)
 wait Time delay: 162891 seconds Block delay: 27233
 PropertiesMain.randApproveDelegation((81, 63, 161, 16, 22, 170, 207, 52, 254, 35, 161, 1774647075, true),33,53,32,765
 PropertiesMain.randDepositLP((60, 253, 65, 130, 108, 21, 105, 17, 220, 223, 104, 8501, false),129,4,53,138) Time delay:
 PropertiesMain.randApproveMP((121, 97, 38, 70, 17, 103, 249, 65, 79, 2, 47, 12537135613975761749774071115874566!
 PropertiesMain.randRehypothecationRebalanceLP((161, 85, 85, 247, 12, 155, 252, 253, 129, 158, 207, 11906361879543
 PropertiesMain.balanceIntegrityMP((11, 194, 97, 0, 53, 56, 20, 105, 194, 27, 20, 899201220557890054774944416057!
 PropertiesMain.randApproveDelegation((21, 4, 52, 223, 1, 1, 9, 163, 36, 147, 31, 1905704888318825403297019541326
 wait Time delay: 203494 seconds Block delay: 6047
 PropertiesMain.userDebtIntegrityMP()
 PropertiesMain.userDebtIntegrityLP()
 wait Time delay: 30845 seconds Block delay: 4305
 PropertiesMain.userDebtIntegrityMP() Time delay: 78 seconds Block delay: 2948
 PropertiesMain.balanceIntegrityMP((77, 8, 32, 33, 4, 24, 10, 6, 145, 29, 0, 8, false))
 wait Time delay: 86037 seconds Block delay: 7373
 PropertiesMain.randATokenNonRebasingApproveLP((0, 103, 165, 95, 117, 46, 251, 10, 2, 12, 2, 226956450275534964!
 PropertiesMain.randDepositMP((46, 224, 184, 84, 5, 127, 178, 45, 253, 254, 5, 223, false),155,140,39,68,33540519)
 PropertiesMain.globalSolvencyCheckLP() Time delay: 49950 seconds Block delay: 2948
 PropertiesMain.randATokenNonRebasingApproveLP((77, 97, 13, 49, 253, 35, 21, 99, 68, 83, 95, 26405131928208058!
 PropertiesMain.randForceFeedAssetLP((121, 196, 95, 129, 47, 47, 84, 133, 53, 68, 93, 2801205234104433009471259!
 PropertiesMain.globalSolvencyCheckLP()
 PropertiesMain.randDepositMP((50, 236, 34, 13, 177, 63, 33, 231, 142, 160, 247, 100000000, false),161,0,213,69,45999
 PropertiesMain.randApproveLP((66, 33, 10, 92, 113, 65, 76, 133, 144, 93, 48, 31784581303690635858714900557967!
 wait Time delay: 61634 seconds Block delay: 7197
 PropertiesMain.indexIntegrityLP()
 PropertiesMain.randATokenNonRebasingBalanceOfLP((223, 73, 219, 50, 1, 17, 1, 3, 6, 24, 1, 146, false),2,10)
 PropertiesMain.randATokenNonRebasingApproveLP((8, 76, 86, 118, 94, 253, 46, 14, 92, 15, 77, 1527498425753102410
 PropertiesMain.globalSolvencyCheckMP()
 PropertiesMain.randApproveLP((8, 254, 13, 166, 164, 47, 21, 136, 7, 89, 252, 258158516, true),237,253,14,2489636238
 PropertiesMain.randSetUseReserveAsCollateralMP((0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2184627040413612137536747132613
 PropertiesMain.globalSolvencyCheckMP() Time delay: 1426 seconds Block delay: 4387
 PropertiesMain.userDebtIntegrityLP() Time delay: 23959 seconds Block delay: 5637
 wait Time delay: 80900 seconds Block delay: 12739
 PropertiesMain.userDebtIntegrityMP() Time delay: 32745 seconds Block delay: 1846
 PropertiesMain.randATokenNonRebasingBalanceOfLP((241, 233, 254, 7, 41, 18, 4, 92, 164, 46, 4, 3402823669209384
 PropertiesMain.randApproveMP((91, 63, 2, 128, 72, 46, 209, 65, 139, 20, 74, 25697903422467082713227276079791!
 wait Time delay: 31346 seconds Block delay: 7468
 PropertiesMain.randATokenNonRebasingApproveLP((252, 162, 63, 36, 161, 40, 76, 198, 110, 212, 93, 0, false),170,72,5,
 wait Time delay: 23845 seconds Block delay: 6913
 PropertiesMain.randApproveDelegation((209, 254, 76, 87, 252, 80, 153, 21, 192, 18, 170, 18, false),10,236,7,502) Time c
 wait Time delay: 137297 seconds Block delay: 3539
 wait Time delay: 64670 seconds Block delay: 781
 PropertiesMain.randApproveDelegation((20, 92, 31, 53, 56, 37, 187, 16, 165, 10, 148, 5, false),152,208,182,29785109416
 PropertiesMain.userDebtIntegrityLP() Time delay: 68550 seconds Block delay: 5000
 PropertiesMain.randApproveDelegation((13, 161, 3, 34, 44, 85, 1, 64, 229, 21, 9, 8000, false),231,20,69,153417551564
 PropertiesMain.randBorrowMP((246, 132, 94, 225, 62, 252, 136, 230, 6, 252, 32, 6814348265890715082898520405:

```

PropertiesMain.randForceFeedAssetLP((0, 45, 26, 60, 209, 14, 0, 227, 51, 3, 9, 7536396225533125978320862816564
PropertiesMain.invariantRehypothecationLP()
PropertiesMain.randATokenNonRebasingBalanceOfLP((83, 9, 81, 5, 9, 25, 62, 15, 9, 253, 254, 2645899438, false),197
*wait* Time delay: 16424 seconds Block delay: 5721
PropertiesMain.invariantRehypothecationLP() Time delay: 80854 seconds Block delay: 626
PropertiesMain.randApproveMP((21, 7, 8, 31, 0, 146, 83, 45, 28, 16, 107, 1245155592894319771900453884942407332
PropertiesMain.randATokenNonRebasingApproveLP((22, 4, 86, 156, 254, 136, 33, 254, 246, 251, 203, 783, false),186,
PropertiesMain.randApproveMP((91, 63, 2, 128, 48, 29, 141, 65, 39, 20, 74, 2562165051625224957452408117462257
PropertiesMain.globalSolvencyCheckMP()
PropertiesMain.randDepositMP((186, 238, 24, 0, 110, 32, 93, 57, 98, 153, 1, 1147254174184375060945189063382897
PropertiesMain.globalSolvencyCheckMP()
PropertiesMain.randIncreaseAllowanceLP((56, 8, 240, 79, 206, 234, 65, 78, 59, 52, 251, 33540519, false),7,2,48,4861
PropertiesMain.invariantRehypothecationLP()
PropertiesMain.randDepositLP((8, 19, 101, 6, 75, 98, 163, 250, 91, 56, 180, 1619524544008085453787096380625772
*wait* Time delay: 35918 seconds Block delay: 7639
PropertiesMain.indexIntegrityLP()
*wait* Time delay: 188294 seconds Block delay: 3585
PropertiesMain.randRehypothecationRebalanceLP((205, 223, 37, 129, 56, 27, 249, 127, 150, 32, 148, 179533011171480
PropertiesMain.randApproveMP((137, 63, 2, 44, 72, 42, 83, 65, 139, 20, 74, 234357890169326807306158802478324
PropertiesMain.randApproveMP((4, 163, 22, 183, 160, 169, 73, 65, 7, 214, 38, 768, false),22,48,0,111,843049181685847
PropertiesMain.randATokenNonRebasingApproveLP((246, 119, 79, 6, 254, 173, 33, 1, 64, 184, 63, 65537, true),0,85,25
PropertiesMain.randBorrowMP((76, 234, 88, 45, 251, 125, 101, 216, 184, 142, 113, 11935599927562338104773530395
PropertiesMain.randATokenNonRebasingApproveLP((0, 144, 165, 95, 117, 46, 222, 6, 0, 2, 0, 82946763120908150161C
*wait* Time delay: 53014 seconds Block delay: 3457
PropertiesMain.globalSolvencyCheckLP()
PropertiesMain.globalSolvencyCheckMP()
*wait* Time delay: 5820 seconds Block delay: 8440
PropertiesMain.randApproveDelegation((1, 31, 213, 154, 95, 159, 63, 252, 252, 74, 95, 91355125619628245492144631
PropertiesMain.randApproveDelegationMP((200, 224, 61, 145, 96, 229, 165, 49, 122, 7, 91, 99999, false),53,222,20,4)
PropertiesMain.randApproveMP((91, 5, 159, 151, 51, 197, 67, 253, 197, 65, 18, 29950613002632017509409596699997
PropertiesMain.balanceIntegrityMP((7, 254, 62, 53, 127, 216, 236, 191, 52, 30, 76, 20, true)) Time delay: 21372 second

emit AssertFail(«617»)

```

Recommendation

from:

```

function totalSupply(uint256 id) public view override returns (uint256) {
    uint256 currentSupplyScaled = super.totalSupply(id);

    if (currentSupplyScaled == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

    return currentSupplyScaled.rayMul(
        POOL.getReserveNormalizedIncome(_underlyingAssetAddresses[id])
    );
}

```

To:

```

function totalSupply(uint256 id) public view override returns (uint256) {
    uint256 currentSupplyScaled = super.totalSupply(id);

```

```

    if (currentSupplyScaled == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

    if (isDebtToken(id)) {
        return currentSupplyScaled.mul(
            POOL.getReserveNormalizedVariableDebt(_underlyingAssetAddresses[id])
        );
    } else {
        return currentSupplyScaled.mul(
            POOL.getReserveNormalizedIncome(_underlyingAssetAddresses[id])
        );
    }
}

```


Fix :: <https://github.com/Cod3x-Labs/Cod3x-Lend/commit/f8cd1275b4764da728e040ed9dcfb0bcf314b332>

[H-02] Rebalance rehypothecation DOS

<https://github.com/Cod3x-Labs/Cod3x-Lend/blob/bb2a3c08df5ac7a95ceb20cdccd66c5f007e38d9/contracts/protocol/tokenization/ERC20/AToken.sol#L383-L389>

contracts/protocol/tokenization/ERC20/AToken.sol
Resolve thread


388
_underlyingAmount = _underlyingAmount + amount;


jonatascm commented on Dec 4, 2024 at 15:38 • edited

Why doesn't call to `rebalance(0)` here?

During the flashloan, the `_underlying` amount is reduced, transferred to the user, and rebalanced in the `transferUnderlyingTo()` function. Later, the (amount+fees) is paid back to `AToken` but not rebalanced again.


The first rebalance could withdraw tokens from the vault. Transferring the tokens back to `AToken` will not trigger a rebalance of the vault, so the tokens will not be deposited back into the vault.


B4irao commented on Dec 4, 2024 at 16:07

I think you are right.

`_rebalance(0)` should be called on line 389.

Great catch!



B4irao commented on Dec 11, 2024 at 18:47

Fuzzing confirms this finding:

```

invariantRehypothecation(): failed! ✖
Call sequence:
  PropertiesMain.randFlashloan((0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, false), 0, 0, 0)
  PropertiesMain.invariantRehypothecation()

```


Reply...

Call sequence

```
PropertiesMain.randFlashloan((0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, false),0,0,0,0)
PropertiesMain.invariantRehypotheation()
```

Recommendation

From:

```
function getAmountToDecreaseInEth(
    address oracle,
    address asset,
    uint256 amount,
    uint256 decimals
) internal view returns (uint256) {
    return IOracle(oracle).getAssetPrice(asset) * amount / (10 ** decimals);
}
```

To:

```
function getAmountToDecreaseInEth(
    address oracle,
    address asset,
    uint256 amount,
    uint256 decimals
) internal view returns (uint256) {
    return WadRayMath.divUp(IOracle(oracle).getAssetPrice(asset) * amount, 10 ** decimals);
}
```

In both `GenericLogic` and `MinipoolGenericLogic`.

Fix :: <https://github.com/Cod3x-Labs/Cod3x-Lend/commit/c72d768bd55fa969fad1d25af3930e1b7d87ae9e>

[M-02] Rounding issue in `ValidationLogic.validateBorrow()`


<https://github.com/Cod3x-Labs/Cod3x-Lend/blob/bb2a3c08df5ac7a95ceb20cdccd66c5f007e38d9/contracts/protocol/core/lendingpool/logic/ValidationLogic.sol#>

<https://github.com/Cod3x-Labs/Cod3x-Lend/blob/bb2a3c08df5ac7a95ceb20cdccd66c5f007e38d9/contracts/protocol/core/minipool/logic/MinipoolValidationLogic>

Properties `207` and `508` failed because the way the health factor is calculated in `ValidationLogic.validateWithdraw()` is different from the actual health factor at the end of the withdrawal transaction.

The health factor is greater than `1e18` [here](#), but ends up being less once the transaction is complete.

Call sequence

207 -  `borrow()` must not result in a health factor of less than 1.

`randBorrowLP((uint8,uint8,uint8,uint8,uint8,uint8,uint8,uint8,uint8,uint8,uint8,uint128,bool),uint8,uint8,uint8,uint128): failed`

Call sequence:

```
PropertiesMain.randApproveDelegation((0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, false),0,0,0,0)
PropertiesMain.randApproveDelegation((0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, false),0,0,0,0)
PropertiesMain.randATokenNonRebasingBalanceOfLP((0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, false),0,0)
PropertiesMain.randDepositLP((0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 15989, false),0,0,1,50)
PropertiesMain.randFlashloanLP((0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, false),0,0,0,0)
PropertiesMain.randApproveMP((0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, false),0,0,0,0,0)
PropertiesMain.randForceFeedAssetLP((0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, false),0,0,0,0)
PropertiesMain.randATokenNonRebasingBalanceOfLP((0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, false),0,0)
PropertiesMain.randATokenNonRebasingBalanceOfLP((0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, false),0,0)
PropertiesMain.randApproveDelegation((0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, false),0,0,0,0)
PropertiesMain.randFlashloanLP((0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, false),0,0,0,0)
```

```
PropertiesMain.randBorrowLP((0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, false),0,0,0,3)
```

```
emit AssertFail(«207»)
```

Recommendation

From:

```
require(
  vars.amountOfCollateralNeededETH <= vars.userCollateralBalanceETH,
  Errors.VL_COLLATERAL_CANNOT_COVER_NEW_BORROW
);
```

To:

```
require(
  vars.amountOfCollateralNeededETH < vars.userCollateralBalanceETH,
  Errors.VL_COLLATERAL_CANNOT_COVER_NEW_BORROW
);
```

In both `ValidationLogic` and `MinipoolValidationLogic`.

Fix ::: <https://github.com/Cod3x-Labs/Cod3x-Lend/commit/72a1dfc703d81acb093744c04003b3b21174b341>

[M-03] `userConfig` inconsistency

<https://github.com/Cod3x-Labs/Cod3x-Lend/blob/bb2a3c08df5ac7a95ceb20cdccd66c5f007e38d9/contracts/protocol/core/lendingpool/logic/LiquidationLogic.sol>

<https://github.com/Cod3x-Labs/Cod3x-Lend/blob/bb2a3c08df5ac7a95ceb20cdccd66c5f007e38d9/contracts/protocol/core/minipool/logic/MiniPoolLiquidationLog>

`userConfig.isUsingAsCollateral()` returns `false` even if the user has collateral.

Condition:

- Call `liquidationCall()` with the `Liquidator` and the `User` liquidated are the same
- `receiveAToken == true`
- `vars.maxCollateralToLiquidate == vars.userCollateralBalance`

These condition will write false in the userConfig for the given collateral address. But because the `Liquidator` and the `User` are the same, the user will end up with aTokens but `userConfig.isUsingAsCollateral()` will return `false`.

Call sequence

521 - ❌ `UserConfigurationMap` integrity: If a user has a given aToken then `isUsingAsCollateralOrBorrowing` and `isUsingAsCollateral` should return true.

```
userConfigurationMapIntegrityLiquidityMP(): failed!💣
```

Call sequence:

```
PropertiesMain.randForceFeedAssetLP((5, 152, 128, 48, 100, 9, 2, 40, 34, 8, 34, 1501, false),121,54226010652114989114:
PropertiesMain.randRehypothecationRebalanceLP((0, 97, 131, 3, 114, 9, 18, 69, 14, 12, 0, 6441463452003205094426385
PropertiesMain.balanceIntegrityMP((3, 147, 16, 52, 40, 1, 41, 224, 2, 0, 6, 944986130179235443279470948070735946,
PropertiesMain.randRehypothecationRebalanceLP((7, 16, 3, 19, 3, 93, 0, 0, 21, 0, 1, 827875156653858145942817791325
PropertiesMain.balanceIntegrityMP((7, 21, 4, 4, 3, 44, 2, 98, 26, 24, 1, 29936668805365269966752080644305993363
PropertiesMain.randForceFeedAssetLP((8, 41, 53, 10, 4, 146, 2, 52, 4, 63, 4, 23041274427037666899071109915929515(
```

```

PropertiesMain.randATokenNonRebasingBalanceOfLP((50, 33, 62, 30, 11, 69, 0, 85, 12, 1, 0, 7096824670785028310475
PropertiesMain.randATokenNonRebasingBalanceOfLP((13, 214, 12, 0, 55, 97, 6, 11, 3, 24, 2, 223114662533879335170019
PropertiesMain.randRehypothecationRebalanceLP((0, 5, 2, 0, 0, 19, 1, 17, 15, 0, 1, 15399013415214194558366896861180
PropertiesMain.randApproveDelegationMP((7, 7, 136, 7, 2, 27, 37, 16, 188, 164, 155, 125457204010425726085156370230
PropertiesMain.randApproveMP((141, 53, 6, 15, 3, 46, 2, 0, 26, 3, 32, 93, false),0,9,0,24,7)
PropertiesMain.randForceFeedAssetLP((1, 4, 20, 1, 0, 0, 1, 4, 1, 0, 0, 77999725134659503690874698400990357, false),
PropertiesMain.randIncreaseAllowanceLP((27, 225, 28, 58, 0, 9, 144, 45, 6, 64, 99, 2000, false),13,1,0,26)
PropertiesMain.randApproveDelegation((55, 42, 157, 84, 156, 23, 20, 28, 232, 57, 92, 53138198135018813486024556, fa
PropertiesMain.randFlashloanLP((19, 173, 19, 24, 13, 2, 4, 30, 42, 222, 89, 562984421796236427848989573287637797
PropertiesMain.randFlashloanLP((10, 224, 85, 153, 63, 89, 17, 211, 53, 8, 5, 22794679257771908030857608548902800
PropertiesMain.randATokenNonRebasingBalanceOfLP((116, 6, 251, 2, 201, 75, 0, 0, 25, 0, 2, 893778136417665197399, fa
PropertiesMain.randDepositLP((37, 0, 85, 159, 18, 21, 18, 46, 0, 25, 14, 19517060225048056303761628647016002362, f
PropertiesMain.randATokenNonRebasingApproveLP((86, 4, 52, 0, 4, 3, 0, 51, 57, 77, 11, 4214045822038363900405617C
PropertiesMain.randIncreaseAllowanceLP((210, 37, 48, 104, 29, 114, 1, 45, 215, 54, 86, 76584090283686923044706425
PropertiesMain.randIncreaseAllowanceLP((17, 14, 70, 115, 34, 241, 57, 58, 145, 205, 239, 384000, false),0,9,86,3)
PropertiesMain.randATokenNonRebasingBalanceOfLP((2, 2, 131, 2, 41, 57, 0, 6, 3, 4, 14, 2054715664365430604936, fal
PropertiesMain.balanceIntegrityLP((5, 5, 23, 4, 26, 0, 0, 49, 0, 117, 131, 92800218047652643161337046704555957618, i
PropertiesMain.randATokenNonRebasingApproveLP((1, 29, 0, 16, 129, 4, 237, 62, 117, 25, 59, 63759371, false),2,91,120,71
PropertiesMain.randDepositMP((161, 48, 156, 7, 3, 44, 38, 18, 78, 178, 31, 65536, true),0,8,5,85,27941694593782908584
PropertiesMain.randApproveMP((103, 75, 80, 15, 6, 99, 34, 92, 0, 168, 2, 6466, false),5,1,0,12,2168789229610216787149
PropertiesMain.randIncreaseAllowanceLP((3, 0, 14, 4, 1, 10, 204, 0, 87, 2, 22, 1057948505, false),0,0,1,193214815738136
PropertiesMain.randApproveDelegation((81, 15, 53, 249, 97, 8, 1, 0, 174, 48, 8, 25477095744354333394982906044784
PropertiesMain.randApproveDelegation((0, 8, 254, 1, 3, 18, 6, 7, 54, 20, 54, 22324779232128438420906072263032275
PropertiesMain.randRehypothecationRebalanceLP((5, 21, 82, 22, 9, 111, 53, 1, 0, 0, 1, 38348043, false),0)
PropertiesMain.balanceIntegrityMP((0, 1, 5, 3, 5, 59, 0, 0, 0, 2, 17, 9200815030011147542581486443645422190, false))
PropertiesMain.randBorrowMP((18, 174, 57, 15, 31, 27, 52, 148, 179, 112, 0, 3858086692, false),4,1,49,226,218343749412
PropertiesMain.randATokenNonRebasingBalanceOfLP((0, 1, 153, 0, 11, 4, 2, 26, 3, 0, 0, 2833135388202602584488, fals
PropertiesMain.randApproveDelegationMP((4, 252, 163, 41, 248, 1, 243, 5, 43, 18, 27, 123825494993740765743949008
PropertiesMain.randDepositMP((135, 225, 46, 84, 33, 65, 217, 70, 75, 121, 88, 340282366920938463463374607431768
PropertiesMain.randDepositLP((0, 179, 164, 0, 0, 0, 67, 10, 20, 61, 6, 1113008004916695407708725639032599526, false
PropertiesMain.randApproveLP((4, 0, 190, 5, 21, 35, 91, 0, 3, 10, 0, 36900918930485025500279233946831879092, fals
PropertiesMain.randDepositMP((89, 68, 2, 0, 27, 159, 94, 21, 177, 19, 7, 140371643045405529648011490355138263791,
PropertiesMain.userConfigurationMapIntegrityLiquidityMP()

```

```
emit AssertFail(«521»)
```

Recommendation

From:

```

if (vars.maxCollateralToLiquidate == vars.userCollateralBalance) {
    userConfig.setUsingAsCollateral(collateralReserve.id, false);
    emit ReserveUsedAsCollateralDisabled(params.collateralAsset, params.user);
}

```

To:

```

if (vars.collateralAtoken.balanceOf(params.user) == 0) {
    userConfig.setUsingAsCollateral(collateralReserve.id, false);
    emit ReserveUsedAsCollateralDisabled(params.collateralAsset, params.user);
}

```

In both `LiquidationLogic` and `MiniPoolLiquidationLogic`.

Fix ::: <https://github.com/Cod3x-Labs/Cod3x-Lend/commit/ea09026fe0f770e1cbc90f6ef0d12d069c55e7df>